TELEGRAPHIC.

D. B. HILL AROUSED.

He Defends Secretary Carlisle against Insinuations

AND MAKES A DRAMATIC SPEECH

The Resolution, He Says, Embraces Silly, Foolish and Unworthy Propositions.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—When the resolution for an investigation of recent bond issues was taken up in the Senate today, Hill made a sensational and dramatic speech in opposition. The New York senator defended Secretary Carlisle and his administration of the country against base insinuations of irregularity, and showed the prevalence of charges of this character by presenting and reading to him the cablegram to Senator Chandler against the interest of McKinley, that a very large money was being made on protected industries in behalf of Mr. McKinley's candidacy for the presidency. As a further evidence of the prevalence of these charges, Hill spoke of the usage in Louisiana, where he said one senator, referring to Gray, had frankly admitted that he had bought sugar stock and had a right to buy it, and today that senator was a favorite son of the smiling Republican state as a candidate for the presidency.

Hill said the farmers of the Senate—the sockless from Kansas (Peffer), from Nebraska (Allen), from South Carolina (Tillman)—these farmers resented that the farmers denied the authority to issue bonds. He insisted that the Senate would not go into the private affairs of the loan bidders, and the public transactions were already known.

"Is not senator Gray the man who place," asked Hill, "and after the number that the secretary of the treasury gave some of his subordinates have received some compensation, some recent? There is no answer. There's a reason, entirely honorable, but not a direct charge. Because senators differ with the secretary of the treasury, and I differ with him at times, must they drag in an insinuation of dishonorable dealing against the secretary? What if I offered a resolution to investigate the senator from Kansas?"

"I would say go ahead," interposed Peffer.

Hill said such a resolution would carry an insinuation against the Kansas senator. The courts were open if any wrong had been done on a bond issue.

Allen interrupted, remarking that this subject seemed to make Hill "as cool as a cucumber in August." He said the New York senator knew perfectly well that well at law against the secretary of the treasury was not permissible under the law.

"On the contrary, I will assert and show," claimed Hill, "that this resolution is in substance a specialties in assumption. The suit was instituted in the courts here on the very day when it was expected this debate was to begin in the house."

Hill went on to ask why the authors of this resolution, if they really believed their insinuations, did not produce impeachment. Instead of an investigation, the secretary of the treasury should have a vote of thanks from the senates for sustaining the credit of the government.

Stewart interrupted frequently, at last asking: "Is the administration opposed to this investigation?"

"I am not authorized to speak for the administration," replied Hill in ringing tones. "I oppose these resolutions because they embrace silly, foolish, unworthy propositions. I would oppose it whether a Republican or a Democratic secretary was involved."

Before he got through, Hill went on, he would examine other low, contemptible investigations and charges made against other secretaries of the treasury, and which had fallen to the ground. He would speak of the names of men who had crossed the threshold of the treasury department, now sitting here (pointing to Mr. Sherman) which accusations, in the light of history, were weak and thin and discarded.

Hill arraigned the Populist senators in scathing terms. He first described them as the "sailors of Tooley street," who got together and solemnly cried, "We, the people of England." He characterized the phrase "disaster" (pointing to the parties who had "spoiled their revenues." They had offered their votes for sale, or rather for exchange, on the tariff question when it came here. They stole one of my fixed ideas, said he. They are the advocates of disorder and wrong. The Populist party thrives on scandal. Their main purpose is to throw mud at the Democratic and Republican parties. "Now the time has come," declared Mr. Hill, "at least all parties to make common cause against these men."

The senator caused great amusement by running a letter he had received from Mississippi asking him to have the Senate investigate the loss of a silver dollar sent to the mint. The writer said, in the course of the letter: "I was in favor of you for President in 1892." As Mr. Hill read this there was a ripple of laughter in the galleries, and the senator added jocularly: "Now this has common sense." The letter proceeded: "But I am opposed to the election of Grover Cleveland in 1896," and there was another ripple in the galleries.

At this point Hill exploded a dictum sensational. He said the prevalence of charges of irregularities and wrong was shown by the recent public utterances of Senator Chandler, that the friends of McKinley were conducting "a hoodle campaign." Hill said he had nothing to say against McKinley. He accorded him for his courage. He says he is a candidate. He closed saying he is in the hands of friends.

Hill's experience was, he said, that a man who claimed "in the hands of his friends" usually meant "in the hands of the enemy."

"I had supposed McKinley was making an honest contest," proceeded Hill, "until I read the Chandler statement." The Chandler charges were sent to the desk and read in full.

Chandler sat on the Republican side waiting as the reading proceeded. After the reading had concluded, Hill went on. No answer had been vouchsafed to the serious accusations of Chandler. Republicans on his motives were no answer to the charges. Why, asked Hill, was there not an investigation?

"Here are charges of a corrupt use of money to buy up a presidential nomination," exclaimed Hill. "Here are charges of a lady on the protective interests to secure a platform in accordance with their desires. But no wonder, not even the senator from Kansas, asks for an investigation. Here is an officer against the franchise, a slab at our institutions, when it is charged that millions of money have been used to secure the nomination for the Presidency, and yet no investigation is proposed. Let the Chandler charges be investigated, too. Let us do it now, before the heat of the political campaign comes on."

Hill then passed to the sugar investigation and discussed its results. One result, he said, was to say to the investigation committee, yes, he has dealt in sugar.

"Did it hurt him," asked Hill, "No, not; for he is the candidate and favorite son of the leading Democratic state in the Union for the Presidency, with a host of friends and supporters."

After rounding the curtain on the investigation Hill, at 5 o'clock, said he would yield, expecting to go on tomorrow.

The Senate, at 5:15, went into executive session and then adjourned.

Bacilli Killed by X-rays.

CHICAGO, April 16.—Prof. H. F. Prellwitz, of the Rush medical college, announce to the world that diphtheria and typhoid bacilli are absolutely killed by the Roentgen rays. The statement is made without reserve. The discovery was reached this evening in the laboratory, when the test of the germs which had been exposed to the rays failed to show signs of life under microscope—the deadly bacilli remaining life and inactive to the mind of the foes and most tempting imitation of human tissue.

For new colonies of epidemic breeders, called as cholera, tuberculosis, leprosy, etc., the Roentgen rays were located in tubes filled with nutriment. Prof. Prelt turned the current into the steel rods and the ray was thrown into the prepared tubes. The germ agency was allowed to work two minutes. The two physicians are making their professional reputations by the prophecy that in a few days the last germs will ever be able to remove.

English Budget Statement.

LONDON, April 16.—In the House of Commons today the chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, made the budget statement. He said total the surplus for 1895-96 was £4,219,000, and he estimated the expenditures for the current year at £100,047,000.

The chancellor of the exchequer said that this had been a wonderful year and one of unexampled revenue, in spite of the fact that the expenditure had been the largest ever known in a year of peace. The surplus was the largest ever known, and a larger sum was devoted to the reduction of the national debt than ever known. The condition of the working classes, he continued, judging from the consumption of meat, tobacco and sugar, had materially improved, and it was a remarkable fact that while the decrease in exports and imports of the first six months amounted to £7,551,000 the increase for the second half year amounted to £28,228,000.

Yes, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach further remarked, was drinking coffee out of the market, and British and Irish spirits were entirely displacing foreign spirits.

THE NICARAGUA REBELLION.

A Message from the Insurgents to C. A. Michelsen Dakin.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, via Galveston, April 16.—A telegram has just arrived here from Nataguire, where President Zelaya now is, which says a messenger from the insurgents is now on his way to this city bearing a message from the leaders of the revolt to the United States minister, Lewis Baker. It is important here that they want Mr. Baker to intervene and arrange a peace between the contending.

The only terms Zelaya has up to this time been willing to consider are the conditions surrender on the part of the insurgent forces and the giving up for trial of the leaders.

The progress of events totally has been steadily against the rebel cause. The government forces have shaved upon their delayed cooperation with their Honduran allies, and for some days past the two forces by a combined movement have cut off entirely from surrounding the rebels at Metapalo, La Paz, Chinandega and other points the government completed the circle which Generals Cuadra, Matus, Chica and Chica was attacked by the rebels, but they were repulsed with pretty losses.

Gen. Paul of the government force has taken 100 Indians from the rebel, several hundred of them being slaves. President Zelaya is at Nagarote directing the campaign of the government forces.

A CUBAN BATTLE.

The Government Troops Retreated in Good Order.

HAVANA, April 16.—Further details of the fighting between the Alfonso XIII battalion and the insurgents, near Mariel, show that the Spanish cavalry Alcoa, which by apparently went to the assistance of the troops, found the latter had been completely surrounded by a very considerable force of 5,000 insurgents. Although the latter outnumbered the men of the Alfonso XIII battalion by over 10 to 1, and in spite of the fact that the rebels were led in pushing the retreating vanguard of the enemy into a position which almost enabled the insurgents to surround them from more hotting knights, the Spanish retreat in good order, fighting stubbornly as they did so. During the retreat the government troops inflicted heavy loss upon Maceo's forces and succeeded in maintaining a correct formation until, after seven hours' fight, the labor of that day was reached and the troops intrenched themselves in the best positions possible and determined to fight to the last. During this long and harassing retreat the Alfonso XIII battalion only lost one officer and four men killed and one only injured wounded. The flow of the things was well conducted and the movement of the battalion so efficient that the 5,000 Cubans were unable to achieve any advantage further than compelling the greatly outnumbered body of Spanish infantry to retreat in good order.

The Alcoa heard the firing while crossing the river and sent back for the Cienfuegos volunteers. When the warship found the Alfonso XIII hardly harrassed in houses, warehouses, etc. When the guns got within range of the insurgents, who were swarming in large numbers over the hills in the vicinity of San Claudio, a hot fire from her guns and rifles was opened on the enemy's ranks, causing much disorder. Then, when the troops, under General Inclan, arrived and opened fire on the insurgents, the latter beat a hasty retreat over the hills.

The Havana police have detained the Protestant bishop, Alberto Isaac Diaz, and his brother, Alfredo Venancio Diaz. These two gentlemen are naturalized American citizens. The police report that they found in the possession certain insurgent documents.

The insurgent leader, Rius Arraya, has been shot dead in Pinar del Rio, being an incendiary. A square was formed by a detachment of the Reina battalion for executing the condemned man. He fell at the first fire, but was not killed, and it was necessary to fire three more shots, which are called mercy shots, before the poor wretch was dead. He died bravely.

A. P. A. Plot to Defeat McKinley.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., April 16.—It appears that a secret plot to defeat McKinley nominations in the Republican convention here on April 29th. The circular sent out by the secretary of the order of the A. P. A. at an meeting McKinley on the grounds that he issue spot Clemens of Roman Catholicism was a member of the A. P. A. tonight and resolutions were adopted denouncing McKinley. A. P. A. delegates to the state convention instructed for McKinley will be asked to violate their instructions. It is stated that Hon. J. Otis Humphrey, which is a warm personal friend of Senator Cullom, and who led the fight in the county convention here for Cullom, but who is a delegate to the national convention from this district, and who is instructed for McKinley, joined the A. P. A. tonight and will lead the fight for Lonnin, the A. P. A. candidate for President.

Hot Wave in the East.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—This is the warmest day ever New E. (Jan) and the middle Atlantic states, and the Ohio valley over the central valleys and the lower regions of the provinces of very warm weather for the season, the temperatures over the greater portions of these regions ranging over twenty degrees above the normal, and in New England, the middle Atlantic states and the lake regions on the 15th and 16th exceeding any previous record by the weather bureau during the second decade in April.

Killed Himself With Taxes.

CHICAGO, April 16.—Chas. Clelb, a baker, suffered himself with the taxes yesterday. He was very fond of tobacco, and in order to get enough he lay flat on his back on the floor, so that the tobacco juice, as he chewed the tobacco, the spittle would flow into his mouth. Then he would lay down and swallow it. He thought it cured by flavoring. He was found dead with his mouth open and the tobacco juice running into it. He was known as a quiet man, but was not long mentally, because of an injury on the head, received by an accident some time ago.

Out-Doing the English.

JOHN BULL USED TO BE THE GREAT, TYPICAL GLOBE TROTTER, NOW IT IS UNCLE SAM.

WHY WE GO TO EUROPE.

Americans are undoubtedly the greatest travelers in the world. The great steamship lines between Europe and America were never so well patronized as now. They are so numerous, and during "the season" every ship is crowded with passengers. During the summer of 1895 twenty-five thousand Americans went to Europe. It is quite the thing to take this trip as a rule. The average price of an ocean ticket, and going to the cathedral cities is not so high as a vigorous case of malaria. Yes, it exactly what many people need. We are hard workers and sore, with aches and wounds. We work hard and we need a change. We are a great country, and there are so many things happening that we want to see so that we are finished all day and over of the night. We would only discourage our way of living on about three months' sleep per day, or with of any sleep at all, we would undoubtedly do it. Men work hard for fortunes. Women work just as hard at home. Perhaps the rich and the middle do work as hard as the poor. The well-to-do work hard to keep up a social position. Women have the social duties of the rich as exactly as any other work. A woman has plenty to do to wear herself out. The very fact that she is a woman makes excessive work, constant nervous strain, loss of sleep and fatigue fall on her in a serious way. Further there is the fear, men are required. It takes there's a long time to be well in her. It takes a pretty strong case of sickness to put a woman to bed. Women have to put up amount on her feet for days after a man would be laid out on the back. Perhaps she bears sickness better than a man can because she is used to it. She puts up with it entirely too long for her own good. Her husband may try to get her to give up her work and worry and take a long rest, but she feels that he can do it is to send her to Europe. The absolute rest, and the invigorating sea air bring back health and color. The trip is a great thing. There is no doubt in the world of that. The trouble is that seventy-thousand people are only one-thousandth part of the total population of the United States, and we can not goes to Europe, one thousand stay at home—not because they like it, but because they have to. There must find a substitute for the European trip, and even among the seventy-thousand who may take the trip, there are many thousands who really need something else—something more.

If a man can, by the use of subtle alchemy could condense the benefits of an ocean voyage, and put them up in bottles for general use, a great fortune would await him. Practically the very thing has been discovered, a fortune has been built from it. The ocean voyage soothes the nerves, purifies the blood, helps the digestion, and gives sound, healthful sleep. These are the things essential to health. A lack of these things is the cause of all disease. No matter how the trouble shows itself, figure it back to the start and you will find it always the same cause. No matter what the disease is called, find a cure for the cause of it and the trouble ceases.

This is the best theory that can be followed in taking medicine. It is a simple theory and physicians are every week adopting it more and more. Every year some symptom which has been considered a separate disease is discovered to be the mere indication of something different. Physicians find that they have been treating symptoms, instead of treating the real disease. They find that they have been nursing at the branches, instead of killing the root.

Only comparatively few medicines are needed to cure all diseases that can be cured. Every physician has a limited list of medicines he uses in almost all cases. Many physicians have found that they need use for only a dozen different things, and that with these, together with good nutrition, they could treat any disease that presented itself with a fair chance of success.—With as much chance of success, as if they had one hundred drugs, instead of twelve. Are any physicians you like, and he will cure instantly half a dozen drugs but he will say that he could not possibly get along without. He uses these same drugs hundreds of times during the year, and on these said dozen drugs, all physicians will agree. It is, therefore, not so very strange that the simple preparation may be—and has been—materially improved in the right direction, and will cure most forms of disease. Nine-tenths of all diseases are or one hundred are traceable to the same cause, and the same sort of treatment will cure in every case.

People who are feeling ill, who are becoming nervous, irritable, this and weak, are on the direct road to disease and other wasting diseases. A strong, healthy body, pure blood, and perfect digestion are certain safeguards against sickness. Want, weakness and exertion cause the breakdown of disease. Everybody knows. It is give way to any one of these first stages. It is a certain sign enough to warn us the result. Whenever will make the digestion strong, nutrition and nutrition perfect, the blood pure and rich, the nerves steady, and the sleep restful will cure practically any disease and will be a positive remedy for ninety-eight per cent. of all cases of that dread disease, consumption.

It would seem that all roads lead to consumption—it would seem that all diseases and all symptoms lead to the production of that one disease, and the state of all the doubt that cure are caused by consumption. More people die of consumption than are killed in wars—more people die of consumption than of cholera, or yellow fever, or any other dreaded epidemic. And consumption can be cured.

It is perfectly reasonable and logical and natural that a remedy that will cure consumption will cure the things that lead to consumption. Over thirty years ago, Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., (then, as now, chief consulting physician of the Parker's Hotel and Dispensary Medical Association) discovered and placed before the public what he justly styled the "Golden Medical Discovery." It has been proven that it will cure nine-tenths of all cases of consumption in which it is taken properly. That statement seems really liberal that it will cure a very large proportion of the cases of consumption. There is no reasonable doubt that it will cure a very large proportion of the cases of consumption. Thousands of people will testify to the fact that they have received from it the relief and cure of consumption. It cuts the troublesome cough which is the result of the lung disease, and it does it quicker. It begins where the cough syrups would end. It cures the lung disease which would be absolutely certain. Because of its use, hundreds of people are alive and well and happy today who, before they used it, had been given up to die, they could not live. It is only natural that it should do such a disposition. They say that people should not take a secret nostrum, because they do not know what it contains, and perhaps write prescriptions as people have done filled at drug stores, and not one in ten thousand knows what that prescription contains. It is not a secret nostrum. It is a well tested and well known preparation, so anything that is put up in a bottle, with a label on it. As a matter of fact, it makes no more difference in the world what the medicine is made of if it cures. Something that will effect a thousand cures, and not an equal cure in all cases worthless. The "Old Iron Medical Discovery" were merely pure water, and cured, it would be worth all that any one could pay for it. When you buy Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, you are buying health. Health is the real thing you are buying. That is what you are paying for, that is what you hope to receive for your money, and that is what you will receive.

The great remedy may be had from any druggist. The man who tries to sell you something which he says is "just as good," may be honest in other things, but he is not honest in this. He offers you something else because he makes a greater profit on this than on the genuine—that is the only reason he does it. There is no reason why he should not keep the "Golden Medical Discovery." He ought to make enough by it, and just as easily as any other druggist. As it is your health and not his profit that you are looking for, you will be wise if you insist on having what you ask for.

"Consumption is hereditary in my wife's family; some have already died with the disease. My wife has a cough. Mrs. E. A. Cluey, who was taken with consumption. She used your 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and to the surprise of her nearly friends, she got well. My wife has also had hemorrhages from the lungs, and her sister insisted on her using the 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I followed up to her advice, and I believe her. She has had no symptoms of consumption for the past six years. People having the disease can take no better remedy." W. H. Cluey, Mrs. C. Rogers, M. D., Siloam, La Fayette Co., Arkansas.

Mr. Albert Stone, of Crawford, Dawes Co., Neb., says: "Was hoarse, very constantly, with profuse expectoration; difficult breathing, lasting from one to eight hours. Had the worst hacking cough and went to the doctors. They gave me medicine, but it did not help me so I got two of three bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pellets.' After awhile I was better, until three winters ago I got this again so I could not do anything, and I wrote to you for advice. Your reply was one of good cheer, and assured me about my case. You told me to take your 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I took four bottles and got well and have been well ever since."

"I was not able to do my work for nearly two years," writes Mrs. H. F. Gurney, of 13 E. Monroe St., Mon., "I used four different medicines and grew worse all the time. Then I began on your medicine and took twelve to fourteen bottles of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' 'Favorite Prescription,' and one pill to my work and I feel as well as I made not to years. Dyspepsia called my disease 'dyspepsia and consumption.'"

"I was troubled with chronic indigestion and a dreadful cough for two years, I was reduced to a skeleton." J. S. Bell, Esq., of Lansing, Van Buren County, Ia., "I was constantly taking physic, and the last thing I did before retiring was to take a pill. Also, the last thing I was just I had a bilious attack. In 1 Pellet, 'Pellets,' I had a very severe attack of bilious headache, and the physicians said I was bilious and I had to take calomel, but as I was a poor man I could not afford to pay."

"An attack of typhoid fever left me in Dr. Pierce's care, and he saved my life. I was so weak I could not even turn from one side to the other without my attendants lifting me. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, 'Favorite Prescription,' and 'Pellets' in it set up the case I had taken one bottle I was able to be out of bed and to go around and I soon began to mend. After taking a few bottles I was cured and have not been troubled with kidney disease since (not since.

"I write this for the benefit of suffering from stomach or bowel trouble, and would urge them to give 'Golden Medical Discovery's fair test. Don't prejudice it without trial.

"Please find enclosed herewith 25 one-cent stamps, for which please send a copy of Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser in paper cover.

"I have been taking Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for the blood and thinks it is the best blood purifier in existence. James Tress, Carnesville, Delaney Co., Texas."

One of the most interesting and instructive books ever published is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser," a large work on the human body and diseases, with nearly 1,000 pages and over 300 illustrations and colored plates. It is a complete medical library in one volume, gotten up in the most popular manner, and yet containing the most advanced medical knowledge, and the results of the experience of the author, who is the chief consulting physician of the World's Dispensary Medical Association, at Buffalo, N. Y. It used to be sold for $1.50 a copy, but now, to those who send for it, it is given free as a reward for the mere trouble of sending for it, and to any one who sends at this time, in addition to the 1,000 pages and 300 illustrations and colored plates, to pay the cost of mailing only, in the World's Dispensary Medical Association, at Buffalo, N. Y., 21 one-cent stamps (21 cents). If you want a French edition, bound and beautifully illustrated, twenty-one cents extra (31 cents in all) in addition to the expense of this handsome and more durable cover.

PROFESSIONAL.

MOYLE, ZANE & CONTOGAN,
Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law,
Rooms 7 to 11, Dooly Block, Salt Lake City.

RICHARDS & RICHARDS
Attorneys-at-Law.
Rooms 30 to 35 McCornick Block.

HASKIN & HOGE,
Attorneys-at-Law
167 Main St., over Alta Store.

L. M. WARDELL & THOS. ADAMS,
Attorneys-at-Law and Land Attorneys.
227-229 McCornick Block, Salt Lake City.

I COLLECT MY OWN MONEY. REFERENCE: Any mercantile agency with whom I do business, or any business house in this city, or any banking institution in this city, or the publisher of this paper. I do not charge for my services. Call and see me. W. M. LEWIS, Collector, 244 Main St.

RUSSEL L. TRACY,
Attorney at Commercial Block.

CHAS. M. CANNON,
Dentist,
Rooms 228 and 229 Constitution Bldg.

EYE AND EAR.
DOCTOR IRA LYONS
Has Removed to Atlas Block, at West Second South.

DR. J. R. KEYSOR,
Dentist.
Parlors in the new Lyric block, 111 Main Street.
First door north of Walker House.

DR. J. THOMAS,
Surgeon Dentist,
16 Main St. Absolutely Administered.

A MAN OR WOMAN
Who has been perfectly cured and not only cured but improved in health and strength in every manner, can be found at the office of the Chicago Dental Institute, 230 S. Main St. Their patients are cured for life. Their methods are painless, and they do not use cocaine, morphine or any other poisonous drug. Their patients are their best advertisement. Their prices are the lowest consistent with good work. Their work is guaranteed to last a lifetime. Their office is open day and night. Consultation free. Gold crowns, $3; gold fillings, $1; teeth extracted without pain, 25c. Remember the place, CHICAGO DENTAL INSTITUTE, Office open day and night. 230 S. Main St.

SHIPLER'S
CABINET PHOTOGRAPHS
$3.00
per dozen, for a short time.
COOPER BLOCK, E. First So

DUNFORD'S
SHOEMAKER
Has opened a shoe repairing Shop in the Tribune Yard.
Shoes for deformed feet a specialty.

EVERETT HOUSE,
14-16 GRACE, NEW YORK.
Reserve rooms for 1896 people in New York, with or without board. Elevator, electric lights, all modern conveniences. Location unsurpassed, convenient to all places of amusement and business. Rooms for one, two and three persons, $1 per day and upwards. Special rates by the week or month. European plan. Restaurant attached. Cars to all parts of the city pass the door. W. H. HAYES.

SALT LAKE CITY BREWING CO.
We are again in the lead against all competition, with our Extra Pale Pilsner, Lager Beer, Half and Half, and Extra Fine X X X Stock Porter. Best quality, in kegs or bottles.
Telephone 17.
JACOB MORITZ, Gen'l. Manager.

365 days
better.
The act of re-building a more exact state is HEALTH every day. Life refined and far from one than 100, and 100 is "way ahead of 100."
The new powers in medicine, as the Burlington's fast trains between Denver, Omaha and Chicago are products of 1895.
There are two of them to recommend—all from the Fast mail Company's stage—all with side ventilation.
Pullman gas—detail upholstery—new carpets—silk linen—spotless mechanism of ventilation and sanitation.
They are a whole year ahead of the rest, running two competing lines.
W. F. M. McLAIN, Gen'l Agent, Salt Lake City.

THE
DENVER & RIO GRANDE RAILROAD
SCENIC LINE OF THE WORLD
The only line running two Through Fast Trains daily to LEADVILLE, ASPEN, PUEBLO, COLORADO SPRINGS AND DENVER.
EFFECTIVE NOV. 10, 1895.
Train No. 4 leaves Ogden 7:00 a.m., Salt Lake 10:30 a.m., arrive at Pueblo 8:10 a.m., Colorado Springs 7:00 a.m., Denver 10:45 a.m.
Train No. 2 leaves Ogden 9:00 p.m., Salt Lake 12:01 a.m., arrive at Pueblo 7:15 p.m., Colorado Springs 8:25 p.m., Denver 11:45 p.m.
Connections made at Pueblo, Colorado Springs and Denver with all lines east. Elegant dining service; sleeping cars and Pullman sleepers on all trains. Take the D. & R. G. and have a comfortable trip and enjoy the finest scenery on the continent.
A. S. HUGHES, Receiver and Manager. S. K. HOOPER, Gen'l Pass. & T. A. Denver, Colo. R. V. TEVIS, General Agent, Salt Lake City, Ut.

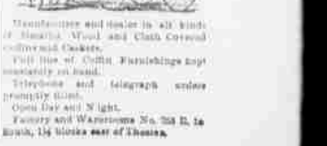
WE INSURE YOU
A safe, pleasant and comfortable journey on one of the finest equipped trains in America. The finest trains on the Erie between CHICAGO AND NEW YORK are without a peer, and are
FREE
Of any Extra Charge. Don't forget it's the Erie, leaving Dearborn station, Chicago. City ticket office, 232 Clark Street. Going east or west you are on the track
FOR ONE NIGHT
And a day, and have all the comforts of home.
Go to S. F. BALL,
TEMPLE CAFE, 16 MAIN STREET,
For Cakes, Candies, Bread, etc.
Tourists' Lunches and Sandwiches.
Hot Lunch to Go.

Banker's Alliance
OF CALIFORNIA.
COMBINED POLICIES, Life and Accident.
One payment for both at a less cost than for old line policy on life alone.
E. W. DAVIS, Agent.

Electric Light and Power Plants, Telephones, Electric Fans and Motors
R. W. NICOL,
CONTRACTING ELECTRICIAN
Electrical Supplies and Construction.
87 MAIN STREET, SALT LAKE CITY.

The
WAGENER BREWING CO.
Established in 1864.
Incorporated in 1884.
BREWERY AND PARK, AT EMIGRATION or PIONEER CANYON
Family Trade Solicited.
Principal Office, No. 64 East First South St. Telephone 418.

ESTABLISHED 1862.
JOSEPH E. TAYLOR,
PIONEER
UNDERTAKER
OF UTAH.



Manufacturer and dealer in all kinds of Rosewood, Wood and Cloth Covered Coffins and Caskets.
Full line of Coffin Furnishings kept constantly on hand.
Telephone and telegraph orders promptly filled.
Open Day and Night.
Factory and Warerooms No. 258 E. 1st South St., 14 blocks east of Theatre.

16 FOR $1.00. 16 FOR $1.00.

16% Saved on every dollar's worth of footwear purchased at BAER'S, 24 Main Street.

16 FOR $1.00. 16 FOR $1.00.