SERIOUS SIGNS IN OLD MADRID.

Most Ominous is the New Shout, "Long Live the Army!"

PRINCESS OF THE ASTURIAS

Contract for Her Marriage to Prince Charles of Bourbon Formally Signed —Trouble at Cartagena.

Madrid, Feb. 12.—Whispered remarks, which are not supported by tangible facts, say that Madrid is on the verge of a tumult. The government, however, is calmly proceeding to carry out the details for the wedding of the Princess of the Asturias to Prince Charles of Bourbon, but the street corners, the clubs and the hotel corridors teem with disturbing stories.

The new shout, "Long live the army!" is the most serious sign. Should it take a real hold on the people and should the fever reach the army itself, the outcome would be threatening.

The current talk represents the army as being dissatisfied and as announcing that it does not intend to take up arms against the people so long as their opposition is directed against the Jesuits and the Count of Caserta. The feeling against the former is largely political, but a real and deep-steated antagonism exists against the former Carlist leader.

The decision of the high court today, favoring the contention of the mother de Uhao case, giving the daughter into her charge and releasing her from the convent is likely to have a soothing effect.

Another step in the marriage ceremony occurred at the palace tonight at 9 o'clock, when the formal contract was signed. The Duke of Solomayer, the grand chamberlain, extended an invitation to the ministry to be among the witnesses. Besides the royal party, the ministry and the palace officials and the witnesses, no others were present.

The queen regent entered the reception room of the palace with court attendants, and followed by the Infanta Isabella, Eulalia and Marie Teresa, the Princess of the Asturias Prince Charles of Bourbon, the Count and Countess of Caserta, and their three daughters, the Duke and Duchess of Calabria, Prince Gennaro, younger brother of the Count of Caserta, the suite of the Count of Caserta, consisting of Prince Bella Rocca and Marquis Imperiale, all members of the cabinet; Gens. Weyler, Echague, Bernal and Azcura, chosen as witnesses for the bridegroom.

When all arrived Marquis del Vadillo, minister of justice, acting as a notary public for the government, read the document and announced the formality to be that of signing it. The Princess of the Asturias first signed, using her full legal name. Prince Charles of Bourbon followed and then the queen regent, the members of the cabinet and the generals who witnessed the instrument on behalf of the prince. When all the signatures had been appended the minister of justice placed his seal upon the document and the ceremony was ended. The document will be published tomorrow in the Official Gazette.

All the parties to the wedding are domiciled in the royal palace. They, therefore, are not obliged to expose themselves to the public, the wedding occurring within the chapel of the palace itself at 11 o'clock Thursday morning. Up to the present the city is perfectly calm.

This evening 200 mounted civil guards are parading Puerta del Sol with drawn swords, preventing any collection of people. There can be no doubt that the feeling of the populace is deep-rooted, needing only a successful leader to encourage the people to menacing deeds. Owing to their attitude the torchlight procession scheduled for this evening was abandoned, the authorities fearing that it would lead to a clash.

The suppression of El Pais was due to its virulent attacks upon the Count of Caserta, which had the effect of arousing anti-Caserta sentiment.

The course taken by El Imparcial in declining to print a description of the court ball on the ground that "it is no time for such festivities when all Spain is so sad," has caused a great impression and has increased the feeling against the forthcoming marriage.

The Marquis of Santa Marta today entertained at dinner Senor Galdos, author of the anti-clerical play, Electra. A number of the leading republicans and liberals were present. Considerable political importance is attributed to an attempt to bring about a coalition of liberals, republicans and monarchists against reaction.

Troubles are reported at Cartagena.

TAKE CHINESE SALT HEAPS.

French and Russians Seize Millions of Dollars Worth of Property.

New York, Feb. 13.—A dispatch to the Herald from Tien Tsin says:

The French and Russian consuls raised their respective flags over the salt heaps, belonging to the merchants of the salt guild, a month after the occupation of the city and have since refused to allow the owners to approach the property. They have, however, offered to sell it back at three-quarters of its market value, which amounts to millions.

At a meeting today the merchants came to the conclusion that such barefaced robbery of private property was not committed with the approval of Paris and St. Petersburg and drew up a memorial cable dispatch to the czar and President Loubet setting forth their grievance.

The importance of the decision by the same governments and its bearing upon the political situation cannot be exaggerated.

All the commercial classes in China are waiting to learn whether the Boxers or the allies are more dangerous to their interests and will act accordingly.

KING APPROVES CEREMONIES.

Program in the House of Lords Thursday is All Arranged.

London, Feb. 12.—King Edward has sanctioned the official program of the ceremony to be observed in the house of lords Thursday. The great officers of state and others will assemble at the entrance of the house of lords. The king will alight from the state carriage and the procession will move to the robing room.

After the king is robed with the duke of Devonshire, (lord president of the council), carrying the imperial crown, the procession will advance to the house of peers, the cap of maintenance being borne before the king, by the right hand of the sword of state. When the king is seated on the throne, the Duke of Devonshire, bearing the cap of maintenance, will stand on the steps of the throne. On the right of the king will be the Marquis of Londonderry, with the sword of the household, while others of the royal household will arrange themselves on the side of the throne, in the rear of the great officers of state. When the king retires the procession will return to the robing room and thence to the state carriage, in the same order as they arrived.

PEERESSES GET SEATS.

New York, Feb. 13.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

The peeresses have secured seats in the house of lords for the next royal function and smart society is struggling to get in. To bishops, judges and diplomats is accorded a limited representation and the peers are excluded from seats in their own chamber and the space before the bar is reserved for perhaps sixty commoners. An anomalous feature of this state function is the power exercised by two officials whose privileges are hereditary. These are the Marquis of Cholmondeley, who, as hereditary great chamberlain, is responsible for all the arrangements at Westminster and the Duke of Norfolk, who, as earl marshal, supervises the parade outside, with assistance from the Duke of Portland, master of the horse. In consequence of the hereditary rights of these two officials the peeresses will hear the king's speech, the commons will be crowded out and the masses outside, under the strenuous discipline of the military and police, will be lucky if they catch a glimpse of the chariot of George III, with a sight of the Flemish horses. The pressure from the smart set for entrance into the house of lords is tremenduous, but the peeresses are safe, though the heavens fall; and the commons, which will vote the civil list for the new reign, are to be represented only by the "speaker and mace-bearer."

There are two curious points in connection with the ceremonies that will be observed at Westminster tomorrow. The sword of state will be carried by the postmaster general and Lord Salisbury will walk in the procession as lord privy seal and not as prime minister, which is an office as yet unrecognized by the court etiquette. In the apartment of the palace of Westminster, known as the queen's robing room, the king will for the first time assume his regal robes of crimson silk velvet, edged with rows of gold lace and powdered ermine. The rich lace is from a design which is worn only by royal personages. The robe is lined throughout with ermine and is surmounted with a deep cape of the same fur. The cape and lining are composed of hundreds of carefully selected skins, adorned by several thousand spots of black fur. The train is several yards in length and is fastened at the neck by a gold cord, finished with bullion tassels. Queen Alexandria's robes are of similar material, but not of identical design. The stage coach was delivered at the royal mews last evening after having been thoroughly renovated. The huge chariot has been in large measure regilded and presents a most imposing appearance.

One Brother Kills Another.

Hinton, W. Va., Feb. 13.—Frank Crawford, aged 16, was shot and instantly killed by his brother Charley, aged 14 year, at Balingee yesterday. Frank objected to Charley going out hunting and to prevent him Frank held the dog, which enraged the younger boy and he discharged the contents of the shotgun at his brother with the above result. Charley has been jailed.

THEY LEFT,

Vamoosed, Cleared Out and Quit.

"My first suspicion that coffee was slowly killing me came from reading in the newspaper the experience of a person suffering from the poison contained in coffee, and how he had been relieved by leaving off coffee and taking Postum Food Coffee.

I had, for a long time, suffered from paltitation of the heart, indigestion, biliousness, and intense headaches and neuralgia.

If I did leave off coffee for one hour beyond the usual time in the morning, I had the most excruciating headache for the rest of the day, but I made the change from coffee to Postum without the slighest inconvenience, by first having the Postum prepared with a little coffee mixed in it, then the next day a little less and the next day a little less, until in less than a month I was having the Postum Simon Pure, and the cook got so she could make it so strong and delicious that I enjoyed my Postum better than I ever had the old fashioned coffee that had been undermining my health and rendering life a burden.

One by one, and day by day, all the old symptoms disappeared. A feeling of tranquil strength and even temper replaced the former unnatural conditions. Sleep was complete and restful.

The change was so complete and radical that I could not doubt the cause, which lay simply in the withdrawal of the poison, and the addition to my diet of a nourishing, healthgiving, liquid food, Postum.

I can give the names of many persons who have been benefitted by the change from coffee to Postum, and am never tired of making converts.

How many times we hear people complain of this and that obscure symptom of disease, and wonder what can be the matter with them. In nine cases out of ten it is due to nothing in the world but coffee poisoning. I am sure if all those who have ails of one kind or another, serious or trifling, would try the experiment that I did, there would result an enormous aggregate of improvement in health, and coffee would take its proper place among the other poisons."

It is well for people to know that cooks who first undertake to make Postum boil it too little and therefore do not extract the flavor and food value. It is delicious if prepared according to directions, (and that is easy).

This letter is from the cashier of one of the largest insurance companies in the world, who requests that his name be withheld from print; given to enquirers by the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., at Battle Creek, Mich.

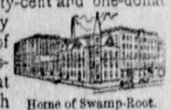
The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root,** the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

LINCOLN DAY CELEBRATION.

New York Republican Club Holds a Banquet.

BRYAN TALKS IN COLUMBUS

Says Nation is in Need of a Revival of Jeffersonian Principles—Corporate Monopoly.

New York, Feb. 12.—The Republican club of the city of New York gave a banquet tonight at the Waldorf-Astoria in honor of Abraham Lincoln's memory. Gen. Henry E. Tremain presided. Among those at the guests' table were Cornelius N. Bliss, Whitelaw Reid, Senator J. M. Thurston, Senator Depew, Senator-elect Joseph R. Burton of Kansas, Judge John N. Baldwin, Senator Hanna, Attorney-General John W. Griggs, Senator N. B. Scott and Senator Edmund T. Bartlett.

While the dinner was served in the large ballroom another dinner was being served in the Astor gallery to about seventy-five women, invited guests of members of the club. When the speech-making began the women filed into the lower tier of boxes.

Senators Depew, Thurston and Hanna were given an ovation on entering the hall. A letter of regret from Robert T. Lincoln was received and Gen. Tremain introduced Judge John N. Baldwin of Nebraska as the orator of the evening. Judge Baldwin said in part:

"It is said that there is no longer a government fashioned after the precepts and principles of Abraham Lincoln; that the declaration that all men are created equal is unheeded; that capital and labor are opposed and uncommunicating; that manufacturers are gorged with the larder of a plundering tariff; that it is an age of mammon and machinery; that the existing financial system is a conspiracy against the human race; that imperialism and militarism are the spirit of the times; and that forts are conveniently located so that a standing army can suppress by force discontent among laboring people.

"If these conditions do really exist, they put the state in danger, and if not amended will destroy it.

"If these conditions do not really exist, but by certain peculiar practices, prophecies and platforms are made so to appear to 6,000,000 voters we have a social anomaly which also forbodes peril to the state."

Judge Baldwin referred to the last national campaign and ridiculed the Democratic party for its part in it. Continuing, he said: "That such a party with such a leader and with just simplicity enough to pretend and just truth enough to deceive, could thus be sanctioned by so large a proportion of the American people almost passes belief."

Judge Baldwin continued: "The poor, the discontented and distressed can safely leave their cause in the hands of those who would endeavor at least to determine it according to the principles of Abraham Lincoln. The same spirit of civil liberty that animated Washington in his struggle to make this land free and Lincoln to make every man free, is today moving over the waters of our governmental life. It recognizes no limitations and has no frontiers. It will move as easily and so surely over an ocean as it has over state, treaty and boundary lines."

BRYAN IN COLUMBUS, O.

Columbus, O., Feb. 12.—Lincoln day was celebrated here tonight by the Jefferson, Jackson and Lincoln league with a dollar dinner at the Columbus Auditorium. There were fully 1,500 persons seated at the tables which occupied the floor of the immense hall, and 1,000 more were seated in the galleries thrown open to spectators. Many ladies were among those at the tables. There were no cigars and no beverages stronger than coffee.

The feature of the evening was the demonstration in honor of W. J. Bryan. The Nebraskan was received with loud applause when he entered the hall, but the crowd fairly went wild when Mr. Bryan was introduced to speak. Men climbed upon chairs and cheered again and again, and it was some minutes before the noise subsided.

Congressman Lentz, as toastmaster, introduced Mr. Bryan. "The last time," said Mr. Lentz, "I had the pleasure of introducing Mr. Bryan to you I introduced him as the next President of the United States. I again introduce him to you as I did then."

Following is an abstract of Mr. Bryan's speech: "Never has this nation been more in need than it is today of an earnest and thorough revival of Jeffersonian principles. While other statesmen, appearing at different crises and meeting the responsibilities of their respective times, have made partial application of Democratic principles, Jefferson is the only one who formulated a democratic code applicable to all times, all situations and all people.

"At this time, when the money-changers are in absolute control of the government and are shaping the nation's financial policy in their own interests, without regard for the welfare of the people at large, we need to recall Jefferson's scathing arraignment of those who demand the surrender into their hands of the sovereign functions of government."

He pointed out that the safety of the people lay in a policy that would drive the banks out of the governing business, and continued: "At this time, when corporate monopoly is fast extinguishing industrial independence, we need a revival of the Jeffersonian spirit, which demands a government administered according to the doctrine of equal rights to all and special privileges to none.

"At this time, when commercialism is searing the conscience of the nation; when the worship of mammon is leading the people to ignore inalienable rights; when the ideals bought with blood and sacrifice are to be bartered away for the delusive promises of empire—at this time, I repeat, we need to have faith in man as man, and our love for man as brother rekindled by the memory of this mighty patriot, philosopher and Democrat, whose brain comprehended the height and depth and breadth of government, and whose heart embraced the human race."

Women at Kansas Primaries.

Kansas City Mo., Feb. 12.—The primary election in Kansas City, Kan., today was remarkable because of the activity of the women voters. Never before since the women of Kansas were given suffrage which makes them eligible to vote at municipal and school elections, has there been such an interest manifested as at present in the mayoralty contest. Eighteen hundred women registered this year to vote at the primaries, and many others voted today who registered last year, and were not required to register. Many women clerks were in evidence at the election booths. The saloons were closed during the progress of the primaries.

PRINCIPALS IN THE BILLION DOLLAR STEEL AND IRON DEAL.

sonably fear removal of these, may they not?"

"I will never forget Pittsburg. No Pittsburgher need ever fear that," was the only reply Mr. Carnegie would make. While this brief interview is not put forth as a direct confirmation by Mr. Carnegie of the sale of his vast steel interests, it is certainly a confirmation by inference, and is noteworthy as being the first confirmation of any kind, no matter how slight, which has been given out by Mr. Carnegie.

Edward to Visit Germany.

London, Feb. 12.—King Edward and Queen Alexandra, according to Truth, will leave England during March to visit Dowager Empress Frederick. As already cabled, they will also visit the Grand Duke and Grand Duchess of Hesse, and will spend the Easter holidays at Copenhagen. Truth asserts that a member of the cabinet, probably Lord James of Hereford, will accompany the king.

A special edition of the Gazette announces that by the king's command a special statute, under the seal of the Order of the Garter, shall be issued, conferring upon the queen the title of lady of that most noble order.

Lord Roberts's title is gazetted as "Viscount St. Pierre and Earl of Candahar and Pretoria."

MR. CHOATE DECLINES TENDER

Prefers to Remain in London to Being Attorney-General.

New York, Feb. 13.—A special to the Herald from Washington says:

President McKinley has informed his cabinet, unofficially, that he has heard from Ambassador Choate, and that Mr. Choate is not disposed to accept the attorney-generalship.

The President made the tender of this place to Mr. Choate several weeks ago, desiring to get the strongest available man to succeed Mr. Griggs. Mr. Choate wishes to continue as ambassador to the court of St. James if that is satisfactory to the President and no change at that post is expected.

A GREAT OIL WELL.

It is Sending Out 7000 Barrels a Day, Flooding the Country.

Hartford City, Ind., Feb. 12.—An oil well, which has a flow of more than 7,000 barrels a day, and which has already inundated five acres of land with petroleum, was struck in the Blackford county field, six miles northwest of here, and eight miles west of Montpelier. The contractors claim the well is a crevice freak and that the enormous output cannot be maintained any great length of time. Tanks are being erected to save the oil.

Women's Musical Clubs.

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 13.—The annual convention of the National Federation of Women's Musical clubs will be held in this city from April 30th to May 3rd, inclusive. Each morning will be occupied by a business session and the afternoon by concerts given by representatives of the Federation clubs and the Fortnightly club of Cleveland. The Pittsburg orchestra has been secured for three performances on May 2 and 3. On Thursday evening, May 2, Madame Schuman Heinck will be the soloist. On Friday evening, Mr. Sol Marcosson will be the instumental soloist and Mr. David Bispham and Mrs. Seabury C. Ford, vocal solists.

A Headless Body Found.

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 13.—The headless body of a man was found in a vault in the rear of Charles Henson's saloon early today. The body had been badly hacked by a knife, the head having been cleanly severed. There is no clue to the identity of the dead man.

Women are Like Flowers.

Healthy and strong they blossom and bloom. Sickly, they wither and die. Every woman ought to look well and feel well. It's her right and duty, but she might as well try to put out a fire with oil as to be healthy and attractive with disease corroding the organs that make her a woman. Upon their health depends her health. If there is inflammation or weakening drains or suffering at the monthly period, attend to it at once. Don't delay. You're one step nearer the grave every day you put it off. Women can stand a great deal, but they cannot live forever with disease dragging at the most delicate and vital organs in their body. You may have been deceived in so-called cures. We don't see how you could help it—there is so much worthless stuff on the market. But you won't be disappointed in Bradfield's Female Regulator. We believe it is the one medicine on earth for womanly ills. There is as much difference between it and other so-called remedies as there is between right and wrong. Bradfield's Female Regulator soothes the pain, stops the drains, promotes regularity, strengthens, purifies and cleanses. It does all this quickly and easily and naturally. It is for women alone to decide whether they will be healthy or sick. Bradfield's Regulator lies at hand. $1 per bottle at drug store.

Send for our free booklet.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

OPENING OF PARLIAMENT.

It Will Make Public Affairs Once More Prominent Before the Nation.

In Diplomatic Circles it is Not Believed the King Will Refer to the Nicaraguan Canal.

New York Feb. 13.—A dispatch to the Tribune from London says:

The opening of parliament will bring public affairs once more within the range of vision, and the ceremonial side of the court will attract less attention than it now receives. The financial business of the exchequer will probably escape criticism from the opposition bench for Sir Michael Hicks-Beach has followed the principles of Mr. Gladstone and Sir William Vernon Harcourt in his borrowing operations and methods of financing a costly war. His latest borrowing process is not yet complete, but experts condemn it in advance as petty and feeble and contrast his entire management of national finances during the war with Secretary Gage's conduct of the American treasury during the war with Spain.

The war itself remains a source of national discontent and dissatisfaction. The latest news is that Gen. French has captured a convoy and is still driving Botha's forces eastward, but Dewet is again threatening Cape Colony with invasion, and there is little confidence among military men that Charles Knox will overtake him and entrap his burghers.

It is not believed in diplomatic circles that the king's speech will contain any reference to the Hay-Pauncefote treaty. The foreign office has not been in a position to resume negotiations over the Senate amendments at the opening of the reign, when the king and cabinet were pre-occupied with many details. There are no precedents for determining the procedure when a treaty has been amended as the canal treaty has been. It is safe to assume that the foreign office will deal with the amendments as new proposals and consider itself at liberty to alter them, precisely as the Senate has modified the original text of the treaty. If this be done there will be a resumption of negotiations either here or at Washington at an early day.

BOYS HAVE TOO MUCH MONEY

Are Arrested and Held for Identification as Indianapolis Robbers.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 13.—It is thought by the police that the two boys under arrest at Kansas City, for having in their possession money for which they could not account are the ones supposed to have robbed Fred Buechert of nearly $1,000 a few days ago. Of this money over $900 was in gold. The boys' ages correspond with those of the boys under arrest in Kansas City. Capt. Kruger, of the local police department, telephoned the Kansas City authorities requesting that the youngsters be held until something can be learned about them.

TO BE PHILIPPINE JUDGE.

Ex Lt. Gov. Bates of Vermont Going Out to the Islands.

Jonesbury, Vt., Feb. 12.—Former Lieut-Gov. Bates was today offered the position of judge in the Philippine islands and he will accept the appointment. The salary will be $5,500 per year.

Training Ship Mohican.

San Francisco, Feb. 13.—The United States training ship Mohican has come down from the Mare Island navy yard, after having been almost entirely rebuilt. She is now bark-rigged and closely resembles the old Hartford. The Mohican will take aboard about 250 apprentices here and will start on a cruise to the southern seas. She will call at Santa Barbara, San Diego, Magdalena Bay and Honolulu. On her return to San Francisco she will go north, calling at all the Puget sound ports and stopping on the Columbia river on her way home. Most of the voyaging will be done under sail.

Bubonic Plague in Siberia.

London, Feb. 13.—The Daily Mail publishes the following from its St. Petersburg correspondent:

"Serious reports are in circulation here regarding the outbreak of what was first called "hunger typhus," but is now officially admitted to be bubonic plague, in the Khirgiz steppes of western Siberia.

"Many thousands have died. The government is sending out large quantities of wheat to be distributed to the starving population, and is organizing traveling medical services to localize the outbreak."

YAQUIS KILL A RANCHER.

They Get Away from the Mexican Authorities and Make Trouble.

Tucson, Ariz., Feb. 13.—Ignacio Gaxiolo, a prominent rancher, has been ambushed and killed by Yaqui Indians at Siris, near Hermosillo. Gen. Torres made an effort to secure a large number of Yaqui Indians to take them to the interior of the republic, the government hoping to stop the Yaqui warfare by this plan. He brought the Indians to Hermosillo after the soldiers had killed Verde, an old chief of the Yaquis at Hermosillo.

The Indians broke away from 400 federal troops under Gen. Torres, who guarded them. At Siris they ravaged ranches, stole horses and provisions and fled to the Yaqui river. Several prominent ranchers were killed by the Yaquis. Soldiers pursued the Indians but caught only a few.

People are excited at Hermosillo and advices received by Tucson merchants warn Americans against going into the mountains. It is believed here that the Yaqui warfare has just begun in earnest, as a large number of hitherto peaceful Yaquis have joined the warriors.

Andrew Carnegie Interviewed.

New York, Feb. 13.—The Tribune says:

Andrew Carnegie, in an interview last night, was asked if he could say something which will allay the reported fears of Pittsburghers that when the sale is consummated it will be followed by the removal of the steel works from that city.

"The works," exclaimed Mr. Carnegie. "How could that be? That is foolish. I do not think Pittsburg fears anything like that."

"Well at least the head office of the works and the little army of clerks and accountants employed in it" said the reporter. "Pittsburghers may reasonably fear removal of these, may they not?"

THE GREAT STEEL DEAL.

Hitch in Final Arrangements is Over—Mr. Frick's Position.

Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 12.—An afternoon paper here prints a story today that the hitch in the final arrangements in the Carnegie deal is over the position to be occuped by Mr. Frick. It is said Mr. Morgan is anxious to place Mr. Frick at the head of the new combination and Mr. Carnegie is for President Schwab.

FRICK AND SCHWAB DINE.

New York, Feb. 12.—H. C. Frick and C. M. Schwab, president of the Carnegie Steel company, breakfasted together today at the Holland house and had a talk which lasted over two hours. Both refused absolutely to be interviewed.

The Evening Post says:

"It is generally believed that Mr. Carnegie's former partner will be an important factor in the consolidation. There are certain indicatons that he would be chosen executve head of the consolidated companies should he care to assume the position. But these rumors are not backed up with anything more substantial. The most that can be said is that Mr. Frick's intimacy with Mr. Morgan would seem to preclude the possibility of his being left out of the deal, both on account of friendship and for the reason that Mr. Frick could make a good fight for the minority stockholders if he did not approve the terms of the deal.

"Andrew M. Moreland, a stockholder and a former secretary of the Carnegie company, who came from Pittsburg at the same time as Mr. Frick, said he had come to buy house furnishings, and did not know the terms of Mr. Morgan's offer. He seemed surprised that he had not been told and said that he expected to look them up before Wednesday."

SEA WITCH SET ON FIRE.

Was in Manila Harbor at the Time, the Crew Being Suspected.

Seattle, Wash., Feb. 12.—Advices from Manila, dated January 5, says:

The American ship Sea Witch was set on fire in the harbor on Thursday night, presumably by some member of the crew, ten of whom are now under arrest. Launches from the cruiser Brooklyn and the transports Rosecrans and Meade, towed the burning vessel west side of the Pasig's mouth, where into twenty fathoms of water on the she was pumped full of water. It is feared she will be a total loss. The Sea Witch was built at Boston in 1882, and is now owned by Edward Lawrence. She is of 1,289 tons burden, 197 feet in length, 37 feet beam and 24 feet depth of hold. The dissatisfaction among the crew was caused by five of them being put in irons for refusing duty.

Parisian Strikers Riot.

Paris, Feb. 12.—The striking tailors and dressmakers had a meeting this afternoon, and it was announced that many of the big houses refused to release the girls at the lunch hour, to prevent their taking part in the meeting. The strikers decided to march in procession through the Rue de la Paix, and call on the work people to leave the workshops in spite of their employers. The strikers, on emerging into the street, singing the "Marseillaise," were met by the police and dispersed. There were several conflicts, during which a number of work girls were roughly handled. Several tailors who interposed were bruised and arrested. The police superintendent had to reprimand his men.

BOSTON GETS AN ART TREASURE

It is a Portrait of Little Prince Carlos by Velasquez.

Boston, Feb. 13.—The Boston Museum of Fine Arts now possesses one of the finest examples of the old masters in this country. It is a Velasquez, a portrait of little Prince Carlos and his dwarf playmate, painted about 1632 when the son of Philip IV was two and a half years old. The picture is hung in the Lawrence room of the museum, carefully railed off.

The reported price paid by the board of directors of the museum is $80,000. The selling price was adverticed at $90,000, but though the directors will not say what was paid, it is understood that they secured a slight reduction.

Gen. Charles G. Loring, director of the museum, said:

"I have no hesitation in declaring it the finest picture in this country. We secured it from Castle Howard, the seat of the Earl of Carlisle, in the north of England, where it has hung for 150 years."

The portrait is life size and in a splendid state of preservation.

DEATH MASK OF NAPOLEON.

It is Rescued from an Ash Barrel by Col. Julian Scott, the Well Known Artist.

It Was Taken at St. Helena, and Formerly Belonged to the Spooner Collection.

Plainfield, N. J., Feb. 13.—From an ash barrel that had been consigned to a dump, Col. Julian Scott, the well-known artist, has rescued a death mask of Napoleon, which was taken at St. Helena after the death of the great general. The mask is a mate to the one highly prized in the collection of the Metropolitan Museum of Art, which was presented by Mrs. Astor.

The mask found by Col. Scott belonged to the Spooner collection of valuable works of art when the owner lived in North Plainfield. After his death it fell into hands who did not know its value, and gradually drifted to one side until it fell into the ash barrel, and was found just in the nick of time by Col. Scott. Although somewhat damaged now, Col. Scott believes that he will be able to restore it to its original value.

Fatal Duel With Revolvers.

Williamson, W. Va., Feb. 13.—A dual with revolvers was fought near Thacker today between Wm. Carrison and John Ray. Ray was killed instantly. The dual was the result of a long standing grudge.

A Convincing Answer.

"I hobbled into Mr. Blackmon's drug store one evening," says Wesley Nelson of Hamilton, Ga., "and he asked me to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism with which I had suffered for a long time. I told him I had no faith in any medicine as they all failed. He said: 'Well if Chamberlain's Pain Balm does not help you, you need not pay for it. I took a bottle of it home and used it according to the directions and in one week I was cured, and have not since been troubled with rheumatism.

Lump coal (Castle Gate or Rock Springs) is $5.00 a ton.
Not—$4.75.
No—slack is not the same price, although you might think so from the amount some dealers send you with your other coal.

Bamberger,
161 Main.

Buyers of Royal Bread are protected by this label. ROYAL BREAD

ASHTON, WHYTE & SKILLIHORN CO

(Successors to Watson Brothers)

CUT STONE Dealers in all kinds of Cut Stone for Buildings, Curbing, Cemetery Coping, Etc.

OFFICE AND YARDS—32 to 34 North Sixth West street, Salt Lake City.

THE COMING LIGHT. Beats electricity, cheaper than kerosene. The Standard Gas Lamp Co., Chicago, has a branch at 1225 11th St., Denver, Colo. We want one agent, merchant or individual, in every (unoccupied) town or county in the U. S. Big money for agents. Lamp has given greatest satisfaction for 1½ years. Latest improvements. Thousands of testimonials. Indorsed by Insurance Cos. Largest factory in U. S. 41 styles, all brass. Lowest prices. Retail $4 up. Sample lamp half price. Send postal for catalogue.

THESE HOT WATER BOTTLES ARE GOING FAST.

And there is little wonder.
'Cause they're 25c to 50c cheaper than you've been able to get the same goods for before.
They're made of a fine quality of rubber.
Made extra strong in joints.
They hold two full quarts.
And the price is just
SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS.
If you've used a hot water bottle, you'll know how seventy-five cents' worth of good you can get out of one.
If you've never used one, it won't cost you much to try now.
We know you'll never be without one hereafter.

F. C. SCHRAMM,

Prescription Druggist,
Where the cars stop, McCornick Building.

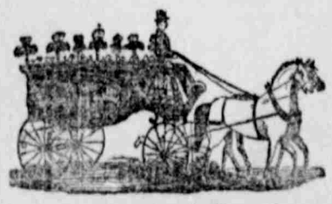
DR. J. B. KEYSOR

DENTAL PARLORS,
240 S. Main St
Next door North of Walker House.

Good Set of Teeth for $8.00.

Amalgam or silver filling	$1.00
Gold fillings	$1.00 and up
Teeth cleaned	$1.00
Solid gold crowns	$5.00
Bridge work, per tooth	$5.00

Crown & Bridge Work a Specialty.



Joseph E. Taylor,

PIONEER UNDERTAKER

Of Utah. Open day and night. Factory and Warerooms No 253 E. First South, 1½ blocks east of Theater.