

The Evening Star

WASHINGTON, D. C., TUESDAY, JUNE 13, 1916—SIXTEEN PAGES.

WEATHER

Fair tonight and tomorrow; mild temperature; light and gentle variable winds.
Temperature for twenty-four hours ending 2 p.m.: Highest, 80, at 4 p.m. yesterday; lowest, 53, at 5:30 a.m. today. Full report on page 12.

CLOSING NEW YORK STOCKS PAGE 12

No. 20,348.

MORE THAN 60,000 EXPECTED TO MARCH FOR PREPAREDNESS

Pageant Tomorrow Will Be Huge Success, According to Belief of Citizens.

GOVERNMENT OFFICES AND STORES TO CLOSE

Practically Every Adult and Child in Capital Gets Chance to March.

NO CARS ON THE AVENUE

Many Organizations Which Are to Take Part in Demonstration Complete Their Plans.

Final Preparedness Parade Instructions

The preparedness parade will positively march at 9:30 o'clock, rain or shine.
Division commanders will assemble at Capitol plaza, east front, 8:30 a.m.
Marshal staff at 9 o'clock sharp.
All organizations at the point of time as follows:
First Division—Executive at 9 o'clock.
Second Division—Departmental at 9 o'clock.
Third Division—Military at 10 o'clock.
Fourth Division—Schools at 10:30 o'clock.
Fifth Division—Churches and charities at 10:30 o'clock.
Sixth Division—Patriotic and fraternal at 10:45 o'clock.
Seventh Division—Commercial and industrial at 11 o'clock.
Eighth Division—Professional, clubs, etc., at 11:30 o'clock.
Ninth Division—Citizens' associations at 11:45 o'clock.
Tenth Division—Miscellaneous at 12 noon.
Eleventh Division—Colored, at 12 noon.
Organizations must fall in from the north and the divisions will be formed as the organizations arrive. First arriving will head the column, except in the second and third divisions, which will be formed as already instructed.
Each division will be commanded by two or more division commanders. Any organization arriving after their division has moved will report chief of file (Maj. Harry Coop, at Peace Monument, who will give instructions.

Members of the committee of citizens which has had charge of arrangements for the great preparedness parade to be held tomorrow were satisfied today that the demonstration in favor of national preparedness, in its various forms, is to be a huge success.
With all the government offices closed by executive order and practically every business establishment bearing the sign "Closed for the day," it will mean that virtually every adult of Washington who wants to take part in the parade will have an opportunity to do so. With the public schools closed, it will mean that Washington's 50,000 school children will be free to parade. Just how many persons will march along Pennsylvania avenue tomorrow in the great procession to be headed by President Wilson the parade committee has no way of estimating, but from reports received at headquarters it is believed the number will exceed 60,000.

Reviewing Stand Rule

Federick D. Owen, chairman of the reviewing stand committee, stated today that holders of invitations to review the parade from the President's stand will be admitted to the White House grounds through the iron gates on Pennsylvania avenue and then will cross the lawn to steps leading into the stand. The only persons who will enter the stand from the front will be the President and members of his cabinet, who will participate in the parade and then review the marchers.

Abandons Car Service

What is considered by the parade committee as one of the biggest contributions yet made to the success of the demonstration is the voluntary offer of the Capital Traction Company to abandon service on Pennsylvania avenue tomorrow on the Peace Monument to 17th street northwest, so that the marchers may have the entire use of the great, broad thoroughfare.
The lines of the Capital Traction Company east of Peace Monument will be in operation and so will those west of 17th street, the so-called F and G street route making it possible for the Georgetown cars to return on the loop.
So that the paraders will not march parallel to any street car line, a minor change in the route of the parade has

U. S. Has Part to Play

"And the part that the United States is to play has this distinction in it, that it is to be in any event a disinterested part. There is nothing that the United States wants that it has to get by war, but there are a great many things that the United States has to do. It has to see that its life is not interrupted by anybody else who wants something.
"These are the days when we are making preparation for the future. It is a commonly discussed around every sort of table, in every sort of circle, in the shops and in the streets, in the homes, in the present imperative duty of America to be prepared. But we ought to know what we are preparing. I remember hearing a wise man say once that the old maxim that 'everything is provided for the man who is waiting for it' and preparedness might

PRESIDENT SOUNDS 'AMERICANISM' NOTE

Tells West Point Graduates World Must Know U. S. Means What She Says.

HOLDS IT IS IMPERATIVE COUNTRY BE PREPARED

Scores Hyphenates and Warns Against Militarism—Declares Present War Had to Come.

WEST POINT, N. Y., June 13.—President Wilson, making his first address since the presidential campaign began, today discussed preparedness, militarism, Americanism, the causes of the war in Europe, peace, the Monroe doctrine, divided allegiance and the ideal of America. He declared it is the present imperative duty of the United States to be prepared, adding, "Mankind is going to know that when America speaks she means what she says." He came here to attend the graduation exercises at the Military Academy.

Must Put America First

Shaking his finger emphatically, the President told the graduates of the Military Academy and a large audience that nobody who does not put America first can be tolerated. He added, however, that true Americans should set a good example.
The President declared the present war is not coming by accident, but that it had to come. The United States wants nothing from Europe, he said, and there is nothing she wants that she must get by war. He sounded a warning that no man can tell what the next day will bring forth in the world's events.
The President's address ran through almost the entire list of subjects discussed by former Justice Hughes in his telegram accepting the republican nomination, and he declared that the United States is ready to join with other nations to see that the kind of justice it believes in is given.

Text of President's Speech

The text of the President's speech is as follows:
"I look upon this body of men who are graduating today with a peculiar interest. I feel like congratulating them that they are living in a day not only so interesting, but so fraught with change, but also because they are responsible. Days of responsibility are the only days that count in time, because the days that give the test of quality. They are the only days when manhood and purpose is tried out as it should be.
"I need not tell you young gentlemen that you are not like an ordinary graduate, that you are going to lead a life of duty and advancement and the ultimate goal of success for them.
"The future for you. You have enlisted in something that does not stop when you leave the academy, that is not to be put aside, which then only begins to be filled with the full richness of its meaning, and which we are certain that you will be obliged to do."

Different Prospect Faced

"This has always been true of graduating classes at West Point, but the certainty that some of the older classes used to look forward to was a very dull certainty.
"Some of the old days in the army, I fancy, were not very interesting days. Sometimes men like the present chief of staff, for example, could fill their lives with the interest of really knowing and understanding the Indians of the western plains, knowing what was going on inside of their minds and being able to be the intermediary between them and those who dealt with them by speaking their sense in the streets. Every element, but the ordinary life of an ordinary officer at a western post could not have been more interesting, and I think with admiration of those who saw through their own eyes, as if they were not to be disappointed, and then they were assigned."

Check Only Momentary

Not only here, but at other points on the Volhynian front, furious counter attacks characterized the last forty hours of fighting, but without being able to check, except momentarily, the force of the Russian advance.
It is not believed here that the Germans are sending many troops to aid the Austrians. It is pointed out that only in one instance—during Russia's spectacular Carpathian campaign—did Germany send any large number of men to the relief of the Austrians. Instead, it has always been their practice to undertake an endeavor to draw off the Russians. It is the opinion of observers here that it is not improbable the Germans are likely to attempt an offensive on the northern section of the Russian front than to risk weakening their lines by detaching any number of men for the purpose of stiffening the Austrian defense.

Government Accuses New York Firm of Customs Violations

NEW YORK, June 13.—The government has brought suit in the federal court here to recover \$235,330 from Henry Kaiser & Sons, importers for alleged violations of the customs laws by the entry of goods imported from abroad.

Want Nobel Prize for Alfonso

MADRID, Via Paris, June 13.—A movement has been started here to propose King Alfonso as candidate for the 1916 Nobel peace prize.

TEUTONS HIT HARD, SEEKING TO CHECK RUSSIAN ADVANCE

Austro-Hungarian Troops Deliver Heavy Counter Attack in Bukowina.

HALT IS TEMPORARY ONLY, ACCORDING TO PETROGRAD

Rapid and Steady Progress of the Czar's Armies Surprises Military Experts.

DEADLY WORK BY BIG GUNS

Much of Credit for Success of Offensive Is Reported Due to Effective Fire of Russian Artillery.

Berlin, June 13, by wireless to Sayville, N. Y.—German and Austro-Hungarian troops delivered a heavy counter attack on Russian forces advancing in northeastern Bukowina and drove them back, the official Austrian statement of June 12 says.

The Austrians captured 1,300 Russians.
Drove Back Russian Force.
The statement follows:
"In northeastern Bukowina Austro-Hungarian troops disengaged themselves from the enemy under heavy rear-guard fighting. German and Austro-Hungarian regiments by a counter attack drove back a hostile force advancing northwest from Buczacz. Thirteen hundred Russians were captured.
"On the height east of Wlanowesk a Russian attack was delivered this morning, but it broke down under our artillery fire. East of Kozlov, Austro-Hungarian troops captured a Russian scout detachment, captured a Russian advanced post. Violent fighting continues northwest of Ternopol. The positions near Verobivka (northwest of Ternopol), which have been mentioned repeatedly, changed hands several times.
"Along the Ikwa and in Volhynia it was comparatively quiet. Yesterday west of Koki we repulsed a Russian attempt to cross the river. In that region, as everywhere, the losses of the Russians corresponded to their reckless use of masses of troops."
Berlin Official Report.
Regarding fighting on the eastern front, the statement issued today by the war office says:
"Eastern front: On the Dvina, southeast of Dubena (seventeen miles south-east of Jacobstadt), the fire of our batteries disposed of a Russian cavalry brigade. Northwest of Baranovitch the artillery fire of the enemy was more lively.
"The army of Gen. von Bothmer repulsed completely an attack made by the enemy on the Stripa, west of Przewloka. Near Podhalize a Russian aeroplane was overpowered by a German aviator in an aerial battle. The pilot and the observer, the latter a French officer, were captured. The aeroplane was saved."
Czernowitz Reported Taken.
PETROGRAD, June 12, via London, June 13.—A rumor is in circulation here that the Russians have occupied Czernowitz, capital of the Austrian crown land of Bukowina.
The rumor lacks official confirmation, but it has been given color by the capture of Dobronovize, a commanding point ten miles to the northeast. The Russian line extends to Okna. From both these points good roads lead directly to Czernowitz, and according to military authorities, they are the only points in this direction capable of defense.
A telegram received from Bucharest, Rumania, says the Austrian army had evacuated Czernowitz and moved to a line four miles to the west.
The continued successes of the Russians, after the first shock of the Russian advance, and the fact that they were able to take Czernowitz, and to drive the Russians to retreat across the Sty river.

Seek Plank to Bar Men on U. S. Bench

Democrats May Advocate Amendment Preventing Future Nominations of Judges.

Case of Parker in 1904 No Precedent, They Say

Question May Be Forced to Vote in Congress After the Convention Is Over.

ST. LOUIS, June 14.—Representative Hull's suggestion of a platform plank disqualifying the federal judiciary from elective offices was snapped up eagerly by the democrats. They went to it like a bass after a minnow and ran the full length of the line until hauled up short. Somebody reminded them that they themselves in this very town in 1904 had judged the bench by depriving it of Judge Alton B. Parker and nominating him for their President.
But the democrats would not give up their idea; they said that there is a difference between the state judiciary and the Supreme Court of the United States. Senator Stone sympathized with the proponents and gave out a hot statement on the subject. Today there is another angle to their proposition. They now intend to take the question up in Congress as soon as they return to the capital.
A joint resolution will be introduced proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the United States, to be submitted to the states for ratification, providing that no justice of the Supreme Court shall be available for reelection for a term of five years after leaving the bench.
Six Senators Approve Plan.
Six democratic United States senators, in a conference last night, approved this idea. They said steps would be taken to force a vote of the resolution in the House and put the republicans on record before Congress adjourns. They also said they had reason to count upon the support of four or five republican senators in behalf of the resolution.
Others among the leaders in the party failed to enthrone very much over the availability of this as a prime campaign issue, as advanced by the proponents and throughout the country, in view of Mr. Justice Hughes' sustained observance of the ethics prior to his nomination. They think it worth while to worry about.
There is a feeling of depression today among the ranks and the atmosphere of so many leading progressives of their adherence to Mr. Justice Hughes. That George W. Perkins, George von Meyer, Senator Cummins, Henry Allen and others should come out for Mr. Hughes is very discouraging. Owing to a storm in the south, and to invite wholesale recruiting to the democratic ticket from the ranks of the bull moosers.

Placate Moose, Bryan Suggests

Says Progressives Are About Ready to Go Over to Democrats.

COMES TO CONVENTION AS A NEWSPAPER MAN

Will Not Sit by Proxy From Nebraska or Any Other State, He Tells Friends.

Progressives Not All Satisfied

Says Intrigue Must Be Proved.

200 CRIPPLES RESCUED

Children Carried to Safety From Fire in Ohio Institution.

Alfonso Host to Kaiser's Envoy

PARIS, June 13.—The German ambassador to Spain took luncheon yesterday at the Royal Palace in Madrid, according to a dispatch to the Havas Agency from Madrid.



THE LAST TOUCHES.

SEEK PLANK TO BAR MEN ON U. S. BENCH

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SUFFRAGE PLANK AND SECOND PLACE FIRST AT ST. LOUIS

Favorite Sons May Insist on Ballot for the Vice Presidency.

SECRETARY BAKER KILLS BOOM LAUNCHED FOR HIM

President's Spokesman Announces He Is for Marshall, But Thanks Friends for the Honor.

MOREHEAD MAY WITHDRAW

Action by Nebraska Governor Would Be Followed by Similar Action by Other Candidates, Making Nomination Unanimous.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 13.—Delegates to the democratic national convention, which opens here at noon tomorrow, appeared to be interested in two questions today. One was whether Vice President Marshall would be renominated by acclamation or whether the favorite sons would insist upon their names going before the convention for a ballot.

The other was the probable action of the delegates with regard to the demand of the suffragists for an unequivocal declaration in the platform in favor of equal rights.
Baker Kills Boom for Himself.
Sentiment for the renomination of Vice President Marshall appeared so strong today, however, that the candidate without calling the roll, was talking among those of staying a movement to have him named without going through the formality of taking a ballot. The talk of naming Secretary of War Baker for the second place on the ticket almost as suddenly as it started. The War Secretary had much to do with putting the quietus to his boom, however, as he left Washington for the convention and the mention of his name was merely feebly entertained.
The fact that Mr. Baker had just left President Wilson, when he announced in favor of Mr. Marshall, was a nomination also gave support to the idea of having Mr. Marshall acclaimed the second place on the ticket.
The Nebraska delegation instructed for him and if he carries out his plan to withdraw other candidates in the field, it would mean the end of the most important battlegrounds of the coming campaign and that he would be pleased almost as suddenly as he had been.
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U. S. TROOPS ROUT BAND OF VILLISTAS; HIS FINISHING BLOW

Force of 13th Cavalry in Dashing Canyon Fight North of Santa Clara.

SURPRISE ATTACK MADE AFTER A NIGHT RIDE

Mexicans Abandon Everything in Headlong Flight Into Mountains.

CARRANZA AID FOR BANDITS

Army Officers Convinced That Luis de la Rosa Has at Least Obtained a Promise of Immunity.

FIELD HEADQUARTERS GEN. PERSHING, June 12, via radio to Columbus, N. M., June 13.—The finishing blow was given the largest surviving band of Villa followers in Chihuahua at daylight, June 9, by twenty men of the 13th Cavalry, under Capt. Otto W. Retherst, in a dashing canyon fight twenty miles north of Santa Clara, near here. The Americans were un-

Attack Is a Surprise

A night ride brought the Americans into the canyon at daybreak, where they followed fresh horse tracks. Riding at a gallop they rounded a canyon turn within 200 yards of the bandits, who were encamped in a grove of pines. The surprise was complete. There was a headlong rush among the Villa followers, who, half clad, grasped rifles and fought from behind trees. The Americans dismounted and within three minutes had routed the bandits, who abandoned everything and sought refuge in the rugged mountains. For four hours the Americans continued the pursuit, climbing over the mountains and about a grove of pines. Several Mexican soldiers were shot but neither their bodies nor the wounded were recovered.
The band is said to have been the largest surviving remnant of the force of Candelaria Cervantes, who was killed three weeks ago in a brush with Americans.
Carranza Aid for Bandit.
SAN ANTONIO, Tex., June 13.—Army officers here are convinced that Luis de la Rosa, the Mexican band leader, has secretly from certain officers in Carranza's army promised support in any border warfare that he may begin against Americans. Agents of the Department of Justice and State Department have sent to Washington, and to army headquarters here, evidence regarded here as reliable, that de la Rosa has been assured that he will be unharmed by Carranza's army officers at least one general officer of Carranza's army.
A report that de la Rosa had been arrested at Monterey has not been confirmed. He has been entering and leaving Monterey with apparent immunity for some time, according to reports.
A large part of the little band of bandits that appeared on the Colorado ranch already has been eliminated, and armed civilians and American soldiers are patrolling the area. The immunity of Webb, Tex. in an effort to wipe out the remainder.

Anti-Americanism Growing

Passengers arriving from Mexico report increasing economic difficulties and a growing anti-Americanism, especially in the northern part has been secured for holding the anti-American meetings that have taken place in many towns. A copy of La Reforma, published at Saltillo, has reached here in which four columns were used to explain why all citizens of the place should participate in a mass meeting that had been called there to protest against the "intrigues of the White House" and to display their loyalty to the event of hostilities between Mexico and the United States. La Reforma is regarded as the official organ of the anti-American movement. Those who were ordered out from Chihuahua, Durango and Aguascalientes, about sixty miles north of Saltillo, have not yet been notified to return.

Mexican Forces Available

CHIHUAHUA CITY, June 12, via Juarez, June 13.—Officials here have begun to estimate available Mexican forces in the event of armed hostilities. It was said that according to his present estimate the Villa leaders at Chihuahua have 50,000 men, all veterans of revolutions.
Despite the somewhat critical situation here the campaign against the bandits is being pursued actively. Cruz Dominguez, one of the most powerful Villa leaders operating in southern Chihuahua, has been captured by constitutional forces, according to an announcement of American consular officers here. Gen. Jacinto Trevino, commander of the north, declared that Dominguez, who was taken at Carrizal, about sixty miles southwest of here, is immediately

Labor and Navy League Proposals

Whether the resolutions committee (Continued on Fifteenth Page.)