

FIFTY-SECOND YEAR. A FIVE HUNDRED THOUSAND BUILDING Appropriation for Salt Lake Increased—Speaker Glasmann and Banker McCornick Protest Against Present Site.

When on motion of the chairman the question was put to a vote and was concurred in by a large majority during the debate. Representative Glynn of New York, spoke against the location of the present site and presented the petition heretofore published, protesting against the site. Afterward the bill was finally passed there being only five votes against it. The bill will pass the Senate this afternoon. The speaker received a telegram from the speaker of the house of representatives of Utah, McCornick and others protesting against the present site. Athol Rawlins, son of Senator Rawlins, who is attending school in Pennsylvania, is here for a few days. BILL PASSES THE SENATE. Washington, March 2.—The House omnibus public building bill passed the Senate without amendment.

SENOR MENDEZ CAPOTE OF CUBA.

President of Constitutional Convention Says Senate Resolution is Distasteful—Will Never Consent to Conceding Control of Foreign Affairs.

New York, March 2.—Mendez Capote, the president of the Cuban constitutional convention, is quoted in a Havana dispatch to the World as saying, not in his own official capacity, but as a member of the convention, relative to the Cuban situation and the island's relations with the United States: "I regret that the Senate has passed a resolution which is most distasteful and betrays a total misunderstanding of the situation. I am amazed at the reported declaration of Sen. Root that the Cubans must agree to the concessions proposed. "I do not believe that the convention will yield. Personally I will never concede control of the island to the United States. They would mean interference in local affairs at any time and also the maintenance of an unheard of relations. "We ask only the fulfillment of the promise of the United States, which was accepted as it was made. I am surprised at the utterly false statements in the American press, which appear to be campaigning against us. "It has systematically created the impression that we are ignoring President McKinley's express desires and falling to embody in the constitution his opinions as to the relations which should exist between Cuba and the United States. On the contrary the convention was instructed to consider those opinions. Subsequently there was a further suppression of facts and a fabrication of statements in the attempt to convince Americans that we should accept the terms which Sen. Root presented. Having rejected those, the Senate's action is intended to frighten us. Whether it will do so remains to be seen. "A demonstration has been planned for Sunday to show approval of the convention's attitude and to pledge support to its policy. "The Diario de la Marina commends the convention's action and says that the United States' demands showed the belief that there was an expressed desire on the part of the Cubans to make the concessions. "That we should surrender our purses on demand would be no surprise, because by force one is hanged, but that we should wish them taken is expecting too much. As the regular hour for meetings on the part of the Cubans has been as logical and dignified as the government which rules by virtue of intervention."

FOUR TRAINMEN WERE KILLED.

Knoxville, Tenn., March 2.—Two fast freight trains on the Southern Railway collided two miles west of Lenoir City early today while running at high rate of speed. Four trainmen were killed, three fatally wounded and several seriously injured. Not a member of either crew escaped.

CONGRESSIONAL LEGISLATION.

Washington, March 2.—The House received at 9 o'clock this morning after the recess taken last night. It had been agreed that the two hours from 10 to 11, should be devoted to unanimous consent legislation. Owing to the usually early hour of meeting the hall was almost empty when the speaker dropped the gavel, but the fact that members were to have an opportunity to pass bills by consent was a great inducement, and within a few minutes they began arriving, each with a bill in hand. After the bills had been passed to amend the Chinese exclusion act to authorize the striking of medals to the Spanish war heroes; to authorize the deposit of moneys collected from customs in authorized government depositories; and to authorize the appointment of Thomas Lutz Stitt as an officer in the navy, Mr. Bailey, (Neb.) objected to action upon all bills by unanimous consent. He was appointed to all his sides to block proceedings, but on all refused to yield. The speaker then recognized Mr. Sperry (Conn.) to move the passage under suspension of the rules of the Senate bill prohibiting the sale by Americans of firearms, opium and intoxicating liquors in certain islands of the Pacific. Then brought matters to a second and third reading by making the point of no return. A call of the House was ordered and the sergeant-at-arms was instructed to bring in absentees. It was 10:30 before enough members were present to make up the quorum. Mr. Sperry then proceeded to explain that the bill was designed to prevent the sale by Americans of firearms and intoxicating liquors in certain islands of the New Hebrides. Mr. Bailey declared that the men behind the pending bill were not entirely honest in trying to protect savages from the harmful influences of intoxicating liquors. Why were not the Philippines and the Hawaiian islands included? He understood that since the

Salt company of the United States of America, has aroused considerable interest. The agent in London of the National Salt company of the United States informed representative of the Associated Press today that he knows nothing of the suggested combine. He said: "We believe American salt can be sold in Great Britain cheaper than the native product, in spite of freight charges. We are already contracting for two thousand tons per month, and certainly have not the slightest intention of combining with Great Britain. We are here to compete, not to combine."

Balloting for Senator. Helena, Mont., March 2.—Conrad made further gains in the contest for senator today. The vote was Carter, (Rep.), 32; Frank, (fusion), 25; Conrad, (fusion), 18; Cooper, (fusion), 9; MacGinnis, (fusion), 7; Toole, 1. Lincoln, Neb., March 2.—The ballot on United States senator today resulted as follows,

Allen, (fusion), 35; Hitchcock, (fusion), 23; Thompson, (fusion), 17; Harrington, (fusion), 5; D. E. Thompson, 36; Melick-John, 29; Currie, 13; Cronz, 7; Hinshaw, 11; Rosewater, 14; scattering, 20.

BAD ITALIANS ARRESTED. Suspect of Intending to Blow Up the Quirinal. New York, March 2.—A dispatch to the Herald from Rio de Janeiro says: "The police have arrested here two Italian, Cecilia and Donato, who sent a letter to the king of Italy announcing that a conspiracy had been formed to take his life. Both prisoners denied at first that they knew anything about the letter, but the chief of police pressed them until they confessed. They said that a man named Levecchia, who has sailed for Montevideo with the object of embarking there for Genoa had planned to explode the Quirinal and the palace. The Brazilian authorities immediately cabled to Rome and Genoa. The chief of police of Genoa replied that Levecchia had been arrested."

De Roulede Wants a Duel. Paris, March 2.—The speech of M. De Roulede at San Sebastian, accusing the royalists of betraying his attempted coup on the occasion of the funeral of the late President Faure, in 1899, has aroused the keenest interest which is heightened by the emphatic denial of M. Andre Buffet, the agent of the Duke of Orleans. The affair took a still more interesting turn today as M. De Roulede's political intimate, M. Gailli, received a telegram from him maintaining all his statements and repeating that some one came to him during the night of February 22, 1899, and asked him what he would do if the Duke of Orleans appeared among his friends. M. De Roulede replied that he would arrest him with his hands. On the following day De Roulede's consented preparations were overthrown. "I know," continued M. De Roulede, "that it was the royalists who informed on my unaccountable repudiation and my withdrawal from republicanism. I conclude with charging Gailli and another intimate friend, M. Du Montelle, to see M. Buffet and arrange a duel. M. Buffet, since his condemnation by the high court, has been living in Brussels. M. Gailli and Du Montelle will proceed there tomorrow. If the duel is arranged, which is thought probable, it will take place in Switzerland or Italy."

Sec'y Long to Naval Cadets. Washington, March 2.—In view of the attention which has been attracted to the proceedings at Annapolis yesterday, a statement was solicited at the department touching the reference in Secretary Long's speech on the water line to the proceedings at Annapolis. It stated that the secretary, seeking to stimulate the ambition of the young cadets, referred to the great victory at Manila under the command of Dewey and the great victory at Santiago under the command of Sampson. He then pointed upon the stand and seated near him, three of the war captains, pointed towards them and named Cook, Evans and Wainwright as men, who had by their achievements added lustre to the bright history of the American navy and as worthy of emulation by the cadets. There was no intention to connect directly and in one class, Dewey, Sampson and Cook.

"Pony Express" System Upheld. Chicago, March 2.—Judge Kohlsaat, in the United States district court today sustained the action of a jury which gave a verdict in favor of the United States Express company and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad company. He decided, however, that the verdict for \$2,000 in favor of the plaintiffs was excessive. The defendant, Joseph F. Lund, was ordered to re-appear for a new trial to be avoided. The "pony express" system is the name given the methods employed by the United States Express company in their buy goods in the city and carry them back to the depot, the express companies thus being deprived of what they considered their legitimate business.

Republicans Name Judge Haney. Chicago, March 2.—Judge Elbridge Haney, of the circuit court, was today nominated for mayor by the Republican city convention on the eighth ballot. The Preble Launched. San Francisco, March 2.—The torpedo boat destroyer Preble was successfully launched at the ship building plant of the Union Iron works today. The Preble is one of the sixteen torpedo boat destroyers ordered by the government two years ago, and is the second one built in San Francisco. Her counterpart, having been launched October 27, 1900, while the Paul Jones, the third, will probably be ready for launching within sixty days. The boat has a length on the water line of 245 feet, a maximum beam of 23 feet, and will draw on trial displacement of 420 tons 8 feet of water over the tips of her two screws. All of the woodwork is fireproof and the boat's subdivision is into 212 compartments. With 239 revolutions a minute the engines will develop a speed of thirty knots. The limit of cost placed upon these vessels was \$250,000, on basis of the regular speed. The armament of the Preble consists of two three-inch rapid-fire guns, five six-pounders and two eighteen-inch torpedo tubes.

MUST PAY FOR SMOKESTACK. Attorney-General Breiden in answer to a request from Hon. W. G. Van Horne, chairman of the judiciary committee of the House of Representatives, today furnished an opinion in the case of the claim of Samuel Holmes as assignee of Garrick & Holmes for \$197 for the erection of a smokestack for the State University, being House claim No. 18. Heretofore the committee in all its aspects the attorney-general gave as his opinion that the claim could be allowed by the Legislature without any constitutional objections being successfully raised.

SENATE KILLS SALARY BILLS.

Against Raise for State Board of Equalization Members. ALSO THE SUPREME JUDGES

The Senate today gave an evidence of its desire to work. Its time was first taken up by the report of the committee on salaries, which reported adversely on Senate bill No. 62, increasing the salaries of the State board of Equalization from \$400 to \$1,000. Senator Thomas opposed the report and moved that the bill be recommitted to the committee. He was supported by Senator Smoot. They thought that a salary of \$400 was ridiculously low. Senators Allison and Alder argued in favor of the adoption of the report. After some further discussion, the report was adopted, which killed the bill. The committee on salaries recommended that House bill No. 2, providing for the salaries of Justices of the Supreme court, be not passed. The report was adopted. The bill was to raise the salaries of the Supreme court judges to \$5,000 a year.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS. Lower Branch Will Meet Twice a Day Hereafter—Bills Acted Upon.

Members were nearly all in their seats today. After the usual routine of business ten bills were introduced. House joint resolution No. 4, thanking the people of Utah for their noble response to the Governor's call for help for the Scottish sufferers was unanimously adopted. On motion of Mr. Homer it was ordered that on and after Monday next the House will meet twice daily—at 10 o'clock in the morning and 2 in the afternoon. House bill No. 204, by D. H. Morris, to provide for placing road brands on herds of 100 or more cattle and horses being driven through or from one part of the State to another, and fixing the penalty for its violation at from \$100 to \$300, or imprisonment not to exceed six months. House bill No. 205, by Axton, creating the office of stenographer of the Supreme court at a salary of \$1,000. House bill No. 206, by McFarland, the request, to amend the statutes with regard to horticulture, and giving the members of the State board of horticulture power to nominate fruit tree inspectors, subject to the approval of the county commissioners. House bill No. 207, by Hamlin, by request, for the encouragement of the poultry industry, and providing for an appropriation of \$100,000 therefor. House bill No. 208, by Anderson, to amend the statutes relating to the school for the deaf, dumb and blind, and providing for a superintendent and principal of the school, and defining their duties. House bill No. 209, by D. H. Morris, to appropriate \$1,800 for highways and bridges for Washington county. House bill No. 210, by Smith, to amend the statutes in relation to taxation in cities. House bill No. 211, by Smith, to exempt from taxation the property of municipal corporations held under contract. House bill No. 212, by Mr. Smith, permitting the waiver of jury trials in the district court in civil actions. House bill No. 213, by Smith, relating to costs on appeal from justices' courts. Redd's bill No. 115, for the annexation of San Juan to Grand county, had just been put on final passage when this report closed.

IDAHO LEGISLATURE.

Passed Sheep Quarantine Bill, Which is Now With the Governor.

Boise, Ida., March 2.—In the senate this morning the sheep quarantine bill was passed under suspension and is now in the hands of the governor. The new apportionment bill passed the senate by a vote of 11 to 7, all Republicans voting against it. The number of members of the House from 49 to 46. The Moore arbitration bill will come up for final action in the senate this afternoon. In the house a bill authorizing the taking up of bonds in the sum of \$11,000 raised. The bonds were issued to build the Idaho Little Salmon meadows wagon road. The bill giving village trustees power to appoint watchmen with police authority passed. The bill appropriating \$5,000 to cover deficiencies at the Aldon and Lewiston Normal schools passed. The appropriations committee presented a bill for payment of expenses for the ensuing two years, amounting to \$43,550. It is practically the same as that of two years ago.

IDAHO DAM BREAKS.

W. F. Armstrong of Salt Lake Leaves to Investigate. W. F. Armstrong, of the Utah Commercial and Savings bank, received a telegram last night announcing that a big reservoir dam on his ranch near Treadwell, Idaho, was breaking away. The dam reaches across the canyon, thus causing the storage of a vast volume of water. The full nature of the break was not disclosed but it was regarded so serious that Mr. Armstrong took the first train for the purpose of investigating the situation. He will be gone some days.

AN ANXIOUS HUSBAND.

Idaho Man Says His Wife Has Run Away With Another Fellow. B. F. Morris, of Boise, Idaho, has written County Clerk James a letter, asking as to whether or not he had, within the past six weeks, issued a marriage license to a man, whose name he does not know, and a woman by the name of Bettie Morris, who is about 40 years old. He says, in his wife. He claims that while he was absent from Boise and in Seattle, that the couple eloped, he having just heard of the affair. He further states that he also has heard that the runaways came to Salt Lake, procured a marriage li-

cence and afterwards were married. If they have not yet appeared here he requests Mr. James to refuse them the permit, and to at once notify the police of the situation. An examination of the records disclosed the fact that within the time specified, no such parties had applied and received a license to marry at the county clerk's office. Of course they might have appeared under assumed names and procured the desired instrument.

SPENCER CLAWSON HOME.

Feels Sure That Federal Building Appropriation Will be Made. Spencer Clawson returned home yesterday afternoon from New York, where he has been for a month on business. He went to Washington when the question of a site for the Federal building was under discussion and introduced the objection to the Walker site before the committee of the Lower House who had the matter under consideration. Mr. Clawson says he thinks that there is no doubt about the appropriation being made for the Federal building here. He says that the country is in a most prosperous condition and especially so with the wholesale interests of New York and Chicago.

A SAD HOMECOMING.

Lieut. Pearson Will Arrive Tuesday to Attend His Mother's Funeral. (SPECIAL TO THE "NEWS.") Draper, Utah, March 2.—A telegram has been received from Lieut. Harry A. Pearson of the United States navy saying that he will arrive home in time to attend his mother's funeral, which will be held from the Draper ward meeting house on Tuesday. Mrs. Pearson died at her home in Draper on Thursday. She was one of the early settlers of the town, and was a widely respected woman, and died at the age of 83 years. She leaves a husband and seven children. One of her sons, Andrew C., returned home from a mission to Norway just before his mother's death. The lieutenant, it will be remembered, served with Admiral Dewey in Oriental waters at the outbreak of the war with Spain, and was in charge of the Zafiro, which cut the cable that connected Manila with the outside world. Later he came home on a furlough and was given a hearty welcome by his neighbors in his own town and State. It is not known how long he will remain this time, but it is presumed his sojourn will be brief.

TO MASTER IN CHANCERY.

Order of Judge Marshall in Assyrian Asphalt Controversy. In the case of the United States vs the Assyrian Asphalt company, which was argued some time ago and taken under advisement by Judge Marshall, a written opinion was handed down by the court this morning, which has points in favor of the defendant, but is really in favor of the claims of the plaintiffs. Part of the mining claims hitherto owned by the defendant, the court ruled, are west of the boundary line, and the case is referred to S. H. Lewis, master in chancery, to hear testimony from both sides and to accurately determine on the boundary line so that permanent boundary lines may be placed. A description of the property east of such line is ordered for which the ruling of the court declares the patent to be void unless counsel can agree on a description by written stipulation. As to the two cases against the Illinois Asphaltum company, the court found that the claims of such company were entirely east of the boundary line and ordered decrees to be entered in favor of the plaintiff in those cases.

GOING AFTER SMITH.

Governor Wells Today Issues Requisition Papers for the Man. William S. Willcox, county attorney of Wasatch county, today filed a petition with Governor Wells, asking for requisition papers to apprehend and bring back for trial, one Thomas S. Smith, whom it is believed is now in Canyon City, Colorado. Smith is accused of the crime of fornication, committed with a 17-year-old girl, Eleanor Murdoch, at Heber, Wasatch county, on various times from November, 1899, until August, 1900, and on the 15th of January, 1901, Smith fled from the State. The sheriff of Wasatch county has received two telegrams from the sheriff of Fremont county, Colorado, to the effect that the fugitive is at the place stated. The girl involved in the case is about to become a mother. Governor Wells readily granted the requisition papers desired, and armed with these, an officer will at once start on his way to bring the accused man back for trial.

HEALTH REPORT.

Seven More Births Than Deaths During the Past Week. The city's weekly health report, ending today, shows the following: Births, 23; males, 13; females, 10. Deaths, 16; males, 8; females, 8. Bodies brought here for interment, 2; shipped elsewhere, 6. No smallpox cases reported, 25, as against 30 for last week. Now under quarantine in the city, 87 cases, against 80 for the previous week. Six cases of scarlet fever were reported compared with three for last week, now making 14 cases in the city. During the week two cases of diphtheria developed, making five cases now under quarantine, against three for last week. Two cases of variola and one of measles were also reported.

LATE LOCALS.

Fisher Harris went to Erda, Tooele county today on State land business. He will return home this evening. The State board of examiners held another session in Governor Wells' office this afternoon, to consider claims arising from expenses created through the action of the Legislature. The Historical Society of Utah will hold a meeting on next Friday evening in the lecture hall of the new Latter-day Saints' college building. Addresses will be delivered by Mrs. Sanford and Mrs. Fox, of Salt Lake, and Prof. Geo. H. Brintnall, of Provo. An entertaining musical program will also be given. The public is invited to be present. Mr. Hay of the Pacific Lumber company of this city wishes his numerous friends to know that he was not the same individual who gave his name to the police as James R. Hay when arrested several days ago on the charge of forgery. While the initials are the same, the gentleman wishes it understood that he is of a different crop. Bert Herler, a miner recently brought in from Bingham suffering from pneumonia, died at the Keogh-Hosmer hospital this morning. He had been a relative in Minnesota, who have been notified of his loss.

RIGHT TO TAX UTAH SHEEP AFFIRMED.

Wyoming Supreme Court Sustains Decision of the District Court in Case of John Kelly vs County Assessor Rhoades.

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 2.—In the case of John Kelly against County Assessor Rhoades, the supreme court has sustained the decision of the district court, affirming the right of the State to tax sheep which were being driven through the State from Utah to Nebraska. Kelly sought to evade the tax on the ground that the property was the subject of interstate commerce, but the court held that as the sheep grazed while in transit, the tax did not conflict with the interstate commerce laws.

WHAT THE LEGISLATURE DID THIS WEEK.

PASSED BOTH HOUSES. Senate bill No. 13, by Murdoch, to amend the statutes, relating to the bonding of school districts. House bill No. 69, by Anderson, relating to executions issued from district courts. House bill No. 70, by Anderson, relating to judgment liens. House bill No. 95, by D. H. Morris, allowing causes of action arising without the State to be tried in the county where the complaint is filed. House bill No. 65, to allow monthly payments of the contingent expenses of the state superintendent. House bill No. 42, by D. H. Morris, relating to place of trial. House bill No. 38, by Smith, relative to appeals to the Supreme Court. House bill No. 71, by Anderson, relative to executions. PASSED THE SENATE. Senate bills Nos. 69 and 70, by Whitmore, relating to marks and brands. Senate bill No. 47, by Bennion, to relinquish to the United States unsurveyed school land in lieu of a grant of land of equal area. Senate bill No. 73, to create and define the powers and duties of the state board of land commissioners and the investment of the funds arising from the sale and leasing of state lands. Senate bill No. 34, by Allison, taxing inheritances of \$15,000 and over, five per cent.

PASSED THE HOUSE. House bill No. 39, by Evans, providing for the uses in which the right of eminent domain may be exercised. House bill No. 140, by McGregor, authorizing city councils to grant franchises to railroad and union railroad depot companies. House bill No. 142, by McMillan, providing for the formation of railroad corporations. House bill No. 147, by D. H. Morris, authorizing cities to encourage railroad construction by granting depot sites, etc. House bill No. 55, by Harmon, relating to the duties of county attorney. House bill No. 26, by Holzhauser, providing for special venire on payment of \$20 on day before trial. House bill No. 34, by Holzhauser, relating to the criminal jurisdiction of justices' courts. House bill No. 35, by Holzhauser, making it a misdemeanor to use coercion in influencing people to trade or board at any house. House bill No. 115, by Redd, to provide for the manner of annexing counties. House bills Nos. 157, 158, 159, 160, by Smith, abolishing the office of justice of the peace and establishing a city court. KILLED. House bill No. 91, by D. C. Johnson, relating to the sale or disposal of rights of way upon state lands. House bill No. 127, by Holmgren, abolishing the office of district attorney. This bill had passed once, but was killed on reconsideration. House bill No. 74, by Smith, to raise the salaries of district judges. House bill No. 75, by Gardner, to declare saloons a common nuisance in cities and towns whose ordinances prohibit the sale of liquor. House bill No. 151, by Holzhauser, authorizing county commissioners to appoint watchmen.

MORMON WOMEN MEET.

Interesting Sessions of Relief Society Primary Association Officers. The quarterly conference of the Salt Lake Stake Relief Society was held today in the Fourteenth ward assembly hall, President M. I. Horne and her counselors, Mrs. Annie T. Hyde and Mrs. Clara C. Cannon, presiding. The meeting opened with prayer and singing, after which reports were read and Pres. Horne made an interesting address, which was heard with pleasure by her listeners, its interest being enhanced from the fact of its being her first attendance at the meetings since her serious illness. She was followed by President Zina D. Young of the General Relief Society, who gave important advice to the assembly. Mrs. Annie Hyde followed with interesting remarks, in which she brought up the subject of the study of parliamentary law under the teaching of Mrs. Urruhart Lee, who is to open classes here on March 13th. She recalled that the Prophet Joseph Smith at the organization of the society in Nauvoo had advised the observance of parliamentary rules in conducting the meetings, and believed that a knowledge of parliamentary law would be of great benefit in conducting the Relief Society meetings. She stated that if a class of one hundred and fifty could be organized, that the tuition would be only one dollar apiece, for each member, for the course of ten lessons. She suggested the idea that the presidents and counselors of societies should take the course, or if impossible for them to do so, to send some representative who could attend and afterwards instruct the society in parliamentary usage. Mrs. Nellie C. Taylor had stated that the Young Ladies' associations had expressed themselves as willing to pay for the course taken by the representatives selected. "Life is a progress, not a station," Mrs. Hyde quoted, and she believed that the Relief Societies should constantly progress. Mrs. Horne, Mrs. C. Cannon, Mrs. Bathsheba Smith and Mrs. Sarah Cannon each spoke in favor of taking the course. They all believed that the older as well as the younger ones would be benefited, and that more would be fitted to enjoy the blessings of heaven. The meeting closed with remarks by Mrs. Horne. Another interesting meeting was held at 2 o'clock, and many things relative to the interest and welfare of the society individually and collectively were discussed. The meeting adjourned at 3 p. m.

OBJECTIONS WITHDRAWN.

Those Against Coffin in Bankruptcy Case No. More. The Federal court was in session this morning and two very important matters were disposed of by Judge Marshall. In the case of E. C. Coffin, bankrupt, the counsel for the plaintiffs, the First National Bank of Halley, stated that his clients did not wish to further urge objections to the discharge of said Coffin from his debts. The court wished to know if there were any pecuniary reasons for this action and upon being assured that there were not, the said objections were ordered dismissed on motion of the objecting creditors. Before Judge Hall. In equity cases Judge Hall today made the following orders: Estate of William Turner, deceased; Jane and John M. Turner appointed administrators under bond of \$12,000. Jane A. Smalls vs Howard Robertson, et al; decree to plaintiff of right title to real estate described in her complaint. Rosena J. Barker vs Ailie A. Barker; defendant ordered to pay plaintiff \$100 by 1st of April, and \$10 on the first of each month thereafter. Emelie Roeder vs Emil Roeder; decree of divorce for plaintiff. Suit on Promissory Note. William S. Farris this afternoon filed a suit in the district court against Sarah A. and Catherine Bartlett, to recover \$473.10 and interest at 12 per cent, alleged to be due on a promissory note secured by a chattel mortgage, on a lot of household effects, at No. 329 south West Temple street. Plaintiff asks that the mortgage be foreclosed, and also judgment for \$75 attorney's fees. Case of Tillie Williams. In Judge Stewart's court today the forenoon was entirely taken up with the trial of the State vs Tillie Williams. This afternoon Assistant County Attorney Looftrow made the arguments for the State, and Attorney J. M. Hamlin argued in behalf of the defendant. The case was taken to the jury about 3 p. m.