# ECONOMIC CRISIS IN WEST PRUSSIA

## Prest. Von Gosseler Calls Conference to Discuss Remedies.

## UNEMPLOYED ASK RELIEF.

**Committees Meet in Vienna and Favor Recasting Austro-Hungarian Customs Tariff.**

Berlin Oct. 24.—President Von Gosseler, of the province of West Prussia, has called a conference in Dantzic, October 28, to discuss remedies for industrial and agricultural distress.

A deputation from 600 unemployed persons has visited the burgomaster of Dantzic to urge him to begin municipal work for the relief of the unemployed.

The Hamburg metalworkers have petitioned the senate of Hamburg to provide employment through relief works.

DEPRESSION IN PRUSSIA.

New York, Oct. 24.—The Berlin correspondent of the London Times and New York Times says the economic crisis is particularly severe in West Prussia. President Von Gossler, with capital attracted from west Germany, had succeeded in reviving the industry and commerce of Dantzic. These are now menaced by the prevailing depression.

AUSTRIAN AGRICULTLRAL INTERESTS.

Vienna, Oct 24.—At a meeting of committees representing Austrian agricultural and manufacturing interests held in Vienna last night to discuss measures for coping with the trans-oceanic competition, the following resolution was adopted:

"In view of the commercial policy of the United States and the example of Germany, a complete recasting of the Austrian-Hungarian customs tariff is advisable, in order to afford adequate and permanent protection to industry and agriculture, to facilitate the conclusion of favorable commercial conventions and to promote exportation.

"Following the example of the United States, facilities offered by the customs tariff for concessions should be turned to advantage in the case of every individual state. Treaties should contain no clause granting the most favored nation treatment in a general and unrestricted sense; but clauses should be inserted providing for reciprocity and equivalent advantages."

A further resolution advocated the conclusion of commercial treaties for long periods where they would give sufficient protection to home production, but recommended treaties for short periods with the United States and the Argentine republic, urging in conclusion that the countries of central Europe should unite for a common defense against trans-oceanic competition.

**Chicago P. O. Robbery Suspects.**

Corning, N. Y., Oct. 24.—The two men arrested yesterday on suspicion of being connected with the Chicago postoffice robbery were taken from a New York Central freight train. Each of the prisoners carried a telescope satchel, and between them they had half a dozen or more suits of old clothes which looked like remnants from a rummage sale.

The men gave their names as William Curran, of Trenton, N. J., aged 37 years, and William Porter, of Worcester, Mass. Between them they are said to have had a kit of burglar tools and a quantity of postage stamps, including due and special delivery stamps.

**To Settle Transvaal Dynamite Case.**

New York, Oct. 24.—The first move in the direction of a settlement of the Transvaal dynamite question is an offer of the Transvaal Dynamite company, which is a German concern, to supply explosives at 30 shillings per case under the figure ruling before the war, has just been made, says the Tribune's London correspondent. On the basis of the rate of consumption of the explosive by the Rand mines prior to the outbreak of hostilities this would mean a saving of about $2,250,000 a year.

**Tramps Only Had Few Stamps.**

Cornell, N. Y., Oct. 24.—Investigation today shows that there was only a small quantity of stamps in possession of the tramps arrested here last night on suspicion that they had something to do with the Chicago postoffice robbery. The local police do not believe that the men had any hand in the Chicago robbery.

# SCHLEY ON THE WITNESS STAND.

(Continued from page one.)

told of the report which the Adu'a brought to the effect that the Spanish fleet had arrived at and later had left Santiago which, he said, "lent color to his own belief at that time."

The witness stated that he had seen the signals on shore and explained his experience in this respect. He said the surf was dangerous there in the day time. Continuing, Admiral Schley said: "Not knowing whether or not there were any insurgents to the west of this place, not having communicated to me any idea that there was any system of signals arranged with them, though I asked the question, the withdrawal of the squadron of Capt. McCalla and the failure of Lieut. Sutherland to give me that information was directly responsible for the delay in communicating. To risk a boat through surf, or a coast believed to be occupied by the enemy, might have repeated Capt. McCalla's experiment. He found the coast was pretty well occupied.

MAINTAINING BLOCKADE.

"I saw cavalry on the coast once or twice. They appeared for a moment and then got out of sight. I thought to waste ammunition on a solitary cavalryman was like wasting big guns on sparrows. I wanted to save all the ammunition we had for use against the enemy's squadron, which I knew to be somewhere in the vicinity. I did everything that was possible during the time we were there to maintain a blockade as contemplated. I did all the coaling that was practicable or possible. With the latter experience of the war, after we got rid of colliers that were very much better fitted to resist a shock, as well as to deliver the coal rapidly—with that experience I might have coaled on days of worse weather. We had a great many accidents about which no mention has been made because they came after the period of time. One of the colliers had to go to New York absolutely smashed in. The Merrimac had several holes punched through her and my impression is a portion of the upper works of the Sterling were injured in some way, but we managed with more experience, to do a little better than we did at first. There was always at Cienfuegos a rolling swell, and vessels with projecting sponsons or projecting guns were always in danger. I recollect in one case one of the six-pounder guns on the Brooklyn was bent in collision with one of these colliers. In other words, the problem presented to me at Cienfuegos," said he, "was one that had troubled the navies of the world through all time."

TALK WITH M'CALLA.

He then spoke of the arrival of Capt. McCalla on May 24, bringing information concerning the shore signals from the Cuban insurgents. He said that when the captain came aboard he asked: "Have you seen any signals?"

"I said, 'What do you mean?' He then asked if I had seen three lights at night and three harses in the day time. I said I had seen the lights and he said 'They are trying to communicate with you.' I expressed surprise and asked who had made the arrangements. McCalla replied that he had done so. I asked why they had not been communicated to me, but that he did not know. I then told him to make a search of the shore, which he did, reporting that the Spanish fleet were not there."

STEAMS FOR SANTIAGO.

This information, witness said, had been received about 4 p. m., May 24, and towards 6 o'clock the squadron formed column and steamed toward Santiago. He said that the signals made by the fleet were not made until the fleet was fourteen miles from Cienfuegos and could not have been seen.

He then retold the details of the voyage.

"It was a dirty night," he said, "with a lowering sky. I remember that when I looked out at the porthole twenty feet above, the spray came in freely. Of course this was not serious for big vessels, but it was for the smaller ones."

He defended his course in keeping the vessels together—holding the faster vessels for the slower. "We proceeded as a unit," he said, "and I hold that to do otherwise would be unmilitary and unwise in changing base with a fleet. I hold that useful auxiliaries and supplies should never be abandoned except under the greatest necessity."

IMPOSSIBLE TO COAL MAY 25.

Taking up the coaling question he said that it was absolutely impossible to coal on May 25.

"I watched the situation closely," he said, "and felt that I was more capable than any other man of judging the situation in that respect."

On the 28th the weather was still rough, especially in the morning. He told also of sending Commander Sutherland away with the Eagle, and said that it was done because Sutherland had signaled that he was dangerously short of coal. He said that Sutherland had neither protested against leaving nor insisted that he could coal. He regretted the necessity, as I did, but it was impracticable for him to coal. He might have taken on a little coal in boats, but he would have burned it as fast as he took it on.

Referring to his course in leaving Cienfuegos he said it was laid so as to give him the widest horizon.

"My course projected," he said, "would have carried me to China if there had ben no islands in the way."

DID SOME GUESSWORK.

He spoke of the necessity of acting upon his own responsibility, of having to act without any private information from Havana. "Therefore," he said, "I had to do a good deal from guesswork. Sometimes I was right and sometimes wrong."

Admiral Schley then told of meeting the dispatch boats St. Paul, Minneapolis and Yale. He said at that time there was a heavy sea on. He remembered Capt. Cook saying to him on the passage over that he had never seen more motion on the Brooklyn and that some of the youngsters were seasick. "Capt. Sigsbee came on board," continued the witness, "and I think my recollection is almost vivid enough to describe his dress.

"I recollect distinctly that he had on rubber boots and an old blockading cap which we all wore more or less, a heavy blouse suit. I met him at the gangway. I was very glad to see him as he was, of course, to see me. The first thing I asked Sigsbee when he came over the side, and I want to say before I make this statement that I do not believe that Capt. Sigsbee would mistake anything for his commission, I do not believe that he is capable of stating what is not true. I think in this instance his recollection is at fault and not his veracity. I said to him 'Captain, have you got the dons in here?' He said 'No. They are not in here. I have been in very close.' He said, 'They are not here; they are only reported here.' I said to him 'Have any of the other vessels seen them, the Yale or the Minneapolis?' He said 'No, they have not; they have assured me so,' and that was the assurance to which I referred when I spoke of the assurance of such men as Wise and Jewell and Sigsbee. Now I do not believe that any of these men would mistake the fact. They did not communicate verbally to me, but I assume, with the conversation with Sigsbee that he was bearing to me the assurance of all of them. At the same time Nunez was aboard and he and I had a conversation in Spanish. Among other things I said 'Nunez, what do you think of the report that these people are not here?' 'Well,' he said, 'I do not believe that they are here at all because the channel is very narrow, and the buoys have also all been removed. We have to make the turns very quickly and the channel is very crooked. If they had a tug or a most favorable day, perfectly smooth weather, I do not say that they might not get in, but I do not believe they are now there.'

"He said he had been piloting sixteen or eighteen years. We subsequently found he was very expert pilot and rendered us valuable service.

ASSUMED RESPONSIBILITY.

"My habit of life, not only in principle command of a squadron but also in command of a ship was to assume the responsibility and the danger of censure of my movement, but I was never willing under any circumstances to be a participant in glories that I would not divide. That was the general principle upon which I acted in this matter. I did not call any counsel of war. The information which these people gave me led me to infer that the telegraphic information was a ruse similar to that which was telegraphed from Cadiz that the squadron had returned to Cape Verde."

Continuing, the admiral said: "If any of us at any time made and mistakes during the campaign of Santiago it was in supposing that the Spaniards would ever do right at the right time."

At this point Admiral Schley described the movements of his squadron about Santiago, saying that he had concluded that the move eastward to be unwise. It would not have been unwise to uncover Santiago. He said that their movements every moment of the day were known in Havana.

"Just as we approached Santiago on the 26th, the collier Merrimac, which had been giving us a good deal of trouble, broke down. I determined that an unmanageable collier was not a very preferable thing to have with the squadron if we met the enemy, so I first determined to send her to Key West with the Yale. It then occurred to me that if I sent her to Key West and she was taken we would be out a collier, and the Spanish if they were outside would be in so much coal. So I determined, therefore, on this movement, in the meantime inquiring as to the coal supply of each of these ships."

**PAN-AMERICAN EXPOSITION.**

**Has $804,000 for Payment on First Mortgage Bonds.**

Buffalo, Oct. 24.—The Pan-American exposition company has $804,000 cash to its credit to be devoted to paying an additional proportion of the first mortgage bonds. Already $1,250,000 of the $2,500,000 first mortgage bonds has been paid. The amount now due on the first mortgage bonds is $446,000.

The exposition has nine days more. If it should clear $50,000 a day for the nine days it would have sufficient cash to make the last payment on the first mortgage bonds. If it fails to average a net profit of $50,000 a day there may be a default on a part of the first mortgage bond payments.

The holders of the second mortgage bonds seem to agree that no payment will be made to them.

The stockholders, of course, understand that no payment will be made to them.

The unpaid contractors are clamoring to get the 70 per cent still due them on their claims but thus far they have been unsuccessful.

The second mortgage bonds total $500,000. The stock represents $2,100,000. The amount of contractors' claims is not stated exactly at present.


# FROM A TURRET WINDOW—

In beautiful Crag-y-Nos the world's sweetest songstress, Adelina Patti after disposing of her castle, watched the removal of a number of wonderful art treasures too dear to memory to be left behind. Most cherished among these articles removed was a magnificent KIMBALL piano, to the accompaniment of which the diva has for years been wont to keep in perfect training her marvelous voice. All the new world knows the "Steinway," "Kimball," "Mason & Hamlin" and "Behr Bros." pianos head the list of the good pianos of today—"Steinway" for power and brilliancy of tone, "Kimball" for the voice and mellowness of tone, "Mason & Hamlin" for sweetness personified. Our terms are easy and buying in large quantities for spot cash we are in position to make you prices equally as low as Eastern prices.

PIANOS TO RENT. EVERYTHING IN MUSIC.

EXCLUSIVE "STEINWAY" AGENTS.

D. O. CALDER'S SONS,

45-47 West Fourth South.



# State Fair 1901.

GOLD MEDAL (HIGHEST PRIZE) AWARDED.

Three Crown Baking Powder, Gold Medal; Three Crown Spices, Gold Medal; Three Crown Flavoring Extracts, Gold Medal.

Merit will tell; buy the best, and you will never be deceived.

HEWLETT BROS. CO.


# MEETING OF UNIVERSITIES.

## Dr. Kingsbury May Represent Utah Institution at National Convention

## NO SELECTION MADE YET.

**Contract for Building Fence Around Athletic Grounds Awarded to Prof. Cummings for $1,500.**

The board of regents of the State University met this afternoon and one of the important matters that came up was the question of sending a representative to the meeting of the National Association of Universities to be held at Washington, D. C., on November 12. This association is one of the most important and perhaps the strongest educational organization in the United States, and the regents seem to sense the importance of having a representative at the convention next month.

Although this decision was reached no selection was made. It is generally understood, however, that the honor will be given Dr. J. T. Kingsbury. This would seem the most logical selection as Dr. Kingsbury is the president of the University, and under whose regime the institution has made great strides.

It is well understood among educational people that the coming meeting at Washington is apt to be an epoch in the history of education in the United States. Vital questions are to be presented and discussed, and Dr. Kingsbury, being progressive and comprehensive, is thoroughly familiar with the old and new questions that are agitating the advanced educators throughout the nation.

PROFESSOR GETS CONTRACT.

The bids on the construction of a fence around the athletic grounds and grand stand were opened. After some discussion the contract was awarded to Professor Byron Cummings of the University for $1,500.

Prof. Cummings is the instructor in ancient languages and ranks high as a Greek scholar, but he has always found time to take an enthusiastic interest in University athletics. He has won the gratitude and admiration of the members of the athletic association for his readiness to help them any time he was called upon. It is likely that the contract was awarded to him because he has ideas of his own as to what kind of a fence should be built, which met the approbation of the regents.


**DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR**

The Best Liver Medicine. A Vegetable cure for Liver Ills, Billiousness, Indigestion, Constipation, Malaria


## AFTERNOON MINING CALL.

**Prices on the Down Grade—Uncle Sam and Carisa Very Weak.**

Prices continued their downward course on the Mining Exchange this afternoon. When the "News" report closed Victor was being called with sales reported from 58 down to 56. Ajax fell away to 93½ with about 7,000 shares changing hands. Carisa opened at $1.17 and declined to $1.12½. About 9,000 shares were sold. Star Con. was very active from 33 down to 30. Little Chief opened at 27½ and closed at 29. Uncle Sam released over 3,000 shares at prices ranging from $1.11½ to $1.14¼. Tesora was traded in at 49½. Daly-West fell away to $32.30, while Valeo sold at 24. Lower Mammoth weakened to $2.62, with 1,000 shares changing hands. Tetro sold down to 31. May Day declined to $1.02, with upwards of 5,000 shares selling. Ben Butler sagged to 17¾, while Boss Tweed was traded in at 64¼. Matha Washington sold from 3 up to 3¼.

## AN INTERESTING SUIT.

**Prominent Mining Men Seek to Restrain United States Company.**

A bill to quiet title to the Neptune tunnel at Bingham, was filed in the Third district court this afternoon by Col. E. A. Wall, Governor Heber M. Wells, Junius F. Wells, Senator Kearns, and Messrs. Lawson and Balback, of New York. A restraining order was also asked for prohibiting the United States Mining company from using the above tunnel. The tunnel connects with the Neptune and Kempton mines, which have been worked for upwards of twenty years through the Neptune tunnel. Messrs. Lawson and Balback are well known because of their connection with the smelting industry. The owners propose to begin the active development of the property through the tunnel which is in dispute. with this object in view they have put a force of men at work cleaning out the tunnel, the entrance to which was blown in during May of the present year. Threats have been made to blow in the tunnel again, hence the present suit.

The Neptune property was operated over twenty years ago, but since that time the United States company has secured ground covering the entrance to the tunnel, and it evidently wishes to cut off connection with the mines.

Judge Ogden Hiles is the plaintiffs' attorney.


## *Get the Most Out of Your Food*

You don't and can't if your stomach is weak. A weak stomach does not digest all that is ordinarily taken into it. It gets tired easily, and what it fails to digest is wasted.

Among the signs of a weak stomach are uneasiness after eating, fits of nervous headache, and disagreeable belching.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla at different times for stomach troubles, and a run down condition of the system, and have been greatly benefited by its use. I would not be without it in my family. I am troubled especially in summer with weak stomach and nausea and find Hood's Sarsaparilla invaluable." E. B. HICKMAN, W. Chester, Pa.

"My stomach was so weak I could not retain food. I found I could take three drops of Hood's Sarsaparilla and not throw it up. Increased the dose daily for three weeks. When I had taken two bottles I could eat anything, and six bottles made me well." MRS. LOTTIE E. NEWMAN, 31 Lewis street, Hartford, Conn.

## *Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills*

Strengthen and tone the stomach and the whole digestive system. Get Hood's.



## *Lazy Liver*

When the liver goes wrong, everything is wrong. You have dyspepsia, coated tongue, constipation, biliousness, sick headache, nausea, general debility. One of Ayer's Pills each night, just one, gently starts the liver and removes all trouble.

"I have used Ayer's Pills for liver complaint, and have found them to be the best thing I have ever tried." E. N. North, Sidell, Ill.

25c. a box. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.


## CARBONDALE BANKER HERE

**Friend of Dr. Niles and Executor of Belcher Estate.**

C. E. Spencer and wife of Carbondale, Pa., friends of Dr. Harry Niles of this city, are guests at the Knutsford en route East from San Francisco. Mr. Spencer is connected with the Miners and Mechanics' Savings bank of Carbondale, and is the executor of the estate of Frank J. Belcher, the wealthy Klondiker, who died last March of pneumonia in San Francisco.

It was in the interest of the estate, which has been estimated to be worth at least $500,000, that Mr. Spencer has recently been to Seattle, Portland and San Francisco. Mr. Belcher spent three years in the Klondike and sent out over $400,000 in gold, which was banked in over ten different banks. His executor has been trying to place all the deposits and stated today that over $200,000 was found in three banks at Seatle, and one in Portland. Besides much ready gold Mr. Belcher owned the twenty-three El Dorado mines. The estate will be divided between several sisters and the father and mother of the deceased.

## VISIT TO SUGAR PLANTS.

**Officials of Utah Sugar Company on a Tour of Inspection.**

The board of directors and officers of the Utah Sugar company, with a number of specially invited guests, will visit the four plants of the company at Lehi, Provo, Bingham Junction and Springville on Monday next. A special train will be run, leaving the Rio Grande depot at 8:20 a. m. The various plants will be inspected, and lunch will be taken at Lehi at 12:30 p. m.; their return will be made to this city, arriving at 5:45 p. m.

Advices from the factory state that the end of the first thirty days saw six and a half million pounds of sugar turned out. The expectation is that this figure wil be more than duplicated in the next thirty days, and that the entire run of the factory will take from ninety to one hundred days.

## POSTMASTER APPOINTED.

[Special to the "News."]

Washington, D. C., Oct. 24.—F. Tellesson has been appointed postmaster at Cannon, Cache county, vice A. Sanberg, resigned.

A pension has been granted Samuel E. Ewing, Boise, $12.

RAILWAY CLERKS APPOINTED.

William J. Manning, Syracuse, and Fred C. Ralph, Hyrum, Utah, have been appointed railway mail clerks.


**TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.**

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.


## NEW ORDER.

**In Urgent Cases Men May Eat Breakfasts on Cars.**

An order has appeared upon the blackboard at the power house of the Consolidated Railway and Power company, which has had the effect of putting those men who took umbrage at the recent order regarding eating their meals upon the cars in a good humor. The order sets forth that in case of necessity that the breakfast bucket may be brought to the car, but at the same time it is understood that the men are not to make a practice of this move.

The dissatisfaction which existed among some of the men regarding the new rules a week ago has now practically disappeared and the new order is working like a charm and the men appreciate the boon of being able to sit down comfortably to their meals with their families.

A gang of tracklayers have been busy today in putting in new rails on the curve at the intersection of East and South Temple streets.

## AMUSEMENTS.

The sale for "The Casino Girl" is now going forward at the theatre box office.

* * *

The Grand opens next Monday evening with a production of "Quo Vadis." The advance sale opens tomorrow.

## WARD ENTERTAINMENTS.

The First Ward Mutual Improvement associations have arranged for an entertainment to be held in the Ward meeting house this evening, consisting of the following musical program and tableaus.

PROGRAM.

Prayer.
1—Piano solo ..... Alvin A. Beesley
2—Duet.....Messrs. Heber Sharp and Charles Pike
3—Recitation.....Miss Vida Fox
4—Soprano solo ..Miss Priscilla Livingston
5—Baritone solo .....Mr. Heber Sharp
6—Recitation .....Mr. E. P. Midgley
7—Contralto solo.... Miss Elsie Barrow
8—Baritone solo, ..Mr. Charles R. Pike
9—Soprano solo .....Mrs. Browning
10—Tenor solo ..Mr. Thomas Ashworth

TABLEAUS.

Evening Prayer, Christian Graces, Rock of Ages, Love's Awakening, Autumn, Summer, Winter, Spring, Romeo and Juliet.

# SANDBERG WINS OVER VICTOR CO.

## Judge McCarty's Decision in Lower Court is Confirmed.

## MATTER OF RALEIGH WILL.

**Protestants Against Executors Given Further Time to Introduce Testimony—Application for Divorce.**

Today the Supreme Court confirmed the judgment of the lower court in the case of Nelson Sandberg against the Victor Gold and Silver Mining company. The suit was originally brought by Mr. Sandberg to recover compensation from the mining company for services rendered as superintendent and otherwise, and Judge McCarthy at Nephi ordered judgment in favor of the plaintiff in the sum of $1,644, with interest at the rate of 8 per cent per annum from August 14, 1894, to December, 1900. From this judgment the company appealed, having denied all the complaints set up by Sandberg.

OTHER CASES.

Sierra Nevada Lumber company, respondent, vs S. W. Whitmore, appellant, was argued and taken under advisement, Hon. Geo. Sutherland appearing for respondent and Hon. Benner X. Smith representing appellant.

Toltec Ranch company, appellant, vs Wm. Babcock, respondent, Louisa Babcock, intervenor, argued for the appellant by Hon. Tillman D. Johnson and by Mr. B. H. Jones in reply. The case was taken under advisement.

ADMITTED TO PRACTICE.

After an examination as to his necessary qualifications, by Frank Pierce, Geo. F. Goodwin and Dennis Eichnor, Mr. J. Vincent Coughlan was today admitted to practice in the Supreme Court.

**RALEIGH WILL.**

**Protestants Appear in the Chancery Court this Morning.**

Some of the sons and daughters of the late Alonzo H. Raleigh who are heirs under the last will and testament of the deceased, came into the chancery court today to attend a hearing of their protest against the executors named in that instrument. The will provided for the appointment of three executors, naming them, and also stipulated that in the event of the death, resignation or other disqualification of either of them the remaining two should select another to fill his place. It was also provided in the will that after all of decendent's debts were paid the remaining property should be used and operated for the benefit of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-day Saints, with certain provisions in the interests of certain named sons and daughters. In the will is also another clause authorizing the executors to disinherit any one or all of the heirs for "bad conduct." Of the three executors named by the testator A. W. Carlson withdrew and the board as now constituted is composed of William Asper, Alfred Solomon and H. S. Tanner. In their petition the protestants allege that in view of the fact that all three of the executors are members of the legatee church they will be unable to obtain a just and equitable distribution of the estate, and for the purpose of securing to them their rights the petitioners ask the appointment of an administrator who is not a member of the Church referred to. The protestants were not prepared to introduce testimony supporting their allegations at the present time but promised to secure the presence in the court of proper witnesses if an extension of time were granted. Judge Hall therefore postponed the hearing until Saturday, November 2, after having advised the parties to the controversy to try to get together, come to an understanding and save litigation and expense. The amount involved is estimated to be in the neighborhood of $30,000.

**DIVORCE PRAYED FOR.**

**Mrs. Helena Runswick Charges Her Husband With Desertion.**

Helena Runswick today filed her complaint, through Attorney C. M. Nielsen, in an action to secure a divorce from her husband, Andrew Runswick, alleging desertion and total failure to provide as the ground for her prayer. The parties were married, says Mrs. Ronswick, in December, 1872, in Sweden, and that in July, 1896, the husband left their joint home and has since remained away and wilfully neglected his family. A simple dissolution of the matrimonial bonds is requested.

**FOR DOG BITE.**

**Canine Frolic Leads to a Suit for $1,080 Damages.**

Emeline Peterson this afternoon commenced action in the district court against Charles Rasband to recover damages, in the sum of $1,080, on account of a bite inflicted upon her person by a dog owned by the defendant. In her complaint Mrs. Peterson asserts that the dog jumped at her while she was going towards her buggy in the southern part of the city on September 7, 1901, and that the animal tore her dress, bit her thigh and otherwise lacerated her body; that she was unable to shake off the savage beast without the aid of people in the neighborhood who saw the vicious attack and the plaintiff's painful situation and alarm. The sum of $80 is asked for, cost of her dress, and some fruit that plaintiff lost, and for fees paid for the attendance of a physician. Damages in the sum of $1,000 are prayed for on account of sickness resulting from the attack and because of distress of mind in her fear of hydrophobia. Jas. L. Pardee is attorney for Mrs. Peterson.

AFTER WORK OR EXERCISE

POND'S EXTRACT

Soothes Tired Muscles; Removes Soreness and Stiffness.

Don't take the weak, watery Witch Hazel preparations, represented to be "the same as" POND'S EXTRACT, which easily sour and generally contain "wood alcohol," a deadly poison.

# NOW IS THE TIME

To buy a heater. We have a splendid assortment at reasonable prices and terms.

Call and see our fine STEEL RANGE at—

$30.00

Remember, our goods are strictly reliable.

H. DINWOODEY FURNITURE COMPANY.



# ELIAS MORRIS & SONS COMPANY,

The most elegant and most extensive line of Mantels ever exhibited in this city now in our Show Rooms.

21-23-25-27 W. So. Temple, Salt Lake City.


**BABY GIRL DEAD.**

Friends of Mr. O. C. Beebe of Zion's Saving's bank, and wife will sympathize with them in the death of their infant daughter. The little one was born this morning and christened Blanche Beebe. It was apparent from the first that it could not live though everything possible was done to preserve the spark of life. The funeral, which will be private, will take place from the family residence, tomorrow at 11 a. m.

Mrs. Beebe, who has been ill for a considerable period is reported as doing as well as possible.

**FROM T. J. HOWELLS.**

Thomas J. Howells, who was once in the county clerk's office, and who is now upon a mission in England, writes to County Clerk James that he is enjoying his visit to the "mother country" and that he will probably go to Wales in the spring to see the "land of his fathers." A visit to the Glasgow exposition was made and Mr. Howells says it was a grand affair.


Use Grancse, Granola and Caramel Cereal, for sale at 63 east First South. St. HELENA SANITARIUM FOOD CO.


**CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.**

There is much scarlet fever in town at present, the health board having upon its chart today cases to the number of 41. There are also 38 cases of typhoid fever marked up, as well as 22 of diphtheria. The most distressing feature with the last named disease is that 35 per cent of the cases prove fatal. Parents sometimes allow their children to carry along for some days what they imagine to be an ordinary sore throat, but which proves later to be diphtheria. If more prompt action were taken by the parents, assert the health officers, many cases and consequent deaths would be averted. The last quarantine flag for smallpox was taken down today and there is but one case in the isolation hospital, so the city is practically clear of the disease.

**DISTRIBUTION COMPLETED.**

Fish and Game Commissioner Sharp says that the distribution of fish to Utah streams and lakes has been finished for this year, but that in next month and December he will begin the hatching of brook trout for next year's distribution.

## LATE LOCALS.

Today's clearings amounted to $635,072.21, as compared with $504,828.05 for the corresponding day of last year.

H. G. Whitney, the prominent Idaho lumber man, is in the city from Payette, Idaho. He stated today that 250,000 feet of logs were brought down the Boise river this season and marketed. It is also expected that next season his company will bring 500,000 feet out of the immense lumber tracts upon the Boise river.

**OBITUARY.**

HARRISON—On October 16, 1901, of uræmia, at Sharon ward, Bear Lake county, Idaho, Hannah Maria Harrison, dearly beloved wife of Elder Thomas Harrison. The deceased sister was the daughter of Charles Orson and Hannah Bowcock Law, and was born in Springville, Utah, June 28, 1858. She was baptized when ten years of age, at Paris, Bear Lake Co., Idaho, by Elder Charles C. Rich, and was married Oct. 13, 1876, in the Endowment House, Salt Lake City, to Elder Thomas Harrison. She was the mother of eleven children, three of whom have preceded her to the other side of the vail. Her early married life was spent in Salt Lake City and Cache Valley; but in 1894, the family moved to their home in Idaho, where she passed away.

The deceased sister was sick only a few days, and her mortal remains were buried in the Sharon ward cemetery, Oct. 18. The funeral was well attended, plainly evidencing the respect entertained by the people of the ward for the deceased sister, and consolatory remarks suitable to the sad occasion were made by her step-father, Elder John J. Humphreys, Bishop Sampel Hymass, Elder William Hymass and other speakers. The deceased was a dutiful daughter, a faithful and patient wife, and a loving and self-sacrificing mother. Above all, she was a faithful and consistent Latter-day Saint; and passed away in full hopes of a glorious resurrection. She leaves an affectionate husband, eight grandchildren, and many other sorrowing relatives to mourn her temporary loss and follow in her footsteps.


**WANTED**

A LADIES GOOD GENTLE HORSE, 4 TO 6 years old. Call at 239 W. North Temple St.


**NO GOLD IN CHINA.**

**But Country is Unsurpassed in Coal of All Kinds.**

San Francisco, Oct. 24.—Herbert C. Hoover, a mining expert, who, according to President Jordan of Stanford University, of which he is a graduate, has been receiving a salary of thirty three thousand dollars a year, is here on his way to London. After three years of expert exploration on behalf of the board of mines of the Chinese government, Mr. Hoover declared that there are no valuable gold mines in China but that the country is the richest in the world in coal, both bituminous and anthracite. A company which has built a harbor at Ching Wai Tow is preparing to ship coke to San Francisco on its own vessels. The coke, Mr. Hoover says, can be landed here at a rate which will make profitable the smelting of iron in California.

**President Back in Washington.**

Washington, Oct. 24.—President Roosevelt and party returned to Washington at 10:30 a. m. today. The special train of two private cars, the Lucania and the Princeton, pulled into the Pennsylvania station just ahead of the Federal express, of which it constituted the first section. Small crowds gathered at several points along the line from New Haven here and cheered the train as it passed. Secy. Hay returned with the President from New Haven. Besides those who went from here Miss Alice Roosevelt joined the party at Farmington, Conn. Col. Bingham, the superintendent of public buildings and grounds, and Capt. J. C. Greenway, of the President's rought riders and of the Yale 'varsity nine, also came with the President. The latter will be the President's guest for a few days.

Only a few people had gathered at the station here, but a squad of police and detectives and Chief Wilkie of the secret service, with several officers guarded the approaches. The President had breakfasted early and was in excellent spirits. He was clad in a rough sack suit and a dark felt hat and he walked briskly down the long platform.

**Colombian War Office Orders.**

Colon, Colombia, Oct. 24, via Galveston.—The war ministry at Bogota has issued a notice to the effect that unseemly conduct, disobedience of the orders of superior officers, any communication with the insurgent officers or evidence of peculation on the part of the officers who belong to the Colombian army will be punishable by the publication of the misconduct and the instant dismissal from the army of the guilty party. Dishonorable conduct on the part of certain military men has given rise to the above notification.

**AMERICAN COMPETITION.**

**Manager of Cape Government Railways Says it is Serious.**

London, Oct. 24.—The Daily Mail publishes an interview with Charles Bretterman Elliott, general manager of the Cape government railways, on the result of his recent visit to the United States.

"American industrial competition is serious," says Mr. Elliott, "as it has serious,' says Mr. Elliott, "as it has only and new methods are everywhere in preparation, and work will be undertaken on such a scale as to make successful competition difficult. My strong advice to the heads of British firms is to visit the United States and see for themselves. What greatly surprised me was the extent of the use of automatic machinery, nothing like which has been seen in England."

After describing various large works he visited in the United States, he went on to refer to the use of American locomotives on the Cape railways, explaining that it was only urgent hurry which led to their employment as the British firms asked for eighteen months and the Americans but six to complete the orders.

The Capetown correspondent of the Daily Mail, referring to attacks made in London on Mr. Elliott for giving orders to the United States, says he has made inquiries of the Cape minister of railways and the manager of the companies concerned and is in a position to exonerate Mr. Elliott.

"No orders were placed anywhere," the correspondent asserts, "except with the sanction of the Cape government. Mr. Elliott's mission being simply one of inquiry and advice. The Cape government gave a preference to the extent of 10 per cent in price over foreigners for all goods manufactured within the British empire and only British inability to compete within the time limit led to the giving of some orders to the United States."

**Whitney's Horse Wins.**

London, Oct. 24.—William C. Whitney's Volodyovski, (J. Reiff), won the Sandowne foal stakes of £2,000 for 2-year-olds, distance about one mile and five furlongs, at the Sandowne Park autumn meeting today. Transparent second, and Dundonald (Maher), third. Five horses started.