MUCH INTERESTED

est in the Inquiry-Lieut. Bristol

Maintains He is Right.

Washington, Oct. 9 .- Notwithstanding | gave here as in other cases in which

# THE DESERET EVENING NEWS.

FIFTY-SECOND YEAR

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9. 1901. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

NUMBER 276.

# CITY DEMOCRATS IN CONVENTION.

#### Gather for Purpose of Nominating a General Ticket-Many Political Legends And War Cries.

in the city.

"History repeats itself always-Democratic economy vs. Republican ex-

"History fails to record a greater po-litical incubator than the present Re-publican city administration."

"City's miscellaneous debt..... 600,000 "City's bonded indebtedness... 2,798,000

"Will the Republican platform 'point with pride or view with alarm,' when it comes to the planks on street sprinkling?"

MORNING SESSION.

Temporary Officers and Committees

Take Up Their Duties.

The process of seating before the

opening of the convention was at-tended with the usual tardiness of dele-

gates, but the time was not allowed to

CALLED TO ORDER.

Dr. H. A. Anderson called the convention to order, but as some of the delegations remained out of their seats the band played a short piece and by that time the gathering was prepared and disposed to proceed with its business.

TEMPORARY OFFICERS.

JUDGE HENDERSON.

ship Judge Henderson said that the convention today was confronted with such a municipal condition as will require

the Democratic party to nominate such a ticket as will in itself be a platform.

The men who are elected to fill post-

have no policy but the enforcement of

the laws of the municipality as they appear upon the statute books. "When

the mayor of this city," said Judge Henderson, "may be asked what his policy is, be should be able to reply; What is the law? That is my policy."

The speaker expressed his confidence in the convention to do its duty in this

COMMITTEES APPOINTED.

Fisher S. Harris moved the appoint-

ment of committees upon credentials,

permanent organization and order or

business, and platform and resolutions

These committees were named as fol-

Permanent organization and order of

Sawyer; Second precinct, J. G. Cecil; Third precinct, Gideon A. Gibbs, Fourth precinct, Major R. W. Young; Fifth precinct, E. V. Duncan.

Montgomery: Second precinct, August Stein: Third precinct, John Back; Fourth precinct, W. J. Bateman; Fifth precinct, Adam Paul.

Platform and resolutions—First pre-cinct, Judge E. D. Hoge; Second pre-

cinct, P. C. Lewis; Third precinct, D. O. Willey; Fourth precinct, Fisher S. Harris; Fifth precinct, Jos. E. Taylor.

NOTICE OF CONTEST.

David P. Felt was here recognized and said: "Mr. Chairman: I desire to

in district 36 upon the grounds that the meeting there was packed with Repub-

RECESS TAKEN.

committees to meet upon the stage im-mediately after the declaration of recess

the convention dispersed until 2 o'clock

Contest Considered.

At the meting of the committee on credentials Mr. David P. Feit in behalf of the contesting delegation, presented a protest declaring that these delegates had been duly and properly elected to represent district 36, in the Third precinct, to represent that dis-

trict in the city convention: Edward Brook, James Stacey, David

P. Feit, Mrs. Hilma Halvorson, D. M. Whitaker, H. Urry. Ben Hollings-worth; alternate, John McDuff.

Mr. Felt's petition was intended to unseat the following delegates, regu-larly reported: Ben. Hollingsworth, G. R. Jones, F. S. Fernstrom, J. B. Full-nier. Hyrum P. Folsom, Carl F. Ander-son, John A. Sundstrom; alternates, Alf Lundstead, Mrs. Joseph Halverson.

recommend to the convention the seat-ing of the latter delegation, but not be-

fore an executive session of the com-mittee had been held.

AFTERNOON SESSION

Late Meeting.

It was 2:30 when Chairman Hender-

son called the convention to order and

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

A report from the committee on per-manent organization and order of bus-

Chairman-Hon. Henry P. Hender-

Vice chairman-Hon, Andrew How-

Reading clerk-August Stein, Sergeant-at-arms-Brigham E. West,

The same committee recommended

he following order of business: Installation of permanent officers. Reading report of committee on cred-

Reading of report of committee on platform and resolutions.

Election of city campaign committee.

Nominating candidates for city offices

in the following order: Mayor, judges

(Continued on Page Two)

ORDER OF BUSINESS

Secretary-James C. Leary.

recommended the following-

Permanent Organization Effected

called for reports.

After the chairman had notified all

give notice to the convention that

licans, pliens and children.

this afternoon.

John

business-First precinct, Judge A.

Credentials-First

Upon taking the temporary chairman-

"City's proportion of county

Without doubt the Salt Lake Dem- | \$4.50 on every man, woman and child ocracy was the most active force in the community today. Delegates to the number of 554 gathered in the Theater at 11 o'clock this forenoon and took the preliminary steps towards the framing of a general ticket that will be submitted to the voters for their support at the polls on election day. The actual time of meeting was scheduled for 10:30 o'clock, but it was half an hour later when order was called and the transaction of business was commenced. The attendance aside from the dele-

gates was not specially large or small. It was what might be termed a "fair showing." During the wait that preceded the falling of the chairman's gavel music filled the air and curious groups of Democrats spent no unimportant period of time in reading the many gaily painted "take-off" banners that illuminated the interior of the old building as it probably never was illuminated before. This occupation applied more particu-

larly to visitors than to the delegates themselves as the latter were busily engaged in campaign work for their favorite candidates. When the convention was called to order there was not a Democrat in the house who dared venture, for instance, who the party's nominee for mayor would be; and as a result of the extreme uncertainty there was much anxiety for fear the "right man" might not be named. There were strong supporters of Charles Crane, delegates who were anxious to boom Frank Stephens for the place, notwith. standing the fact that he is an avowed candidate for the office of city attorney; men and women who worked hard to create a stampede for City Treasure. Morris, who has only wanted to permit the use of his name as his own successor to the office he now holds; friends of ex-Mayor John Clark, who point to his record of the past and declare that #3 was just the man wanted. Then there was a considerable number of convention workers who favored the nomination of Bishop O. F. Whitney as candidate for mayor instead of nominating him for city treasurer, the office now held by Mr. Morris; James C. Leary's name was frequently suggested this afternoon and printed tickets bearing the same filled the air.

OFFICES TO BE FILLED.

The offices to be filled are as follows. City Attorney. Recorder. Treasurer. Auditor.

Two Judges. CAMPAIGN WAR CRIES.

The Theater stage was o'er topped by two huge American flags, and potted plants lined its sides and bordered the footlights. Political legends and war cries were lavishly besprinkled about the galleries, proscenium and stage boxes, all being of a character calculated to point out the alleged weak-nesses and indiscretions of the Republican administration in this city. largest one stretched completely across the stage. It was couched in the fol-lowing language and like the others come after, was frequently applauded by the delegates:

"In less than two years the Republican administration has squandered \$250,000 special water bonds, increased values and taxes: also creased salaries, created new offices, and allowed numerous incompetent deputies to be retained to its shame

"We voted water bonds-we have Sunday whisky." "We asked for water-we got in-

creased taxation.' 'Tis the voice of Ezra; but the hand

"Water (bonds) everywhere; but not

a drop to drink. "Salt Lake City wants a mayor, not

a deputy mayor. "The more they help us, the worse

our condition." "Republican success means higher

"Dare the Republicans tell us what we owe?"

"Republicanism and bankruptcy mean the same thing for Salt Lake

"The taxpayers voted money for water. Where's the water? Where's the money?????"

"We want a mayor who doesn't claim to be bigger than the ordinances be has sworn to enforce."

"The temperance people ask Mayor Thompson for bread and he gave them

"The Twin Past Grand Masters in the art of 'How not to do it,' Mayor

mpson and Chief Hilton." 'If only our streets could be sprinthe whisky, sold on Sundays, what would have." what ideal thoroughfares we

"WANTED-A city council that citizens do not need to apologize and blush for."

"What has become of the \$250,000 water bonds? Echo answers, where? Turn the rascals out." "Sunday school workers to the mayor-Stop Sunday whiskey selling. Mayor to Sunday school workers-

"Salt Lake's bonded debt is \$2,798,000; her overdraft \$140,000; her annual in-terest on bonds alone, \$122,400. Where

What beautiful weather we are hav-

"Salt Lake's total indebtedness is over \$4,000,000. This is a mortgage of Gen. Smith Sails from Manila for the Rebellious Island.

RELIEF OF SAMAR.

of Samar and Leyte, so as to enable Gen, Hughes to devote himself to the island of Cebu, where trouble is pos-sible unless strong measures are adopt-

Gen. Smith will be accompanied by a battallon of the Seventh infantry, who are anxious to avenge the disaster Further accounts from Samar received here show that horrible indignities were perpetrated on the dead

which has prevalled is ten cents over ruling prices elsewhere, they claim.

James H. Hyde and Morris E. Howlett are endeavoring to lower the coching record from New York to Philadelphia and return, left the Holland house in this city at 5:55 o'clock this morning. According to schedule the party expects to arrive in Philadelphia at 2:45 p. m. and to reach New York on the return at 7:07, 17 minutes behind schedule time. When the cough arrived at

a. m., 17 minutes late. It took two minutes to exchange horses and get away again.

New Brunswick was reached at 9:27 and six minutes elapsed to the time of departure. Trouble with a balky horse at Metuchen caused some delay. Princeton Inn was reached at 11:03 a. m., the stop there being two minutes. This was 13 minutes behind time.

In cailing the meeting to order Dr. Anderson stated that in behalf of the Democratic city committee he named the temporary officers as follows: Chairman.—Hon, Henry P. Henderson. Secretary—James C. Leary. Sergeant-at-Arms—Brigham West. Trenton, N. J., Oct. 9.—The Vander-bilt tallyho reached Trenton at 12 o'clock on schedule time and left at 12:02 for Philadelphia.

Game Keepers Arrest Indians. and eight deputies, arrested four Un-compangre Utes, three squaws and one papoose. They had 200 green hides in their camp, and the officers brought them and their 34 ponies to Meeker. This capture was made eight miles from Meeker, on the road to Axiel. Only one of the Indians showed a desire to resist and he was quickly disarmed. Rio Blanco county has been full of Indians for the last three years.

Aldrich-Rockefeller Marriage.

tanoogs, will, it is said, go to Lynch-burg, Va.; Rev. C. O. Jones, of Bristo, comes to this city, and Rev. I. S. Hop-kins of St. Louis, to Chattanooga.

Canon on Marriage Adopted. was 37 to 21. The bishops also agree on Boston as the next place of meetin of the convention, three years hence,

Complaints About Captain Tilley. reached the navy department from Tustation. It is alleged that on more than one occasion the commandant has been that his act was unbecoming an officer, Acting Secretary Hackett has direct-ed the commander-in-chief of the Pacific squadron to proceed to Samoa to ascertain the truth with regard to the charge, and if necessary to hold a court

The charges, it is proper to say, were received at the department with surprise since the record of Capt. Tilley hitherto has been unblemished. The administration of his office as reported officially from time to time has been eminently satisfactory. There has been no ground for supposing that this

CALEB POWERS' TRIAL.

Continuance.

Georgetown, Ky., Oct. 9.—When the trial of Caleb Powers was resumed today the defense made a motion for a continuance on account of the absence of several witnesses. The case was ac-cordingly postponed until tomorrow to enable the witnesses to prepare affi-davits. Among the witnesses for the commonwealth who did not testify in the prisoner's first trial are ex-Gover-nor W. O. Bradley, ex-Congressman John Henry Wilson, and Wm. Parley, chairman of the Republican committee of Knox county, Powers' home. The commonwealth has thirty new witness-

Gen. Basil Duke of Louisville and Judge Clifton J. Pratt, former attorney

### HELEN STONE ALIVE AND WELL

Known Officially Her Captors Have Extended Time.

THEY HAVE BEEN LOCATED.

Are on Summit of a Mountain on Turko-Bulgarian Frontier - Place To Be Surrounded by Troops.

Washington, Oct.9.-The time allowed by Miss Stone's kidnappers expired yesterday, yet she is still alive and un-harmed. It is known now officially that her captors have granted a short extension of time—how much is not stated—and the officials feel that if the responses to the appeals of Miss Stone's friends do not cease or diminish there is yet reasonable hope for getting the money in season to save her life. The danger in the situation lies in the abatement of popular interest which

was so generously manifested during the first few days following the is-

HER CAPTORS LOCATED. Constantinople, Oct. 9.—A trustwor-thy report locates Miss Stone's ab-ductors on the summit of a mountain at Gultepe on the Turko-Bulgarian frontier near Dubnitza. It is stated that the kidnapping band numbers 18. Arrangements have been made to surround the mountain with Turkish and Bulgarian troops. It has been sug-gested that the abductors of Miss Stone are members of the old Macedon-His Retirement Does Not Affect His Interian committee, actuated by motives of jealousy and that they are endeavor-ing to accomplish the downfall of the present committee. The Bulgarian government has promised to act aggressively.

ASKS AUDIENCE WITH FERDIN-AND.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Oct. 9.—Consui-Gen. Dickinson has applied for an audience of Prince Ferdinand, but it has not yet been granted. The prince has gone to the country. No news has been obtained of Miss Stone since her re-cent letter to Mr. Haskell.

The Bulgarian troops and police are actively scouring the frontier. BOSTON'S CONTRIBUTIONS CEASE. Boston, Oct. 9.—Additions to the Stone ransom fund have practically ceased. Only two small checks were received up to noon today. The fund

aggregates nearly \$56,000.

This afternoon a cablegram was received by the state department from Consul Gen. Dickinson at Constantinople, saying that Miss Stone had been located in the mountains on the Turkish

frontier, and on Saturday last she was

### OLD O. S. L. BOARD RE-ELECTED.

alive and well.

At Annual Meeting of Stockholders 273,372 Shares Were Today Voted in Election of the Directors for Ensuing Year.

The annual meeting of the shareholders of the Oregon Short Line Railroad company took place in the temporary offices of the company in the High school building at noon today. The nature of the business transacted was similar to that of yesterday in the case of the meeting of the shareholders of the Union Pacific, the only difference being that the entire board of directors which was in vegue last year was reelected. President Horace G. Burt of the Union Pacific, Judge Kelly, Attorney Parley L. Williams of the Oregon Short Line, Vice President Bancroft and Secretary Alex Millar of the Union Pacific, were present and voted 273,372 shares by proxy.

The business transacted was of an entirely formal nature in order to meet the requirements of the law, and then the visiting railroad officials adjourned to the Oregon Short Line depot and took a special for the East. Before leaving Secretary Millar drove up East Temple street and took a look at the future quarters of the general offices of the Oregon Short Line company, which are to be installed in the new Deseret News building as soon as it is completed.

The names of the directors who were

re-elected are: re-elected are:
Oliver Ames, Francis S. Bangs, Horace
G. Burt, Samuel Carr, T. Jefferson
Coolidge, Jr., W. D. Cornish, W. B.
Glyn, Edwin Gould, George J. Gould,
E. H. Harriman, Otto H. Kahn, Gardiner M. Lane, Oliver W. Mink, Winslow
S. Pières and Thames, P. Lores the S. Pierce and Thomas R. Jones, the Salt Lake banker.

### DRUMMER JABBED WITH HATPINS

Clay Shoe Leather Salesman From St. Louis in the Hands of Infuriated Commercial Street Females—Experience Decidedly Lively and Painful.

hatpins, a bitten thumb, a door kicked in, an arrest and a badly intoxicated female are some of the features of a on Commercial street

at 7 o'clock this morning.
The person arrested and who sustained the injured thumb and hat pin salesman for a St. Louis shoe house. The woman who has been wooing at the shrine of Bacchus is Lillie Evans, a notorious woman of the town and the scene of the melee is her resort

Elwood came to town and registered at the Kenyon. Next he proceeded to sample the various brands of grape juice and whisky. this morning he wended his way to the Evans place where he continued to have a high time. He gave one of the inmates a V, but in a few minutes demanded his money back. He was referred to the Evans woman but the latter said she knew nothing about Then the trouble started. Elwood attempted to wrench a ring from the finger of the landlady and two of the girls immediately attacked him with hatpins. One of them seized his hand and took a bite at his thumb, so he says. He broke away, ran outside One of them seized his and kicked in the door. with this he went out in the street and chucked a big boulder through the door, making a hole large enough for the officers to crawl through. He ther went to his room at the Kenyon and

In a towering rage, Lillie Evans ordered a hack and drove madly to Judge Diehl's home and demanded a warrant for Elwood's arrest. Judge Diehl at once came down to his office

A drunken brawl, an attack with | placed in the hands of Sergeant Brown The latter proceeded to the Kenyon where he found the stranger asleep When informed of the charge against him, Elwood, with a wave of the hand, "Oh, it's nothing. my sleep out and then go over to the

You will do nothing of the kind, You will get into your duds now and

At the station Elwood was very indignant and seemed to think he done nothing at all reprehensible. He said, however, that he would "stand the gaff" but would make the woman pay for biting his thumb. He exhibited that member and it bore evidence of having been up against a buzz saw He insisted on having a warrant issued for the woman on the charge of may-

appearance and consented for Elwood to go with Officer Jim Williams to the Evans place to see if the matter could be compromised. In a few minutes they returned and said the woman had been drinking heavily and was "dead to the world." Elwood was then book ed on the charge of destroying property and required to put up \$100 cash for his appearance in court today.

In the police court this afternoon Mr. pleaded guilty against him and agreed to have the oor repaired at once.
Upon that promise Judge Diehl im-losed a fine of \$10, which was at once paid and Mr. Elwood went on his way

rejeicing. From his statement after court it would seem that the women Diehl at once came down to his office were more to blame than was he, and and issued the warrant, which was he acted in self defense.

#### his usual attention to the proceedings of the court. The retirement of Rear-Admirai Schley is in accordance with law, he having reached the age of 62 years. It was generally remarked that he did not look his age. The formal proceedings of the day began with the reintroduction of Lieut, M.

ADMIRAL SCHLEY

I. Bristol, formerly watch officer on the Texas, as a witness. He was under cross-examination when the court adjourned last night, and Mr. Raynor continued his questions today. Other witnesses on the list for the day included Lieut. Com, Potts, who was navigator on the Massachusetts during the war with Spain; Ligut. Grant, who was also on the Massachusetts; Rear-Admiral H. C. Taylor, who, as captain, commanded the battleship Indiana; Com. William H. Schuetze, who was navigator on the Iowa, and Lieut, H. J. Holden, who as an officer on the Scorpion made the log record of the communication of Com. Southerland to Commodore Schley concerning the condition off Santiago.

today marks an important turning

point in the career of Rear-Admira)

Schley, being nothing less than the date

of his transfer from the active to the

retired list of the navy, he was in his

accustomed seat within the railing of

the Schley court of inquiry, and gave

It was not expected that all these would be heard today. If not, they would be called tomorrow. LT. BRISTOL'S EXAMINATION.

Mr. Raynor began his examination of Lieut. Bristol with questions concern ing the accuracy of the stadimeter for the measurement of distances at sea. He asked if he would rather trust his own visual observation for a 4,000 yards range than the instrument. The witness stated that the stadimeter was more accurate for distances below 4.000 yards than above that distance. At that distance he would make several observations for confirmation of visual observation. The error, he said, becomes greater the greater the distance. "Could you give me," asked Mr. Ray-nor, "a point from which it is entirely reliable?"

"Yes," was the reply, "at zero it is

absolutely accurate. The witness considered the sextant much more reliable in measuring the distance between ships. He had, said, takin several observations with the stadimeter just before the fleet came to the harbor and had checked with the sextant. He found the distance from the Morro to be 5,100

Lieut. Pristol was also questioned by Mr. Raynor concerning the distance ou of the blockading ships at Chaffuegos but he declined to change his estimate of yesterday that it was from eight to ten miles distant from the harbor

FROM SCHLEY'S REPORT.

Mr. Rrynor said: "I will read you Commodore Schley's report as to the blockade of Clenfuegos. He says. "'A line of blockade was established about four miles off shore and at night an inshore line was maintained consist ing veriously of the Scorpion, Dupont and (astine, the last named vessel arriving on the 23rd convoying the Mer-If you are right he stated what has not occurred when he says 's line of blockade was established about four miles off shore at Cienfuegos.' That is not a correct statement of the

commodore's, is it?' "The statements I make are what thought and what I believe to be right I do not question other people's words."
"If you are not positive I shall subany correction. Judge-advocate-The witness has not

stated that he was positive.

Admhal Dewey-I would rather you would not interrupt the testimony.

Judge-advocate—If the court tells me I cannot do it I will submit to the or-der of the court.

Admiral Dewey-If counsel for the applicant has put words into the mouth the witness which he did not utter, you (addressing Capt. Lemly), bring it out at the proper time will have an opportunity to do that. Judge-advocate-That is not the advantageous time to do it. The advantageous time is when it is done. Mr. Raynor-In order not to put any words in your mouth, which is an un ortunate insinuation, because I

convinced of their truth, I will giv an opportunity now to make a full ex-planuican as to whether you stated the elevation of these batteries to be be-tween 100 and 200 feet." "I did state that. "Did you not state to me your are positive about the distances which you

have given in the case?" "Do you still stand to your state-ment? Is the map wrong, and are you

STANDS BY HIS STATEMENT.

"I will stand to my statement. I had not seen the chart when I prepared my 'Now refresh your recollection with an official report. The statements you have made are that during the day

time the squadron lay off Clenfuego from four to six to ten miles; and during the night from eight to ten miles. Without questioning either Commodore Schley or yourself, when I read you his official report, do you still stand on your statement, about six to ten "I have to stand by my statement."

Speaking of the weather during the cruise of the flying squadron from Clenfuegos to Santiago the witness said there were fresh breezes and that there was a moderate sea. A small boat ould, he said, have been lowered at any time during the voyage.

Bristol concerning his estimate, made soon after the arrival of the fleet off Santiago, that the Spanish shore batteries amounted to but little. He had said yesterday that the elevation of these batteries was from 150 to 200 feet. Mr. Raynor produced a chart to show what the Morro battery was 220 feet above the water line and the Zocapa battery 230 feet. "Now, then," asked Mr. Raynor, "are

Capt. Lemly objected to the form of the question, saying that counsel was putting language he had not used in the mouth of witness. A LIVELY COLLOQUY. Mr. Raynor then made objection to

ou have given distances?"

the interruption and after stating this objection, said to the witness: Mr. Raynor asked the witness whether there had been any menace to any of the American ships on July 3 from the shore batteries. Lieut, Bristol replied that there was danger to the Gloucester because that vessel was unarmored. He said that he did not consider the

New York in danger.

Mr. Raynor then read from a report by Secretary Long, stating that on that day the New York sustained the undivided fire of the shore batteries.
"Do you still say, in view of that statement, that the shore batteries did not amount to anything?"

"You asked my opinion," the witness applied, "and I have given it to you." Admiral Dewey—We don't want opin-

At the request of Mr. Raynor the witness made measurements from his chart to show the distance the Brooklyn was from the Spanish ships during the fight off Santiago, the reply was:
"The distance of the Oquendo from

The distance of the Oquendo from the Brooklyn, taken from the chart just before the turn is 4,600 yards, the Maria. Teresa 3,700 yards. Taken from the chart when the Maria Teresa and Oquendo were about to run ashore, which is practically the nearest point, the Oquendo was 2,800 yards from the Brooklyn and the Maria Teresa 2,000 Brooklyn and the Maria Teresa 3,000 Quoting Lieut. Commander Hodgson's

statement that the snortest range of the Brooklyn's guns in the battle was 1,400 yards and her greatest 2,500 yards, and referring to the fact that a num-ber of the Brooklyn's 5-inch shells had struck the Spanish ships, Mr. Raynor asked a number of questions for the purpose of showing that if the distance was as great as the chart showed and the guns were set for the range given, it would have been impossible for the shots to go to the mark. "Isn't is certain," he asked, "if the shots struck that the chart is incorrect?" The witness replied that "the Maria

Teresa and the Oquendo could have been hit with five-inch guns." With guns set at that range?" "Yes; she could do it, I have seen

some very wild fire when a ship has any motion on.

LEMLY TAKES WITNESS. Capt. Lemly then took the witness

developing the fact that he had been for six months in the coast survey where he had daily used the sextant. The judge-advocate asked: "How far would have been the Brooklyn from the leading Spanish ships just emerging from the harbor of Santiago, provided she had numediately started ahead at

In reply the witness said: "At 12 knots speed she would go in five min-utes 2,000 yards, if she was going at that speed, but she was dead in the water, as I understand. Then, I should say, she would make about 1,000 yards the first five minutes. That would mean that she was close in to 6,000 yards from the Morro. The ships when I first sighted them were at Caysmith, I believe that to the best of my recol-lection to be 1,000 yards inside the Morro. These ships came out of there at about 10 to 12 knots. At 12 knots they would go one-twelfth of one knot in five minutes. That is, 2.000 yards, but they turned to the westward so they did not go 2,000 yards. But call it 2,000 yards. Then 2,000 yards and 1.-000 substract from 7,000 plus 1,000 yards makes 8,000, which would make them 5,000 yards off at the first shot." The court then asked: "Do you know fleet by the Brooklyn during the battle of July 3?"

"From my own personal observation, I do not know.'

REAR-ADMIRAL TAYLOR. Lieut, Bristol was then excused and Rear-Admiral Taylor was called. He stated that when the battle off Santiago on July 3 began the Indiana, on which he was in command, had occuthe eastermost post on the line of blockade, having taken the place flagsinp New York when it left for

In reply to a question from the judgeadvocate as to whether he had ob-served the position of the Brooklyn at the time of the beginning of the battle he witness said

Just before the beginning of the hattle I did and on two occasions thereafter After the beginning of the battle, please state where you observed the Brooklyn whether you noticed her prox-

imity to the Texas and what it was When the battle had been on about ten or fifteen m'nutes my attention was attracted to the Brooklyn by my signal officer, Capt. Dawson. He said to me that the Erooklyn must be injured, or words to that effect, as she was dropping out of action. I observed the Brooklyn heading apparently about my port bow half a mile perhaps ahead of me, and at that time a quarter of a mile outside of the line of our column. She was not turning as far as I could see. The Texas was apparently ly-ing still in the water. I did not see whether she was backing or not. The distance between those two ships was impossible for me to see, as they were too nearly in a line for me to judge of observed that there was a bunch few minutes late my attention was had then proceeded a distance not over two miles and not under one mile from the time I had seen her first, and the second time I saw her as near as I coud figure out, one and a half miles to seaward of our column of battle. Inmediately afterward she passed into I took no further notice of patches. I took no further notice of her. On these two occasions, however, my recollection is very plain and the distance very near to what I stated. In reply to a question if there was any attempt on the part of any of the

Spanish vessels to ram any of the vessels of the American squadron wit-SAW NO ATTEMPT TO RAM.

I observed that there was no such you as positive about the distance you sttempt."

Manila, Oct. 9.—Gen. Smith sailed from here today for the relief of the island of Samar. He will take command

Glass Carrying Boys Strike.

Massillon, Ohio, Oct. 9.—The carrying boys in the ten local glass factories are on a strike and as a result all op-erations are nearly at a stndstill. Eight hundred men and boys were thrown out by the strike. The boys who have been getting 60 cents per day, demand 75 and have formed a union. One boy who at-tempted to work at the old rate was severely beaten by the strikers. The managers say they will shut down their works for the season before they will accede to the demands. The scale

THE COACHING RECORD.

The Tantivy Trying to Lower it Between New York and Philadelphia. New York, Oct. 9 .- The coach Tantivy, in which Alfred G. Vanderbilt, James H. Hyde and Morris E. Howlett

return at 7:07, 17 minutes behind schedule time. When the coach arrived at Elizabeth at 7:50 a. m. it was 25 minutes behind the schedule.

Mr. Vanderbilt said that the ferry boat had delayed them and that this party accounted for their being behind the schedule time.

The coach arrived at Rahway at 8:17 c. m. 17 minutes late. It took two drag along to no purpose, for Held's band was lavish with its music and familiar national airs and popular ditties followed each other in rapid suc-cession until the gavel fell for order in the hall.

Meeker, Col., Oct. 9.-Game Wardens Harris and Fravert with Sheriff Amick

Providence, R. I., Oct. 9.—In the pres-ence of an assemblage which included relatives and friends and guests rep-resenting to an unusual degree the legislative and financial interests of the United States, John D. Rockefeller, Jr., New York, and Miss Abby Green ator N. W. Aldrich, were married at Warwick, N. J., Senator Aldrich's summer home, today. The Episcopal ser-vice was pronounced by Rev. James G. Vose, formerly pastor of the Beneficent Congregational church of this city. Miss Aldrich, a sister of the bride, was

Miss Aldrich, a sister of the bride, was the maid of honor, and Miss Elsie Aldrich was the flower maid. The bride was given away by her father. Everett Colby of New York, a college friend of Mr. Rockefeller, acted as best man. Immediately after the ceremony a reception was held and the wedding breakfast was served in a temporary

Holston Annual Conference. Knoxville, Tenn., Oct. 9.—Holston annual conference, Methodist Episcopal church, South, convened here today with Bishop E. R. Henrix, of Kansas City, presiding. About 350 ministers are in attendance. The matters of greatest interest are the proposed change in the largest church in the conference. Rev. Alonzo Monk of this city, it is said, will be sent to Trinity church, Los Angeles, Cal.; Rev. J. A. Duncan of Chat-

San Francisco, Oct. 9 .- The house of bishops has adopted the canon on marriage and divorce in its entirety as reported by the joint committee. The vote was 37 to 21. The bishops also agreed

Washington, Oct. 9.-Reports have tuila, Samoa, complaining of the con-duct of Capt. Tilley, comandant of that seen under the influence of liquor and

for the trial of Capt, Tilley.

The department has detached Capt, Tilley from command of the Abarenda and of the station, and ordered him to Francisco to Tutuila.

officer's conduct was anything than what it should have been.

The Defense Makes a Motion for a

general, were among the new witnesses for the defense,

# said Sergeant Brown as Elwood set-tled down for a comfortable nap.

Finally Prosecutor Schulder put in an

## TWO=AND=A=HALF YEARS IN PRISON

Arthur Van Kuran, ex-Local Treasurer of Oregon. Short Line, Sentenced for Embezzling \$8,000 of Company's Money.

Short Line Railway company, while in its employ in the capacity of local treasurer. Before sentence was passed the court overruled the motion for a new trial which was argued by counsel last Sat-urday. Judge Stewart in overruling the motion said that he found no prejudi-Kuran was then ordered to step for ward to receive sentence, but Judge Powers asked that he be allowed to

Arthur J. Van Kuran was this morn-

ing sentenced to two and a half years

in the State penitentiary for the crime

of embezzling \$8,000 from the Oregon

address the court before sentence was pronounced. He made a strong plea for clemency. "I have no doubt," said Judge Powers, "that one day of imprisonment would be as productive of as much sorers, row as years. This man is not a hab-itual criminal. Prior to the offense of which he is charged his life has been without reproach. He has a family whom he and his stricken wife have brought up in refinement. In no way has this defendant attempted to avoid any consequences that might attach to his act. He was watched by detec-tives unawares to him, but he made no effort to avoid the law. "Mr. Van Kuran has been confined

in the county jail since February, and this also should be taken into considtration along with his previous upright character. The verdict of the jury does not convince me of his guilt, but feel-ing as I do I apprehend that I will be unable to convince the court as I would were my personal feelings less strong. I have seen many criminals sentenced. They have served their terms and gone forth again to ply their vocations of crime. I believe that the minimum penalty would be sufficient, to subserve the demands of the law, taking into consideration the long time that this defendant has put in in the county jail. His punishment has already been severe. Justice should always he temperate, and punishment should be in flicted with discretion."

Mr. Van Kuran then stood up for sentence. He said that he had nothing to say why sentence should not be passed on him.

Judge Stewart said that he appreciated the fact that to a man of the de fendant's refinement and education any imprisonment was a terrible ordeal and he was therefore not disposed to be severe. The court then imposed a sen-tence of two and a half years in the

penitentlary.

Judge Powers then filed an affidavit of impecuniosity and asked for sixty days to file a bill of exceptions and transcript of the evidence on appeal.