war office announces that the Rumanians have gained a success against the German and Bulgarian troops in the province of Dobrudja. The fighting was in the region of Enigea, nineteen miles south of the Constanza-Tzernavoda railway.

The battle in this region continues, the statement adds: "Where the Rumanian efforts are directed against the principal enemy forces according to movement prescribed by command."

Of the situation on the Transylvanian front yesterday's statement said:

"On the north and northeast fronts there were skirmishes of slight importance along the whole front except in the valley of the Streeul river, where the enemy attacked violently with superior forces, in the face of which we fell back slightly."

Florina Free of Bulgarians.

PARIS, September 20, 12:05 p.m.—The last of the Bulgarians have been cleared out of Florina, near the western end of the Macedonian front, the war office announced today. After the occupation of the town by the entente forces Bulgarian soldiers held out for a time in several houses, resisting with savage energy. One hundred prisoners were taken in completing the capture of these positions.

The announcement says the Serbians have captured height 2,625, the highest peak of the Kaimakcalan range, after deperate fighting at close quarters. On the left wing the Bulgarians are still resisting on the heights north of Sisoderi.

The announcement says:

"From the River Struma as far as the region west of the Vardar there have been the customary artillery exchanges and engagements between patrols. East of the Cerna Serbian troops, following a vigorous offensive movement, attacked Hill 2625, the highest peak of the Kaimakcalan range, which had been defensively organized by the enemy.

Fought Hand to Hand.

"After a fierce struggle, which developed into hand-to-hand fighting, the Serbian infantrymen came out masters of the position. The Bulgarians, who suffered very heavy losses, left fifty prisoners in the hands of the Serbians.

"East of Florina, in the region of the Broda river, a Bulgarian counter attack, supported by cavalry, was driven back in the direction of Boresnica by the fire of our 75-millimeter guns before the Bulgarians could reach the Serbian lines on our left wing.

"The enemy is still holding out on the heights north of Sisoderi, and near the Monastery of San Marco.

"In Florina we have cleaned up several houses in which Bulgarian troops were still defending themselves with savage energy. During these operations we took 100 prisoners.

"One of our air squadrons has thrown down numerous projectiles on Monastir."

Sofia Reports Fierce Battle.

SOFIA, Tuesday, September 19, via London, September 20, 12:33 p.m.—Official announcement was made here today that the Italian troops on the Macedonian front have been driven back by the Bulgarians, who occupied four villages.

In eastern Rumania along the new battle front south of the railroad from Constanza on the Black seat to Tzernavoda on the Danube, a great battle is in progress. It is developing in favor of the Bulgarians, the announcement says.

Following is the statement:

"Fierce fighting continues around Florina. All attempts of the enemy to seize Kaimakcalan height failed as a result of our violent counter attacks. In the Moglenica valley and on both sides of the Vardar there was weak artillery fire.

"At the foot of Belanchitza plateau our patrols drove off the enemy and occupied the villages of Schoygovo, Manitza, Gorniporog and Doniiporog, where they found much war material abandoned by the enemy. The Italians left 100 rifles at Gorniporog. Along the Struma and on the Aegean coast there were no developments.

"Rumanian front: Along the Danube all was calm. The great battle reported on the line Maralui-Monuk-Arabadaji-Kokardja-Cobadin-Tusla develops in our favor. On the Black sea coast calm prevailed."

Turks Fighting in Galicia.

CONSTANTINOPLE, via London, September 20, 7:15 a.m.—The repulse of Russian attacks by the Turkish troops in Galicia, after a forty-eight-hour battle, is reported in an official statement issued by the war office. The text of the statement follows:

"Our troops in Galicia repulsed violent attacks, which the enemy made uninterruptedly from the morning of the 16th until the evening of the 17th, and which were directed against them with manifold superior forces. They completely maintained their positions in the course of a forty-eight-hour battle, and captured 600 Russians, including two officers. Elsewhere there were no events of importance."

No Developments, Says Petrograd.

PETROGRAD, September 20, via London, 1:55 p.m.—"There are no important developments on the western or Caucasian fronts," says today's official announcement.

Bulgars Evacuate Viglitsa.

ATHENS, September 19, via London, September 20, 4:10 p.m.—The Bulgarians have hastily evacuated Viglitsa, toward the western end of the Macedonian front, falling back on Sveda, and are now preparing to make a stand at previously constructed entrenchments between the Cerna river marshes and Mount Daanou for the purpose of defending Monastir in the comparatively level plain south of the city.

Greek military authorities assert that should these entrenchments be taken the evacuation of Monastir will be necessitated as the defense afterward would only be possible from the hills north of the city.

Berlin Claims the Teutons Have Repulsed Attacks by Russians on Galician Front

BERLIN, September 20, via London.—Today's official statement dealing with the eastern front says:

"Army group of Prince Leopold—West of Lutsk, on the front held by the troops of Gen. von der Marwitz, renewed attacks by the enemy were only local in scope. Not until evening did the Russians make attacks in strong waves. These assaults again failed, with heavy losses. The enemy temporarily penetrated our positions near Szelwow, but was driven out.

"Front of Archduke Charles—On the Narayuvka (a tributary of the Gnila Lipa, in Galicia) stubborn fighting is continuing in our favor. Attacks by the enemy were repelled.

"In the Carpathians, which are covered with snow, Russian attacks continue. The enemy gained some local successes."

CLASP HANDS IN FRIENDSHIP.

Confederate Veterans Restore Flag to Ohio Union Regiment.

NEWARK, Ohio, September 20.—Clasping hands over the faded and tattered folds of the regimental banner of the 76th Regiment, Ohio Volunteer Infantry, survivors of the 1st Arkansas Regiment of the Confederacy and the remnant of the Ohio regiment today cemented the ties of friendship between the two sections when the banner captured by the southern soldiers was returned to Ohio. Gov. Frank B. Willis of Ohio, Governor-elect C. H. Brough of Arkansas, Edward Kibler of Newark and M. E. Dunaway of Arkansas were the speakers.

Nine of the surviors of the Arkansas regiment, which captured the banner at Ringgold, Ga., November 27, 1863, attended the ceremonies.

CALDER INCREASES LEAD OVER BACON

Candidate for Senate Wins Greater New York, in Primary, by 33,426.

FORMER AMBASSADOR AHEAD OUTSIDE CITY

Gov. Whitman Gets Chief Progressive Support—McCombs Successful by Big Margin.

NEW YORK PRIMARY LATEST RETURNS

Returns from the New York primary gave the following results:

Republican: Governor, 1,388 out of 5,719 districts missing—Bennett, 32,472; Whitman, 183,648.

Republican: United States senator, 908 districts missing—Calder, 120,882; Bacon, 119,983.

Democratic: United States senator, 1,494 districts missing—McCombs, 77,172; Conway, 38,372.

Progressive: Governor, 1,724 districts missing—Whitman, 9,430; Seabury, 6,389.

NEW YORK, September 20.—Returns from yesterday's primary election at noon today showed that William M. Calder had increased his lead over Robert Bacon for the republican nomination for United States senator. With 908 districts missing out of 5,719, the vote for Calder stood at 130,882 against 119,983 for Bacon, giving Calder a plurality of 10,899.

Calder carried Greater New York, all districts complete, by 33,426, the vote being 54,844 for Calder against 21,418 for Bacon.

Returns From Outside City.

Returns from the state outside of Greater New York for 2,732 districts out of 3,640 give Calder 76,038; Bacon 98,560.

Mr. Bacon's campaign managers hoped that later returns from outside New York city would wipe out his opponent's lead. They based their expectations on the fact that the former ambassador made his best run up state. This so far has been more than offset by the heavy vote of his opponent received in New York city.

Mr. Bacon was indorsed by Col. Theodore Roosevelt and many prominent republicans, but Mr. Calder was first in the field and was supposed to have the backing of the greater number of organization voters.

Progressive Vote Significant.

Republican leaders today attached great significance to the success of Gov. Whitman in winning the progressive nomination for governor over Samuel Seabury, who was unopposed for the democratic nomination for that office. With 1,724 districts missing, the vote stood: Whitman, 9,430; Seabury, 6,389.

The governor ran ahead, according to these returns, both in and out of New York city.

The republican leaders declare that Whitman's victory in the progressive primaries proves that the bulk of the progressive vote in New York state will be republican at the coming national election.

George W. Perkins, the progressive national leader who indorsed Mr. Whitman's candidacy on the progressive ticket, said:

"The real effort on the part of the democrats was to have Seabury carry the progressive primaries and endeavor to show thereby that Wilson was stronger in New York than Hughes. Mr. Whitman's victory disposes of this claim and assures the state of New York to Hughes beyond any shadow of a doubt."

Whitman Has Big Lead.

Gov. Whitman was opposed for renomination in the republican primaries by State Senator William M. Bennett. Returns from 4,331 districts out of 5,719 gave Whitman 183,648, Bennett, 32,472.

William F. McCombs, formerly chairman of the democratic national committee, won the democratic nomination for United States senator by a majority of about two to one over his opponent, Thomas F. Conway of Plattsburg, formerly lieutenant governor. Returns from 4,225 districts give McCombs 77,172, Conway, 38,372.

Seabury Expects Election.

Samuel Seabury, over whom Gov. Whitman today had a substantial lead in the progressive primaries for nomination for governor, issued a statement claiming it would require the official count to determine who had won, and saying that even if Whitman won the figures portended Seabury's election as governor.

"If the same percentage of voters who entertain progressive views honor me with their votes," he said, "I shall carry the state by a large majority. It seems that about 50,000 votes cast in the republican primary expressed a determination to repudiate Gov. Whitman in a primary contest recognized at the outset as hopeless."

Democratic Chairman's Opinion.

Democratic state chairman Edwin S. Harris said:

"I am surprised that Judge Seabury did as well as he did in the progressive primaries, knowing, as I do, how progressive enrollment is secured, but unless something unforeseen happens between now and election day Gov. Whitman cannot be re-elected. Judge Seabury is 100,000 votes stronger in this state today than is President Wilson, and the latter's strength is constantly increasing.

"The real progressives have left their party because Theodore Roosevelt deserted them two years ago."

Republican Viewpoint.

Republican State Chairman Frederick C. Tanner said:

"The progressives have come back to the republican party and far more completely than the figures indicate. A great number—especially up state—who were enrolled as progressives, refused to go to the progressive primaries because within the past few months they have announced themselves openly as republicans. Gov. Whitman was victorious even without the support of these men."

Sees President's Re-Election.

"Although the returns of yesterday's primaries are incomplete," said Vance C. McCormick, chairman of the democratic national committee, "enough is known to indicate that a sufficiently large percentage of the enrolled progressives of New York favor the democratic candidates to insure absolutely the re-election of President Wilson. According to the 1912 returns, less than 25 per cent of the progressive vote added to the democratic vote in the state of New York will give New York's electoral vote to Wilson.

"Returns from yesterday's primaries indicate that the democrats polled considerably more than 25 per cent of the progressive vote."

Progressives Are Back in the Republican Fold, N. Y. Primary Indicates

BY N. O. MESSENGER.

Staff Correspondent of The Star.

NEW YORK, September 20.—The essential fact in the primary elections in this state yesterday is that the progressives have come back. It was demonstrated beyond cavil on the vote for Whitman for the governorship, who received not only the republican nomination, but the progressive nomination.

The state of New York contains more republicans than democrats on a count of noses, when they all vote republican. It looks now as if they propose to vote republican.

My democratic friends tell me: "Look out for the Wilson luck. In the last days of the campaign he will turn a trick that will pull us all through."

Democrats Not Dismayed.

They are not dismayed or cast down. The "form," however, it must be admitted, is against them.

I am trying to give you the broad outlines of the country-wide political situation. The primary vote in this state and the vote in Maine shows that the people are up on their toes and keenly alive to politics. Prosperity has not dulled their sense of what is ahead of them.

Men here who know the state—and in this connection I am not giving you my own views, but those of people who make a business of trying to guess conditions—tell The Star correspondent that it looks like a republican year in New York. N. O. M.

FUNERAL SERVICES FOR GEN. A. L. MILLS

Bishop Harding in Charge of Rites at St. John's Episcopal Church.

Funeral services for Maj. Gen. Albert L. Mills were held this afternoon in St. John's Protestant Episcopol Church, 16th and H streets northwest. Bishop Alfred Harding, assisted by Dr. Edward S. Dunlap of St. John's Church, officiated. Following the services the body will be taken to West Point, the place of interment.

Bishop Harding read the lesson, and was followed by Dr. Dunlap, who gave the creed in prayers. Bishop Harding pronounced the benediction. The hymns, "Onward, Christian Soldiers," "Peace, Perfect Peace" and "O Paradise, O Paradise," were sung by a portion of St. John's Church choir. The organist was H. H. Freeman.

Government Officials Attend.

A number of government officials were present at the services. The pallbearers here were: Lieut. Gen. S. B. M. Young, retired; Maj. Gen. H. L. Scott, Maj. J. B. Aleshire, retired; Maj. Gen. E. M. Weaver, Maj. Gen. H. G. Sharpe, Brig. Gen. E. A. Garlington, Brig. Gen. H. P. McCain, Brig. Gen. E. M. Black, Col. H. P. Birmingham, Col. W. D. Beach, Col. G. W. McIver and Lieut. Col. John Pitcher, retired.

It is expected the party will arrive at West Point at about 11 o'clock tomorrow morning, and will be met there by a troop of cavalry and the body escorted to the headquarters of Col. John Biddle, superintendent of the Military Academy. It will lie in state there until 3:45 o'clock, when it will be escorted to the new chapel by the Corps of Cadets.

Final Services in Chapel.

Funeral services at the chapel will be in charge of Chaplain Horace P. Silver. After the services the body will be conveyed to the West Point cemetery.

Pallbearers at West Point will be Col. John Biddle, Col. Gustav Phiebeger, Lieut. Col. Wirt Robinson, Lieut. Col. Edwin R. Stuart, Col. Cornelius De W. Willcox, Lieut. Col. Edward A. Kreger, Lieut. Col. Meriwether L. Walker, Lieut. Col. William H. Tschappart, Lieut. Col. Henry A. Shaw, Lieut. Col. Lucius H. Holt, Col. Webb C. Hayes, Col. John Vrooman, Col. William C. Rivers, Dr. J. B. Emerson, Gen. George E. Dyer and Macomb G. Foster.

Denies Wife's Right to Alimony.

Arthur V. Hillyard, through Attorneys Leo A. Rover and Martin J. McNamara, today filed an answer to his wife's petition for temporary alimony, and also filed a cross-bill in the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia. Mrs. Eula Hillyard, the wife, recently filed a petition for alimony. The husband today denies that he should be held responsible for her maintenance. Hearing on the appeal for alimony is set for Monday by a ruling of Justice McCoy, while a hearing as to the custody of the child of the couple is set for October 6. Attorney C. W. Fowler represents the wife.

Strategatos and Wife Buried Today.

The bodies of Michael Strategatos and Vasiliki Strategatos, his wife, victims of the double tragedy enacted at 620 6th street, where the couple had a room, rested side by side in the parlor at Scott's undertaking establishment this afternoon. Rev. Joakim Alexopoulos, who two months ago officiated at the marriage of the couple, conducted the funeral service. The bodies were interred in Woodlawn cemetery.

Warring Infant Goes to Guardians.

Judge Strasburger, in Juvenile Court this afternoon, committed Dorothy Warring, eighteen months old, to the custody of the board of children's guardians for six months. The child was found in the woods on the Blagden estate Sunday night with her mother, Mrs. Corrinne T. Warring, and the mother was charged with intoxication. Her case will be tried in Police Court Friday morning.

Lists Improvements, With Proviso.

The executive committee of the Brightwood Citizens' Association met at the home of the president of the association, Louis P. Shoemaker, last Friday evening to consider a list of improvements for that section to be submitted to the Commissioners. The list was approved, but will be sent to the Commissioners with the stipulation that no street improvements are desired until the Borland amendment, assessing abutting property owners for such improvements, is repealed. After the adjournment of the business meeting an informal entertainment by Mrs. Shoemaker, assisted by Mrs. W. E. Humphreys, was given.

A telegraph cable 6,000 miles long and costing $5,000,000 is to be laid under the ocean between Aden and Hongking.

CATHOLIC CHARITIES WORK-CENTER HERE

St. Vincent de Paul Society to Erect in Brookland National Headquarters Building.

CARDINAL GIBBONS AGAIN IS HONORARY PRESIDENT

Bishop Shahan, Head of National Conference of Catholic Charities, Also Is Re-Elected.

The St. Vincent de Paul Society is to erect on the grounds of the Catholic University in Brookland a building which is to be the headquarters of Catholic charities in the United States. This announcement was made at the closing session of the fourth biennial meeting of the National Conference of the Catholic Charities, at the Catholic University, following a decision at the sectional meeting last night.

Cardinal Gibbons was re-elected honorary president and Bishop Thomas J. Shahan, rector of the Catholic University, was re-elected president of the National Conference this afternoon.

Rev. Dr. William J. Kerby of the Catholic University was re-elected secretary, and William H. De Lacy, former judge of the Juvenile Court, succeeded himself as treasurer.

Other National Officers.

Other national officers for 1917-1918, elected today, were as follows: Vice presidents, Mgr. Fletcher of Baltimore, Miss Mary Marrick of Washington, D. C.; R. C. Gannon of Chicago, Miss A. Williams of Milwaukee, Wis.; Father Gressle of Cincinnati and Henry Heide of New York; assistant secretaries, Mr. F. Edward Mitchell of Washington, D. C.; Miss Frances Leitch of Brooklyn, N. Y., and T. B. Graham of New York.

Mrs. T. H. Galbally of this city was elected a member of the committee on sick and defectives. Other Washingtonians elected to committees were Miss Margaret Talty and J. B. Sullivan, children's committee, and Rev. Dr. O'Grady and Charles Neill, social and civic committee.

A cablegram from the Pope, conferring his benediction upon the convention, was received from Cardinal Gasparri at Rome.

Morning Sees Windup.

This morning saw the windup of the big charity meeting, and was devoted to the closing session of the various committees, followed by a general meeting in McMahon Hall. At this meeting William H. De Lacy, chairman of the resolutions committee, brought in resolutions thanking all those concerned in the conference who were responsible for the big success of the meeting, the largest ever held.

Among the resolutions of thanks was one to J. Leo Kolb, F. Edward Mitchell, Rev. Dr. John O'Grady and other members of the local committee on arrangements. Another resolution expressed the feeling of loss of the conference in the death of Mgr. Dennis J. MacMahon and Thomas M. Mulry.

At the meeting of the committee on children, one of the two sectional meetings held this morning before the farewell meeting, Miss Mercedes Murray of Baltimore severely criticised the tendency to commit a dependent child to a reformatory.

Stigma Cast on Children.

"Reformatories," said Miss Murray, "aim to keep dependent children entirely separate. Nevertheless, such institutions are a handicap to the future of these children. The very fact that the child has been an inmate of a reformatory casts a stigma on him."

Rev. Edward Hawks of Philadelphia, speaking on "The Availability of Parochial Schools and Parish Halls as Social Centers," said that he thought the time had come when the church should become a social as well as a religious center.

He said the church must safeguard the children against the danger to which they are exposed in modern industrial centers by providing wholesome entertainment.

Miss Adelaide Walsh of Chicago and Rev. John McNicholas of New York delivered addresses at the meeting of the committee on sick and defectives. Miss Walsh dealt with the enlistment of trained nurses in the service of the poor. Dr. McNicholas gave a survey of the work of the Catholic sister-nurses in the United States on behalf of the sick poor. Dr. J. Richard Kevin of Brooklyn read a paper on the social worker duty on the prevention of illness.

Juvenile Delinquency Discussed.

Fifteen minute addresses on general aspects of juvenile delinquency featured the general session of the conference held in McMahon Hall last night, with Thomas W. Hynes of Brooklyn as chairman.

The solemn duty of parents to exercise proper supervision over their children, coupled with the duty of the church to provide a place for healthy relaxation for young folks, were themes dwelt upon by Patrick Mallon of New York city.

The shortcomings of children, Mr. Mallon said, are due in great measure to the parents themselves. "The appearance of so many children in the juvenile courts today is because parents don't exercise proper supervision over them," he said.

Dangerous Period of Youth.

The dangerous period of youth, the speaker said, is when the boy or girl goes out to work for a living. He advised against sending the child out to work until it is absolutely necessary.

The duty of the church, he continued, is to be an instrumentality by which proper places for the healthy relaxation of youth can be provided. Young folk are too prone to go to dance halls and places of cheap amusement, lacking other more sheltered places where they can be more wholesomely amused.

Brief discussions of the general topic of juvenile delinquency were generally led last night by Mr. Hynes, C. D. Gillespie, Pittsburgh; Rev. Brother Paulian, New York; Miss Mary Kelley, Philadelphia, and Edwin Mulready of Boston.

The carelessness of parents about religion is responsible for a vast amount of delinquency among children, Mr. Gillespie said, voicing the opinion that the sodalities might be useful in taking care of children of careless and indifferent parents during the critical years.

Mrs. Margaret McGoorty Long of Chicago was elected president of the women's section of the conferences at a meeting held yesterday afternoon. Other officers elected were Mrs. Daniel Malone of New York, vice president, and the executive committee, Mrs. Charles P. Mullen, Mrs. Charlotte M. Quinlan, Dubuque, Iowa; Mrs. A. W. Biser, Austin, Tex.; Mrs. Thomas Coonan, Minneapolis; Mrs. Henry Clark, Jacksonville, Fla.; Mrs. S. A. Beattie, Wheeling, W. Va.; Mrs. N. H. Ford, Bridgeport, Conn., and Miss Nellie O'Connor, Toronto, Canada.

Commerce Department Changes.

Hooker A. Doolittle has been appointed as commercial agent at $1,200 in the bureau of foreign and domestic commerce.

In the coast and geodetic survey Dwight M. Kyle, assistant at $1,400, and Leroy P. Raynor, aid at $1,100, have resigned.

EACH "TANK" MOUNTED ON FOUR BIG TRACTORS

Real Inventor Willing to Let Winston Churchill and Swinton Have the Credit.

LONDON, September 20.—While friends are claiming for Winston Spencer Churchill, former first lord of the admiralty, and Col. Swinton the credit for the discovery of the "tanks," which played such an important part in the recent advance on the Somme front, the original inventor remains undisclosed, but the Associated Press is informed by a reliable authority that the new war machine is an adaptation of the caterpillar tractor. According to this authority, the invention was brought to the attention of the war office early in the war. Great Britain declined to finance the project unless the machines were manufactured in England.

These armored ships on land are mounted on four caterpillar tractors, which not only make the machine incapable of being capsized, but enable it to cross ditches. The idea of using a caterpillar tractor has been worked on for the last ten years, and the problem was solved finally by equipping the machine with engines of such tremendous horsepower that they are able to pull the heaviest harvesting machines and gang plows over extremely rough ground.

The man who brought the plans to England declined to permit the use of his name and declared that for business reasons he does not desire to dim the glory of those claiming the credit. He says he has plans for a tractor which probably will be more effective than the "tanks."

According to officials of the War Department no arrangements have been made to provide the United States Army with caterpillar armored motor cars like those being used by the British in France. It was explained that the twenty-seven caterpillar motors recently ordered by the War Department were for the ordinary purposes, such as towing big guns, for which similar cars have been used in the army for years.

DENY CHIHUAHUA CITY WAS CAPTURED BY VILLA

EL PASO, Tex., September 20.—Rumors were current here today that Chihuahua City was captured by Villa in a second attack last night. Gen. Francisco Gonzales, commandant at Juarez, and Consul Garcia declared the rumors were without foundation.

Consul Garcia and Gen. Gonzales maintained that although wire communication had been hampered, messages received early today indicated quiet in Chihuahua City.

SAN ANTONIO, Tex., September 20.—Belief that Francisco Villa will soon cut the Carranza line of communication between Chihuahua City and Juarez, if he has not already done so, was suggested by Maj. Gen. Funston today after he had read a report on Villa's Chihuahua engagement, received from Brig. Gen. Bell, at El Paso. This would give him control of the Mexican Northwestern railroad, and, the general added, "the garrisons to the north would have to look out."

GIVES AMERICAN PEOPLE LOW RANK IN THRIFTINESS

ST. LOUIS, Mo., September 20.—The American people rank last in thriftiness, according to J. Lioneberger Davis, vice president of the St. Louis Union Trust Company, who addressed the convention of the National Association of Life Underwriters here today.

"It is significant," he said, "that in the United States, where wages are notoriously high, only 99 people out of each 1,000 have saving accounts, whereas in Australia there are 300; in England, 302; in Germany, 317; in France, 346; in Belgium, 397, and in Switzerland, 554. It also is significant that in Germany, France, England and Japan the number of depositors are greater than in the United States, and that in Germany the aggregate amount of savings deposits is almost as large as the aggregate in the United States, although Germany's population is only about two-thirds as large as our own."

HURT IN "JITNEY" COLLISION.

Three Members of National Guard and Civilian Chauffeur Injured.

Three members of the National Guard of the District of Columbia and a civilian chauffeur were injured in a head-on collision between two "jitneys" early this morning. None was seriously hurt, most of the men receiving only cuts and bruises.

Those hurt were: Private Russell De Atley, Company A; Corporal George W. Johns, Company B; Private E. L. Thompson, Company C, and John Winters, operator of one of the automobiles. Winters was the most badly hurt, receiving a fracture of both wrists and possibly is internally injured.

The men were taken to the Fort Myer Hospital for treatment.

TO AID SOLDIERS' FAMILIES.

Plans for Benefit Ball Game at League Park Progressing.

Plans for the base ball game between the Board of Trade and National Press Club teams, September 27, at the American League park, for the benefit of the families of members of the National Guard of the District of Columbia, are well under way. Members of the National Guard now stationed at Camp Ordway are to be guests of honor.

Tickets have been sent to all members of the Board of Trade and the National Press Club. Chris Gockeler, secretary of the board, today urged that every one should attend the game. "It is certainly not much to ask of those who are at home to 'do their bit' by contributing to a worthy cause in this manner."

HELD FOR ALLEGED THREATS.

Michigan Man Said to Have Sent Letters to President Wilson.

PITTSBURGH, September 20.—Accused of sending threatening letters to President Wilson, Morris Diamond of Bay City, Mich., was being held by the police today to await examination by a physician as to his sanity.

Diamond, who was known as James C. Wilson, was arrested by federal agents, who decided after questioning him that he was of unsound mind. His first letter was sent to the President last November, and it was followed by a number of others. Diamond, the authorities say, labors under the hallucination that the President is responsible because he is unable to secuer valuable property in Bay City to which he lays claim. Diamond came here from Cleveland a week ago.

E. B. Coxe, Jr., Dies.

HAZELTON, Pa., September 20.—Eckley B. Coxe, jr., a member of the Coxe family of pioneer anthracite coal operators, and a backer of University of Pennsylvania's Egyptian archeological expeditions, died at his home at Drifton, near here, today, after a long illness. He was forty-three years old and unmarried.

WILL ASK SHONTS TO MEET STRIKERS

Mayor Mitchel Will Appeal to Railways' Head to Avoid General Walkout.

ALL OTHER EFFORTS FAIL TO HALT PROPOSED ORDER

Samuel Gompers to Attend Meeting Between Business Interests and Labor Leaders Tomorrow.

NEW YORK, September 20.—All other efforts to prevent the threatened general strike of 700,000 trade unionists in sympathy with the striking carmen having thus far failed, Mayor Mitchel decided today to make a personal appeal to Theodore P. Shonts, president of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and the New York street railways, to recede from his reiterated intention of refusing to deal with the strikers.

Mr. Shonts' position—necessary, the traction head says, because of a threat to strike by local employes in the event of recognition of the unions—balked the attempt of the public service commission and a citizens' committee to bring about an amicable adjustment.

Conference Set for Today.

Although there appeared little hope of a change in the traction companies' policy, the mayor arranged for a conference with Mr. Shonts later today. The mayor, it was learned, from an official source, expects to propose a basis of settlement that he hopes may enable the Interborough and the New York railways to retire gracefully from their position and permit the resumption of negotiations that will avert the impending general walkout.

Details of the mayor's plan could not be learned. Mr. Shonts accepted the mayor's invitation on condition that representatives of the strikers should not be present.

Union leaders have promised to withhold their order for a sympathetic strike until after tomorrow, and in the meantime the city authorities and business men will endeavor to find some way to prevent an extension of the labor war, which threatens to tie up a considerable part of the city's industries.

Gompers Asked to Attend.

With the arrival here today of Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, to attend the funeral of Seth Low, it was learned that the business interests which are endeavoring to avert a sympathetic strike had invited Mr. Gompers to attend the meeting with labor leaders tomorrow.

It was indicated by the union men that Mr. Gompers planned to take more than ordinary interest in the situation. Mr. Gompers accepted the invitation after talking with union leaders.

During the forenoon attacks on surface cars continued intermittently. The last twenty-four hours have witnessed the most extended disturbances of the strike, police reports today showing the arrests of twenty men declared to be former employes. Fifteen of these are accused of felony in attacks on trains and cars.

Rioting Throughout City.

The attempt to operate surface cars last night resulted in the worst rioting since the strike began, but the officials of the transit companies say the service in the day time is improving steadily.

Throughout the night elevated trains, together with subway trains, at points where they run on elevated structures, were subjected to almost ceaseless bombardments of bottles and bricks, car windows being shattered and a number of passengers injured.

The most serious rioting occurred in various sections of Manhattan, when attempts were made to run cars on the 42d and 59th street crosstown surface lines. Mob of strikers and their sympathizers stormed two carbarns, overpowering the police and putting to flight all railway employes in the vicinities.

Several motormen and conductors who had not joined the strike were beaten. Much property damage had been done before police reserves arrived.

Several Attacks at Same Time.

The police assert that the strikers took advantage of the fact that many policemen were detailed to polling booths in yesterday's primary election here. The strikers apparently planned their attacks, it was said, as disorders occurred in many places at the same time.

At 42d street and Broadway, one of the busiest spots in the city, a great crowd bombarded a car with stones they had gathered from a subway excavation.

Numerous arrests were made, and many of the rioters were clubbed by the police. Several passengers were hurt by missiles.

The strikers also attacked the elevated trains with bottles and bricks from housetops. Policemen then were stationed on the roofs along elevated routes.

NUMBER OF PNEUMONIA CASES SHOWS INCREASE

Five cases of pneumonia developed here last week, and health officials today said the number of cases of this disease may be expected to increase from now on. Scarlet fever and diphtheria also show an upward tendency, it is stated, while measles show a slight increase, from 715 to 717 cases. Whooping cough remains stationary, but still excessive, 1,489 cases remaining on the records at the close of the week. The week passed without the report of a single case of infantile paralysis.

Deaths last week numbered 111, but were far outstripped by the recorded births, which numbered 175. The distinguishing feature of the week's record was the occurrence of twenty-eight deaths from diseases from the heart and blood vessels, and ten of chronic inflammation of the kidneys.

FIRST TO GET NEW PENSION.

Mrs. Mary A. Lovejoy of Frederick, Md., Widow of Veteran.

The first widow to receive a twenty-dollar pension under the latest pension law, signed by the President September 8, is Mrs. Mary A. Lovejoy of Frederick, Md., according to information received at the pension bureau. Mrs. Lovejoy is nearly a hundred years old, and was acquainted with Barbara Frietchie. She is the widow of Samuel B. Lovejoy, who was a private in the 5th Ohio Infantry. The new law opens the pension rolls to widows of veterans of the Mexican and civil wars and grants them each $20 a month. The first certificate issued bore the name of Mrs. Lovejoy.

She is a native of Frederick and was married in 1844. Of her ten children only four are living. She is a great-great-grandmother and has never worn spectacles.

THOMAS B. SANDERS DIES AFTER SHORT ILLNESS

Was Deputy Commissioner of Bureau of Navigation, in Commerce Department.

Thomas B. Sanders, for many years deputy commissioner of the bureau of navigation of the Department of Commerce, died at his residence, 2144 P street northwest, yesterday, following a short illness. He was seventy-five years old.

Born in Massachusetts.

Mr. Sanders, who has resided in Washington since the civil war, was born in Wareham, Mass., in 1841. He served throughout the war in Company I, 17th Maine Infantry, and later in the veteran reserve corps. He played a large part in the establishment of the bureau of navigation, having entered the service of the Treasury Department, in which it was organized, in 1865.

Mr. Sanders is survived only by an unmarried sister, who lives at 2144 P street northwest.

Funeral services will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at his late residence. Interment will take place in Rock Creek cemetery. Members of Burnside Post, No. 8, G. A. R., of which Mr. Sanders was a member, will attend.

He also prepared a number of important official works, notably a report upon which President Cleveland based his Welland canal message, regarding Great Britain's attitude toward American ships using the canal. He also prepared Secretary Windom's regulations for the collection of discriminatory tolls, an American retaliatory measure against British ships.

Saw Lincoln's Assassination.

While detailed in the office of the provost marshal of the general defense of the north here in 1865 Mr. Sanders witnessed the assassination of President Lincoln. He was one of the first to climb upon the stage at Ford's Theater following the shooting of the President to give any possible aid, after Booth had locked the door of the presidential box against the audience.

Mr. Sanders helped the first surgeon to reach the box by boosting him up from the stage.

Later, while in Rome, Italy, Mr. Sanders witnessed the capture of John Surratt, a conspirator against President Lincoln, who then was serving as a papal guard.

Mr. Sanders reseigned from his position December 30, 1915. In a letter to him Secretary Redfield commended his services and offered him congratulations upon the good work he has done.

REV. FRANK HAVENER DEAD.

Formerly Was Pastor of Centennial M. E. Church at Westminster, Md.

Rev. Dr. Frank Havener, formerly a resident of this city and for some years pastor of Centennial M. E. Church of Westminster, Md., died there suddenly yesterday morning, according to news received in this city today. He was sixty-four years old and was a nephew of Bishop Alpheus W. Wilson of the Methodist Episcopal Church South.

Dr. Havener preached Sunday in Westminster and although for some time past he had suffered from heart trouble, his death, it is declared, was entirely unexpected. He was a native of this city.

WOULD HAVE SANGSTER TESTIMONY EXCLUDED

Potomac Electric Power Attorneys Renew Effort at Valuation Hearing.

Another effort was made by attorneys of the Potomac Electric Power Company today, at the valuation hearing being conducted before the public utilities commission, to have excluded the testimony of Andrew Sangster, chief accountant, growing out of certain deductions made from capital account.

The point in controversy was the elimination of about $5,000 from the underground cable account, charged to depreciation. Mr. Sangster said that he was not able to restate all the reasons for this deduction.

Attorney S. R. Bowen then moved that the testimony be excluded on the ground that depreciation relates to value rather than cost of property, and that Mr. Sangster had not qualified as an expert to testify regarding depreciation. The motion was overruled.

Questioning as to Elimination.

Today's hearing, as have been the preceding ones, was taken up largely with detailed questioning regarding eliminations from capital account. Attorneys for the company apparently are endeavoring to prove by every opportunity that Mr. Sangster's report contains deductions that are not purely of an accounting character, and that his method in arriving at conclusions is a theoretical one. The admission by Mr. Sangster yesterday that his methods, so far as he is informed, have not been employed in any accounting investigation of a similar character was regarded by the company's representatives as an important one. It is generally taken for granted that the Sangster plan of making deductions from capital account will form one of the reasons for an appeal to the courts if the final valuation to be established by the commission is not acceptable to the company.

CIVILIAN TO SUCCEED TO MAJ. SCHLEY'S POST

Utilities Commission Searches for Good Man to Act as Its Executive Officer.

With the transfer to New Orleans of Maj. Julian L. Schley, assistant engineer commissioner and executive officer of the public utilities commission, the commission will name as his successor a civilian, who will be paid a aslary of from $3,600 to $4,000 per annum.

At the time of the organization of the utilities board Maj. Schley's services were made use of and he has continued since as the directing officer of that body. On account of the fact that engineer officers assigned to the District service limited details, it was deemed advisable to name a civilian for the position of executive officer of the commission, in order that vacancies might not occur so frequently.

For this post the commission is searching for the best man available. It is hoped that a selection can be made before Maj. Schley departs for the south.

Maj. Schley began his duties as assistant engineer commissioner in October, 1912. General regret was expressed by District officials today over his approaching departure.

Beer has been raised in price in Rio de Janeiro. Foreign beers cannot compete because of the high tariff.

BRIAND DENOUNCES CRITIC OF ENGLAND

French Premier Says British Always Have Responded to Calls for Assistance.

MAKES STIRRING APPEAL TO FRENCH PATRIOTISM

Scorns Suggestion of Peace in Advance of Complete Victory for Entente Allies.

PARIS, September 20.—A delicate question was raised in the chamber of deputies yesterday by M. Roux-Costadau, who asked Premier Briand to see to it that there was not only unity of action on all fronts by the entente allies, but also proportionate effectives.

Protests were made from various parts of the chamber against any discussion on the subject of the proportionate number of troops engaged from the different entente countries.

M. Roux-Costadau, nevertheless, persisted, saying that France could not expect to give the blood of all her children, and that the allies should make the necessary sacrifices.

Defends Great Britain.

Premier Briand, in reply, objected to the question and declared that it was unjust to throw doubt on the efforts of the allies in such a sacred cause. England, he said, had never said "No" to any demand for aid. Italy had made the utmost efforts she possibly could, considering the difficulties of the mountainous theater of war in which she was operating. Russia had sent to France her soldiers from across the world.

"Tomorrow," continued the premier, "you will see this joint action expanding still more."

Replying to another speaker, M. Brizon, representing the Allier department, in the old province of Bourbonnais, who attempted to calculate the economic value of the men who had fallen in the war, Premier Briand said:

"M. Brizon has suggested that it is possible for the president of the council to bring the war to an end. That is the idea he is trying to propagate and it is my duty to destroy this propaganda.

Seized by the Throat.

"Your country, Monsieur Brizon, has a splendid past, which should make you love her. This country was seized by the throat, after her assailant had passed over the bleeding body of Belgium. To this country, which has the honor to be the champion of right, and which has poured out its blood in floods, you say: 'Stop the war! Negotiate peace.'"

At this point the members of the chamber arose, cheering M. Briand and howling down M. Brizon.

Resuming, the premier said: "You little know France, Monsieur Brizon, if you think she can sell her blood. What peace would you make for this country at this moment? If peace were made now it would be a peace of war and a menace to future generations.

Wound in Her Side.

"The treacherous blow Germany tried to strike failed, but would be tried afresh. For forty-four years your country worked with a wound in her side. There already gleams on her forehead the aureole of prestige and glory. If you wish the ideas of justice to triumph, pray ardently for victory. Otherwise there would be a peace humiliating and dishonorable and such as no Frenchman could desire."

The chamber, which was aroused to the utmost enthusiasm by the premier's eloquence, voted that the speech should be printed and displayed on all public buildings throughout France.

KOCH'S BIRD WINNER.

Takes Race Held by Eastern Star Racing Pigeon Club.

The Eastern Star Racing Pigeon Club yesterday flew its one-hundred-and-fifty-mile young bird race from Amherst, Va. The birds were liberated at 7 a.m., and, flying against the wind, made very good time. Following is the speed in yards per minute by the first return to each loft:

10—E. Koch	1,032.57
E. Koch	1,032.13
21—J. Richards	1,031.41
J. Richards	1,031.41
9—M. Delarne	1,030.03
10—J. Gatley	1,023.63
18—F. Hancock	1,021.55
8—J. Becker	1,012.16
16—R. Rousean	1,012.11
14—H. Petitt	999.64
12—W. Koch	959.02
11—H. Saffell	901.53
8—J. Dougherty	897.89
6—P. Collins	891.81
3—C. Ladd	Day report
8—H. Jenkins	Day report

Building Permits.

Building permits were issued today to the following:

W. C. and A. N. Miller, to build dwelling at 3105 36th street northwest; architect, B. F. Meyers; builder, W. C. and A. N. Miller; estimated cost, $8,000.

Margaret E. Duffy, to build shop in rear of 1335 I street northeast; architect, T. McNamare; builder, B. Steel; estimated cost, $300.

J. W. Cromwell, to repair dwelling at 1815 13th street northwest; estimated cost, $120.

Tabulating Machine Company, to repair warehouse at 1050 31st street northwest; estimated cost, $50.

Mrs. Lottie Carl, to repair dwelling at 947 Massachusetts avenue northwest; estimated cost, $100.

Mrs. L. R. Burgess, to repair dwelling at 1224 U street southeast; estimated cost, $100.

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