TELEGRAPHIC.

RUSSIA IN COREA.

The Announcement of Her Policy Causes Excitement in England.

BALANCE OF POWER ENDANGERED.

The Situation Regarded as Grave Among the Diplomats at Washington.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 24.—The news reports that a Russian fleet of eleven vessels was on its way to Corea attracted much attention among the diplomatic representatives of the east to which it was shown. It is regarded as presenting grave conditions, if the facts as reported are true. The fact that Corea is one of the points toward which the Russians are heading is pointed out as specially significant. Corea is at the southeastern extremity of Asia and is the point nearest to Japan, being only twelve hours' sail from the Japanese mainland. Further north is Wonsan, the strategic point in Corea, which the Russians have long sought to secure. It is an Broughton's bay, in the middle of the east of Corea. The bay is the only useful harbor in the stretch of 600 miles along the east coast of Corea. The harbor is perfectly sheltered and is open the year round. Leading authorities agree that it will ultimately be the terminus of the transsiberian railway which Russia is building.

For these reasons the movement of the Russian fleet toward these points of strategic importance is watched with keen interest.

YOKOHAMA, Oct. 24.—Count Inouye has started for Corea as special envoy. Thirteen semi were arrested on the arrival of the Ujina from Corea.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The Times Hong Kong correspondent learns from a reliable source that by the recently-proposed Sino-Chinese treaty Russia obtains rights to anchor her fleet at Port Arthur, and to construct work under Russian administration railways from Newchwang and Teinchar to Vladivostock, and from Tsitsihar to Port Arthur, together with other commercial advantages to which the most favored nation's clause is not applicable. But the Chinese reserve the option to purchase the railways twenty years hence at a price to be arranged hereafter.

In an editorial commenting on the dispatch from Hong Hong, the Times says this morning: Our correspondent has close relations with men who are able to penetrate beneath the surface of things. His startling news, therefore, cannot be disregarded, even, as is too probable, though it be followed by an official dementi. Russia cannot possibly imagine that the great powers will view with indifference such a construction of the balance of power, which is almost unparalleled in the history. China's option to purchase the railways is a fact, almost too cynical to find a place in a serious diplomatic transaction. Under the indicated conditions, Manchuria would practically become a Russian province, while Pekin would be within Russia's grip. Russian statesmen are as well aware of the magnitude of the changes involved that it is impossible that they should execute them, unless they have definitely resolved to abandon the cautious and pacific policy of the last reign, and plunge into vast and dangerous activities. To say nothing of Japan, England and Germany, and even France, in spite of her complaisance, could scarcely fail to perceive that her friendship had been exploited with unexpected thoroughness.

THE MONROE DOCTRINE.

W. T. Stead Gives His Countrymen Good Advice.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—Mr. W. T. Stead has a long article this afternoon in the Westminster Gazette on Monroeism, in which he says: Englishmen will do well not to belittle the significance of the attitude of the American sentiment on the question of the Venezuelan frontier. It must be taken with the usual discount, and is no doubt due to the system by which foreign affairs are discussed by bawling journalists, rather than by suave diplomacy; but it is serious, nevertheless. Its gravity consists in two facts, neither of which has anything to do with the merits of the question in dispute. In the first place, for the first time since the civil war the Americans have built a navy of which they have some reason to be proud, and which sooner or later they will use against something. In the second place, it is equally significant that the American press assures the United States that the Monroe doctrine has been informally adopted as a national faith by the American people, and the moment to the New York World (referring to the reported Bayard-Salisbury interview) probably has a basis of truth. "Considering the desperate white character of the Venezuelan government, it seems extraordinary that any civilized power should contemplate such a crime as trusting a rich region under the rule or government of Spanish-American adventurers, whose only claim to the sympathy of the United States is that they call their anarchy a republic and fly a flag which does not fly outside the western hemisphere.

"We do not fear arbitration, but before it begins reparation must be made for the high-handed violation of the territory governed by England."

Observe on Silver.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—A Berlin dispatch to the Times says Baron Von Hammerstein, Prussian minister of agriculture, at a banquet at Bitterfeld yesterday, said the imperial government was deliberating how to meet the serious danger arising from the fall in the price of silver. His remarks, however, were summed not severe, and, it is believed, can scarcely be interpreted as favoring measures looking to bimetallism.

Lieutenant Governor Millard Dead.

LOS ANGELES, Oct. 24, 11:55 p. m.—Lieutenant Governor Millard has just died. Spencer Gordon Millard was born in Lenox county, Mich., in 1850. He graduated from Hillsdale college in 1877 and became principal of the Clinton City, Mich., graded school. In the meantime he studied law, and in 1882 became a partner of William O. Webster, an attorney at Iowa City. In 1887 he came to California, settling in Los Angeles and practicing law. He took very little part in politics up to the time of his nomination for lieutenant governor in 1894, but was noted as a brilliant orator, and was extremely popular in the southern part of the state.

Four Men Reported Lynched.

UTAH, Cal., Oct. 24.—A report reaches this city late this afternoon of the lynching of four men in Round Valley. The news was brought to town by a preacher who was on his way down from Covelo. The preacher was overtaken by a traveler who told him the story. The rumor is believed to be authentic, but the recent lynchings here give color to the story.

THE SURRATT CASE.

Opening Argument for the Prosecution.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 24.—When court convened General Dickinson asked that Miss Cunningham be recalled, but it was only asked a few unimportant questions and then excused. The remainder of the day was occupied by Mr. Pelletite. He discussed the evidence in the case from the time Durrant accompanied Miss Lamont to school on the morning of April 3d until he appeared before Orpheus King to Emmanuel Baptist church at 8 o'clock in the afternoon, pale, trembling and excited. He closed by asking the jury to uphold the laws of the state by rendering a verdict of guilty and fixing the penalty at death.

During Mr. Pelletite's argument the court-room was crowded. Rev. J. George Gibson of Emmanuel Baptist church, and his secretary, Robert N. Lynch, occupied seats near the jurybox, and paid close attention to the speaker. Durrant sat stolid and indifferent in his usual place, beside his attorneys, surrounded by his father and mother and a number of friends. Durrant betrayed no emotion of feeling, even when accused of murders that were connected with the crimes of Jack the Ripper in the Whitechapel district of London. His mother, however, looked more thoughtful and depressed than she has at any other time since the trial began.

When Mr. Pelletite closed his argument at 3:20 o'clock, Gen. Dickinson for the defense asked for a continuance until Monday, in order that Attorney Dunphy might make the opening argument for the defense. He stated in a certificate from Mr. Dunphy's physician to the effect that he was unable to appear in court at present, but would probably be well enough to resume his duties on Monday. District Attorney Barnes objected to the delay, and as the court was opposed to granting a continuance, the motion was denied.

MINE IN-PECTORS.

Governor Altgeld Instructs Them as to Their Duties.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—Governor Altgeld secretly appointed seven state mine inspectors, and today he summoned them before him, gave them their commissions, and then made the following talk to them regarding their duties. The governor said: "The mining laws of this state were enacted for the protection of the weak and poor. The miner, who is strong, can take care of himself. These coal miners are sometimes ignorant of their rights, always poor and dependent, and cannot manifest their dissatisfaction with objectionable conditions prevailing around the mines without risking their jobs. You are therefore appointed by the state to do for them what they cannot do for themselves. I therefore insist that, in inspecting mines, you do so without permitting the operators or their representatives to accompany you.

"Make your inspection thorough and independent without their aid. After you have done so, find out from the men if there is any ground for complaint among them.

"I further wish to say that there have been entirely too many coal tests, not that there have been more within the past few years than formerly, but I mean to say there were some accidents that should have been avoided."

Ingersoll Takes Annexation.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Oct. 24.—Col. Robert G. Ingersoll addressed the annual reunion of the Soldiers' and Sailors' association of McLean county here this afternoon. In the course of his remarks he advocated strongly the annexation of Canada, Hawaii and Cuba. He said the stars and stripes should wave over all the country from the Gulf of Mexico to the Arctic ocean. He also emphatically favored recognition of the Cubans as belligerents. His sentiments were received with thundering applause.

Faster Regular Train.

CHICAGO, Oct. 24.—The fastest regular train over run in the world, taking distance into consideration, will begin making its daily trips over the Santa Fe road next Tuesday. It will leave Chicago at 6 p. m. and reach Los Angeles on Friday at 6 p. m., making the run of 2,265 in 72 hours, allowing for the difference in time.

New Road to Cripple Creek.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 24.—A special to the News from Canon City says: Articles of incorporation have been filed with the secretary of state by wealthy capitalists of this city for a new railroad from here to Cripple Creek. The route proposed is much shorter than the Florence & Cripple Creek, and its entire length will be through an open country, the road-bed will be free from danger of washouts. The scheme is enthusiastically encouraged by a Chicago syndicate, whose representative is now in the city in conference with the board of directors and others largely interested in Cripple Creek mines. Money for the preliminary work has already been raised.

OUR NAVAL OFFICERS.

Denied the Privilege of Studying Naval Architecture at Greenwich.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Apparently the British authorities feel they have gone as far as prudence and courtesy permit in assisting in the education of our naval constructors, for the navy department has been notified that hereafter no American naval officers will be permitted to take the course at the Greenwich Royal school of naval architecture, a privilege which has been enjoyed by them for many years, with such signal benefit that they have invariably graduated at or near the end of their classes.

The Glasgow school and that at Paris, however, are still open to our young constructors, and with the opening of the Cornell course on naval architecture, the navy department feels it can get along very well.

Celebrated Cases Decided.

SANTA FE, N. M., Oct. 24.—The supreme court of New Mexico has rendered a final decision in favor of the Maxwell Land Grant company in the suit of the Ute Indians, involving a wealth interest in the Maxwell land grant, valued at $500,000. This case has been in the courts over thirty years. It grew out of a claim of the children of Governor Charles Bent, who was killed in the revolution of 1847 at Taos. The present decision quiets the title in the Maxwell company.

SANTA FE, N. M., Oct. 24.—The court of private land claims adjourned today till March. A formal decision finally rejecting the Peralta land grant in Southern New Mexico and Arizona, embracing about 12,500,000 acres, could at least $25,000,000, was handed down by Chief Justice Reed. The decision was concurred in by the other four judges. The court notes that no alleged claimant, Miguel de Peralta, claims to be the Peralta heir, and that the grant papers are forgeries. This conclusion is reached after careful researches by special agents and members of the court in the archives of Spain and Mexico.

Reavis, who is now in jail here on a charge of presenting a fraudulent claim against the government, says he will appeal the case to the United States supreme court.

The Water Problem.

BEAVER, Beaver Co., Oct. 24.—The irrigation problem is being faster solved in Beaver county than in any other region in Utah. Besides the reservoir system of the Marjevale Reservoir company, there is a project on foot to establish a reservoir in Grass valley at the junction of Otter creek and the east fork of Beaver river, Piute county, where there is almost a natural reservoir. The construction of a short dam would cover a vast area with water, holding enough in reserve to irrigate all the land that could be reached from this point in Piute and Beaver counties, bringing in some of the best land in the district, and making homes for thousands.

The Beaver Valley Canal company who have now constructed a canal from the south end of the county to beyond Hinckley, have now under construction a reservoir up one fork of Otter creek, where they are in hopes of securing water sufficient to prevent the stockholders from suffering and losing their crops. The extension of this canal for ten to fifteen miles would bring in a vast lot of good land that is unclaimed today, but I hear that parties are entering upon it quite rapidly, and would warn the people of Beaver county who have no land not to delay and let the stranger take what should rightly belong to them by reason of economy. The young men of this country should secure this land, for they may wander far to find a second opportunity to secure them homes and competency as exists right here at home.

On the east side of the Beaver valley the people have not been late. The new canal taking the water out above Monroe has been put through the heaviest part of the work and has now that town. It is contemplated to carry it north to Annabella where it will overcome valuable lands. There is a nice lot of good land under this canal, some of which has been cultivated this year. The people of Annabella are constructing a reservoir in the mountains on the creek that comes into that place from the east.

At Glenwood they could easily construct a reservoir that would hold back the water that supplies that town. The water rises on the side above the town and former a pretty little lake which is surrounded with high hills, which the water escapes through a narrow rock-bound channel that could easily be stopped with a rock wall at but a small cost and greatly increase their irrigation facilities.

These contemplated improvements will give an abundance of water to these localities, while Salina has a reservoir under construction up the canyon that will increase the water supply for that place, and parties interested have taken up the land over the hills to the south of that town where the high water and a supply from this reservoir will be used. The success of the reservoir at Gunnison has greatly encouraged this part of the country, and in my next I will give a description of it and a history of its construction.

The people of Utah are interested in the construction of canals and reservoirs, as our future growth largely depends on the success in this line.

Business is dull here, money very scarce; yet average good crops have been raised. R. G. LAMBERT.

A Small Business Building.

The distinction of being the smallest business establishment in this city is claimed for a diminutive Georgia pine building at 85½ East Houston street, where is located a candy, fruit and soda water business. The structure is fitted tightly between two towering brick walls and covers an alleyway surface which had not hitherto been considered susceptible of utilization. The cost of the tiny place was $150, and it rents for $300 a year. Its actual measurements are 8 feet 3 inches front, 15 feet deep and 9 feet high.—New York Herald.

FRAGRANT
VANITY FAIR
CIGARETTES

NONE BUT THE FINEST VIRGINIA & TURKISH TOBACCO & THE HIGHEST SKILLED WORKMEN EMPLOYED IN MAKING THESE CIGARETTES

W. S. KIMBALL & CO.
The American Tobacco Co. Successor

HER FORTUNE.

An Ohio Girl Tells How She Found It.

OVERHEARD IN THE CARS.

Some women, says the *Daily Commercial*, have found a fortune in their face, while others have found a fortune in their figure. But more interesting and profitable than the experiences of these, is that of the Ohio girl who actually found a fortune in her ear.

This young lady has been a resident of the Buckeye State for fifteen years. Her present home is in Cleotonia, where she ranks as one of the most successful musicians and vocalists in the entire West. Her personal attractiveness and unusually vivacious temperament have, combined with her accomplishments, gained for her an enviable social position. To look at her bright, rosy, girlish face one would suppose that her life had been one of perpetual sunshine, and that she had never known a moment's unhappiness. No one would for an instant surmise that this same girl had for nearly two years been the victim of a tormentor that came near blasting her life and robbing her of her reason. Her life presents one of those cases where physicians have failed to give relief and brought into play experience.

It was during an enthusiastic rendition of the College of Music in which she took part, that she contracted what she looked upon as a slight cold. In a few minutes it at first, and the young lady recently to a Commercial reporter, [illegible] to death, even when I took a little cold water. But after the use of one and a half bottles of 'Dr. Pierce's Medical Discovery,' and two vials of 'Pellets,' with their help I have almost risen from the dead. I will cheerfully use my influence with my friends, for I am today well and strong as ever. You can use this among your testimonials, if you choose, with my greatest approval."

Any woman or man who is tired of suffering, tired of fruitless doctoring, can enjoy a new lease of life by sending to Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., for a copy of the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, the most complete and best illustrated people's medical book in existence. It contains over 1,000 pages and 300 pictures and full real plates, and is a complete medical library in one volume. Heavy bound in cloth, sent for 21 one-cent stamps (50 cents). Address as above.

TELLING THE REPORTERS ABOUT HER FORTUNE.

A GOOD CHANCE FOR COAL HAULERS.

"The Old Church Mine," in Grass Creek furnishes the best Weber coal known.

The mine is now in shape to supply all teams from a distance cheap.

Lump $1.75. Nuts 75 cents per ton.

The Cullen Mine, a long season this city, the prices will be as follows:

Lump $2.00. Nuts (large and clean) $1.00 per ton. Nut (screened) 25 cents per ton.

Slack containing Nut and Pea, 10 cents per wagon load.

The Grass Creek Coal is worth twenty-five per cent more than any other Weber Coal.

To those who come a long distance, stabling is provided at the Cullen mine free. W. W. CLUFF, Agent.

FOR YOUR SHOES GO TO

SOLOMON BROTHERS.

Our GOODYEAR WELTS, for Ladies and Gentlemen, are Unsurpassed.

SCHOOL SHOES

In Great Variety and of Most Durable Kinds. Wholesale and Retail.

70 MAIN STREET, - - - Salt Lake City.

WE WANT YOUR KITCHEN

Utensil trade. Fine assortment of Enameled, Graniteware and Nickelplated ware just arrived. Prices greatly reduced. And how about that heating stove. The cold wave is on the road.

Utah Stove & Hardware Co.,

CORNER COMMERCIAL and FIRST SOUTH STREETS, Salt Lake City.

F. Auerbach & Bro.

CAR LOADS OF NEW GOODS

Have arrived, filling every department to overflowing. The immense sale of the last two weeks has depleted our stock so as to require a new influx of goods. This week opens with the following array of trade inducers. Our offerings are of a price and quality character that draw crowds—and hold them.

DRESS GOODS.

This Week to Large and Small Purchasers Means Economy.

Imported Cassimere Plaids, handsome effects, 38 to 48 inch wide at 60c, 75c, 85c, 95c, $1.25 yard are great values.

Novelty Suitings, 38 inch wide, all wool and silk mixtures, worth 50c and 75c yard, special at 44c

Handsome Novelty Suiting, dark and medium light colors in rough and smooth effects, at 75c, 95c, $1.15, $1.50, $1.65, $1.90 yard, and are exceptional values.

The balance of our imported single Pattern Suitings, some very new, just received at $8.75, $9.75, $11.25, $15.00, $17.50, $19.50 each, worth 25 per cent more.

JUST ARRIVED.

50 yards Black Satin Brocades, all silk, rich lustrous and sell for less at 75c, 90c, $1.00, $1.25, $1.50, $1.85 yard, values that seem to be appreciated.

SHOES

The greatest values of the season are here.

Have you seen our Ladies' $2.50 Dongola button shoes in Monitor and square toes, E and EE last, sizes 2 to 7, at $1.50

We have a few more pairs good sizes of those $3.00 and $3.50 shoes which all go at $2.25

RUBBER GOODS.

A Full Line of all Styles and Prices.

Ladies' Beaver Cloth Slippers, 50c

Ladies' quilted Cloth Slippers at $1.00

Ladies' Beaver Nobs, 2½ to 5 with 2 soles, at $1.50

Ladies' Leather Boots, Opera and lace shoes, value $2.00, at $1.25

BOYS' CLOTHING.

A Boys' School Suit, made in a brown Twilled Cheviot, selling regular for $3.75 a suit, at $2.70

Boys' Combination Suit, a pair pants, cap and coat, made up in all wool grey Cheviot, ages 7 to 15 years, for $4.75

Come and see them.

Boys' Stripe Cap, made of best navy blue Flannel for 40c

Gents' all wool Sox, heavy, any size for 20c pr

Boys' Striped Cottonade Knee Pants 35c a pair for 25c

One lot of Boys' Underwear grey and random, heavy weight, 50c

GENTS' FURNISHINGS.

Gents' Unlaundried White Shirts, reenforced all through, worth 50c, at 30c

Gents' Jersey Knit, fleece lined Underwear, selling at over at $1.50 a suit, we offer at $1.50

LADIES' WAISTS.

Just received handsome novelties in Plaid and plain color Flannel Waists, with latest fine sleeve, power styles, form $1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.25 up.

LADIES' CAPES.

The most elegant line of Ladies' Tailor-made capes, from $8.25, $12.00, $12.50, $15.00 up.

CHILDREN'S COATS.

The most beautiful stock of Children's Coats and Jackets ever brought to the city. All the newest novelties.

INFANTS' AND CHILDREN'S BONNETS.

We are showing the most elegant line of Bonnets for fall and winter wear ever offered in the city.

Tender and Juicy Meat,

Good Bread and Pastry

CAN ONLY BE OBTAINED BY USING

CHARTER OAK STOVES OR CHARTER OAK STOVES

Superior in Construction and Finish!
Absolutely Perfect in Operation!
Economical in the Use of Fuel!
Durable and Handsome!

Z.C.M.I. sell them.