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PUNISHMENT OF SLAYERS OF RULERS

Hoar Introduces Resolution in Senate Authorizing President to Enter Into Negotiations With Nations for That Purpose.

Washington, Dec. 9.—After the usual preliminary business in the Senate today, which included the presentation of numerous petitions, memorials, bills and joint resolutions, Mr. Gallinger of New Hampshire, asked for a reprint of the document relating to ecclesiastical holdings in the Philippines. He said there was a great public demand for this publication. The reprint was ordered.

Mr. Hoar (Mass.) presented a joint resolution authorizing the President to enter into negotiations with civilized nations for the purpose of punishment of persons attempting the lives of the chief magistrate.

A resolution appropriating $75,000 for transporting and the installation of a government exhibit at the Charleston exposition was passed.

Mr. McLaurin, (S. C.,) made a speech in the Senate today defining his position in South Carolina and discussing the campaign in that state, as well as his position regarding federal patronage in South Carolina and his relationship with it. He said the campaign against him has been one of calumny, vituperation and misrepresentation. As to the appointments in the state he sought to have Democrats appointed and where this could not be accomplished he tried to have such Republicans selected as would give satisfaction to the people. He did not want the crime of burning a postmaster repeated in his state.

Mr. McLaurin said the movement against him in the Democratic party was one to keep alive sectionalism. Speaking of his views on the tariff he said that Samuel J. Randall was a protectionist; Hancock said the tariff was a local issue and D. B. Hill opposed the income tax but none of them had been read out of the Democratic party.

Mr. Jones, Arkansas, denied some of the statements made by Mr. McLaurin, especially so far as it indicated that he, (Jones), had any ulterior motives in any action he took regarding McLaurin's connection with the Democratic party.

Mr. Tillman replied to Mr. McLaurin, denying there was a conspiracy against him. Mr. Tillman referred to the resignations of the senators from South Carolina and their subsequent withdrawal.

Mr. Hoar refered to this fact and said that he did not understand how resignations could be withdrawn.

Mr. Tillman said he would be glad to have the judiciary committee investigate the matter and the senate detigate the matter and the Senate devacant, "so we could wash our dirty linen elsewhere."

Mr. McLaurin said he would join with Mr. Tillman in having the seats declared vacant and meet him anywhere.

Mr. Tillman immediately offered to sign with Mr. McLaurin in a resignation and send it to "that man", (pointing to President Pro Tem Frye), "and that would settle it."

Mr. Tillman declared that he did not want the vote of South Carolina divided and would be willing to go before the people with McLaurin on his "newfangled issues."

Mr. Hoar again asserted that upon the statement of the senators from South Carolina he did not believe either of them was entitled to seats on the floor.

Mr. Tillman said he was glad to find his own opinion backed up by the distinguished chairman of the judiciary committee. He did not believe the governor had anything to do with the matter and could refuse to accept resignations. He thought the committee on privileges and elections should inquire into the whole case.

At this point Mr. Lodge secured recognition and said:

"While these resignations are preparing I move the Senate proceed to the consideration of executive business," and the motion was carried amidst a laugh at the expense of the South Caroline senators.

At 2.35 the Senate went into executive session to consider the Hay-Pauncefote treaty.

At 2.55 p. m. the Senate adjourned.

CHAMBERLAIN'S SPEECH.

Attempt to Bring Matter Up in the German Reichstag Defeated.

Berlin, Dec. 9.—Dr. Hasse, the Pan-German leader in the reichstag, has been defeated, at least temporarily, in his purpose of bringing the Edinburgh speech of the British colonial secretary, Mr. Chamberlain, before the reichstag by the sudden and possibly diplomatic illness of Dr. von Thielmann, the secretary of the treasury. It was Dr. Hasse's intention to start a discussion on Mr. Chamberlain's remarks during an interpellation today on the subject of veterans' pensions. An exciting session was expected, but the promised sensation is postponed by the announcement that Dr. von Thielmann, who was to have replied to the interpelation, is suffering from influenza.

Catholic Societies Convention.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Dec. 9.—Much interest was taken here today among the officers and such delegates as have arrived for the convention tomorrow of the American Federation of Catholic societies. The permanent organization of a central commission of all the Catholic societies is regarded as one of the most important steps that has ever been taken for the church in America.

Chicago's Jury Bribing Case.

Chicago, Dec. 9.—With the testimony of Mrs. Josephine Gordon, sister to ex-Bailiff James Lynch, the state closes its case against Alexander Sullivan, the well known Chicago lawyer, who is charged with having conspired to keep Lynch out of the state to avoid being tried for jury bribing. Mrs. Gordon's testimony and cross-examination brought out little new evidence and consisted mainly of the story of visits to attorneys in Lynch's behalf and of Lynch's return to Chicago. The defense will open its case with an address to the jury by Atty. P. H. O'Donnell. Tomorrow Alexander Sullivan, the defendant, is scheduled to take the stand in his own behalf.

Fatal Head-End Collision.

North Yakima, Wash., Dec. 9.—A head-end collision between an extra eastbound freight train and No. 54 freight, two miles north of here, on the Northern Pacific at midnight, resulted in the death of two trainmen and the injury of several others. The killed are Engineer Cooper and firemen, whose name is unknown. The injured are Brakeman J. J. Peters, arms mangled and internally injured; Fireman B. B. Scott, leg broken, arm crushed; Brakeman W. T. Darcey, head and face scalded; Conductor Jos. Chare, head cut and scalded; Fireman Alfred Channo, bruised and scalded. Three engines and thirty-three cars were destroyed. Under orders, the trains were supposed to pass at Wenas station. When the extra arrived there a train stood on the siding and supposing it was No. 54, the extra proceeded to North Yakima. The collision occurred at a sharp curve and neither engineer saw the other until the trains struck.

To Open Coeur d'Alene Reservation

Spokane, Wash., Dec. 9.—Agitation has been started in northern Idaho in favor of opening the Coeur d'Alene Indian reservation to white settlers. This reserve, which partly surrounds Lake Couer d'Alene, contains over half a million acres, including much fertile land and valuable forests of white and yellow pine. It is also said to contain rich mineral deposits, but their value cannot be determined while the land is held as a reserve.

A Minster Shot in His Pulpit.

Oskaloosa, Iowa, Dec. 9.—Rev. A. A. Johnson, colored pastor of the African M. E. church of this city, was shot and seriously wounded in his pulpit last night by a colored girl, Anna Nelson. The girl claims to have been wronged by the minister.

AD PUNISHMENT HRIIijdt

Western Jockey Club Meeting.

Chicago, Dec. 9.—What promises to be one of the most interesting of the Western Jockey club meetings is in session here today. The board of stewards met at noon to elect officers and arrange dates for next year, but besides this a general adjustment of the troubles and rivalries among "outlawed" tracks will take place. Local horsemen believe that after today's meeting western turf matters will pass under the exclusive control of this organization. It was anounced today that the opposition tracks at the fair grounds and Delmar, which heretofore have been a thorn in the Jockey club's side, will become strong allies.

Omaha Depositors Get Alarmed.

Omaha, Neb., Dec. 9.—There was a considerable number of the depositors of the Society Savings bank present to withdraw their money when the doors of that institution opened this morning. Vive President Flack says the run was due to a mistaken impression that the Savings bank was connected with the Omaha Loan & Trust company, which was reported Saturday to be financial difficulty. Fou tellers paid the depositors as fast as they presented their books but many of them, on learning that the bank had become segregated from the trust company returned and against deposited their money. The bank officials were prepared for the run and had great piles of gold on the counters with which to pay the uneasy depositors.

Ida Lola Bonine's Trial.

Washington, Dec. 9.—Judge Anderson, before whom Mrs. Lola Ida Bonine is being tried for the murder of James Seymour Ayres Jr., today sustained the objection of the district attorney to the hypothetical question submitted to Dr. Carr, an expert on Saturday. The court stated that to admit the question as put would only cloud the situation and embarrass instead of instruct the jury. The question was re-framed and the witness answered that in his opinion the location of the hip wounds such as received by Ayres could not be materially influenced in its height or direction by the fact that the deceased was or was not walking or running.

Dr. Carr was on the stand during a major portion of the day, his testimony relating mainly to the relative positions of Mrs. Monine and Ayres when the killing took place.

St. John Dix Remanded.

London, Dec. 9.—St. John Dix, who is charged with larceny committed in the United States, and who is alleged to have wrecked the Scandinavian-American bank at Whatcom, Wash., was again remanded at the Bow Street police court today until December 17, in spite of the protests of the United States embassy officials. Counsel for the prisoner claimed that he had had no time to examine the extradition papers.

Mr. Dix, who looked exceedingly dapper, addressed the court in support of a further remand, declaring "there is a lot which is not true in those papers."

Severe Snow Storms in England.

London, Dec. 9.—Severe snowstorms have swept over Scotland and many parts of Enngland. Railroad traffic in the highlands is much intefered with by the storms.

King Edward left Sandringham for London today in the midst of a blinding snow fall.

Iceland Pyritiferous Lands.

Copenhagen, Dec. 9.—American capitalists are examining the pyritiferous lands in Iceland with the view of purchasing or leasing them from the government. These properties were formerly leased by an English syndicate, whose concession was revoked because the rent was not paid.

Newton County, Miss., Safe Robbed

Meriden, Miss., Dec. 9.—The Newton county safe at Decatur, the county seat of Newton county, was robbed last night of $4,000 in pension warrants, a large quantity of schol teachers' warrants, $2,250 in checks, a number of post office money orders and a quantity of stamps, and over $300 in cash.

Presidential Appointments.

Washington, Dec. 9.—The President today sent the following nominations to the Senate:

State—Consuls of the United States: Richmond Pearson, North Carolina, at Genoa; Henry D. Saylor, Pennsylvania, at Dawson City, Yukon territory, Canada.

Treasury—To be collectors of customs: Levi M. Wilcuts, district of Duluth, Minn.; William H. Devos, district of Milwaukee, Wis.

Louis T. Weiss, commissioner of immigration at Baltimore; Washington Haverstick of Wisconsin, general inspector treasury department.

Navy—Medical director: William K. Van Heypen, to be surgeon general and chief of the bureau of medicine and surgery; Capt. Royal B. Bradford, U. S. N., chief of the bureau of equipment with rank of rear admiral; Capt. Charles O'Neill, U. S. N., chief of the bureau of ordnance with rank of rear admiral.

Postmasters—California: Susan L. Drake, Colusa; Nathaniel Bullock, Eureka; Wm. W. James, Monterey; Samuel S. Johnston, National City; Archie G. Madison, Angels Camp.

Idaho—Jacob C. Garber, Grangeville; Aaron Frost, Wardner; Dora Clegg, Rexburg; Fred G. Havemann, Salmon.

War—To be chaplains: George C. Stull, Montana; J. C. Granville, Missouri; H. P. Silver, Nebraska; Thomas K. Dickson, Missouri.

Artillery—First lieutenant, George M. Apple, at large.

Navy—Commander Augustus G. Kellogg, retired, to be transferred from the furlough to the retired pay list.

Albert W. Thompson, to be receiver of public moneys at Clayton, N. M.; Edward W. Fox, to be register of the land office at Clayton, N. M.

The President also sent to the Senate a number of appointments, which have heretofore been announced.

BEET SUGAR INTERESTS.

Eccles and Dee Will Attend Meeting in Washington.

ADVISE SENATOR RAWLINS.

Great Salt Lake to be Surveyed—Utah Legislature's Petition in Favor of Female Suffrage Presented.

(Special to the "News.")

Washington, D. C., Dec. 9.—David Eccles and Thomas D. Dee, of Ogden, have notified Senator Rawlins that they will arrive here tomorrow to attend the meeting of beet sugar manufacturers which is to be held here.

TO SURVEY GREAT SALT LAKE.

The Geological survey has submitted to the secretary of the interior estimates of cost of the study of water supplies of the rivers and lakes for the next fiscal year. The sum asked is $250,000 of which Utah will have $50,000 for survey of the Great Salt Lake.

UTAH PETITION PRESENTED.

Senator Rawlins today presented in the Senate the petition which was passed at the last session of the Utah legislature to extend the right of suffrage to all citizens of the United States without discrimination on account of sex. Also to purchase the Temple farm and Moore house at Yorktown, Va.

PENSION FOR AUGUST SCHNELL.

Pension has been granted August Schnell, Salt Lake, $6.

Senator Rawlins presented a memorial from Gov. Wells and the legislature of Utah, for the passage of a bill to adopt the weight and measures of the metric system as the standard weight and measures of the United States.

SALT LAKERS IN WASHINGTON.

Committeeman Salisbury came here from New York, where he has been attending the lead meeting. Postmaster Thomas arrived here last night from Pittsburg. He called at the postoffice department and asked for some supplies for his office. He will leave for New York in a day or so. Mrs. Judge Harkness and Mrs. W. G. Sharp, both of Salt Lake, are here on their way to Atlantic City. P. H. Lannan has arrived here from Maine. He was accompanied by his daughter as far as New York, but while in that city was taken very ill. Judge Hayborn of Idaho is also here.

Gobles, Mich., Burned.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Dec. 9.—The entire business portion of the village of Gobles, 20 miles west of Kalamazoo, was destroyed by fire yesterday. Sixteen business places were burned and the total loss is estimated to be about $100,000. The insurance is small. The cause of the fire, which started in a butcher shop, is unknown. There was no loss of life.

Snow All Over Texas.

St. Louis, Dec. 9.—Telegrams from Texas report that the first real snowstorm of the season prevailed all over northern and northwestern Texas yesterday, accompanied by very cold weather. Ranchmen fear heavy loss of livestock in the lower and central panhandle sections, where cattle are thin in flesh and feed and water scarce.

Big Fire at Rhinelander, Wis.

Rhinelander, Wis., Dec. 9.—The Wabash screen door company's plant was entirely destroyed by fire late last night. The loss is in the neighborhood of $200,000, partly covered by insurance.

The fire throws 225 persons out of work.

Col. John Doniphan Dead.

St. Joseph, Mo., Dec. 9.—Col. John Doniphan, a hero of the Mexican and civil wars and for fifty years prominent in the affairs of Missouri, died at his home in this city this morning. Col. Doniphan was born in Ohio in 1826. He was an Odd Fellow of national prominence and was the first president of the Kansas City, St. Joseph & Council Bluffs railroad.

Rev. Hugh B. Kelly Dead.

Somerville, Mass., Dec. 9.—The Rev. Hugh B. Kelly, vicar general of the diocese of Ottumwa, Iowa, is dead here at the home of his sister. He was taken ill on his journey east. Mr. Kelly was born in Somerville in 1866.

Government of Acre Territory.

New York, Dec. 9.—According to the Lima, Peru, correspondent of the Herald, the Bolivian congress is discussing in secret session the proposal from England to hand the administration of the Acre territory to an English syndicate.

Dufferin's Recovery Slow.

New York, Dec. 9.—The London Times and New York Times announce that the progres of the Marquis of Dufferin and Ava toward convalescence after his recent severe illness is very slow. He is still confined to his bed during a considerable part of the day.

THE SHURTLIFF MURDER TRIAL.

It Commenced Before Judge Stewart This Morning.

COUNSEL IMPANEL A JURY.

State Outlines the Tragedy of Which Mrs. Wilson was the Victim—Evidence in Case.

Jury sitting in the Shurtliff murder trial:

Charles W. Mounteer,
Samuel H. B. Smith,
Joseph E. Gallagher,
W. B. Moreton,
Francis Taylor,
Albert H. Adkinson,
George T. Odell.
William F. Colton.

Frank Shurtliff's trial on a charge of murder in the second degree was commenced before Judge Stewart and a jury of eight men this morning. The crime with which the 18-year-old lad is charged is shooting Mrs. Wilson on Sunday, June 30, last, from the effects of which she died at St. Mark's hospital on Friday, July 12. Miss Retta Wilson, a daughter of the deceased woman, Vincent Shurtliff, the father of the defendant, a mail carrier at Murray, and his wife, James Wilson, the husband of the deceased, and a number of others were in the court room when the trial commenced.

District Attorney Eichnor is prosecuting and Frick and Edwards are defending Frank Shurtliff. Eighteen jurors were examined on their voir dire before a jury was empaneled satisfactory to both the state and the defense.

Prosecutor Eichnor then made his opening statement to the jury outlining the story of the shooting and its fatal results. He pointed out on a map which had been prepared of the scene of the shooting, the Wilson house and the point from which the shot was fired. He produced the rifle which the boys had used and the sash of the window, one of whose panes was shattered by the bullet which killed Mrs. Wilson. When the prosecutor brought forward the gun to show to the jury the memories which it called up were too painful for Miss Wilson and she took out her handkerchief and silently began to weep. Counsel for the defense objected when Mr. Eichnor explained to the jury that it was not necessary to prove that any one, who shot at an inhabited dwelling house, meant to kill some one in that house, in order to show that it was murder in the second degree. Mr. Frick said that the prosecutor was overstepping his right and was making an argument to the jury. The court sustained the objection.

TAKING OF TESTIMONY.

Miss Retta Wilson, a daughter of the deceased Mrs. Jane Wilson, was the first witness called by the state. Miss Wilson is a professional nurse and lives at 444 south Sixth East street. She testified that when she first saw her mother after the shooting she was only partially conscious. On cross-examination Mr. Frick tried to make Miss Wilson admit that her mother's health had rapidly declined after the probing for the bullet at the hospital, with the object evidently of showing that death was due in part at least to the probing. Witness would not admit that this was so. By the time counsel got through with Miss Wilson's examination, it was noon, and the court took a recess until 2 o'clock.

HISTORY OF THE SHOOTING.

The circumstances of the shooting of Mrs. Jane Wilson at Holliday, a woman 52 years of age, were fully reported in the "News" on Monday, July 1. Frank Shurtliff, George Neilsen, John Cooper, Mark Bean, Frank Lark, Ham Ferguson, Ben Shurtliff and Will Foulks, a crowd of boys of from 13 to 18 years of age, were shooting with a 22-caliber rifle on Sunday forenoon, June 30. Mrs. Wilson was in her house alone, making up a bed, when without any warning a bullet came whizzing through the screen door. A moment later another bullet broke through the window and buried itself in Mrs. Wilson's neck. The injured woman rushed out of the house with the blood welling up in her throat and choking her so that she was unable to call for help, and she fell to the ground, swooning, with the blood oozing from the wound in her neck. Her two sons, coming home from Sunday school a half hour later, found their mother lying unconscious in a ghastly pool of blood. Constable Neilsen was hastily summoned, and Dr. Rauscher, a retired physician of the neighborhood, was called in. He found Mrs. Wilson weak from the loss of blood. Later Dr. A. C. Behle of Salt Lake City was summoned. The doctor found on examining the patient that the bullet had ruptured the jugular vein and the cavotid artery, and lodged in the muscles at the back of the neck. The doctor expressed wonder that Mrs. Wilson had not bled to death, the two main blood vessels on one side of the neck having been severed. He ligatured the torn vessels, but did not probe for the bullet. Dr. Behle held out but little hope of Mrs. Wilson's recovery, and although she was carefully nursed by Miss Retta Wilson, the only one of her four daughters at home at the time.

On the Monday following the shooting the wounded woman was taken to St. Mark's hospital, where, after lingering for eleven days she died on Friday, July 12. She had been conscious but little of the time since she was shot.

All the boys who were with Frank Shurtliff at the time of the shooting were brought before Justice Dana T. Smith on a charge of disturbing the peace, but their cases were dismissed. Frank was held under a charge of assault with a deadly weapon, pending the result of Mrs. Wilson's death. When she died the charge was changed to murder in the second degree, on which charge young Shurtliff is now standing trial. He was only confined to jail two or three days, being released on $2,000 bail.

THE BOYS' STORY.

The story told by the youthful Sabbath breakers at the time of their arrest was that on Saturday night, June 29, they took up a collection and went to Murray where they bought an eight-gallon keg of beer. This they carried to Holliday, and drank on Sunday morning. All of them were more or less under the influence of the beer. They sauntered along the road firing the rifle at various marks as they went along. When they were about 520 feet from the Wilson house Frank Shurtliff shot twice at the house, one of the bullets supposedly being the one which killed Mrs. Wilson.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

In the afternoon, County Surveyor Fox was put on the stand to verify the correctness of the map of the scene of the shooting.

Miss Eva Johnson, a nurse at St. Mark's hospital, testified that Mrs. Wilson had never regained consciousness after being taken to the hospital.

Ham Ferguson, aged 18, the next witness, said that all the crowd of boys were drunk on the Sunday morning when the shooting was done. Ham was still on the stand when this report closed.

Snag in Divorce Trial.

Trial of the divorce suit of Mary A. Hirschvogel vs Joseph L. Hirschvogel was brought to a stop with a sudden jerk this afternoon. Mrs. Hirschvogel was suing on the ground of non-support but as the evidence adduced showed that Mr. Hirschvogel had, within the last three months, paid debts of his wife's amounting to over $300, all the wind was taken out of the sail as far as non-support is concerned. Plaintiff was given leave to amend her complaint.

Judgment for Walker Bros.

In the case of Walker Bros. Dry Goods company vs. Moroni A. Holt, Rebecca S. Holt, Tom A. Slater, Louis H. Farnsworth and Joseph A. Graham, Judge Hall today rendered judgment in favor of the plaintiff company and dismissed the suit as to defendants Farnsworth and Graham.

Baird McCune Case.

Trial was commenced before Judge Hall this afternoon of the suit brought by Walter Baird against Mrs. A. W. McCune and W. L. Harlow, the painter, who decorated the new McCune residence, to recover $125 which he claims as wages due him while working under Harlow as an expert modeler and designer.

Pierce, Critchlow and Barrette represent the defendants, and Whittaker and Buckman the plaintiff.

Jones' Damage Trial.

The Ivan S. Jones $20,000 damage suit against the Short Line, is still going on today. Both sides have now rested. Just before noon the jury was excused temporarily while counsel argued a motion by the defendant for preemptory instruction to the jury to render a verdict in favor of the defendant.

This afternoon the court overruled the motion, and arguments are now being addressed to the jury.

Oil Company Incorporates.

The secretary of state today received a copy of the articles of incorporation of the El Capitan Oil company of Ogden, which is capitalized at $500,000, in $1 shares. The directors are Allen McGuire, president; M. S. Peysert, vice president; Horace S. Foster, secretary; Fred W. Chambers, treasurer; J. S. Gordon, E. K. Niner, T. D. Johnson, S. S. Smith, C. E. Fisher, C. H. Hussey and W. C. Weaver. The company will develop the Phil. Lehi and Solitude groups of mining claims in Grand county.

Wants Divorce.

Lottie J. Mounteer this afternoon filed suit in the district court for a divorce from her husband, John T. Mounteer on the ground of non-support. They were married in this city on June 27, 1899, and there is a 20-months-old daughter as issue, and of whom Mrs. Mounteer asks the custody.

Girls Sent to Reform School.

Minerva Reeves and Eva Curtis had their final seance in the criminal court on Saturday, and were both sent to the reform school. The court was convinced that neither of the girls would reform if left to their own devices. Minerva is seventeen and Eva fifteen years old.

Hamilton Pleads Not Guilty.

Oliver Hamilton, a colored man, was arraigned before Judge Stewart Saturday on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon with intent to do bodily harm. He pleaded not guilty, and his trial was set for Dec. 18.

Hamilton is charged with having pulled a revolver on Allen Miller at a dance on Thanksgiving night.

Martin West Divorced.

Mary M. West has obtained a decree of divorce from Martin West on the ground of non-support. They were married on February 4, 1869, at Lacon, Ill.

IMPORTANT CAPTURE.

Four Suspecetd Burglars Handed Over To Weber County Sheriff.

The four men suspected of burglarizing Browning Brothers' store at Ogden, who were captured Saturday evening by the police, were yesterday taken to Ogden by Sheriff Layne and will be tried on the charge of burglary.

Their capture was effected by Officers Gillespie, Sperry, Arthur Pratt and J. D. Brown, on State street near Seventeenth South. It was first reported to the police that the men were seen to dig up some guns and watches near the Oregon Short Line depot and the patrol wagon was at once sent to the scene, while Detective Sheets and Sergeant Janney proceeded to the Rio Grande Western depot to head the men off. The officers were too late, however, and the suspects were rapidly leaving the city behind them when the officers above named boarded a Murray car and overtook them near the smelter town.

No revolvers nor watches were found on them but one of the fellows had a number of rat tail files and some burglar implements on him. The Ogden authorities believe they have a good case against the men and will be able to prove they burglarized Browning Bros.' place.

MINISTERS MEET.

The Salt Lake Ministerial association held its regular weekly meeting this morning at the Y. M. C. A. What business was discussed or transacted during the rather lengthy session is not known, the ministers desiring to say nothing of the matter.

HE GOT SIX MONTHS.

Ed Redmond, who stole a watch from a room in the Manitou hotel, pleaded guilty to the charge of petit larceny. He said he had no plea to make but was simply guilty. Judge Diehl sentenced him to six months in the county jail.

"Thank you," said Redmond when sentence was passed.

Later he is to be charged with breaking into the house of a Jap, and stealing some clothing.

FOR SUBSIDIZING AMERICAN SHIPS

Frye's Bill—Schedule of Rates—Vessels Must Carry Mails if Required—No Registry for Foreign Strips Owned by Americans.

Washington, Dec. 9.—Senator Frye today introduced the new ship subsidy bill. It differs in form from the subsidy bill of the past two sessions. It is divided into four titles and fifteen sections. The sections under the title "Ocean Mail Steamships," are devoted to amendments to the ocean mail act of 1891. The postmaster-general is required to consider the national defense and the maritime interests of the United States as well as postal interests in providing for the transportation of American mails.

The present limit of ocean mail contracts, ten years, is increased to fifteen years. The Frye bill provides seven distinct classes with a rate of $6 to 20-knot steamers, increasing from 5,000 to 10,000 tons the minimum size; $3 for 16-knot steamers, provided the size is increased from 5,000, the present minimum tonage, to 8,000 tons. The proposed maximum mail rates per gross ton per hundred nautical miles are: Over 10,000 tons 20-knots, 2.7 cents; 19-knots, 2.5 cents. Over 5,000 tons, 18 knots, 2.5 cents; 17 knots, 2.1 cents; 16 knots, 1.9 cents; 15 knots, 1.7 cents. Over 2,000 tons, 14 knots, 1.5 cents.

Rates for mail steamers to the West Indies, Central American and Mexico cannot exceed 70 per cent of the maximum rates.

The second title "General Subsidy," contains the general subsidy for all vessels, steam or sail, which are not under mail contracts. This general subsidy is uniform, 1 cent per gross ton per 100 nautical miles for not exceeding 16 entries in one year.

To promote the building of new ocean vessels an additional allowance of one-fourth of a cent per gross ton is made for five years.

Any vessels to receive the general subsidy must carry mails, if required, and must train in steamship or engineering one American youth for each 1,000 tons, the vessels to be at the service of the government if required for defense.

Any vessel to receive subsidy must be class A-1 and at least one-fourth of the crew must be Americans.

The bill provides an annual bounty of $2 a ton for deep sea fishing vessels and of $1 a month for American citizens when engaged in deep sea fisheries, that a vessel shall receive only one form of subsidy, and that a vessel which has received a subsidy shall not be sold to a foreigner except by consent of the secretary of the treasury.

The bill does not provide American registry to foreign ships owned by Americans.

UTAH BOYS ARE ONE LAP BEHIND

Samuelson of Provo Comes a Cropper at Madison Square Garden—Six-Day Bicycle Race—Lawson, Julius and Turville Have Pedaled 177 Miles, 7 Laps.

At 8 a. m. today six of the fourteen teams of the six-day bicycle race, which started in Madison Square Garden at midnight last night held the same score—177 miles and 8 laps. All through the early morning hours the riders made frequent changes and in all the sprints that occurred on account of these changes and shifts there were many falls. One of the most serious occurred shortly before 3 o'clock, when Walthour relieved his partner, McEachern. The former started in at once to steal a lap. Newkirk followed in hot pursuit while the others kept well up to them. As the bunch reached the Twenty-seventh street side of the track, Newkirk slipped on his wheel and Samuelson collided with him. Back of him came McLean and tried to steer clear, but the impetus was too much. The riders fell over one another and when the dust cleared away Hall was found to be unconscious. He recovered in a few minutes. Babcock had to have a large splinter removed from his scalp, while the other riders escaped with a shaking up. Freeman, who had made 157 miles and two laps at 7 o'clock, quit twenty minutes later.

The 8 o'clock score:

Gougoltz and Simar; Fisher and Chavellier; Butler and McLean; Newkirk and Munroe; McEachern and Walthour; Maya and Wilson, each 177 miles and eight laps; Fredericks and Jack; Lawson and Julius; King and Samuelson; Babcock and Turville 177 miles, 7 laps each; Hall and McLare, 177 miles 6 laps; Lepoutre and Muller, 177 miles, 5 laps; Kerff and De Roeck, 177 miles 4 laps; Karnstadt and Franks 177 miles. McFarland and Freeman withdrawn.

10,000 CHILDREN LISTEN TO BAND.

Happy Youngsters From Public Schools Invade the Tabernacle This Afternoon and Express Their Vociferous Approval of The Music Rendered for Their Delectation.

A wiggling, wriggling, giggling, chattering, pushing, stamping, whistling, restless, uneasy mass of child humanity nearly ten thousand strong, invaded the Tabernacle between 2 and 3 o'clock this afternoon, when the public schools all closed and the children, at the invitation of Col. Ellery, manager of the Royal Italian band, and Director Stephens of the Tabernacle, marched through the mud and the light showers, and with mud decorated feet scrambled into the great auditorium and wiggled and half jumped half climbed over one another, and into one another and through one another to seats. The advancing columns were like so many thousands of ants, they overran everything and everybody and seemed intent on having "an afternoon out." The children filled the floor of the Tabernacle solid, and then overflowed and choked up the choir space completely; and as though that was not enough, they filled up all the Bishops' and home missionary seats, and after that flowed over into the galleries which they had filled half full when Prof. Stephens had one of the cornet players of the band sound the call for silence. But it afterwards required several fortissimos on the organ before quiet could be secured. Prof. Stephens then urged the children to be quiet, and Superintendent Christensen also cautioned the children to remain silent and show by their respectful demeanor that they appreciated the courtesy that had been extended to them by Col. Ellery and Prof. Stephens. He hoped there would be no more stamping or whistling, and in response to the superintendent's suggestion several thousand hands were raised to show their owners proposed to be real quiet and behave.

Signor Creatore then took the stand and the band opened with the march to Columbus by Creatore. This was followed by nine other program numbers, which the children enjoyed immensely. The musicians themselves enjoyed the scene, as the smiles on their faces showed, and they expressed gratification when it was found that the organ was in pitch with the band instruments. This will enable the organ and band to play together, for several numbers on the various programs before the season of concert in this city is over. Prof. McClellan will also give a private recital to Colonel Ellery and the band before they depart. The visiting musicians admired the organ very much as Prof. McClellan played a few chords prior to the concert. A large crowd will be on hand this evening. The number of school children in attendance this afternoon could not have been less than 10,000, and there was also a good fair attendance in the galleries, which was used by patrons of the afternoon concert.

CISCO ROBBERY.

Judge Marshall and Jury Try Lorenzo Hatch and Associates.

The case of the United States against Lorenzo Hatch, Justus Hatch and Dave Tolliver, has occupied the entire time of the Federal court today. The case is one of postoffice robbery in which the defendants are charged with having held up the Cisco express office and the postoffice there in October of last year. The defense, represented by Judge King, will try to show that the three boys were acquitted on the same count and that they are not guilty of the charges made against them. The plaintiff, represented by U. S. District Attorney Whittemore, is trying to prove that the three boys were in the vicinity of the Cisco postoffice on the night of the robbery and that their actions were traced by the movements of the three horses upon which they rode. The case is being tried before Judge Marshall and a jury and will probably be finished late this afternoon.

GEO. A. SNOW RETURNS.

Talks Regarding the Pending Implement Company Consolidation.

George A. Snow, president and general manager of the Consolidated Implement company, has returned from a business trip to eastern cities. In a conversation with a "News" man today he stated that he had been east on business relating to the consolidation of his company with the Co-op Wagon and Machine company. Said he, in discussing the proposed consolidation, "I see no reason why the union of the two companies should not be effected, and it will probably be decided when the stockholders of both meet on the 23rd inst.

"As to my going east I will say that it is my intention early in the year to locate in New York or Chicago or some other eastern city and to enter another business than the one in which I am now engaged.

"I shall, however, retain an interest in the new consolidated company and shall have other interests binding me to Salt Lake and Utah. I am of the opinion that Salt Lake has a magnificent future and consequently intend to continue to keep in touch with Utah affairs."