TELEGRAPHIC.

NEWS FROM JAPAN.

Daily Expenses of the War With China, About $150,000.

SEVERE MILITARY DISCIPLINE.

Reserves Adopted for the Civilization of China—Collision Probable in Corea.

VANCOUVER, B. C., Sept. 25.—The steamer Empress of Japan, from Yokohama, brought the following letter from the special correspondent of the Associated Press:

The Japanese military headquarters now located at the Imperial Palace at Tokio, will be transferred September 15th to the town of Hiroshima from which place the imperial orders are shipped to Corea. The emperor sailed thither on the 13th, accompanied by Count Ito, the minister personal, minister of war, marine and household. It is not thought that the ministries will be transferred and the general business of the government will continue at Tokio.

The average daily expenditure of the Japanese government in connection with the war is estimated at $150,000. The actual disbursements to date have been much less than the estimate, but the war is conducted to more than 500,000 yen. The expenditure in the month of June alone amounted to over 200,000 yen.

At the summit of one of the most beautiful hills in Tokio, a Shinto temple has been erected to the memory of soldiers who were killed in the Mikado's invasion of 1877. In the edifice an exhibition was opened September 12th, consisting of flags, military musical instruments and other spoils captured from the Chinese. Nearly 10,000 persons attended on the first day and nearly double that number on the second, great multitudes of visitors including the Emperor, from a radius of 100 miles around.

The Japan press hails with delight an already by well known report that Li Hung Chang's generalship is to be severely modified, if not abolished. This determination, if carried through, will be due to the influence of Count Ito, who has strongly advocated the complete revision of the existing plan of war. The expedition of organizing "pioneering" regiments by Japan to harass the coast of China is discussed in the papers of Tokio and it is stated that several weekly boiler-men are prepared to equip the boats required for the undertaking.

Reports of disorder on the part of the Japanese soldiery in Corea and attempts against the lives of officers are being vigorously suppressed. For example one of a pair of these officers was in his house of a peasant hospital a good deal concerned by the news that he is three years' imprisonment. For robbery with threats of violence and for the theft of five melons and a pig, another private was condemned to thirteen years' penal servitude.

On the western shore of Corea are now gathered nearly one hundred ships of war of various nationalities. Japan has between 20 and 30, England, 16; France, 6; Russia, 7; the United States, 4, and Germany, 7, which number is a little inferior, though not easily found, are between 30 and 40 Chinese vessels. Further reinforcements from Russia are presently expected.

Marquis Saioji, the Japanese emperor's personal messenger to the court of China, has been received by the queen who has never before been seen face to face by any foreigner. A toast given by the Japanese minister to Marquis Saioji, the soldier body of court officials present together with all the diplomatic corps, excepting the representatives of England, was taken to mean was much remarked.

A Japanese educational society has been formed by several distinguished scholars with the purpose of introducing a substantial system of public instruction into Corea.

Considerable has been subscribed for preliminary investigations and it is proposed to set in operation a student of primary schools in large towns as soon as permission can be obtained from the government.

The mouth of the Peiho river is closed by a barrier, which is opened only each night and morning for the passage of junks. The combination consists of heavy log, fifteen feet long, jointing up and down the river, lying four feet from each other fastened with two main cables. The bed of the stream is also studded with sharp stakes. A report came from Peking that the great mass, bearing the southern into Chinese junks of Japan which is intended to convert that all Corean merchant under whatever flag shall be stopped and the junk searched by inspection by Chinese naval officers.

The Chinese committee believe that Kwangsi will be the scene of serious troubles. Deserters from Wei Hai Wei mountains of war are being constantly sent further from Foo Chow and the entire Chinese fleet of the Pei Yang is in an uncomfortable state of military mutiny.

A very many contradictory reports the week is seldom confirmed that ship Japanese emigrants engaged in colonizing campaign in Formosa were massacred by Chinese at the beginning of the war.

Though Japan has been declared contraband of war by China, vessels with that condition are permitted to leave Hong Kong for Chinese ports, while the reciprocal of this, which England is bound to enforce contraband, is forbidden from Hong Kong to Japan.

MONEY HAS OFFERED

To Purchase the Liberty of an Alleged Stolen Check.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 25.—That offers of money were made to the officials of the St. Louis police department for the purpose of freeing James C. Barrow, alias Jimmy Bryant, the diamond thief, is acknowledged by police officials. Whether this same sort of an offer had anything to do with his wishing shown of arrest is enough with six other prisoners from the criminal court case but Mulroney is a matter which is being investigated by the grand jury. Considerable comment is being made on the fact that several efforts were made to get Bryant released on bond and that Chief Desmond was told by Bryant's wife that he would take nothing if he would agree to let Bryant be released. Another thing commented on is that Deputy Sheriff Ames, who was in charge of the car which the escape was planned and executed, is a brother-in-law of Hugh Brady, who was the near active man in trying to get Bryant's release. Mr. Ames denies that the escape was due to carelessness on his part. Hugh Brady says that he tried to have Bryant released at the request of a Chicago lawyer, and displays a letter said to be given in support of his statements. Bryant has a big political pull in Chicago, and it is said that three friends were the men in a position to influence the authorities to release Bryant.

ST. LOUIS HIGHBINDERS.

They Endeavor to Settle a Criminal Case Without the Law.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 26.—The great, all-powerful Tong society, whose members are commonly known as highbinders, has decreed that the law of the land in Missouri shall not be enforced in the case of the attempted murder of Lee Jong by Fang Gin. An agreement written in the strange hieroglyphics of the Chinese language was drawn up. The men set apart that Fang Lee shall pay a stipulated sum to Lee Jong of a number of years, and that Lee Jong shall current and permanently remove the debt which he put on Fang Lee. The crime which Fang Lee committed is a felony in the state of this state, but the Tong would rather settle the matter itself and it seems that the police are perfectly willing to let society do its work. The agreement made between the two Chinamen resulted in revealing some facts concerning the organization of Chinamen in St. Louis.

RECIPROCITY TREATIES.

Brazil Bonds Have Abrogated—Other Countries May Follow Suit.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—The Brazilian government has given notice that the reciprocity treaty between the United States and Brazil will be abrogated by Brazil January 1st, this being the principal one negotiated by Secretary Blaine.

Besides the reciprocity treaty with Brazil, which will lapse entirely January 1st next, the United States has entered into nine other similar arrangements with nine nations under the authority conferred by the McKinley act. The arrangements are with Spain and Portugal for Cuba, Porto Rico, the Dominican Republic, with Guatemala, with Germany, Nicaragua, Honduras, Austro-Hungary, San Salvador and Great Britain for the islands in the British colonies of Trinidad, Barbados, the Leeward Islands, Newfoundland, the Windward Islands, British Guiana and Jamaica. The first of these arrangements was made with Brazil, January 23rd, 1892, and the last with San Salvador, November 24th, 1893. It is expected that Brazil's example will be followed by all the other nations concerned with the possible exception of Spain, who will probably hesitate to proceed in the face of negotiating a treaty to replace the commercial arrangements.

Senor Mendonca said today: "Brazil's action was a very surprise to the overturnest of the new tariff law by the United States, and there is no significance to the action of my country in regard to the part taken in the repeal of the tariff law."

"For original treaty gave either country the privilege of terminating the treaty on July 1st, or January 1st of any given year by giving three months' notice. The tariff law gave it to abrogate the treaty without any notice to Brazil, but our government saw fit to give full notice and the reciprocity rates by American goods will remain until January 1 in Brazil."

Mr. Mendonca was asked as to the effect of the change of the treaty.

"The reciprocity treaty," he said, "was not by benefited to Brazil in sugar. Prior to that sugar had only the domestic market, but the reciprocity treaty gave us the Cuban sugar market and as a result our sugar trade in this country has trebled in the last three years. Our coffee trade, which, of course, is much larger, will not be injured by the change. On the part of the United States the treaty was advantages to the country as it let in goods from abroad, raised exports and agricultural products.

"The sales will not be that duty raised against this country and I am expecting this country to make large increases in sending manufactured goods to Brazil as a result of the new and manufacturing income of the new tariff law. Outside of this, few changes will occur by the termination of reciprocity."

THE CHICAGO STRIKE.

The Commissioners Investigating the Matter Sent Again.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.—Commissioner of Labor Wright, chairman of the Chicago strike commission, expected to arrive in the Chicago strike, arrived in this city this morning. The commission, which adjourned August 25th, is to reassemble at the close of the organization of labor tomorrow to decide whether any further inquiries are needed or best or to receive any further suggestions with respect to the matter that may be volunteered. Commissioner Kernan of New York has been charged with the duty of making a synopsis of the results from suggestions that have been received. These have come from a number of sources and have covered a very extensive range. Jos. Wethington, of Illinois, the other member of the commission, has been charged with the duty of digesting and analyzing the testimony, which is being prepared under the direction of his home at Peoria, Ill. It is expected that the testimony will have about 2,000 printed pages.

Commissioner Wright, when seen by an Associated Press reporter soon after his arrival today, had not yet completed his mail and was unable to say whether any further voluntary testimony will be offered or not.

"Do you anticipate any practical result from the work of the commission?"

"The commission was in its sense one of an experiment," he said. "It was a very people movement. The law only contemplates an official investigation of the affairs of the organization of labor. Its sources are confined to a remedy to be suggested as a case of action should any legislation seeking to the correction of any evil be deemed necessary. The commission is in reserve adjudicated only and has no power to compel any of the results."

"It will doubtly be left to the President to make an official investigation of the greatest strike in the history of the American Republic."

JAPAN'S SECRET PLANS.

No Particulars of the Operations Against China Published.

But It Is Thought the Government is Preparing for an Invasion on a Large Scale.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 25.—The steamer Empress of India arrived tonight from the Orient, bringing the following advices:

YOKOHAMA, Sept. 14.

No one now doubts that the long delay in Japanese military movements is to allow time for the completion of a great plan of invasion. Any one who knows the news of a battle in Chinese Corea and of the sailing of 20,000 troops for that point in the most west of the Gulf of Pechihsien, as the indicative time appearance the Japanese authorities now say is a battle is to appear for information. They be lately denied that secrecy is one of their chief cards in line of success. This believe is not agreeable to the newspaper correspondents who have recently arrived from San Francisco and who strongly desire to be admitted to the confidence of the government. An impression has been conveyed by anglian newspapers in eastern Asia that wounded and invaliding supplies of men can be obtained at Chefoo. An examination of the business conditions in Chinese ports in Europe and America does not sustain the report, so far their business accounts of the war since the fight at Asan there is scarcely any information. The Japanese it seem do not attempt to impose on their journals. Our error and sure only is left to their energy. They are accused of circulating doubtful reports to the effect that Admiral Yamamoto equipped Japan from between Korea in the matter of the sinking of the Kow Shing.

CONFUSION IN SHANGHAI.

LONDON, Sept. 25.—A dispatch from Shanghai says: It is a fortnight that those of the Japanese end of war have left the island of the Yangtze. Their confusion is unknown and there is great dissatisfaction here regarding their intentions.

Chinese agents in Europe and the United States have been ordered to other purposes any to Shanghai. Many vessels have left with specimens of war sic on their way hither from Hamburg and other European points.

TO SECURE A NEW JAW.

Efforts in Behalf of the Wounded Fireman William Stine.

SENECA, Mo., Sept. 26.—Dr. Harry Smith, special house surgeon at the Missouri Pacific hospital, this city, has left for New York City, taking with him Fireman William Stine, who had his lower jaw and tongue shot away in the wounds of Missouri, Kansas & Texas train robbery at Kansas, L. T. An effort will be made to secure for the injured man a new jaw, and for this purpose the surgeon's assistance of New York will be consulted. The railway company is doing everything in its power to assist the unfortunate man who is helpless in Indian employ and is paying him full salary.

SULLIVAN'S REMAINS.

Parts of His Body Said to Have Been Found by a Searching Party.

MEMPHIS, Mich., Sept. 25.—The Memphis honorist morning will contain a sensational story of the recovery and burial of the remains of George Colgate, described by the Detroit Evening Journal as the son of William E. Carter, the son of General Carter, late commander of the department of the Columbia, United States army. The discovery was made about August 22nd by Lewelanna Eaton eight miles below the spot where the disaster occurred on Clearwater river, and that remained of Colgate's body was a thigh bone and one leg, and these were mangled and gnawed by wild beasts, leaving that night. It is assumed the remains of the remains were carried away by animals into the mountain distances or washed away by the waters of the Clearwater. At the same spot was also found a sketch book, fishing line and other articles identified as Colgate's property.

The remains were interred at the lower bar opinions on the north fork of the north fork of the Clearwater, Lewelanna Eaton's wife and his father in order of the present commander of the department of the Columbia, which official he will make full report, these days. Mary's people intending prove that Colgate's assertion by the C. Fitz party was cowardly in the extreme.

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Mrs. H. A. Baxter, residing in the Eleventh Ward has lived here for 22 years. She has just passed through an entirely successful course of treatment with Drs. Shores & Shores. Her health for last month poison in her blood and system for years, for her wind and time became entirely dried up, compelling her to breathe through her mouth.

MRS. H. A. BAXTER, 159.

"Then was a constant burning cough, dull, heavy pains over the eyes, throat sore and swollen.

"When I went to Drs. Shores & Shores, they told me I had Catarrh, that had poisoned my blood, that my whole system was wrecked, and I was sick in a miserable health.

"Drs. Shores & Shores have actually done a miracle for me. I feel really well, for the first time in my life. My friends and neighbors are astonished at my improvement.

"I am glad to be able to make this my testimony and remembered Drs. Shores & Shores, toward I think it my duty to my fellow creatures, and I hope others will be benefited by what I have said and will do what I have done."

Publishing Names.

A word of remark may not be out of place regarding the publishing of the names of patients treated and cured by Drs. Shores & Shores.

"I always like to be treated," a lady remarked the other day, "but I would not like my name put down in the papers." Let it be stated that Drs. Shores & Shores never publish a name or a word without the full and free consent of the patient, nor do they publish a single testimonial unless the patient gives it voluntary and has given to the editor of the paper in question. Drs. Shores would never publish the most complimentary testimonial unless the patient gave it voluntary. It was to be printed and gets willing consent.

If You Cannot Come to Salt Lake

Write for the mail treatment. One of the specialists in personal attendance holds the most importance and by a system of close correspondence controls those out of the city quite as well as those who come to our office. Stamp for symptom book. Medicines shipped carefully. Try this treatment.

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CONSULTATION AND EXAMINATION FREE.

Consultation, all diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Fevers, Boils and Wounds, Catarrh, Liver Troubles, Piles, Rupture, Kidney and Bladder. Diseases of Women. Hours—9 to 11 a.m., 2 to 4 p.m. Sundays—10 to 11 a.m. Free Lectures Every Evening at 7:30 p.m. Medicines furnished free from our own laboratory.

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HERCULES Dynamite, Sporting Powder, Blasting Powder, Sporting Powder, Blasting Powder, Fuse, Caps, Primers, Shot, Shells, Wads, Etc. Sold everywhere in the world.

Manufactured by THE HAZARD POWDER COMPANY, Hazardville, Conn.

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CHINESE AND JAPANESE BAZAR.

All kinds of Teas, Chinese and Curiosities, Japanese Goods. Large assortment of New Goods just arrived. Prices Lower than ever.

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Fine Tailoring.

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A Perfect Fit and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

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Fine Line of FALL and WINTER SUITINGS just arrived.

We Suit Everybody!

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OUR SUITS ARE SUITS AS ARE SUITS.

This is a T suits as sincerely as a tailor-made without becoming worn, and are cheaper than a good article of ready-to-wear. That's our statement, taking the public, and we have to up all the time made. We don't and don't expect to change our business, selling small cloth wear and fine clothing. Selection looking of the new line figures we are able to give. You will see quality not cheap and not cheap, it cannot be. It cannot be made up at the prices we are asking.

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Have the Largest Stock and Finest Assortment of Fishing Tackle, Lawn Tennis, Base Ball and Cricket Supplies, Tents, Hammocks, Pocket Cutlery, Sporting Goods, Guns, Rifles, Ammunition, Bicycles and General Sporting Goods.

Kids a Copper Rim Rambler, if you want the best Wheel Made. Send for Catalogue of Sporting Goods.

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ESTATES.

Heirs and others having an estate to settle should consult Chas. W. Stayner. He has had an experience of over twenty-five years as attorney for estates. Wills drafted and estates settled. Office McCornick-Richards Building, Salt Lake City.

LAND CASES.

Persons having land contests, or whose patents are delayed, should consult Chas. W. Stayner. He has just returned from Washington, where he has been conducting a successful practice in the General Land Office. Congressional work attended to. Office McCornick-Richards Building, Salt Lake City.

Correspondence solicited. Send stamped envelope for reply.

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First Tidal Wave!

Grey, Double Breasted Square Cut Sack Suits Cheviot	$10.00
Single Breasted, Blue Cheviot Sack Suits,	12.50
Single and Double Breasted Grey, Brown, Blue Plaids,	13.50
Extra Long Cut Sack Suits, Single and Double Breasted,	15.00
The Regent, Long Cut Frock Suits,	16.50
Square Cut, Long, Basket Cloth, Blue,	17.00

Second Tidal Wave!

Boys' Long Pants, Part Wool School Suits, Fine Checks,	$ 4.00
Youths' Grey Pair Striped Wool Suits,	6.50
Young Men's Fancy Striped Boy Suits 14 to 19,	7.00
Handsome Black Cheviot Double Breasted,	10.00

An Elegant Assortment of Plain and Fancy Suits, $11.50, $12.50 $13.50, $15.00 and $16.00.

We are Going to Flood the Whole Town with Bargains.

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