

SPECIAL NOTICES

MONUMENT DEDICATED TO MEMORY OF HIS SOVEREIGN HARRY HEAD... WILLIAM G. SCOTT, Past Consul, Oak Camp, No. 1.

THE CORCORAN GALLERY OF ART. The SUNDAY EXHIBITIONS of The Corcoran Gallery of Art will be resumed, until further notice, on Sunday, October 1, 1916.

ALL REGULAR TROOPS MOVED ELSEWHERE. Capt. George G. Wilson Now Is Commander—Quartermaster Has a Difficult Task.

AT A REGULAR MEETING OF THE BOARD of directors of the Franklin National Bank held at 1150 Pennsylvania...

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE American Security and Trust Company has declared its dividend of three percent on its capital stock of three million dollars...

AMERICAN SECURITY AND TRUST COMPANY. CHARLES J. HELL, President.

FOR RENT—OFFICE ROOMS IN THE STAR building, two-room suite, fourth floor, overlooking Pennsylvania...

The Test That Counts. —Is the test of TIME. "GRAPTONIC" is the service for more than thirty years. Don't fail to get our estimate next time. Write or phone.

Grafton & Son, Inc., 1700 Wash. Loan. STOVE REPAIRS.

RUDOLPH & WEST CO., 1322 N. Y. Ave. n.w. Have Your Eyeglasses Made to Order in Our Optical Factory.

M. A. LEESE OPTICAL CO., 614 9th St. Printing Service That Is Faultless.

Judd & Detweiler, Inc., THE BIG PRINT SHOP, 420-422 11th St. Here's Where You Buy Window Shades at Factory Prices.

MONEY TO LOAN—STONE & FARMER, 1113 11th St. n.w. 50,000, lowest interest rate, and 1% commission. Make application immediately.

Better Your Business. —This fall and winter by using attractive, effective printed matter—the kind we produce.

THE SERVICE SHOP BYRON S. ADAMS, PRINTER, 1113 11th St. n.w. WE CAN HANDLE YOUR BUSINESS IN Detroit, Sales, Buying, Collections, Personal Interest, Managers represented, D. C. reference, Home Savings, etc.

Test Our Facilities. —for doing "rush" work next time you must have MILLWORK in a hurry.

BARKER'S, 649 N. Y. Ave.—1517 7th St. n.w. SMALL JOBS OF PRINTING. Receive the same careful attention here as big ones. We give real service to all.

National Capital Press, 511 11th St. n.w. IRONCLAD ROOF PAINT. "WEARS LIKE IRON."

Colbert experts will put your heating plant in "apple pie" order! MAURICE J. COLBERT, 621 F St. n.w.

ELIGANT APARTMENTS FOR RENT IN THE WARELY (NEW BUILDING), 1906 N. Y. Ave. n.w. EACH OR BY COMMUNICATING CAN BE SEEN AT 1113 11th St. n.w. OFFER FOR INSPECTION.

PALESTRINA. GAVE YOUR HAND READ BY MR. PALMER, 1113 11th St. n.w. SPIRITUALISM.

Abbe Martin Says: When you see three farmers standing together, they're talking about a ditch.

Miss Tawney Apple has a new curl for her left shoulder, but no curls for her star in a film.

WHAT IS CONCERNED AS TO THE FUTURE

D. C. Guardsmen Wonder if Other Forces Are to Be Sent to Warren Camp.

ALL REGULAR TROOPS MOVED ELSEWHERE. Capt. George G. Wilson Now Is Commander—Quartermaster Has a Difficult Task.

BY J. CROSBY MCCARTHY, Staff Correspondent. DISTRICT NATIONAL GUARD CAMP, Warren, Ariz., September 25.—How long is this to remain a militia camp?

Are the District Guard units camped here to be ordered to some other point on the border prior to returning to Washington, or are they to remain here until they start for home?

These are a few of the questions that are troubling the minds of the members of Battery B, Company A, Signal Corps, and Field Hospital, No. 1, of the District National Guard these days.

This is a strictly militia camp, for all the regular units are at Naco, where two troops of the 1st Cavalry are stationed. The army officers detailed as inspector-instructors with the Signal Corps and Field Hospital have been ordered to succeed them.

A camp that has cost several thousand dollars to build has been left with about 270 militiamen as its only occupants.

Wilson Camp Commander. With the departure of Col. John C. F. Tillson, commanding the 22d Infantry, when the regiment left here about 7 o'clock yesterday morning, Capt. George G. Wilson of Battery B, automatically became camp commander, being senior officer of troops of the line.

Lieut. Gerald G. McGrath commenced his duties as camp adjutant, and the selection of Capt. Clarence M. Dollman of the Field Hospital unit as sanitary officer was announced. Corp. Lewis S. Mohler, company clerk of Battery B, was installed in the headquarters as acting sergeant-major.

Lieut. George M. Landis of the Signal Corps unit commenced his duties as quartermaster, having been selected for this position by the division quartermaster at Douglas, on the recommendation of Capt. Adams, quartermaster of the 22d Infantry.

Like Partially Deserted Village. It took some time for the District militiamen to become reconciled to the fact that they were "all by themselves" in camp. It did not seem possible that the long line of mess halls, extending to the west of the militia camp, was without occupants.

When night-fall came the changed condition of affairs became more marked. There was not a light in any of the fourteen structures. The fires that heretofore have been kept burning at all hours in the mess halls and headquarters were missing.

Lights that had burned on nights before in tents along the company lines were missing also. The camp looked like a partially deserted village, a boom town after a "crash," when all but a few of its residents had gone.

This morning the only signs of life about the portion of the camp which formerly was occupied by the 22d at headquarters and at the field bakery, where bread is made for the troops stationed here and at Naco, Acting Sgt. Maj. Mohler set to work early to get acquainted with the numerous kinds of "paper work" that goes with his office. He found that a big task has been assigned to him.

Faces a Big Task. Lieut. Landis, the new quartermaster, also is facing a big task, for, in addition to seeing that the three District Guard units receive their supplies of food, forage and equipment, he also will have to attend to the forwarding to Douglas of supplies that are being shipped here addressed to the 22d Infantry. He has been made the responsible officer for all the quartermaster's department property left here.

He has been furnished with a detail of two non-coms and six privates of the 22d Infantry to serve as guards over the property entrusted to his care. The force remaining at the field bakery also is composed of regular army men.

Special Court-Martial. Among the orders which Capt. Wilson was called upon to issue today as camp commander was one convening a special court-martial for the trial of such militiamen as may be properly brought before it. Capt. William E. Hudson of the Field Hospital, First Lieut. Henry F. Sawtelle of the Signal Corps, First Lieut. Henry F. Sawtelle of the Field Hospital, Second Lieut. Gerald G. McGrath of the Signal Corps constitute the personnel of the court.

Lieut. Landis is president of the court, and orders from the District surgeon at Douglas, the Field Hospital today comprise all the cases to be tried. Every morning the commanding officers of the command believe this either means a start for home in the near future, or that the militiamen were ordered to quarters until they have entirely recovered, and the serious cases removed to Douglas in motor ambulances. It happened that when the order was received there were several cases in the wards that had been in the case for several weeks. Hereafter no cases will be accepted at the hospital, cases requiring immediate operations will be sent to one of the hospitals at Douglas, but all others will be sent to the base hospital at Douglas. An infirmary is being organized at the Field Hospital for the treatment of minor complaints.

Without Inspector-Instructor. The Field Hospital is now without an inspector-instructor, but a request has been made by its commanding officer, Maj. Charles E. Bowker, that Capt. Paros, one of the medical officers attached to the 22d, again be assigned to that position.

Capt. Oliver C. Terry, commanding the Signal Corps Company, has made a request that Maj. Langdon of the 22d Infantry be assigned as inspector-instructor with his command.

Lieut. Erwin of the 6th Field Artillery, who has been assigned as inspector-instructor with Battery B, not having been affected by the removal of the 22d Infantry, spends several hours drilling on the field east of camp, and is rapidly being whipped into shape.

It has not yet been announced whether a promotion will be made in the battery. All the vacancies created by the resignation of Lieut. John H. Vanderhoof in order that he might re-enlist in the regular army service, are being held open in the hope that he will again be detailed as sergeant-instructor of a company in the Field Hospital, which he occupied prior to resigning.

TWO D. C. MILITIA UNITS OFF FOR DOUGLAS, ARIZ.

Field Hospital and Battery B, Field Artillery, Leave Warren for New Camp Site. BY J. CROSBY MCCARTHY, Staff Correspondent. WARRREN, Ariz., September 29.—Early today the Field Hospital and Battery B, Field Artillery, two units of District militia here, left for the new camp site at Douglas, where they will be under the instruction of regular officers.

All of last night was spent in the little shelter tents, a half of which each man carries. The ground for a bed was softened up by a blanket and a poncho. All night long the rain beat down on the little tents, but inside the soldiers were as dry as could be, for they have learned how to protect themselves from the elements.

Around the little tents, small ditches had been dug to drain off the water and keep it outside of the tents.

The Field Hospital men were a bit disappointed, for they thought they would make the trip to Douglas in a week, and then return to Douglas with their equipment, but at the last moment they found that they had to march. It will take two days for the trip.

To Make Trip in One Day. Battery B, however, expects to make the thirty-mile trip in one day. This organization also left this morning.

The Signal Corps Company, which expected to be the first organization to get to Douglas, will not get away until Wednesday. The delay, it was explained, is due to the inability of the New Jersey Signal Company, which is to accompany the District outfit, to get to Warren to start the trip.

These two organizations are due to go to Nogales in a week, and then return to Douglas. Six days will be spent on the march to the temporary camp site at Nogales.

England and Germany Will Set Back Clocks. Uncertainty Exists as to Whether Daylight Saving Experiment Will Be Resumed Next Year.

LONDON, September 30.—The "summer" time calendar closes today, the last day on which the clocks will register time an hour ahead of the standard. Greenwich time will be restored at 3 o'clock tomorrow morning, the minimum number of trains is running on Sunday morning. It is estimated that at least 3,000,000 clocks will have their hands set back in London alone.

The daylight saving plan introduced last spring by the government is generally considered to have proved success, even the farmers, who at first objected to it, having become reconciled to the innovation. However, the government has appointed a committee to consider the social and economic results of the experiment, and it is uncertain whether the experiment will be renewed next year.

Chicago Clubwomen Would Halt Exports of Wheat and Flour. CHICAGO, September 30.—Resolutions asking an embargo on wheat and flour were adopted yesterday at a meeting of club women, most of whom defended bakers here for raising the price of bread. The increase they declared was justified by war exports, crop shortage and added manufacturing expenses, due to improved sanitary conditions.

At the same time officials of the office of United States District Attorney Cline, who are inquiring whether there was any illegal agreement among the bakers to raise prices, called attention to quotations from European cities. The fact that bread from American flour is selling cheaper in London, Trieste, Lyons, Havre and other cities than in the United States refutes the assertions that the war demand has justified higher prices, Joseph Fleming, assistant United States district attorney, said.

American Released by Mexico. Burton Wilson, an American citizen, president of the foreign citizens' committee and the American Club, Mexico City, who recently was imprisoned by charges of "seditious activity" by Mexican government officials, has been released and ordered to leave the country. Mr. Wilson has been taken on board the battleship Nebraska at Vera Cruz and will remain there until transportation home can be arranged. No details of the charges against him have reached Washington.

Rev. Lewis E. Fahney, sixty-four, a native of Beaver Creek, a Washington county, Md., and a son of the late Jacob Fahney, died at Sterling, Kan.

G. O. P. BUTTONS TO BEAR PICTURE OF HUGHES ONLY

Combination Showing Taft, Roosevelt and Nominee Tabooed by Union League Reception Managers. NEW YORK, September 30.—No campaign buttons collectively bearing pictures of Theodore Roosevelt, William H. Taft and Charles E. Hughes will be worn by guests at the Union League Club reception in honor of the republican presidential candidate next Tuesday evening.

Chairman William E. Willcox of the national committee is said to have been informed, although not by Mr. Hughes, that if campaign buttons are distributed they should bear only the likeness of the candidate himself.

Friends of Col. Roosevelt are reported to have intimated to Mr. Willcox that undue emphasis has been placed upon the fact that the colonel and Mr. Taft will meet at the reception for the first time in the field of politics since the colony living ex-presidents being arrayed against each other in the contest for the presidency.

Real Purpose of Gathering Stated. The suggestion has been made to the committee arranging the reception that the real purpose of the gathering is to permit republicans to pay their respects to the party's standard bearer in the present campaign and not to provide occasion for a reconciliation between Col. Roosevelt and Mr. Taft.

The colonel is an honorary member of the Union League Club and accepted the invitation to the reception because it is to be given in honor of Mr. Hughes, who was born in 1912, the same manner of greeting as was extended when the two met a year ago at the funeral of Prof. Lounsbury at New Haven.

Col. Roosevelt declared that "five-sixths of the progressives are for Mr. Hughes," and predicted the election of the republican candidate.

Admiral Vreeland Is Buried. Funeral services for the late Rear Admiral Charles E. Vreeland, U. S. N., retired, were held at the Church of the Covenant this morning. The pallbearers were Rear Admirals Hugo Osterhaus, J. B. Milton, Charles J. Badger and N. E. Mason, retired; Capt. Philip Andrews and J. H. Oliver, interment, with full military honors, followed at Arlington national cemetery. Admiral Vreeland died at Atlantic City Wednesday.

TALKS OF CHILD LABOR LAW. Secretary Wilson Replies to Assertions Regarding Evasions of Act. Secretary Wilson, a member of the board of three cabinet members designated to draft regulations putting the new child labor law into effect, has issued a statement replying to assertions that the law easily could be evaded by holding products in storage for thirty days after their manufacture.

Those who attacked the law, he said, failed to distinguish between producing plants and warehouses, which might be located under the same roof and still be distinct, under the meaning of the provision barring from interstate commerce any product removed from a plant in which child labor had been employed within the thirty days previous. He declared that any removal, therefore, of a commodity from the point where it was produced by child labor, even though it was stored a foot away for thirty days, or any other period, would make it forever unacceptable in interstate commerce.

PAPER AND WOOD PULP VALUES

Manufactures in 1914 Worth \$332,147,000, Census Director States. Paper and wood pulp manufactures were valued at \$332,147,000 in 1914, an increase of 24.1 per cent over 1909, according to announcement today by Director Rogers of the census bureau, in a preliminary statement of the 1914 census of manufactures. The number of establishments operating was 718, a decrease of fifty-nine from 1909.

Persons engaged in the industry numbered 35,516, an increase of 17.2 per cent over 1909. Total value of products, \$218,965,000, an increase of 16.4 per cent over 1909. Salaries and wages paid, \$66,164,000, an increase of 31.5 per cent; materials used, \$213,181,000, an increase of 23.9 per cent, and value added by manufacture, \$118,965,000, an increase of 16.4 per cent.

INCREASE IN AUTO MAKING. Manufacture Jumps 153.9 Per Cent From 1909 to 1914. Manufactures of automobile and automobile parts showed an increase of 153.9 per cent in the five years from 1909 to 1914. Preliminary statistics of the 1914 manufactures census announced today by Sam. L. Rogers, director of the census, show the value of those products in 1914 was \$632,831,000, an increase of \$385,629,000 over 1909.

Persons engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

This Location and This Home. Are unusual, as moderate priced homes are scarce in this section.

7 bright rooms and bath. Large attic. Roomy closets. Large porches and lawns.

Electric Lights and gas. Hot-water heat. Hardwood floors. Abundance of light.

If You Have \$250. It's worth 6¢ to you. We always have on hand gilt-edge first trust notes, \$250 up to \$5,000. Title papers furnished with each note. We collect and remit interest. Call for full information.

Phillips & Sager. 1409 New York Avenue. Loan Dept.

NOT COMING TO REPORT ON SUBMARINE AGITATION

Ambassador Gerard Merely on Long Postponed Leave, Says Secretary Lansing. Secretary Lansing has authorized the statement that there is no foundation for reports cabled from Europe that Ambassador Gerard, now on his way home from Berlin for a vacation, is coming to Washington to report on renewed agitation in Germany over submarine warfare. He said the ambassador had not been summoned home, and was coming solely of his own accord on a long postponed leave, although while here he naturally would report to the department on all matters of interest. As to the submarine issue, Mr. Lansing added that since the Sussex incident nothing had occurred indicating that the submarine controversy would be renewed.

The department is watching closely the trend of events in Berlin and keeping informed of the political movement for a fuller use of the submarine. Officials suggested today, however, that the fact of Ambassador Gerard's return at this time proved in itself that there was no crisis in the matter. Where that was the case, it was said, the ambassador would be held in Berlin.

Miss Eleanor Malone, a nurse, committed suicide at Cambridge, Md., by shooting herself with a revolver.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

NOT COMING TO REPORT ON SUBMARINE AGITATION

Ambassador Gerard Merely on Long Postponed Leave, Says Secretary Lansing. Secretary Lansing has authorized the statement that there is no foundation for reports cabled from Europe that Ambassador Gerard, now on his way home from Berlin for a vacation, is coming to Washington to report on renewed agitation in Germany over submarine warfare. He said the ambassador had not been summoned home, and was coming solely of his own accord on a long postponed leave, although while here he naturally would report to the department on all matters of interest. As to the submarine issue, Mr. Lansing added that since the Sussex incident nothing had occurred indicating that the submarine controversy would be renewed.

The department is watching closely the trend of events in Berlin and keeping informed of the political movement for a fuller use of the submarine. Officials suggested today, however, that the fact of Ambassador Gerard's return at this time proved in itself that there was no crisis in the matter. Where that was the case, it was said, the ambassador would be held in Berlin.

Miss Eleanor Malone, a nurse, committed suicide at Cambridge, Md., by shooting herself with a revolver.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.

Materials cost, \$208,208,000, an increase of 170.6 per cent, and value added by manufacture was \$276,623,000.

Person engaged in the industry numbered 145,951, an increase of 71 per cent over 1909. Capital invested amounted to \$407,730,000, an increase of 134.5 per cent, and salaries and wages paid aggregated \$139,453,000, an increase of 139.7 per cent.