

Gen. Trevino Has Ordered Prisoners Freed at Juarez; Break Believed Averted

EL PASO, Tex., June 28.—Gen. Jacinto Trevino has ordered that the American prisoners interned in the penitentiary at Chihuahua City be taken to Juarez and there, with their arms and accoutrements, be released. This information was received at the Juarez commandancia tonight.

Mexican authorities asserted that Gen. George Bell, jr., commanding the El Paso military district, had been notified of Gen. Trevino's order and that the prisoners are expected to reach Juarez tomorrow. Gen. Bell did not deny the report, but refused to discuss it.

There are twenty-three American troopers held at Chihuahua City, excluding Lem Spillsburg, the Mormon scout. Army headquarters here said any report on the Mexican advances would have to be made public by Gen. Funston at San Antonio.

NEWS CHEERS OFFICIALS HERE. Official Washington viewed the reported order to release the prisoners interned at Chihuahua with satisfaction. That such action on the part of the Mexicans would prevent an immediate break between the United States and Mexico was the opinion generally expressed.

It was pointed out that the release of the American troopers was the demand of President Wilson in his latest note to Carranza. That Gen. Trevino has issued his orders for the release of the prisoners after being so directed by Carranza is taken for granted here.

Former Marines Offer Services. Although the United States Marine Corps has no reserve, hundreds of former members have volunteered for service in the corps in case of emergency. It was announced at Marine Corps headquarters today that about 4,000 of the less than 10,000 soldiers of the corps are now actively suppressing revolution and restoring order in Haiti and Santo Domingo.

WORK ON POWER PLANT STOPS. Delay in Preparing Site Due to Dispute Over Driving of Piles. But little work has been done in the past two weeks on preparing the site of the new heating and power plant, foot of 14th street southwest, for the erection of the new building. It is stated that the delay is due to a dispute between the contractor for the driving of the piles and the inspector in charge of the work over the method of driving the piles, and the matter has been referred to the government officials.

PRESIDENT WILLING TO MEET CARRANZA HALFWAY ON ISSUE

Makes Condition That Reply Due Today Must Show Proper Spirit. MAY MODIFY SLIGHTLY STAND ON WITHDRAWAL Concedes Presence of American Troops Far in Interior Is Cause For Irritation. Conditioned upon Carranza showing the proper spirit in the reply that is now believed to be on the way to Washington to the United States note of Sunday, and that he does not take an inflexible stand that will offend the sensibilities of the American people, President Wilson, it was indicated in intelligent quarters today, is willing to take up with Carranza a plan of settlement of the present differences that may be effective.

The President, the Carranza people now understand, will not consent to the withdrawal of troops of this country from Mexico, but the President is willing to concede, it is said, that the presence of troops so far in the interior of Mexico may be irritating, in spite of the conditions under which they went there.

Will Meet Carranza Half Way. Assuming that Carranza will sincerely co-operate in efforts for peace, after first conveying regrets for the Carrizal affair, President Wilson will meet him half way and propose plans that may bring a successful settlement. The basis for this settlement would, so far as the administration is concerned, be the withdrawal of United States soldiers to a peace zone running along the entire border between the United States and Mexico, to a depth of something like forty miles.

Note May Be on Way. Believing that there is now on the way to Washington the answer of Gen. Carranza to the last note of the state Department demanding the release of soldiers of the United States in a Mexican prison and insisting that Carranza make clear his purposes toward this country, President Wilson today held a conference with the cabinet members with much general executive business.

Busy at War Department. Across the street, in the executive offices, and in the State Department there was an easing up in the tension of the last few days, due to the belief that Carranza's answer is on the way. There did not seem to be definite information anywhere as to what the Carranza answer will be, although there was an assumption that the Mexican leader cannot afford to longer keep the Americans in prison, and that his only wise course is to really want peace, is to set these men at liberty.

would be here today and that it would most likely be favorable. That no official of the government was certain as to whether Carranza's answer will be, however, is shown clearly in the fact that the President has suspended his decision until he can get to Philadelphia tomorrow to address the associated advertising men in annual convention there, and then he is expected to leave tomorrow morning and speak to the advertising men at 4 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. He had no idea as to how long today whether he would make the trip. Everything depended on the Mexican answer.

Much Depends on Answer. Should Carranza have failed to meet the demands the President, instead of going to Philadelphia tomorrow, he will go to Congress and lay the Mexican situation before that body, with a request for authority to proceed as he thinks best to protect the interests and honor of the United States. If the answer is favorable, as many today believed it would be, the President will go to Philadelphia.

Disavowal Must Carry Release. This disavowal would carry with it the release of the soldiers and go far toward mollifying the relations of the two countries. This man has also received the impression that in seeking to satisfy the United States Carranza will plainly propose that American troops now in Mexico be withdrawn farther toward the border and may in the process be authorized to remain just south of the border, thereby insuring protection to American territory and property.

Would Sacrifice Political Future. The President is represented as so keenly desirous of keeping peace with Mexico that he is willing, if necessary, to sacrifice his political future. He has an abhorrence of settling the difficulties with Mexico along lines that might benefit himself. In a talk he had today with one of his associates, he told the Illinois senator that he sincerely hoped that whatever deal was struck by which the United States soldiers would practically police a zone extending thirty or forty miles below the border, Carranza is trying to bring peace in other portions of his domain.

Believe Carranza Will Evade. Mr. Rodgers' message to the State Department, dated yesterday, said that he believed that the Mexican authorities are investigating the Carrizal affair. His statement was interpreted here as indicating rather that the reply would support previous assertions that American troops were responsible than that a change of attitude was to be expected.

Brief Telegram From Rodgers. Special Agent Rodgers at Mexico City, State Department early today, said he expected to be handed today Carranza's reply to the American note demanding the release of the soldiers. The message, containing but two sentences, was the first word the department had heard from Mr. Rodgers since he reported the delivery of the United States note. Two cabinet officers and others close to the President, although they had not talked with him recently, expressed opinions that the Carranza answer

TENSION STRAINED AT SEVERAL POINTS ALONG THE BORDER

U. S. Troops Threaten to Occupy the Mexican Town of Nogales. CARRANZA'S MEN TRY TO BREAK ACROSS LINE Maj. Brooke Orders His Soldiers to "Drop Anybody You See Acting Suspiciously." NOGALES, Ariz., June 28.—American occupation of Nogales, Sonora, loomed close early today when eight Mexican soldiers were driven back by a United States sentry post as they tried to cross to the American side.

The Mexicans withdrew and Maj. William Brooke ordered his men to "drop anybody you see acting suspiciously. If a shot comes from over there we'll go straight across." High Tension at Eagle Pass. SAN ANTONIO, Tex., June 28.—Conditions at Piedras Negras, opposite Eagle Pass, are being closely watched today by staff officers here. Gen. Francis Murguía has a strong force at that point ready for instant action.

Report Bandits Are Wiped Out. COLUMBUS, N. M., June 28.—Army officers are investigating a report that the murderers of William Parker and his wife, on their ranch southwest of Hachita, were caught early today on this side of the border and killed. A message received by a relative of the Parkers said the bandits, six in number, were wiped out.

Willistas Gathering Along Border. EL PASO, Tex., June 28.—Fresh cause for apprehension was found along the border today in news of the gathering of strong forces of former Villa sympathizers under notorious chieftains in the vicinity of Juarez and the close surveillance by the civil and military authorities on former adherents, who are now refugees in El Paso. Gen. Jose Flores, commanding 800 Infantrymen, is reported in Juarez after making peace with the de facto government. Gen. Manuel Banda, once a Villa subordinate, known to be across the Rio Grande, and Manuel Martinez, a former Villa leader, Col. Maximiliano, has joined Gen. Gonzalez' garrison in Juarez. Castillo, who has been blamed for the dynamiting of the Cumbre tunnel in February, 1914, in the de facto troops could not hold the railroads, to destroy them, and the detachments now stationed along the Mexican Central and the Mexican Northwestern will be concentrated at Chihuahua City. Bombs and hand grenades, it was said, were being made by plugging the ends of small pipes after filling them with powder, nails and scrap iron.

CARRANZA IS REPORTED ANXIOUS TO AVOID WAR

Said to Have Notified Editor of Mexican Labor Paper He Will Do Anything to Prevent Break. John R. Silliman, consul at Saltillo, who now is at Eagle Pass, Tex., today advised the State Department of the receipt by Dr. Atl, editor of a Mexico City labor paper, of a telegram from Gen. Carranza saying he was prepared to do everything possible to avoid a break with the United States.

FRENCH FIRE HALTS ENEMY AT FLEURY Violent Fighting Has Been Going on Here for Several Days. FIERCE ENGAGEMENTS AT THIAMONT WORK British Guns Continue Their Bombardment Over Broad Front in Flanders. PARIS, June 28.—German troops last night delivered another attack on the French positions near Fleury on the sector of the Verdun front over which violent fighting has been in progress for several days. The assault was checked by the French fire, the war office announced today.

French Communication. The text of the latest French statement follows: "In the region south of Laassigny the Germans endeavored last night to deliver several surprise attacks upon minor French posts. All their efforts resulted in failure. "In the Champagne district a strong reconnoitering party of the enemy, which was trying to reach our lines through the forest of St. Hilaire-Le Grand to St. Germain, was dispersed by our fire.

Counter Attack Repulsed. "On the right bank of the river there was a counter attack at 3 o'clock this morning on our positions northeast of Hill 221. This was repulsed with hand grenades. Another counter attack between Fleury and the eastern boundary of the Chapire wood was at once checked by our curtain of fire. "This morning we succeeded in capturing Thiamont work, which the Germans captured several days ago, but no change took place in the situation there. West of the Meuse there was no infantry fighting of importance. Artillery engagements occurred in the sector between Avocourt and Chattanocourt."

British Official Report. The official communication issued by the British war office last evening says: "Last night southeast of the Ypres salient a German attack was repulsed near the front our patrols were very active, entering enemy trenches at numerous points and inflicting many casualties and capturing a few prisoners. Early this morning we successfully exploded two mines near Loos." "Monday, in the air, numerous hostile aircraft were encountered on the enemy's side of the line. Five of our machines engaged four Fokkers, two of which were brought down and fell out of control. Two more of the enemy's machines were driven down in the course of the day. Our casualties: One machine missing."

POLITICAL FIGHT SOON UNDER WAY

Appointment of National Chairman Willcox Signal for the Opening. EACH OF PARTIES TO HAVE NEW YORK HEADQUARTERS Progressives to Aid the Regular Republicans in Framing Up and Conducting Campaign.

With the selection yesterday of William R. Willcox of New York as chairman of the republican national committee, following the previous naming by the democrats of Vance McCormick of Pennsylvania as their national chairman, the presidential campaign will soon be under way.

It is understood here among republicans that Mr. Willcox will be in constant touch with such republican leaders as former Senator Murray Crane, former Senator Hemenway of Indiana, Senator Penrose, Senator Gallinger and Senator Smoot, and will be guided largely by the advice and support of the executive committee in the conduct of the campaign.

Gov. Johnson's Message Pleases. Republican leaders in Washington were pleased today over the dispatch from Sacramento quoting Gov. Hiram W. Johnson, one of the progressive leaders, as cordially supporting the candidacy of Mr. Hughes. "I believe in the record of Mr. Johnson," he was reported as saying.

FOR USE OF U. S. GOVERNMENT. Preparations for Census of Industrial Resources in Western Pennsylvania. PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 28.—Preparations were made today to take an immediate census of the industrial resources of western Pennsylvania, following a meeting here yesterday of a committee representing the naval consulting board of the United States. A letter was prepared which will be sent to every industrial establishment in the Pittsburgh district asking for confidential information for the use of the United States government, which will show what war supplies are made and in what quantities.

THIRD INFANTRY DISTRICT MILITIA SOON IN U. S. ARMY

Mustering In of Regiment at Camp Ordway Was Begun This Morning. MACHINE GUN COMPANY IS FIRST UNIT SWORN IN The Entire Command Is to Be in the Ranks Within a Few Hours.

Some time tonight the entire regiment of 3d Infantry will be mustered into the federal service at Camp Ordway. The mustering in of the regiment began at 10:45 o'clock this morning and will continue until completed. Capt. Horace P. Hobbs, U. S. A., the muster officer, reported by telegram to Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, commanding the Department of the East, with headquarters at Governors Island, N. Y., that positively no tactical unit of the District National Guard will be able to entrain before tomorrow night.

Place of Destination. The destination of the District infantry, both white and colored, is Blaine, Ariz., and it is planned to have the entire District force concentrate at that strategic point. The Machine Gun Company, with two men above maximum strength, was the first to report ready for muster this morning. Officers of the companies remained up all night filling out their muster rolls.

Officers of Companies. Their officers are: A Company—Captain, Frank Loeb; first lieutenant, William B. Wall; second lieutenant, Charles E. Hamilton; company clerk, Captain, Charles E. Brooks; first lieutenant, Charles Burlingame; and second lieutenant, Harold H. Galt. B Company—Captain, Wallace R. McCann; first lieutenant, Herbert E. James; second lieutenant, Edgar M. Geber. C Company—Captain, George L. Tait; first lieutenant, Thomas Brown; and second lieutenant, Alfred G. Schmidt.

QUELL ALGERIAN REVOLT. AFTER FIERCE FIGHTING FOR USE OF U. S. GOVERNMENT. Mrs. Hadley Not Guilty. RABAT, Morocco, via Paris, June 28.—French troops have quelled a serious revolt of tribes in the El Oud region in Algeria, after fierce fighting. The rebels offered desperate resistance and were only defeated after their principal stronghold had been stormed by two French columns. Their leaders then surrendered.