the Sutherland motion, and moved that the committee report to referred bars without instruction.

Sutherland accepted this suggestion, and the report went back.

LEGISLATIVE SALARIES.

House joint resolution 1, fixing the salaries to be paid to employes, came up. The salaries of employes are fixed at various sums ranging from $4 to $7 per day. That of members is placed at $4 per day and 10 cents mileage each way.

The rules were suspended, Evans only voting no, and the resolution was placed on its final passage.

Pending a vote, Snow moved the printing of the resolution.

Allen opposed this, and he also (Geo Miller) as it would be unnecessary expense.

Snow said there had been printed already many resolutions, and he did not see why this should not be printed. However, he withdrew his motion.

FOR THE BUSINESS.

Evans—Have these salaries been raised up to a man?

Allen—Why?

Geo Miller—What has that to do with it?

Allen—Will the answer to the question determine the gentleman's vote?

Evans—Yes.

Allen—Then I object to it being answered.

The President (Colusio)—The gentleman has a right to ask the question and the president is not to answer it or not. I think the question only part, and decline to answer it, as the matter referred to has no business here.

Evans moved to reconsider the salaries in $4 per day—thus cutting off the $1.50. It appears, he understands the Republicans did propose to do this in the Senate in the Spanish. He did not believe this was a proper subject for caucus. It deprived the minority of a voice, and prevented a discussion of the true sentiment of the legislature. A majority of the party, (no no) by the L. pleasure agreed on the figures and the minority of the majority party were tied up thereby. He believed in lower salaries, but promised against this caucus business.

Roberts—Did you not caucus with your party?

Evans—I have never attended a party caucus while in this Legislature.

Roberts—Did you vote for caucus nominees?

Evans—I don't know.

Watson—I presided three caucuses, and I would like to know the course. I have not attended one since the Legislature convened.

Evans then moved to refer to the salary committee.

The President—The gentleman can not make two motions at once. He has one before the house now.

Evans—What is that, to cut them all down?

The President—Yes.

Evans—Then I stand by it.

Roots said he had not attended any caucus and did not know the figures were fixed by caucus. The salaries proposed were reasonable from his point of view.

The motion to reduce was lost, receiving only two votes.

The resolution was then passed, Evans and Snow voting no.

THE INSURANCE BILL.

Substitute for S. B. 35, providing for a tax on the gross receipts of insurance companies, came up on third reading.

Cannon secured the amendment which placed local companies on the same basis as foreign corporations, and the bill passed.

Extending Eminent Domain.

S. B. 118, introduced yesterday by Barbertson and briefly referred to in the News report last evening, is entitled a bill for an act to encourage the irrigation of land, the mining, milling, smelting and other reduction of ores, and the use and application of the waters of natural streams and water courses to the generation of electric force and energy.

The bill which has been called a measure to secure to mining and water power companies the right of eminent domain, when that is its chief object, is appealed to as a remedy for a real need. A synopsis of its provisions is here presented:

The irrigation of land, the mining, milling, smelting and other reduction of ores, and the use of the waters of natural streams for the generation of electrical power by the corporations in industrial pursuits are declared to be for the public use, and it is provided that the right of eminent domain may be exercised in behalf thereof. Any person, company or corporation engaged in the irrigation of lands, or in mining, milling, smelting or otherwise reducing ores, may acquire by condemnation (condemning real estate of the right of way through the same). When necessary, or any right, title or interest therein, and also authorized to condemn water using water power for the generation of electrical force to be supplied for industrial purposes. It also gives the right to acquire real estate or right of way through the same by eminent domain.

Condemnation proceedings in such cases are to be instituted by the filing of a petition, setting forth the business of the person, company or corporation of the property subject to condemnation and a statement of the use for which it is desired and the necessity existing for the employment.

Persons or persons and those parting any right, title or interest in said property, whether named in the petition or not shall be made parties to the proceeding and be bound by and represent. The court either in term or vacation shall appoint for them if meeting with all objections to be made either in term time or vacation.

All objections, as far as possible, shall be handled of the pleasure of condemnation, at least five days after the hearing, and condemnor shall be entitled by judgment.

In the event which he satisfies the court or any jury that the property is necessary for the purposes mentioned in the petition, it shall apply the property petitioned and determined upon the commencement, and it is to be used from those named in the petition and from those named by the defendants. The court either in term or vacation shall appoint for them if meeting with all objections to be made either in term time or vacation.

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Defendant or defendant, if absent, filed with the court, may or not to set the same aside within twenty days and after one day's notice to interested parties, and the case may be remanded to other parties.

Notes.

Hon. Hugh S. G. Grant, of Tooele, was a visitor at the capital.

Amendments proposed to the Senate bill, also Cannon bill, appear on the floor.

The House resolution on salaries of legislative employes was come up in the Senate with the House's salary bill.

Among the visitors to the House to-day were ex-Attorney General Alexander H. Smith, of Tooele, and Attorney L. C. Richards.

The opening prayer in the Senate today was offered by Elder Angus M. Cannon, president of the Salt Lake Stake of Zion.

The message for response that a bill of twenty mills may be secured in delinquent district. Text was two one and three-fourths mills. Cannon and Chambers opposed the proposition and tried to induce to use 50 cents of the money.

The House was unfortunate indeed today on the registration bill, as between Republican dilatory and gleaners, no finally got out of the way. The registration bill was the sixteenth over which the administration occurred.

It is to be hoped that the "ten days" will "come" and "go" "quietly" "and not like thunder in the land" "nearer a minute after, referred to in another line. And the last hour are the last two weeks to actually were out. But the various gentlemen never discovered that their time not "ten days" but "ten days" in which to notice English, though there could be either the "last two" or "last four" weeks.

S. B. No. 120, to encourage the irrigation of land, the mining, milling, smelting of other reduction of ores, and the use and application of the waters of natural streams and water courses to the generation of electrical force and energy, introduced by Bidwell yesterday, is a measure of great importance. In the early days not to the effect of the city which is to apply the principle of eminent domain in behalf of mines and carrying the appropriation more further than it does in any other case.

ABUSEMENT NOTES.

The Old Love Nile drew a large house again last night at the Theater. The company left this morning and entirely with the reputation accorded them in Salt Lake City.

Mr. Horton says he never sale for the Tavery company's engagement at the Theater is the heaviest for over a year. Only little better than last year's office there was an eager throng outside the Theater. The chief demand was for Friday night when Lotta and Catalina matinees are to be presented.

The play offered at the Grand this week is one in which Mooer, Ingersoll and Edwards, Miss Cook and Miss Walters display their fine dramatic abilities to the greatest advantage. The audience last night was quite large and it is probable that it will be much larger this evening.

At the Lyceum, where A Celebrated Case is the attraction, some clever work is done as usually by Mesdames Kate and Ethel, Mse Eden Hall and others. The play is enjoying very good patronage this week.

An entertainment will be given in the Fifteenth Ward meeting house on Saturday evening, for the benefit of Jesse Dodge, who is going on a mission. An excellent program has been prepared.

The Seventh Ward amusement association will appear in the assembly rooms of that ward on Thursday and Friday in a temperance drama, "Under the Spell."

Price of a Life.

Chief Justice Zane delivered an opinion to the Supreme court today in the case of Samantha Sharrard, administratrix of the estate of Cornelius Sullivan, vs Salt Lake City, when Judges Miner and Bartch concurring. The suit was brought to recover the sum of $5,000 for damages in consequence of the death of Cornelius Sullivan, caused by the negligence of the defendant. It is alleged the deceased had had finished his line a car with gravel when the superintendent, engineer without a word of warning, ran an engine back to and crushed him against a bank, causing his death.

The judgment of the Third district court is affirmed in favor of plaintiff for $5,000.

Spring Medicine

Purify Your Blood

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Hood's Pills

CANAIGRE ROOT BILL.

(Continued from page one.)

possible who shall protect to the secretary of State, affidavits setting forth the name of the claimant, the place in State with canaigre roots to sell to the State by contractor. Before worth of persons and the years at the most, under oath, and prove and statements to the satisfaction of said secretary of State by producing the canaigre roots, or in the absence thereof and the time of use and delivery to and the receipt of the purchaser therefor, and not what there is a necessary of State is neither an interest and required to draw on the treasurer of State in the manner provided for the relief. Rule of proof also for calling the foregoing conditions.

Section 4. That the sum of fifty thousand dollars is hereby appropriated out of any moneys belonging to the State, otherwise appropriated, for the purpose of this act.

STATE SALARIES.

Senate bill 116, fixing and providing for the payment of the salaries of all state and county officers, was taken up on third reading, and amendments were adopted which never was taken in 2 X Cents.

The Resolution.

A communication from the Senate, with the joint resolution to pass the passage of Senate bill 120, to legitimate the issue of bigamous and polygamous marriages in certain cases. Arbitrary and unjustly the performance of certain cases by ministers in certain cases. Also the House joint resolution to establish an hospital for Soldiers.

COUNTY GOVERNMENT BILLS.

The county government bill, Tooele county, the special act, the question was, on Mr. Grant's motion, was closed this morning, and gives the opening paragraph the performance.

Mr. Sutherland opposed the general bill of the resolution, as did Mr. Robinson, who said that the separate act of Tooele county was better suited to the needs of Tooele.

Mr. Grant's long but not while it may be desirable to have a general act together and terminate amount more in their own self-action, the amendment with well not in the conflicts with the rights of the people. Tooele county is a separate municipality with separate municipal as to county.

Mr. Robinson offered amendments, footnoted by Mr. Grant, to the separate act, as to the payment of court fees.

Mr. Grant—These amendments that the gentleman has offered are the same as the bill, and it is very unusual for us. You want a law enacted to test all the interest of the State for the benefit of a few counties, and the entire portion of the state. I was heard that it was proposed, in return, to try bill, and the salaries of the sheriff and county clerk of the principal counties. Now even that crumb of comfort is to be taken from. This bill is a very unusual bill. Tooele county, under the leadership of the gentleman from Wayne [Sorenson] proposes to dominate all legislation to be enacted. In 1892 the population of Wayne county amounted was $117,000, and the county paying taxes on this amount does amount proposes to legislate for counties paying taxes on millions. It is unreasonable, too, that officers cannot be elected in Wayne county except upon a pledge to vote their own assessments for the proper and just amount. Salt Lake county people would have liberties to sell their property for the amount at which it was assessed. The more business a county does, and the more fees and revenue a county has, the further you would be plunge it. In the case of Salt Lake county, on the floor of this House, assessed at Salt Lake county because our big deal, but you don't want to give her a chance to do the same. Mr. Sutherland—Gentlemen who have joined in this "solidarity" to form council shift the responsibility of legislation from their shoulders to the people. What will my colleagues from Weber [Barton] and Summit [Sorenson] to their constituents? Gentlemen, I can after taking the stand they are on this matter. Go ahead with your scheme. It is an administrative outrage. That is all I have to say.

Messrs. Macdonald, Grant and Taylor followed, and Mr. Nye was talking at your time.

The Press Help.

There were over 200 people, legislators and their wives and friends, on the special train which left the Rio Grande Western yesterday afternoon. It was a very jolly party, and for the time all thoughts of legislation were cast to the more pleasantable subjects of a day's outing. My Republican colleagues