

FAY ESCAPES PRISON; HAS NOT BEEN FOUND

Convicted in New York for Plotting to Blow Up Allied Munition Ships.

ATLANTA, Ga., August 30.—Robert Fay, convicted in New York of plotting to blow up allied munition ships, and William Knobloch, escaped from the federal prison here late yesterday. No trace of them had been found today. Federal prison officials and police are searching Atlanta and vicinity for the missing convicts and the police of cities through which this section have been instructed to watch all trains.

Fay and Knobloch, the latter recently sentenced in New York to eighteen months' imprisonment for using the mails to defraud, succeeded in escaping when J. W. Pooncy, a guard, allowed them to pass through the prison. They had told him they had orders to repair some lights outside the walls. They were electricians in the prison. Since that time neither has been seen. Warden Fred Zerbst started an investigation soon as he was notified of the escape. No action had been taken today against any of the prison officials, Mr. Zerbst said, but a thorough inquiry is under way.

Convicted in New York. Fay, self-styled German army lieutenant; Walter Scholz, his brother-in-law and Paul Daechle were convicted in New York, May 8, on charges of conspiring to sink steamships carrying munitions to war to the allies by attaching bombs to them. Fay was sentenced to eight years' imprisonment. It was testified at the trial that Fay and Scholz, after perfecting a bomb, had enlisted the services of Daechle and others. The conspiracy, it was alleged, had advanced to the point where they had attached dummy bombs to vessels in the harbor, the efficiency of the bombs invented by Fay had been demonstrated.

SCHOOL TO OPEN TUESDAY.

Brothers of St. John's College Return From Summer Studies. Brothers of St. John's College have returned to Washington after two months' attendance at the summer school of their order at Ocean City, N. J. They were accompanied by the new members of the staff for this year. The college is to open Tuesday for the classification of new students.

Officers of the faculty for this year are: President, Rev. Brother Alfred; vice president, Rev. Brother Flaminian; treasurer, Rev. Brother Martin; and secretary, Rev. Brother Charles. Instructors in the college are: high school, business and preparatory departments are Rev. Brothers Isidore, Raymond, Adolph, Bernardine, Fidelis, Charles, Hilary, Paul and Andrew. Professors in the pre-medical course are Rev. Brothers Flaminian, Martin, Raymond and Charles; professors in the preparatory engineering and law course, Rev. Brothers Alfred, Isidore and Flaminian.

The courses for West Point and Annapolis will be in charge of Rev. Brothers Adolph, Bernardine and Hilary and the pre-seminary course, Rev. Brothers Alfred, Fidelis and Martin. In the military department the senior battalion will be in charge of Rev. Brothers Martin and Fidelis; the junior battalion, Rev. Brothers Alfred and Bernardine.

GERMANS BOOKING ORDERS.

Allied Papers in China Warn Against Dumping After the War. The American consul at Shanghai, China, has advised the State Department that newspapers representing allied countries in the far east were giving much space to trade conditions which will prevail at the conclusion of the war in Europe. In various newspaper articles it is declared that Germans even now are booking orders for delivery after the war. Many of the papers urge stringent measures to prevent dumping and price cutting after the war by German firms who, it is declared, are certain to make vigorous attempts to capture a large portion of the Chinese trade. Some newspaper articles state that Germans in China are now keeping a hold on the trade they had before the war by selling American goods to the Chinese through Chinese agents.

NOT CLASSED AS PEDDLERS.

House Passes Senate Bill Relieving Tobacco Salesmen. The House has passed a Senate bill to relieve salesmen of tobacco manufacturers from being classed as peddlers. The bill was approved by the internal revenue bureau, which holds that salesmen who deliver only the quantities of tobacco ordered in advance by retail dealers acts as agents of the jobbers and dealers in German firms who, it is declared, are certain to make vigorous attempts to capture a large portion of the Chinese trade.

The laws relating to peddlers of tobacco are regulatory and not revenue producing. The loss to the government in revenue under the bill was explained to the House as consisting of five cents, if any. The bill was called up by Democratic Leader Kitchin.

ASKS BIDS ON WARSHIPS.

Navy Department Advertises Following Signing of Appropriation Bill. Following the signing of the naval appropriation bill yesterday the Navy Department advertised for proposals for the construction of four battleships, four scout cruisers, twenty destroyers and thirty submarines provided for in the bill.

"In the designs of the new ships," the Navy Department says, "are incorporated military characteristics which are the result of a careful study of the lessons to be learned from the naval operations in the European war, and the application of these lessons to the most advanced requirements of the United States Navy."

100 LBS. OF SALT PER CAPITA.

Annual Consumption in United States Is 10,000,000,000 Pounds. Statistics recently compiled by the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce of the Department of Commerce and announced today show that the annual consumption of salt in the United States has practically reached the 10,000,000,000-pound mark, which would amount to 100 pounds per man, woman and child in the country. A 1915 investigation resulted in the establishment of the fact that ninety-eight pounds per person is actually used. Some salt is used in the sugar, of which every citizen of the United States consumes eighty-six pounds. But the bulk goes out through the salt works, which besides that of a condiment, millions of pounds being used annually in the making of muriatic acid, bleaching compounds and glass, and millions more in the preserving of meat and fish, in soap making, in the smelting of silver and in tanning mixtures.

VON HINDENBURG IS MADE CHIEF OF GENERAL STAFF

Gen. von Falkenhayn, Whom Kaiser Has Dismissed, to Have Other Duties.

BERLIN, via London, August 30.—The emperor has dismissed Gen. Erich von Falkenhayn and appointed Field Marshal von Hindenburg chief of the general staff. Gen. von Falkenhayn will be employed in another capacity, according to the imperial order announcing the change. The order reads: "The emperor has removed from the office of chief of the general staff Gen. von Falkenhayn, who will be employed in another capacity."

The recent appointment of von Hindenburg to the supreme command of the German armies on the Russian front came when Rumania was considered on the verge of a decision and German newspapers indicated that it had a political bearing. Germany was credited with the belief that the prestige of von Hindenburg would favorably impress Rumania. As chief of staff von Hindenburg doubtless has withdrawn from the east to Berlin. Gen. von Falkenhayn, early in the war, was placed in charge of Emperor William's headquarters. In place of the late Lieut. Gen. Helmuth von Moltke, then chief of staff, who was ill, and after his death, von Moltke, at the same time remaining minister of war, later he resigned as minister of war and was succeeded by Gen. Adolf Wild von Hohenborn.

BOMBPROOF BUILDING IS DENIED TO BUREAUS

Desired for Storage of Dangerous Explosives and Combustibles Used in Government Service.

A much-wanted cement, bombproof building, in which to house dangerous combustibles and explosives belonging to the bureaus of chemistry, animal industry, plant industry and soils of the Department of Agriculture, is denied by the controller of the Treasury in a decision rendered to Secretary Houston of that department.

It was set out in a letter to the controller that a recent serious explosion in the bureau of chemistry had illustrated the dangers of keeping explosives and inflammable supplies in the various bureaus, and that it was necessary to erect a suitable building, partly underground, in which these supplies could be placed for distribution among the bureaus. The controller was asked if the building, a small one, could be erected from the lump sum appropriation for scientific work. He decided that there was nothing in the appropriation justifying such a building.

The controller also passed upon another question from Secretary Houston, that was as to whether there could be purchased from the appropriation for miscellaneous expenses bandages and medicines, amounting to \$27,000, and small surgical instruments, costing \$12, for the emergency medical service of the department. It was explained that about two years ago an emergency service was established to give first aid to employees who might have sudden but not serious attacks of illness. Over 400 people have been treated this way, and the department regards the institution as beneficial to the government. The controller held that the expenditure could be made.

FAMOUS PRUSSIAN GUARD NOW CONFRONTS BRITISH

Kaiser's Favorite Brandenburgers Also Reported to Be on the Somme Front.

WITH THE BRITISH ARMY IN FRANCE, August 29, via London, August 30.—According to the universal reports of prisoners, the famous Prussian Guard has been drawn from other fronts and concentrated entirely in front of the British, along with a number of the German emperor's favorite Brandenburgers Regiment. There has been comparatively little infantry activity during the last few days, except where the British have been bombing their way forward to more advantageous positions around Tielveval, on the left bank, and Gullemeul and Ginchy, on the right bank. The guns continue their unrelenting bombardment of these villages. Up and down the western front both British and French soldiers have put up signs on the parapets of their trenches announcing Rumania's entry into the war, adding to them whatever jibes occurred to them. The Germans followed their usual custom by shooting the signs to pieces with machine gun fire or fusillades of rifle bullets.

WANTS ISLANDS SOLD.

Santa Cruz Legislature Cables Views to Danish Government.

ST. THOMAS, D. W. I., August 30.—The legislature of Santa Cruz has adopted and cabled to the Danish government at Copenhagen a resolution favoring the sale of the Danish West Indies to the United States. The colonial council of St. Thomas and St. John, the two other islands of the Danish West Indies, already has taken similar action. The resolution adopted by the Santa Cruz legislature follows: "The colonial council unanimously requests the minister of the navy to negotiate toward ratification of the treaty with the United States, which is the only means of relieving the intolerable and ruinous state of affairs on this island. There is no hope otherwise of rectifying our condition in the future."

HOW MONEY SLIPPED AWAY.

Instance of Alleged Fleeing of E. W. Morrison, Recluse Millionaire.

CHICAGO, August 30.—One instance of the alleged fleeing of Edward W. Morrison, recluse millionaire, out of hundreds of thousands of dollars, was revealed by Morrison himself on the witness stand before Federal Judge Douglas. Morrison admitted he had paid nearly \$4,000 to a man named Douglas, whose name he didn't know, to go to Europe and search for \$25,000 worth of bonds supposedly stolen from Morrison. Morrison said John Sommers, said to have been the Millionaire's companion on an entertainment trip, introduced him to Douglas. Judge Landis summoned Sommers to explain. Sommers said he hadn't introduced Douglas to Morrison, but learned later that Douglas was a confidence man. Morrison interrupted Sommers to tell the court that Sommers and Douglas "always seemed to know each other."

GERMANS SEIZE SWEDISH STEAMERS.

LONDON, August 30.—The Swedish steamers Roslagen, 1,391 tons, of Stockholm, and the Tor have been seized by German torpedo boat destroyers and taken southward, says a Lloyd's dispatch from Copenhagen.

MORATORIUM IN COTTON.

Rise in Price Threatens Serious Disturbances in Alexandria, Egypt.

LONDON, August 30.—"The rise in the price of cotton," says Reuter's Alexandria, Egypt, correspondent, "threatens a serious disturbance here. The bourse has decided not to allow dealings in cotton at any price higher than \$25 until September 29, thus constituting a special moratorium. It is understood that this decision is due to the unemployment of positions of jobbers, who have been selling short in anticipation of a drop in the price and are now unable to meet big losses, especially as prices are still rising. The decision of the bourse has caused much indignation and the government has instituted an inquiry, owing to the fact that the so-called moratorium is likely to halt the fellahs' sales and result in serious losses if a fall in price comes."

LITTLE FINGER MARKSMAN REJECTED BY UNCLE SAM

ST. LOUIS, August 30.—Rejected for enlistment in the United States Marine Corps because the "trigger" and middle fingers were missing from his right hand, Elbert Harlan, a raw-boned applicant from Oklahoma, went from the recruiting station in the Fullerton building to a shooting gallery nearby and made twenty-five straight hits on a moving target with a small caliber rifle while the sergeant who had rejected him looked on. "I can shoot better with my little finger than some men can with their trigger fingers," Harlan said after his performance at the gallery, "and cannot understand why you won't take me."

The marine sergeant explained that a hand minus several fingers would look bad when incased in white gloves, and that the loss of the fingers would seriously interfere with the proper handling of the rifle at drills. But the Oklahoma recruit was unconvinced and went back home in the belief that the government doesn't know a good man when it sees one.

Slump Renominated in Virginia.

BRISTOL, Va., August 30.—The republicans of the tenth Virginia congressional district have renominated Representative T. Eason Slump as their candidate in the November election. Resolutions were adopted criticizing the democratic administration and commending Theodore Roosevelt for his action in throwing his support to Hughes and Fairbanks.

House Passes Niagara Bridge Bill.

The bill of Representative Smith of New York authorizing construction of a bridge across the Niagara river at or near Buffalo has been passed by the House.

Would Paddle Child Criminals.

CHICAGO, August 30.—Paddies and switches as checks on juvenile crime were advocated before the National Association of Attorneys General of the United States, in convention here. Edward C. Turner, attorney general of Ohio, championed the "spare the rod and spoil the child" doctrine, and urged drastic measures for youthful criminals.

Brings Priceless Manuscripts to U. S.

NEW YORK, August 30.—Copies of priceless manuscripts in the royal archives of Spain have reached here in the custody of William E. Dunn of the University of Texas. Prof. Dunn went to Spain on this mission for the Library of Congress, which, with the universities of Texas and California, will receive the documents. The copies were obtained by permission of King Alfonso, and form a valuable addition to American historical data.

PLAN SECOND TRIP FOR HUGHES.

Republicans at Chicago Headquarters Would Have Him Visit Middle West. CHICAGO, August 30.—Tentative plans for a second middle west speaking trip that will bring Charles E. Hughes to Illinois about September 17 have been considered by Chairman A. T. Hert and his aids at western republican campaign headquarters. Mr. Hughes probably will tour Illinois, Indiana, Michigan before returning east. Albert J. Beveridge probably will make a tour of the central states. It is planned to have Theodore Roosevelt come in October and speak in Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, Wisconsin and South Dakota. F. E. Corrick, progressive leader from Nebraska, told Chairman Hert that Hughes and Fairbanks will be given a large plurality in Nebraska in November.

Advertisement for various household and personal care products including hairbrushes, toothbrushes, and razors.

Advertisement for PEOPLE'S DRUG STORES featuring a 1¢ sale of various toiletries and sundries.

Advertisement for PEOPLE'S DRUG STORES featuring a 1¢ sale of cleaning helps and good tonics.

Advertisement for PEOPLE'S DRUG STORES featuring a 1¢ sale of various hair tonics.

Advertisement for PEOPLE'S DRUG STORES featuring a 1¢ sale of various skin creams and lotions.

Advertisement for PEOPLE'S DRUG STORES featuring a 1¢ sale of various household and personal care products.

Advertisement for PEOPLE'S DRUG STORES featuring a 1¢ sale of various pills and tablets.

Advertisement for PEOPLE'S DRUG STORES featuring a 1¢ sale of various household and personal care products.

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Large advertisement for Grape-Nuts cereal, highlighting its nutritional benefits and energy.