LAWMAKERS BUSY.

Senate Discusses Crimes Against the Elective Franchise.

MILITIA BILL IN THE HOUSE.

Age of Consent Bill to Come Up Tomorrow—Laws Signed by the Governor—General Matters.

Few spectators were in attendance at the legislative sessions today, but most of those present were of the gentler sex. The opening proceedings were of a tame character, there being nothing to cause a ripple of excitement. The legislators proceeded rapidly, however, giving close attention to business.

SENATE.

The vote on the State board of health bill in the Senate yesterday afternoon was 8 to 7—less than a majority of all the members elected—so the bill was defeated.

BRANDS LAWS.

Messages were received from the Governor, announcing his approval of two bills sent him on Friday, one to prevent blackballing, another regarding the Supreme court organization and others, and one concerning the appointment of notaries public.

IN PROGRESS.

S. B. 15, relating to disease among sheep, was referred back to the committee on live stock, because of the inserted wording of a provision requiring the dipping of sheep.

The bills relating to corrupt practices and complaints in civil actions were filed for third reading.

JUDGE STREET CONFIRMED.

At this point the message from the Governor announcing the appointment of John A. Street as Judge in the Third judicial district, as related in last evening's News, was read, and the Senate confirmed the appointment by acclamation vote.

PASSED THE BILL.

H. B. 6, to prevent the sale of stock under fraudulent pedigrees, was passed without opposition.

UNDER CONSIDERATION.

H. B. 9, the age of consent bill, and H. B. 41, relating to the assessment of personal property, were filed for third reading, the former to be taken up today.

S. B. 40, defining fellow servants, was ordered printed with the amendments suggested by the committee.

Substitute for H. B. 14, transferring cases from the Territorial to the State courts, was read the first time and filed.

HOUSE MEASURES.

The Senate concurred in the House action inserting enacting clauses in joint resolutions, as recommended by the Governor.

Messages were received from the House reported the passage of the following bills and their transmission to the Senate: H. B. 59, extending the time for the redemption of property sold for taxes; H. B. 30, for the relief of school districts which have failed to levy a special tax; H. B. 81, to amend the law fixing public holidays. All were referred to the judiciary committee, and the Senate adjourned until this afternoon.

TODAY'S SESSION.

At the opening of the Senate this afternoon, Senator Warner was excused, having been called to Provo on business.

A communication was received from Governor Wells, transmitting to the Senate the report of the Reform school trustees for 1894-5.

COMMITTEE REPORTS.

The committee on judiciary reported favorably on Glen Miller's proposed amendment to the mechanic's lien law.

The judiciary committee recommended the passage of H. B. 41, providing for deserted wives.

The committee on labor recommended the passage of H. B. 59, on labor.

The committee on counties recommended the rejection of S. B. 22, as there was no business to which it related.

The committee on claims reported on three claims that they be sent to the Senate board of examiners.

NEW BILLS.

Sutherland introduced S. B. 44, for an act to provide seals for district courts and county clerks; committee on judiciary.

Allison introduced S. B. 45, for an act to release joint debtors upon payment of their share of indebtedness; committee on judiciary.

AGE OF CONSENT.

H. B. 6, the age of consent bill, was taken up. By the time this was reached, the lady spectators in the Senate had disappeared.

Glen Miller moved that the age fixed by the bill be 18 instead of 16.

Allison asked that the bill go over, as Warner wanted to be heard on the bill, which he insisted was unconstitutional.

The bill was postponed till tomorrow.

THIRD READING.

S. B. 33, a bill for an act to amend the compiled laws, sec. 3160, relating the time for commencing actions, was taken up on third reading. The bill passed without a dissenting vote.

S. B. 19, relating to crimes against the elective franchise, was taken up for third reading. The names along list of offenses against the elective franchise, some of which are named in the present statutes and some not and previous punishment therefor. Some of the new features requires candidates and political managers to carefully tabulate the amount of money expended in political campaigns. The bill is practically the Colorado law.

The provision relating to reports of political expenses was debated by Senators Shaw, Cleveland, Miller, Allison, Evans and Booth, on a polygamy issue. An amendment to make the penalty of deprivations of rights of citizenship one of the penalties for failing to make reports was adopted.

Cleveland approved any provision of the kind in the law, as he believed it necessary and only gave men what they deserved. He moved to strike out the whole section on that subject.

Sutherland agreed with Cleveland on this point, and supported the motion to strike out.

All sem argued that the section should remain as a means to prevent the improper use of money in political campaigns, such as buying whisky, etc., for the purpose of influencing voters.

The motion to strike out the section was lost. Several amendments to the section were submitted and adopted; one of these was the substitution of the words "State prison" for "penitentiary," wherever the latter occurred in the bill.

So many amendments appeared to be necessary that a motion to recommit to the committee on elections went through without opposition.

SECOND READING OF BILLS.

S. B. 40, defining fellow servants, was taken up on the second reading, Walker was in progress when the News went to press.

THE HOUSE.

After yesterday's News report of the House closed, Howard introduced H. B. No. 89, an act defining the time at which salaries of employes of firms, associations or corporations shall be paid.

It provides that payments to employes must be at least twice each month, between the 10th and 20th for work done before the 15th, and between the last day of the month and the 5th day of the month following for work done between the 15th and the last of the month.

It also provides that any firm, association or corporation failing to comply with the provisions of the act shall be liable to their employes for all damage, loss or expense the said employe may suffer by reason of the failure of said firm, association or corporation not paying their employes their wages as provided for, to be recovered, upon proper proof being shown, in any court of the State of competent jurisdiction. Referred to judiciary committee.

The following concurrent resolution offered by Morrison passed:

Resolved, That the Senate concurring, the chairman of the committee on claims and public accounts of the House and the chairman of the committee on claims and public accounts of the Senate, be authorized to engage the services of a competent accountant, to act with one or more of the regular committee clerks, to check up the accounts of all public institutions of the State, and that the compensation be paid out of the contingent fund of the first Legislature.

On third reading the following bills passed:

H. B. No. 66, by Nye, extending the time of redemption of property sold for taxes from two to four years.

H. B. No. 80, by Saunders, providing for the relief of school districts that failed to levy a special school tax in 1895.

H. B. No. 51, by the committee on agriculture and irrigation, fixing the legal holidays.

H. B. No. 34, by Mansfield, making the stealing of branded stock, the owner of which is unknown, a felony, was by consent opened to amendment and then laid on the table pending the introduction of a substitute by Harris.

After the reading and approval of yesterday's journal in the House today, a communication was received from the Governor, submitting a report of the trustees of the Territorial Reform school for the two years ending Dec. 31, 1895.

The Senate informed the House of the passage by that body under a suspension of the rules, of H. B. No. 48, an act to prevent the sale of stock under fraudulent pedigrees; likewise that they had concurred in and adopted the report of the committee on judiciary on S. J. R. No. 3, relating to the form of resolutions. Judiciary report adopted.

The Senate transmitted communications received by that body from the Governor, reporting the approval of S. B. No. 59, relating to blackballing, S. B. No. 14, the Supreme court bill, and S. B. No. 31, providing for the appointment of notaries public by the Governor.

At this point Condon arose to a question of personal privilege and inquired of the committee on federal relations what had become of Senate memorial No. 6, which relates to the recall of Ambassador Bayard.

Critchlow informed Condon that he too was about to make a similar inquiry, but as the chairman of the committee was not then present, he suggested to Condon, that such an interrogation be deferred until that gentleman was present. Condon accepted the suggestion.

The call for committee reports, brought Mansfield to his feet with a condensed minority report from the committee on elections, in the case of Bringhurst vs Lemmon, which had been abbreviated very materially since its original presentation.

After the reading of several committee reports, a motion by Stevens to go into the committee of the whole, carried, and Lemmon was called to occupy the chair.

MILITIA BILL TAKEN UP.

Stevens then moved to take up for consideration H. B. No. 35—the militia bill—which brought out an amendment by Critchlow, who moved to substitute H. B. No. 87, an emergency act offered by him yesterday.

The amendment was voted upon and lost, when a vote taken on the original motion prevailed and the militia bill was before the House.

An amendment to the bill offered by Harris was lost, after Judith Carter moved that when the committee arises they report favorably upon the bill.

Nye opposed the motion and amended it by providing for the consideration of the bill by sections. The amendment carried and its consideration by sections was begun.

[illegible] signature was [illegible] and [illegible] showed its inferiority [illegible].

The bill was being further inquired into at press time.

Indicted for Assault.

A. M. Cannon Jr. yesterday gave bonds before Judge Hiles for his appearance when wanted to answer to an indictment charging him with "willfully and unlawfully striking one Charles Crane several blows in and upon the head, face and body with his fists, contrary to the form of the statutes in such cases made and provided." The offense charged was committed on the evening of Jan. 29, when the young man, who had been drinking, personally and publicly undertook to discipline Mr. Crane for what he declared to be the latter's insulting and defamatory methods against one of his (Cannon's) friends. It was throughout a most regrettable affair, and can be blamed entirely to liquor, as young Cannon is naturally a whole-souled, generous fellow, not at all quarrelsome, and, when himself, would never be guilty of attacking a smaller and an older man.

THE POWER DISPUTE.

The Big Cottonwood Company Not An Interested Party.

FIGHT BETWEEN THE OTHER TWO.

What the Former Has Done and Is Now Doing With Its Mammoth Enterprise.

There were no new developments in the Big Cottonwood canyon electric power companies squabble today. Mr. Armstrong says that he and his associates are in the right and propose to stand their ground against any and all opposition. An officer of the Big Cottonwood company gave out the following carefully prepared interview to the News this afternoon:

"The Big Cottonwood Power company is in no way concerned in the warfare that is being waged in the Cottonwood canyon between Ex-Mayor Armstrong and his company on the one hand and Frank Gillespie and his associates on the other. Both the contending parties are fighting for possession of the water after it leaves the tail race of the Big Cottonwood Power company below their power house.

"The Big Cottonwood Power company have been carrying on their work in the canyon without intermission for upwards of three years past. Their principal work has been expended upon the Blaine reservoir, at which place an enormous dam has been constructed. A large tunnel through the mountain through which a steel pipe carries the water to the power house with a fall of nearly 400 feet. Another tunnel drains the reservoir, when necessary; these constitute what are technically called the head works and are all completed. The power house of brick, cement and iron, is approaching completion and is absolutely fireproof. The steel pipe is arriving daily and is being put in place. The pole line is completed to the corner of Second East and Third South streets, in this city, with twelve wires strung.

"The electrical equipment of the plant is being manufactured by the General Electric company and much of it is now en route from Schenectady, New York. The waterwheels and other hydraulic appliances were made by the Pelton Wheel company at Arlington, New Jersey, and are now being shipped to this city. All of the apparatus will be on the ground within the next forty days, and the works should be in operation by the first of April next. These works when completed will be the most remarkable establishment of the kind in the world and amongst the largest, and will have cost when completed about $300,000.

"The company in addition to the above owns the old Granite paper mills property, including 200 acres of patented land near the mouth of the canyon with a valuable water power. Adjoining this property and just within the canyon they own the Butler saw mill property, with another valuable water power with about sixty acres of patented land. Between the Butler mill and the "Blaine" plant of this company is a stretch of the stream, located several years ago by Frank K. Gillespie.

"The Big Cottonwood Power Co., respected Gillespie's location, which seems to have been subsequently jumped or relocated by a Mr. Arnold in the interest of Mr. Armstrong and his company, who has been doing more or less work on the stream for the past year or two. A few months ago Gillespie appeared on the scene again with a party of workmen and has vigorously prosecuted the work since, until a few days ago, when a large party of men appeared in the canyon, estimated at upwards of 100, under the leadership of ex-Mayor Armstrong, who by force moved the Gillespie men from the work. It is stated that on Sunday night Gillespie returned to the canyon repaired the work destroyed by the Armstrong party connected the workings with an old Turbine wheel, started up a small electric dynamo and produced several arc lights. A few hours after producing the electric current his little works were overwhelmed with a land slide which covered with earth all his apparatus—and thus the matter stands today. The rights of the Armstrong party and the Gillespie party will have to be determined by the courts.

"In addition to the properties of the Big Cottonwood Power company already enumerative, they also own by purchase another old saw mill location known as Mill B, about two miles up the stream from the "Blaine," and another water power location still above that and just below the mouth of the south fork of the Cottonwood. Active work has been continuously maintained by the company on all of their property. There is no controversy as to their rights which are in no way questioned by the warring parties in the canyon. The company have given employment to 150 men and many teams for the past six months and will have expended half a million dollars in all including the purchase price of the various old time water-power locations owned by it.

"The completion of this transmission electric plant of the Big Cottonwood power company will mark a new epoch in the history of our city. It will displace a large tonnage of coal in the production of light and power, thus keeping at home much money which is now sent out of the State for coal. It should stimulate manufacturing industries by furnishing cheap and reliable power wherever required in the city and vicinity. It may solve many problems in the cheap manipulation and reduction of our ores and not the least of its benefitent advantages to our city will be the complete condition of the smoke nuisance. The power company is interesting large amounts of Eastern capital in this vital enterprise, and on account of the price recently received in the canyon have intimated that the Power companies' lines are in some way involved, it is a manifest injustice to this company which has accomplished so much, to impair their standing with their Eastern and European connections by unfounded rumors as to a conflict of title.

"The gentlemen connected with the Big Cottonwood Power company have no desire to hinder in any way the development of that portion of the stream in controversy, by any responsible parties, as they think that there is an ample market here for all the power that can be generated on the stream and will gladly afford any information justified by their experience or any other aid that is in their power to the party that may be determined to be the rightful owner of the property."

A COMPLETE KNOCK OUT.

Supreme Court Decides Against the Probate Judges.

It Was a Test Case and Was Concurred in by all the Members of the Court.

Chief Justice Zane in the Supreme court this afternoon delivered the opinion in the case of the State of Utah ex rel, A. C. Bishop Attorney General, against J. C. McNally, Probate Judge, holding that the terms of probate judges expire on the second Monday in January, 1896, and overruling the defendants demurrer to the complaint. The opinion was concurred in by Justices Harris and Miner.

This decision is a complete knock out for the probate judges in every county of the State, the suit being brought as a test case.

James Cowan, a prominent wool dealer of this city, is as proud as a peacock over the arrival at his home this morning of a fine 10-pound specimen of humanity. Jimmy nearly lost his equilibrium when the new comer arrived, but he is now himself again.

COMMERCIAL.

SALT LAKE CLEARING HOUSE.

Today's clearing house exchanges amounted to $158,348; same day last year, $123,157.

TODAY'S QUOTATIONS.

New York.—Silver, 67½; lead, $2.80.
London.—Silver, 30 15-16d.

ORE AND BULLION.

T. R. Jones & Co., received today, Ores, $1,100; bullion, $3,400. Total, $4,500.

Wells, Fargo & Co. received today: Ores, bullion, $3,925.

STOCKS AND MARKETS.

New York Stock Market.

New York, Feb. 4.—Stock market opened dull, being advisedly influenced by the receipt of lower quotations from London. The rule [illegible] was exceptional.

The bulls rallied on the report of the market and under the influence of liberal buying orders advancing all leading stocks [illegible] gains were wiped out along with the [illegible] which had gained [illegible] per cent.

Sugar declined during the forenoon hour, under heavy operations [illegible] with new recovery. The [illegible] was attributed to rumors of a possible investigation. Towards noon the prices again rallied and the market ruled at [illegible] on the top figures.

Chicago Produce.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.

Wheat—February, [illegible]; May, [illegible].
Corn—February, [illegible]; May, [illegible].
Oats—February, [illegible]; May, [illegible].
Pork—February, [illegible]; May, [illegible].
Lard—February, [illegible]; May, [illegible].
Ribs—February, [illegible]; May, [illegible].

Barley—[illegible]
Flax—[illegible]
Timothy—[illegible]

Chicago Live Stock.

CHICAGO, Feb. 4.

Hogs, [illegible]
Sheep, [illegible]
Cattle, [illegible]
Beeves, [illegible]
Stockers and feeders, [illegible]
Texas cattle, [illegible]
Western range cattle, [illegible]

Silver City, Feb. 3.—Silver [illegible]

DIED.

LITTLE.—Of brain fever, February 1, 1896, [illegible] Funeral from residence, 176 south, Fourth East, at 2 p. m. Wednesday, February 5.

WHAT A PROMINENT INSURANCE MAN SAYS.

H. M. Blossom, senior member of H. M. Blossom & Co., 217 N. 3d St., St. Louis, writes: I had been left with a very distressing cough, the result of influenza, which nothing seemed to relieve, until I took *Ballard's Horehound Syrup*. One bottle completely cured me. I sent one bottle to my sister, who had a severe cough, and she experienced immediate relief. I always recommend this syrup to my friends.

John Cranston, 908 Hampshire street, Quincy, Ills., writes: I have found *Ballards Horehound Syrup* superior to any other cough medicine I have ever known. It never disappoints. Price 50c.

Ballard's Snow Liniment.

This liniment is different in composition from any other liniment on the market. It is a scientific discovery which results in it being the most penetrating Liniment ever known. There are numerous white imitations, which may be recommended because they pay the seller a greater profit. Beware of them and demand *Ballards Snow Liniment*. It positively cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sprains, Bruises, Wounds, Cuts, Scalds and Inflammatory Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, Sore Feet, Contracted Muscles, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Pain in Back, Barb Wire Cuts, Sore Chest or Throat, and is especially beneficial in Pleurisy.

A Sound Liver Makes a Well Man.

Are you Bilious, Constipated or troubled with Jaundice, Sick Headache, Bad Taste in Mouth, Foul Breath, Coated Tongue, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Hot Dry Skin, Pain in Back and between the Shoulders, Chills and Fever, etc. If you have any of these symptoms, your Liver is out of order, and your blood is slowly being poisoned, because your Liver does not act properly. HARRIS will cure any disorder of the Liver, Stomach or Bowels. It has no equal as a Liver Medicine. Price 75 cents. Free trial bottles at E. C. M. L. drug store.

DELINQUENT ASSESSMENT NOTICE.

Sunny Rock Mining and Milling Company, location and principal place of business, Salt Lake City.

NOTICE. THERE ARE DELINQUENT upon the following described stock on account of assessment levied on the twenty-ninth day of December, 1895, the several amounts opposite the names of the respective stockholders, as follows:

Name	No. Cert	No. Shares	Amount
Joshua Cox	3	20	$20.00
A. C. Bishop	8	6,000	240.00
R. C. Barton	28	25	1.00
W. F. Wyman	29	1,000	40.00
John W. Chandler	33	5	0.20
John W. Chandler	34	50	2.00
John W. Chandler	36	25	1.00
H. H. Rand	37	1,000	40.00
C. H. Howard	38	50	2.00
H. H. Rand	40	350	14.00
R. C. Chandler	41	250	10.00
W. W. Dewey	42	187	7.50
Thos. Cunningham	43	50	2.00
Sunny Rock	51	2,500	100.00
Geo. C. Cox	52	1,000	40.00
R. C. Parker	53	100	4.00
R. E. Allison	61	50	2.00
R. E. Allison	62	50	2.00
R. C. Chandler	63	50	2.00
R. N. Monroe	64	50	2.00
G. H. Dunn	65	50	2.00
Geo. Cox	66	50	2.00
Geo. Cox	67	100	4.00
R. E. Allison	68	50	2.00
Chas. J. Wilson	70	75	3.00
Chas. J. Wilson	71	5	0.20
A. Lorenzo Bender	101	1,000	40.00
R. C. Chandler	102	5,000	200.00
R. E. Allison	103	50	2.00
R. E. Allison	104	50	2.00
C. H. Howard	105	2,000	80.00

And in accordance with law and the order of the undersigned, directed from the fourth day of January, 1896, so much thereof of each parcel of stock as may be sufficient will be sold at public auction at the auctionary, at the office of the Sunny Rock Mining and Milling Company, Salt Lake City, Utah, on the 10th day of February, 1896, at twelve o'clock m., on the 10th day, to pay the delinquent assessment thereon, together with the cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

W. H. CAMPBELL,
Secretary.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, FEBRUARY 4, 1896.

Pimples, blotches, blackheads, red, rough, and oily skin, prevented by Cuticura Soap, the most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet and nursery. The only preventive of pimples, because the only preventive of inflammation of the pores.

Sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

MOTHERS, Do You Know that Pargoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup, and most remedies for children are compound of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell laudanum without labeling them poisons?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of Dr. Samuel Pitcher. That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that the Fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper?

Do You Know that the Fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every bottle?

Do You Know that the Fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every "Castoria" and its formula, and that no opium than is a state prison offense?

Do You Know that one of the reasons for granting this government protection was because Castoria had been proven to be absolutely harmless?

Do You Know that 35 average doses of Castoria are included for 35 cents, or one cent a dose?

Do You Know that when purchased with perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may know what is in it?

Well, these things are worth knowing. They are facts.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria.

R. K. THOMAS,

26, 28, 30, 32 E. First South St.,
Salt Lake City.

GRAND JANUARY STOCKTAKING CLEARANCE SALE!

Every Department Will Offer Great Bargains!

Silks, Dress Goods
Capes
Jackets
Underwear
Hosiery
Gloves
Handkerchiefs
Notions
Shoes

MEN'S GOODS, DOMESTICS
BLANKETS, QUILTS,
And Everything Else in the House.

R. K. THOMAS