TELEGRAPHIC.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Foreign Questions Receive Attention in the Senate.

HAWAII, CUBA AND ARMENIA.

The Pension Bill Discussed in the House—Bartlett's Vigorous Speech On the Subject.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The consideration of the silver bond bill proceeded in the Senate today, with Mr. Peffer continuing his speech begun yesterday. Interest in the discussion has begun to lag, as was evident by the scant attendance on the floor and in the galleries. As yet no suggestion has been made as to the bringing of the measure up to a vote.

Foreign questions received considerable attention during the day. Hale spoke for an hour in favor of a Pacific cable connecting the United States with Hawaii. The senator expressed the opinion that the annexation of the Hawaiian islands to the United States was certain to be accomplished at an early day.

The Cuban question was briefly discussed in connection with Call's resolution calling on the state department for information on the status of the uprising.

The Monroe doctrine also received attention in a resolution by Mr. Sewall of New Jersey, declaring the limitations of the doctrine, and stating that President Cleveland's attitude was an extension of the doctrine beyond historical scope.

A resolution was adopted asking the state department for further information on the Turkish and Armenian affairs.

The Call Cuban resolution provoked some discussion owing to the fact that it "divested" that information be furnished.

Mr. Sherman said such requests should not be made at a time when the uprising extended all through the island of Cuba. It might prove a serious embarrassment to our consuls and subject them to persecution by the Spanish or the insurgents in the locality of the consuls.

Call gave notice that he would move at an early day for the discharge of the committee on foreign relations from further consideration of the resolution for the recognition of the Cubans as belligerents. He would do this, he said, in order to bring the Senate to a direct vote on the question without further delay.

Platt (Rep., Conn.) said he had heard much talk as to recognizing the Cuban insurgents. But he pointed out that this was a question primarily within the jurisdiction of the President. Moreover, the recognition of the insurgents was not to be viewed as an act due them, but as a question affecting the United States.

Call consented that his resolution calling for information go over for the present.

Hale then addressed the Senate on his bill authorizing the postmaster-general to contract with the Pacific Cable company for the transmission of government messages between the United States and Hawaii. Mr. Hale claim that is sound numbers the bill commits the United States to a subvention of about $250,000. It was a pain business enterprise, bringing Hawaii close to our doors.

The cable bill was referred to the committee on foreign relations.

Peffer then resumed his speech, begun yesterday, on the pending silver bond bill, his argument being directed against bond issues and the gold standard.

At the close of Peffer's speech resolutions of respect to the memory of the late Representative Coggeswell, of Massachusetts, were made, and as a mark of respect, at 4:45 the Senate adjourned until Monday.

THE HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The House resumed consideration of the pension bill. An effort was adopted that general debate be closed today, and the bill be taken up by paragraphs tomorrow under the five-minute rule.

Linney (Rep., N. C.), an ex-Confederate, said that he recognized the principle that the government owed the duty of pensioning the soldiers who fought for it, but said he opposed the internal revenue laws, and added that the Northern states received in pensions nearly as much as they paid in internal revenue taxes.

Bartlett made a vigorous reply to the attacks which have been made upon his first speech during the two days since he defended the commissioner of pensions against the attacks made upon him during the debate, and quoted figures to show that he was correct in his statement that, with the exception of Russia, no country paid more for a standing army than the United States did for pensions. He denounced as false the allegation that he was not a friend of the soldier. He approved laws giving pensions for disability and disease contracted in the line of duty, and did not think additional laws should be added to the statute books. "I have been branded as an unpatriotic," said he. "Is he the patriot who takes money wrung from the people to be paid out to those who do not really need the money?"

Rice (Rep., Kan.) a member of the appropriations committee, explained the provisions of the bill, and attacked Bartlett's position in a humorous way.

Moody (Rep., Mass.) then announced the death of Gen. Coggeswell, who died last May, and at 5:45, as a mark of respect, the House adjourned.

In Tennessee.

LONDON, Jan. 16.—The secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, received today a reply to his cablegram to the governor of Cape colony, Sir Hercules Robinson, requesting details concerning the arrest of British subjects and owners in the Transvaal, as a result of the recent disturbances.

The governor cabled: "Replying to your inquiries for details of the arrest, seven July and sixty-five both arrested by the order of the commandant, waiting to obtain the state by twelve o'clock on the evening of the second day. The proceedings are stayed, I understand, on sworn information, and the trials will occur in the high court. The accused are well treated, and will be defended by able counsel. It is alleged that the government has documentary evidence of a widespread conspiracy to seize upon the government and use the wealth of the country to rehabilitate the finances of the Chartered company. I urged upon President Kruger moderation, so as not to alienate the sympathy which he now enjoys. The question of bail is a matter entirely in the hands of the attorney general. The government seems to be acting within its legal rights."

Mr. Chamberlain stated that counsel would be employed to watch the trials of the prisoners on behalf of the British government, and counsel would defend the interests of British, American and Belgian prisoners.

The foreign office has received a note from United States Embassador Hayard, saying he has been instructed by his government to tender thanks to Great Britain for the kind offices of the latter towards Americans in the Transvaal.

CHAMBERLAIN MAKES A SPEECH.

Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the Colonies, received an ovation upon arriving at the Birmingham railroad station tonight. In expressing his thanks for his reception, he said he could not speak of his recent work, because it was still incomplete. He congratulated his hearers that good had come out of evil, and that proof had been offered that in times of national difficulty party distinctions vanished, and that the old spirit of Englishmen was not dead. He was happy to be able to say the resources of the empire were never better prepared for any contingency.

From Alaska.

SEATTLE, Wash., Jan. 16.—The steamer Topeka arrived today with the following news: Judge W. A. Kelley, United States commissioner at Wrangel, came down on the Topeka from Wrangel to Metlakahla to try several libel suits among the Indians. His term expires in May, but he mentioned during the voyage that he would resign in March. This announcement will start up applicants for the position from all over the country.

There is considerable political excitement in Juneau and Alaska generally in regard to the election of delegates to be sent to the Republican convention. Although so far ahead, two men are making vigorous canvasses, and will probably secure the appointments. They are, C. S. Johnson, ex-United States district attorney of Alaska, and Judge W. A. Kelley, the present United States commissioner, who a few days ago announced his probable resignation of that office in Marion. It is believed that his resignation is in view of his probable election as delegate.

Condition of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—Today's statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $175,000,000; gold reserve, $84,904,073.

The Treasury lost $11,000,000 in gold today, which leaves the true amount of the reserve $84,709,110.

CHICAGO THE PLACE.

The Democratic National Convention Selects the Windy City.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.—The Democratic national convention will be held in Chicago on July 7. That was the decision reached today by the National Democratic committee after an interesting and at times exciting session which continued until 11 o'clock tonight.

There was considerable difference of opinion as to the time for holding the convention, one proposition, advanced by Allen W. Thurman, of Ohio, who held the proxy of the New Mexico member, being to hold it June 30, two weeks before the Republican convention, and the other by Hugh Wallace, of Washington state, to hold it July 7th. The committee decided upon the latter date by a vote of 32 to 18.

The main interest seemed to center in the choice of the convention city. For this honor there were four applicants, Chicago, St. Louis, Cincinnati and New York. Thirty minutes was allowed each city in which to present its claims. The speeches made by distinguished citizens in each instance were of a high order of excellence, and, at times, aroused the greatest enthusiasm. The balloting began at 6 o'clock this evening, and from the first a long and bitter struggle was indicated. The first ballot resulted: Chicago 6, Cincinnati 11, St. Louis 19, New York 14. There was practically no change except a fluctuation of a vote or two until the tenth ballot, when Chicago began gradually to increase her vote at the expense of New York. At the twentieth ballot New York's strength was rapidly disintegrating, her vote going almost bodily to Chicago. But St. Louis, which had tenaciously clung to her nineteen votes, also captured several of Cincinnati's votes, and on the ballot before the last led Chicago by one vote. On the last ballot, the twenty-ninth, which was taken shortly before 11 o'clock, the four remaining votes of New York were thrown to Chicago, and she obtained the necessary plurality. Senator Brice voted for Cincinnati to the last.

An examination of the votes by states shows that St. Louis had practically the solid support of the free silver votes in the committee.

Government Grain Monopoly.

BERLIN, Jan. 16.—In the Reichstag today, during the discussion of Count Von Kanitz's proposal for the establishment of a government grain monopoly, the count denied that it would raise the price of bread. He also said that the scheme was not socialistic and that its object was to benefit the peasantry.

Baron Von Hieberstein, the minister for foreign affairs, replying to Count Von Kranitz, said the latter's motion had created expectations which could not be realized and had aroused anxiety and distrust. The speaker denied the existence of Universal distress and asserted that what distress exists was not due to the commercial treaties.

Count Herbert Von Bismarck was listened to by a full house as he rose to speak. He favored Count Von Kanitz's grain monopoly bill, but admitted the proposal should not be described as a perfect remedy of the agricultural depression. But he improved upon the government that the initiative lay with themselves, and that neglect of the question would drive the peasants into the arms of the socialists.

LITTLE CONFIDENCE IN CONGRESS.

Mr. Eccles Looks for No Satisfactory Financial Legislation.

CHICAGO, Jan. 16.—"Little hope is entertained that any remedial financial legislation will be passed at the present session of Congress," said Jas. H. Eccles, comptroller of the currency, today. "The House has passed the coin bond bill, but unsatisfactory as it is, there is little hope of its passing the Senate in any form that will be satisfactory to the House. If passed at all by the Senate it will be with a free silver amendment attached. Under such circumstances it will not be necessary for President Cleveland to veto such a measure because the House would not agree to the amendment.

"The bond issue is expected to afford temporary relief. No doubt is entertained of the sale being successful or of the whole issue being taken. Of course it is an open question whether the gold to be paid for the bonds will not be withdrawn from the United States treasury to pay for them. Should that be done the relief afforded would be reduced just to the extent that the gold is withdrawn. So long as the greenbacks are outstanding, just so long will our national finances be in an unsatisfactory condition."

AN ELOPING COUPLE.

Mrs. E. L. Chariton and C. A. Rich Arrested in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16.—A writ of habeas corpus, returnable before Judge Hebbs tomorrow, was served upon Chief of Police Crowley today in the case of Mrs. E. L. Chariton and C. A. Rich, an eloping couple from Lawrence, Kan.

The couple arrived from San Diego on the steam schooner Excelsior, and were arrested on a telegram from a Kansas sheriff. Mrs. Chariton's two children are with her in the city prison. Her husband, who is said to be superintendent of a Kansas insane asylum, is expected to arrive in the city tonight with requisition papers, upon which he expects to take Rich back to Lawrence to be tried for abduction.

The police think that the facts do not warrant the belief that the evidence will make out the crime of abduction. Rich is prepared to show that when Mrs. Chariton left her husband Rich was in New Orleans, and that his meeting with Mrs. Chariton at San Diego was not pre-arranged. Mrs. Chariton says that under no circumstances will she return with her husband or consent to live with him again. She says her husband treated her with extreme cruelty and that she has left him for good. It is understood that Mrs. Chariton came to San Francisco intending to obtain a residence and thereafter bring suit for a divorce.

Copplinger for Brigadier General

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 16.—Senator Hale made an argument before the Senate committee on military affairs today in favor of the confirmation of the nomination of General Coppinger to be brigadier general. He said that General Coppinger had served through the war as an officer, had fought in thirty-one battles and had been wounded in two. He produced the original letter of recommendation to the governor of Connecticut, written by General Custer and endorsed by General Sherman, recommending in strong terms the promotion of Mr. Coppinger, then a captain, to the colonelcy of one of the Connecticut regiments. Senator Hale said the delay on the part of General Coppinger in taking out his naturalization papers was due to the fact that he had an interest in the estate of an estate in Ireland, which he was advised by prominent Americans, including Mr. Bissing, might be endangered by his becoming a citizen of this country. He called attention to the fact that Coppinger had been commissioned several times and had taken the oath of allegiance on all such occasions. He accounted for the general's participation in the civil conflict in Italy when a young man, by saying that he was a professional soldier.

PANIC IN HAVANA.

The Sentiment Against the Government Becomes More Intense.

HAVANA, Jan. 16.—There was considerable excited comment yesterday and today over the wording of an editorial article which appeared in the Diario de la Marina, containing some sensational statements and headed "An Unbearable Situation."

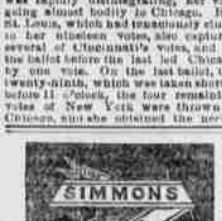
The article declared frankly and in defiance of the press censor, that the time has come for the government officials to admit that the situation is serious and entreated the government to change its present policy, and if necessary, to put more men in the field, claiming that the revolution is annihilating the commerce and industries of the island.

The Union Constitutional, the Reformist and the Conservative parties today announced that they declined longer to support Martinez Campos in his policy of the conduct of the campaign against the insurgents.

There was a great manifestation of the people's sentiment today and all spoke their minds quite freely and frankly. A feeling of intense excitement pervades the city.

The organ of the autonomists expresses its adherence to the views expressed by representatives of other political parties, and Martinez Campos is apparently without political friends or support in Cuba.

Stocks went down in Havana today and there is a feeling of panic.



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MISFIT MARRIAGES.

A Boston Mother Tells About Their Causes.

Women, She Says, are in a Great Extent to Blame.

"How to be happy though married" was the subject of an interesting paper recently read before a New England Women's Club by one of its married members. The author confessed that fully one-half of the married misery was due first to the growing physical weaknesses of women which made child-bearing a dreaded terror, and prevented those closer relations between husband and wife without which marriage became no longer a natural union but merely an unnatural contract. And, secondly, to the fact that motherhood was not considered "fashionable" by society women. Children, continued the speaker, bind husband and wife more closely than the wedding ceremony itself. While we cannot hope, said she, to make motherhood fashionable among "the upper four hundred", or the people of pleasure, who never give to the world sons of genius or daughters of moral purity, we can hope to make the raising of healthy, happy children the pride and glory of the mighty millions. To emphasize, no doubt, her own de-

TELLING ABOUT MISFIT MARRIAGES.

mestic happiness, and demonstrate that in her case at least marriage had not proved a failure, the speaker appeared on the platform holding in fond embrace her infant daughter.

Nature never intended that woman should be tortured in the performance of her most important and most natural function. If the

COMING OF BABY

be contemplated with misgivings, worry and fear instead of joy and satisfaction, no mother can give to her child the greatest of all inheritances—robust health and a happy disposition, for even the Romans knew that the mother's condition reacts upon her offspring.

Every woman should know what this lady, in common with thousands of her sisters in all parts of this country, has learned from personal experience. It is this: *Danger to both mother and child is banished, pain is greatly lessened, labor is shortened, as is also period of confinement by taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This is administering Prescription imparts physical, mental and moral strength. It nourishes the nerves, blood, brain and educates the feminine organism to understand such the laws of nature and common sense.*

Thousands of just such letters as the one here printed from Mrs. Fred Hunt, Granville, N. Y., have been received from grateful women with the request that their expriences be made public for the benefit of their suffering sisters throughout the land. Mrs. Hunt, writes:

"I read about Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription being so good for women with child, so I got two bottles last September, and December 16th I had a twelve-pound baby girl. When I was confined I was not sick in any way. I did not suffer any pain, and when the child was born I walked into another room and went to bed. It was very cold weather and our room was very cold, but I did not take any cold, and never had any afterpains or any other pain. It was a gift to God and Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. This is the eighth living child and the largest of them all. I suffered everything that flesh could suffer with the other babies. I always had a doctor, and then he could not help me very much, but this time my mother and my husband were alone with me. My baby was only seven days old when I got up and dressed and left my room, and stayed up all day."

THE REASON WHY.

If we all lived just as nature intended we should live, there would be little of no pain, worry or misfortune connected with woman's most natural important functions. But living as we do, disregarding continually in dress, diet and duties the laws of health, nature and common sense, it has devolved upon science to supply a remedy. The first physician in America to make a life specialty of treating woman's peculiar ailments and the only physician to discover a universal woman's remedy, was Dr. R. V. Pierce, author of The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser and Chief Consulting Physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, of Buffalo, N. Y. He and his staff of skilled specialists have successfully treated hundreds of thousands of women, and have discovered remedies that are founded upon the laws of common sense and act in accordance with the laws of nature.

PAINLESS CHILDBIRTH.

Every day brings letters to Dr. Pierce like the following one: "I never can thank you enough," writes Mrs. Dora A. Couture, of Oakley, Overton Co., Tenn., "for what your treatment has done for me. Your 'Favorite Prescription' is the best medicine to take before confinement that can be found. It proved so with me. I never suffered so little with any of my children as I did with my last, and she is the healthiest we have. I recommend your medicines to all of my neighbors, and especially 'Favorite Prescription' to all women who are suffering. Have induced several to try it, and it has proved good for them. When I began your treatment I was not able to do anything. I could not stand on my feet long enough to wash my dishes without suffering almost death; now I do all my housework, washing, cooking, sewing, and everything for my family."

AFTER TWELVE LONG YEARS.

"A heart overflowing with gratitude prompts me," says Mrs. Maurice Wilson, Ordeo, Taylor Co., W. Va., "to write you. Twelve long weary years I suffered greatly from uterine disease and at last was given up by my physician to die, besides spending almost all we had. After five months' treatment with your Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, I now enjoy most excellent health. I would today have been in my grave, and my little children motherless, had it not been for you and your medicine. If anyone doubts this, give my name and address."

Every day brings to Dr. Pierce letters from women who have been cured by his "Favorite Prescription," of this, that or the other form of "female complaint," after other physicians and other remedies had utterly failed. In long neglected and seriously complicated cases relief and cure do not promptly follow the use of Dr. Pierce's medicines, he will send free, to any woman who will write him the particulars of her case, such common sense, professional advice as will enable her to cure herself at home, without inconvenience and without shame. His experience as a woman's specialist with many thousands of cases every year, have enabled him to discover methods and medicines that will a fact permanent cures in more than ninety-seven out of every one hundred cases.

A GREAT BOOK FREE.

When Dr. Pierce published the first edition of his work, The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, he announced that after 680,000 copies had been sold at the regular price, $1.50 apiece, the profit on editions would pay him for the immense amount of labor and money expended in preparing it, he would distribute the next 680,000 *free*. As this number of copies has already been sold, he is now giving away, *absolutely free*, 500,000 copies of this most complete, interesting and valuable common sense medical work ever published—the recipient only being required to mail to him, of the World's Dispensary Medical Association, of Buffalo, N. Y., of which he is president, this little COUPON SLIP, with his name and address, and 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing only, and the book will be sent post-paid. It is a veritable medical library, complete in one volume. It contains over 1000 pages and more than 300 illustrations. Several thousand of its chapters are devoted to the careful consideration in plain language, of diseases peculiar to women and their successful home-treatment without the aid of a physician and without having to submit to dreaded "examinations" and disrobing "final applications," so repulsive to the modestly sensitive woman. The *Free Edition* is practically the same as those sold at $1.50 except only that the books are bound in strong paper covers instead of cloth. If French cloth-covers, embossed and gold stamped covers are desired, send 10 cents extra—31 cents in all, to cover only the postage and the extra cost of that more durable and beautiful style of binding. Send NOW before all are given away.

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