

TEUTON ALLIES MAKE GAINS— NISH ABOUT TO FALL

Berlin, via London.—Bulgarians have taken Nishlafat, ten miles northwest of Nish, by storm.

Berlin, via London.—Germans under Marshal Von Hindenburg in Dvinsk district have re-occupied 12 mile line from which Russians had forced them to retreat, and re-occupied Mikulshki.

London.—Early fall of Nish foreseen here today. Believed it would be occupied by Bulgars ahead of Austro-Germans.

With loss of Nish it was general opinion among British military experts that nothing would be left for Serbs to do but retreat to westward—if the way still remains open. Otherwise it was predicted they would be crushed between Austro-German forces which are still rolling toward them from northward and Bulgars at their rear.

Whether they can get out of trap at all will depend on strength of the Austrians along north and Bulgars on south part of Serbian western frontier.

Middlesbrough, Eng.—The British steamship Friargate sunk by German submarine. Five of crew landed here.

Paris.—Huge losses by invaders as price of every foot of ground gained in Serbia, claimed in official report received from Nish.

Paris.—Another important French victory over Germans in Champagne announced by war office. After violent attack French reoccupied major portion of the Germans' advanced trenches in the vicinity of Chausson farm, expelling defenders despite use of fluid fire.

Vienna, via Berlin and London.—Gen. Von Linsingen's German forces have broken into the Russians' main front west of Czartorysk, in Volhynia district adjoining Galicia on north-each and at southern extremity of kaiser's line in Russia.

Between Austrians and Russians on Stripa river fighting still on. En-

emy was repulsed in attack north of Buczaoz, 70 miles southeast of Lemberg.

GERMANY'S PEACE CONDITIONS ARE SET FORTH

Washington, Nov. 4.—“When England begins to talk peace the war in Europe will be near close. Germany looks to England to open discussion and Germany's terms already are formulated.”

An official who has faithfully reflected views of Ambassador Bernstorff since peace talk first began made this declaration today and set forth Germany's peace conditions as follows:

Heavy indemnity from allies to pay Germany's war debt.

Retention of Poland, which will be made an autonomous state with customs alliance; retention of strip of Courland and territory now held by Germany in Russia until war indemnity is paid.

Restoration of at least part of Germany's colonial possessions and probably return of all.

Absolute “freedom of the seas.”
Germany will give up Belgium, which “she does not care to assimilate.”

Evacuation of Balkans by Russia.
DENY IMPENDING PEACE

Berlin, via Amsterdam and London, Nov. 4.—Peace rumors are absolutely without foundation, according to assurances given the United Press from reliable sources.

Berlin, via Tuckerton Wireless.—“Clumsy attempts by our enemies to raise their own spirits and convince themselves that Germany is weary of war,” was the Nord Deutsche Allgemeine's characterization of reports that Germany has initiated a peace movement.

Washington.—“The Italian embassy has been instructed to deny most emphatically any kind of attempt by the Italian government to discuss peace,” said a brief formal statement given out by the embassy.