

No. 26,765.

THIRD D. C. IS GOING TO GREENVILLE, S. C.

Official Announcement Is Made Today by the War Department.

TO BE IN 30TH DIVISION

Official announcement today was made at the War Department that the 3d Regiment of Infantry of the National Guard of the District of Columbia, now in camp at Fort Myer, Va., will be sent to Camp Sevier, at Greenville, S. C., and brigaded with two regiments of Infantry of the National Guard of South Carolina, thus confirming the statement to that effect made in The Star a few days ago.

It had been the original purpose of the department to send the 3d District Infantry to Camp McClellan, at Annapolis, Md., with other units of the District National Guard, and Maj. Gen. Bell, commanding the Eastern Department, was so informed. The orders said to have been received yesterday by Capt. Chase, regimental supply officer of the regiment from Camp Sevier, to arrange for the transportation of the regiment to Annapolis, Md. It is said that the War Department must have been belated orders based on the original instructions from the department.

Since these orders were issued it was decided in the interests of the service to send the 3d District to the Greenville camp, so as to complete the brigade of the South Carolina guardsmen, and Gen. Bell, the department commander, has been officially instructed to act accordingly.

The date of departure of the 3d Infantry will depend upon the rate of progress made in preparing the camp for the brigade. The 3d Infantry will constitute the 30th Division of the Army, formerly the 5th Division, and will be made up of troops from North and South Carolina, Tennessee, and Kentucky and the 2d District Infantry. The commanding officers of the brigades have not yet been announced, but it is admitted to be possible that Brig. Gen. Harvey, commanding the District National Guard, may be placed in command of the brigade, of which the 3d District Infantry is to be a part.

Transportation Not Arranged.

Although organizations of the National Guard of the District of Columbia, which have been mustered into federal service, are under orders to proceed to certain designations for intensive training, the War Department has not yet been able to make arrangements for transportation, and they cannot make arrangements until specific orders come from the Department of the East.

The two companies of Coast Artillery have been ordered to leave their barracks at Fort Washington today, but are still awaiting orders to proceed to their new quarters at Fort Totten, N. Y. The headquarters of the 3d Infantry is packed, and all that is not absolutely needed if the companies are forced to leave another night at the barracks went forward by boat this morning to Fort Washington.

The 3d Infantry, which is in camp at Fort Myer, has received conflicting instructions. Col. George B. Young, the commanding officer, said today that the companies under his command had taken up their transportation schedule with the railroad people and make arrangements to leave for Annapolis tomorrow morning. He said that the 3d Infantry is going to Greenville, S. C. He has been following orders and making arrangements for the regiment and its property to Annapolis. Meanwhile the War Department authorities have been making arrangements for the 3d Regiment to go to Greenville.

Expected to Get Away Soon.

The eight organizations of the National Guard encamped at Camp Ordway, on the Patterson homestead, have been notified that they are to start for Annapolis Tuesday, but as yet no arrangements have been made for transportation, the administrative staffs of the units are waiting for definite orders.

As an indication that they will get away soon orders were received by Maj. Roy H. Hutton, commanding Camp Ordway, and the commanding officers of the other National Guard organizations to stop all recruiting for National Guard units, and that hereafter all recruiting is to be handled by the Regular Army recruiting stations.

All National Guard organizations stood inspection this morning with Regular Army mustering officers directing the work.

Lieut. Gerald G. McGrath of Battery B was relieved as second in command of Camp Ordway at 1 o'clock by Lieut. Donald Louis of Troop C, who is the police officer of the camp. Second Lieut. John D. Robinson of Troop A was relieved as officer of the guard by Second Lieut. William H. Obit of Battery A.

WHY HOLLAND SENDS MISSION TO THE U. S.

THE HAGUE, August 4.—Minister of Agriculture, Pieter van der Smissen, in a statement of the reasons for dispatching a mission to the United States, said: "The government's motive in sending a mission to the United States is to explain to the American people the commercial relations between the United States and this country, especially in food products, and to show that Holland is in extreme need."

"The mission will, in co-operation with the American minister in the United States, approach the senate and the house of representatives, and explain to them the position of this country and its economic relations with other countries."

RICH ANTIQUES STOLEN: GUARDS ARE GARROTED

PETROGRAD, August 4.—Six armed men, three of whom were disguised as soldiers, entered the residence of a wealthy collector of antiques, stole a silver statue of Catherine II and other antiques, valued at 1,500,000 roubles.

ALLIES ARE RESTORING WARSHIPS TO GREECE

ATHENS, August 4.—The restoration of the Greek fleet by the entente powers, which had exercised control over it during the events preceding the abdication of King Constantine, began today. The light cruiser Hellas was returned to the Greeks.

KERENSKY CABINET

With Exception of One All Ministers Later Withdraw Their Action.

PETROGRAD, August 4.—Premier and War Minister Kerensky and all other members of his cabinet, except Vice Premier Nekrasov, resigned last night. Later, with the exception of M. Terestchenko, the foreign minister, they withdrew their resignations.

The resignation of Kerensky and his fellow cabinet members came about as the result of accusations against M. Terestchenko, the minister of agriculture, and a complete breakdown of the negotiations to bring the constitutional democrats into the cabinet. M. Terestchenko, who had been connected with the German general staff.

A statement will be made to reconstruct the ministry under Premier Kerensky, with the chief new members being recruited from the socialist and radical parties.

Wishes to Defend Character.

In a letter to Premier Kerensky, M. Tchernoff said he was resigning to defend his character against the calumny that he had been connected with the German general staff.

Since these orders were issued it was decided in the interests of the service to send the 3d District to the Greenville camp, so as to complete the brigade of the South Carolina guardsmen, and Gen. Bell, the department commander, has been officially instructed to act accordingly.

The date of departure of the 3d Infantry will depend upon the rate of progress made in preparing the camp for the brigade. The 3d Infantry will constitute the 30th Division of the Army, formerly the 5th Division, and will be made up of troops from North and South Carolina, Tennessee, and Kentucky and the 2d District Infantry. The commanding officers of the brigades have not yet been announced, but it is admitted to be possible that Brig. Gen. Harvey, commanding the District National Guard, may be placed in command of the brigade, of which the 3d District Infantry is to be a part.

Gen. Erdell Assassinated.

Gen. Erdell, military governor of Petrograd, says the Bourse Gazette, has been killed. He was treacherously shot in the back.

Deserters Rounded Up.

TIFLIS, Russia, August 4.—Deserters from the army who are being rounded up by the military authorities opened fire on them, wounding several. The military authorities had received information that nine guns arrived and fired on the deserters, wounding many more. Four hundred of the deserters surrendered.

Position of Tchernoff.

M. Tchernoff has been one of the central figures in the present cabinet troubles in Russia. Negotiations for the reconstruction of the cabinet have been in progress for several weeks. One of the conditions raised by the constitutional democrats was the presence of M. Tchernoff in the cabinet. On July 28, M. Tchernoff should resign. On July 28, M. Tchernoff should resign. On July 28, M. Tchernoff should resign.

SUBSANTATES CHARGE GERMAN AGENTS PLOT TO KILL WAR

Impossible Ultimatum to Serbia Decried Upon—Tentative Paper Challenges Government.

By the Associated Press. LONDON, August 4.—Louis Einstein, former special agent of the American embassy at Constantinople, writes the Times supporting the story of the German ultimatum to Serbia, July 23, 1914, preceding the declaration of war. He says that Marquis Gironi, the Italian ambassador at Constantinople, told him that on July 15, the German ambassador, von Wangenheim, who had returned to Constantinople from Berlin the previous day, had been told by the German government that the ultimatum to Serbia was not to be accepted and that the war would ensue in forty-eight hours.

Challenges Government.

AMSTERDAM, August 3.—The Deutsche Tages-Zeitung challenges the German government to prosecute Dr. Cohn, socialist member of the reichstag, for his alleged revelations regarding the crown council held at Potsdam, July 5, 1914, in which the German government decided to give the ultimatum to Serbia. The paper says that it knows the revelations published in the London Times came from Stockholm direct and that it offers to give the full text of the ultimatum to the German government in case the government desires to court-martial Deputy Cohn.

The London Times asserted that a conference was held in the presence of Emperor William at Potsdam, July 5, 1914, in which the political and military leaders of Germany and Austria-Hungary took part, when a plan was proposed to let loose the war.

The London Times asserted that a conference was held in the presence of Emperor William at Potsdam, July 5, 1914, in which the political and military leaders of Germany and Austria-Hungary took part, when a plan was proposed to let loose the war.

U. S. FOR HIGH DRAFT

Officials Confer About Agitation in North Carolina, Georgia and Oklahoma.

Persons resisting the draft law. Department of Justice officials announced today, whether in Oklahoma or elsewhere, will be sought out, run down and brought before the proper authorities, no matter at what cost.

The War Department is in close touch with the situation, and is prepared to take drastic and effective steps if necessary in the affected districts. Secretary Baker or Gen. Crowder probably will issue a statement outlining the department position later today.

Just what steps will be taken to bring to justice the men who are spreading sentiment in the south and elsewhere against the draft law was not announced.

Statement of Mr. Pitts.

Mr. Pitts, in the absence of Attorney General Gregory, issued the following statement:

"Whether in Oklahoma or anywhere else, if persons who are regularly selected for military service under the selective soldiers' act fail to obey when properly notified and called, they will be brought to justice. The War Department is in close touch with the situation, and is prepared to take drastic and effective steps if necessary in the affected districts. Secretary Baker or Gen. Crowder probably will issue a statement outlining the department position later today.

Just what steps will be taken to bring to justice the men who are spreading sentiment in the south and elsewhere against the draft law was not announced.

Investigations Predicted Trouble.

Field investigators, however, some time ago reported to the department that trouble might be found in enforcing the law in the southern states. The situation, so far as he knew them, was no different in Oklahoma than in other sections of the country, where sporadic demonstrations against the law have occurred. Officials were inclined to minimize the seriousness of the situation, based on unofficial reports, in Oklahoma.

U. S. NAVAL AIRMEN PASS PILOT TESTS IN FRANCE

(Special Telegram from The Star and Chicago Daily News.) (Copyright, 1917, by the Chicago Daily News Company.)

PARIS, France, August 1.—The American naval air pupils who began their training as pilots in the United States according to French methods have passed the military pilot tests at an aerodrome some 200 miles from the front.

U-BOATS CARRY SAILS.

A GULF PORT, August 4.—German U-boat commanders are making effective use of the ruse of disguising their craft with sails to resemble trawlers during hazy weather, according to Capt. H. B. Thompson of the tank steamer John D. Archbold, which was sunk June 16. Capt. Thompson is master of a steamer now docked here.

The Archbold sighted a vessel of two masts and one sail about six miles away on the afternoon the tanker was sunk. Although suspicious of the vessel, Capt. Thompson said he was not certain of its identity until the craft submerged, with sail set. Thereupon the Archbold fired at the vessel, and a submarine was not sighted again, but two hours later a torpedo crashed into the Archbold's side.

COST OF DRAFT, \$8,660,480.

Figures Furnished House of Representatives by War Secretary.

It will cost \$8,660,480 to pay the bills of the drafting of the great National Army, according to figures placed before the House of Representatives by Secretary of War Baker. This amount covers all overhead expenses from registration to the final enrollment to enrollment in the National Army.

"On a tentative estimate that the general system of exemptions and discharges will be necessary in a necessary examining four registrants to produce one soldier," said Secretary Baker, "it is apparent that the system must be capable of examining 5,000,000 during the year. For this task the organization must include a personnel of more than 18,000 persons."

THIRTY-THREE ARE REJECTED.

In Rockville Only 25 of Draft Failed to File Exemption Claims.

Special Correspondence of The Star. ROCKVILLE, Md., August 4.—A total of 33 men were examined here Thursday and Friday for the draft. Of the thirty-three of them were found to be unfit for military service. Only twenty-five of the men were rejected for exemption. The remaining eight were rejected for other reasons.

PRIMARY TODAY IN KENTUCKY

"Dry" Issue Makes Interest Center in Fight for Legislature.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., August 4.—Despite the fact that this is an off year and that no candidates for state offices have been nominated, the primary election today's state primary has aroused unusual interest.

The probability of the general assembly at its next session would be asked to pass a resolution submitting to the voters of the state a prohibition amendment to the state constitution. The amendment would prohibit the sale of intoxicating liquors for medicinal purposes.

IS STRONG FOR REPUBLIC.

China's Premier Says Government Proposes to Form New Parliament.

PEKING, Tuesday, July 31 (delayed).—Premier Tuan Chi-jui issued a statement declaring himself a strong advocate of a republic, announcing that the government proposes to form a new parliament. He says the extreme action of the old parliament brought the recent insurrection to a head, and that the government will seek to have a popular organ which by its constitution will co-operate with the government and be suitable to the present condition of the people.

War Work of the Women's Christian Temperance Union

Nearly a half million women are members of the union, and its president points out the activities to protect our soldiers in the training camps.

Feeding Uncle Sam's Sailors

They are always given the best food available, and the navy's system of food supply and preparation is an interesting one.

IN THE SUNDAY STAR



Larger Ships Now Building Taken Over by Government

Emergency Fleet Corporation Exercises Powers Conferred Upon It by Congress—Work Is to Be Speeded.

The Emergency Fleet Corporation today requisitioned all merchant vessels of more than 2,500 tons now building in American shipyards. Double and triple labor shifts will be put in the yards to speed construction.

No announcement was made as to the amount of tonnage taken over, but the shipping board's records show that about 700 vessels of nearly 2,000,000 tons of all classes are building.

As fast as the yards are cleared of their present construction they will be put to work on the great fleet the government will build. The yards were ordered to enter into no more contracts or commitments for private construction and to begin no new work on contracts already made without first obtaining the permission of the fleet corporation.

Compensation to Be Fixed.

Compensation for the construction seized will be determined later. The yards were directed to furnish immediately a list of the ships, their specifications of the ships requisitioned, copies of all contracts and supplemental agreements and any other information that will assist the government in arriving at estimates of the ships' value.

Much of the tonnage building is for British and Norwegian account. Its final disposition will be left to negotiations with the governments concerned, although the President has power to retain it if the tonnage is needed by the United States. The British government, it is understood, is willing to relinquish to this country all of its tonnage building here. The American government, however, believes the ships should be built in private owned yards.

Goethals Plan in Abeyance.

The shipping board and the fleet corporation were at the time of the seizure of the yards. The plan of Maj. Gen. Goethals, formerly manager of the corporation, for construction of two government-owned yards, was abandoned.

Death and Penitentiary Sentences, Respectively, Imposed Upon Men Who Assassinated Serbian King and Queen, Fifteen Years Ago.

CORFU, Island of Corfu, July 10 (by mail).—Fate has at last fallen on the band of military regicides who some fifteen years ago took the royal palace at Belgrade at night and assassinated King Alexander and the Serbian Queen Draga. Three high officers, who were recently shot after military court-martial. Three more are awaiting death sentence, seven officers, including a general, have been sentenced to life imprisonment, and some thirty officers have received lesser sentences of from one to five years.

PUNISHMENT FINALLY METED OUT TO BAND OF MILITARY REGICIDES

Death and Penitentiary Sentences, Respectively, Imposed Upon Men Who Assassinated Serbian King and Queen, Fifteen Years Ago.

While the outside world was shocked, the band of assassins enjoyed at home a life of ease and luxury. They were having rid the country of a dissolute ruler and his pious queen. They were known in the halls of Emu before she had the luck to win a king and crown. They were simple and honest, revolted at the crime. But the army clique, which carried out the murders, carried the general, having become one of the dominant forces of Serbia.

Handicap to King Peter.

King Peter felt the incubus of this murder clique through the early years of his reign. He abhorred the crime and did nothing to do with it. And yet the return of his family dynasty to power and his kingship after years of waiting, those condemned to death in the name of the king, were a constant reminder of the crime. He was drawn to a veil over the crime and let it be forgotten. As a result, little has been said of the crime in recent years. England sent back her minister and the Balkan wars gave Peter a firm foothold in the people. More than all this, however, the murder clique had been too strong. It was too powerful in the army and navy, and it was too powerful in the police and the courts. It was too powerful in the government and in the people.

Another Torchy Story by Sewell Ford

War Work of the Women's Christian Temperance Union

Nearly a half million women are members of the union, and its president points out the activities to protect our soldiers in the training camps.

Feeding Uncle Sam's Sailors

They are always given the best food available, and the navy's system of food supply and preparation is an interesting one.

IN THE SUNDAY STAR

WAR REVENUE BILL

TO BE TAKEN UP IMMEDIATELY AFTER FOOD CONTROL MEASURE IS DISPOSED OF.

The war revenue bill will be reported to the Senate from the finance committee by Chairman Simmons Monday, according to plans tonight, and will be taken up for consideration as soon as the conference report on the food control bill has been disposed of by that body.

Item in the Proposed Increase.

The new increase of \$327,000,000 over the original draft is distributed approximately among the following additional levies: On corporate incomes, \$162,000,000; additional surtaxes on individual incomes of \$15,000 and over, \$27,500,000; beer, \$12,500,000; wines, \$17,000,000; war excess profits, \$5,000,000; bank checks, \$2,000,000; and taxes on sugar, coffee, tea and cocoa, \$5,000,000. Total, \$327,000,000.

Surtaxes on Incomes.

The following or the new surtax rates on individual incomes of \$15,000 and over:

Between \$15,000 and \$20,000, 6 per cent;	Between \$20,000 and \$40,000, 8 per cent;
Between \$40,000 and \$60,000, 10 per cent;	Between \$60,000 and \$80,000, 12 per cent;
Between \$80,000 and \$100,000, 14 per cent;	Between \$100,000 and \$200,000, 16 per cent;
Between \$200,000 and \$300,000, 18 per cent;	Between \$300,000 and \$500,000, 20 per cent;
Between \$500,000 and \$1,000,000, 22 per cent;	Between \$1,000,000 and \$2,000,000, 24 per cent;
Between \$2,000,000 and \$5,000,000, 26 per cent;	Between \$5,000,000 and \$10,000,000, 28 per cent;
Between \$10,000,000 and \$20,000,000, 30 per cent;	Between \$20,000,000 and \$50,000,000, 32 per cent;
Between \$50,000,000 and \$100,000,000, 34 per cent;	Between \$100,000,000 and \$500,000,000, 36 per cent;
Between \$500,000,000 and \$1,000,000,000, 38 per cent;	Between \$1,000,000,000 and \$5,000,000,000, 40 per cent;
Between \$5,000,000,000 and \$10,000,000,000, 42 per cent;	Between \$10,000,000,000 and \$50,000,000,000, 44 per cent;
Between \$50,000,000,000 and \$100,000,000,000, 46 per cent;	Between \$100,000,000,000 and \$500,000,000,000, 48 per cent;
Between \$500,000,000,000 and \$1,000,000,000,000, 50 per cent;	Between \$1,000,000,000,000 and \$5,000,000,000,000, 52 per cent;
Between \$5,000,000,000,000 and \$10,000,000,000,000, 54 per cent;	Between \$10,000,000,000,000 and \$50,000,000,000,000, 56 per cent;
Between \$50,000,000,000,000 and \$100,000,000,000,000, 58 per cent;	Between \$100,000,000,000,000 and \$500,000,000,000,000, 60 per cent;
Between \$500,000,000,000,000 and \$1,000,000,000,000,000, 62 per cent;	Between \$1,000,000,000,000,000 and \$5,000,000,000,000,000, 64 per cent;
Between \$5,000,000,000,000,000 and \$10,000,000,000,000,000, 66 per cent;	Between \$10,000,000,000,000,000 and \$50,000,000,000,000,000, 68 per cent;
Between \$50,000,000,000,000,000 and \$100,000,000,000,000,000, 70 per cent;	Between \$100,000,000,000,000,000 and \$500,000,000,000,000,000, 72 per cent;
Between \$500,000,000,000,000,000 and \$1,000,000,000,000,000,000, 74 per cent;	Between \$1,000,000,000,000,000,000 and \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000, 76 per cent;
Between \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000 and \$10,000,000,000,000,000,000, 78 per cent;	Between \$10,000,000,000,000,000,000 and \$50,000,000,000,000,000,000, 80 per cent;
Between \$50,000,000,000,000,000,000 and \$100,000,000,000,000,000,000, 82 per cent;	Between \$100,000,000,000,000,000,000 and \$500,000,000,000,000,000,000, 84 per cent;
Between \$500,000,000,000,000,000,000 and \$1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 86 per cent;	Between \$1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 and \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 88 per cent;
Between \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 and \$10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 90 per cent;	Between \$10,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 and \$50,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 92 per cent;
Between \$50,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 and \$100,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 94 per cent;	Between \$100,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 and \$500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 96 per cent;
Between \$500,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 and \$1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 98 per cent;	Between \$1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000 and \$5,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000, 100 per cent;

Seized German Officers Fear Loss of the War: Man Power Is Weak

By the Associated Press. BRITISH HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, August 4.—German officers captured in the battle in Flanders have discussed quite freely both the military and political situation. It is the opinion of the officers that the German army is in a very bad position, and that the war is being fought on a man power basis. The officers are highly intelligent. An officer, who has made a study of economic matters, has written a report on the German economy. He says that the German economy is in a very bad position, and that the war is being fought on a man power basis.

House Leader Kitchin Says Senate's War Revenue Bill Takes Burden Off the Rich

Chairman Kitchin of the House says the war revenue bill will take the burden off the rich and place it on the shoulders of the poor. He says that the bill will increase the taxes on the rich and decrease the taxes on the poor. He says that the bill will increase the taxes on the rich and decrease the taxes on the poor.

Thinks Big Business Not Touched.

"There are hundreds of corporations whose annual profits each year reach into the hundreds of thousands of dollars," said Mr. Kitchin, "that will pay not a cent of excess profits under the finance committee's amendments, because, being highly prosperous during the pre-war years, they are making the same profits now, and therefore, have no excess. Under the finance committee's amendments, the excess profits tax will be levied on the profits and incomes of the United States Steel Corporation, with a billion and a half capital, and on the profits and incomes of the United States Steel Corporation, with a billion and a half capital, and on the profits and incomes of the United States Steel Corporation, with a billion and a half capital."

German Division Which Was Held in Support on the Back Line Crossing the Front and Suffered Severely.

A German division which was held in support on the back line crossing the front and suffered severely. The division was held in support on the back line, and it suffered severely. The division was held in support on the back line, and it suffered severely.

Battalion Wiped Out.

A German division which was held in support on the back line crossing the front and suffered severely. The division was held in support on the back line, and it suffered severely. The division was held in support on the back line, and it suffered severely.

German Says Forces of Initial Blow in Flanders Is Parried

By the Associated Press. COPENHAGEN, August 4.—"The great, brutal force of the initial blow has been parried," writes the Tageblatt, Copenhagen correspondent, regarding the German offensive in Flanders. "We survived the German offensive in Flanders. We survived the German offensive in Flanders. We survived the German offensive in Flanders."

Impelling Motive.

"The main impelling motive which impelled the German offensive in Flanders was the desire to win the war. The German offensive in Flanders was the desire to win the war. The German offensive in Flanders was the desire to win the war."

Have at Last Been Made Favorites.

Many big business concerns which for years have been at the feet of Congress praying for favoritism at last have been made favorites. Many big business concerns which for years have been at the feet of Congress praying for favoritism at last have been made favorites.

Continued on Second Page.