

SENATE TO VOTE NEXT MONDAY

On the New Hay-Pauncefote Treaty.

DEBATED FOR FOUR HOURS.

Then an Agreement Was Reached—Lodge Will Move an Executive Session and Matter Comes Up.

Washington, Dec. 12.—The Senate agreed today to take a vote before adjournment on Monday on the new Hay-Pauncefote treaty for the abrogation of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty and opening the way for the construction of a canal across the Isthmus of Panama by the United States.

Senator Spooner, who was one of the principal speakers of the day, had just concluded when Senator Lodge made an effort to secure a vote. It developed that there were other senators who desired to be heard, the result being that the date for the vote was postponed until Monday.

The agreement provides for an adjournment of the Senate from today until Monday and for a meeting at 11 o'clock on that day, one hour in advance of the usual time. The understanding is that as soon as practicable after the Senate convenes Senator Lodge shall move an executive session and that the treaty shall have the entire attention of the Senate until a final vote is reached before the adjournment for that day.

The principal speakers today, besides Senator Spooner, were Senator Money and Senator Foraker. Mr. Money, while finding much in the treaty to criticize, said that he found that the fortunes of the proposed canal across the Isthmus inextricably entwined with the treaty, he could not see his way clear to do anything that would prevent or even delay ratification.

Senator Foraker maintained that the provisions of the new treaty met every objection made to the original Hay-Pauncefote treaty and cover every essential thing that was included in the amendment made by the Senate to that document. He regarded it as of the utmost importance that the Clayton-Bulwer treaty should be wiped out. This result was effected by the convention under consideration. He asserted that all rights of the United States were amply protected under this treaty, and our absolute and complete control of the canal could not be questioned by Great Britain or any other power.

Mr. Foraker's speech dealt largely with the legal construction and the general effect of the treaty. He said that after a careful study of its provisions he found it to be a party, it could be honestly supported by every patriotic citizen. He was frequently interrupted by Senator Bacon.

Senator Spooner, who followed, also was frequently interrupted by Senator Bacon. He contended that the United States would have a right to control the canal after its own manner during any war to which the country might be a party. Senator Mason interjected that treaty agreement never binds a nation to the extinction of its military rights and duties. Senator Spooner assented to this and said that no matter what might be the provisions of the treaty the nation could not be accused of dishonor or immorality if its terms were broken in defense of its own existence.

At 4:40 p. m. the Senate adjourned until Monday at 11 o'clock.

To Extirpate Anarchy.

London, Dec. 12.—Sir Edward Clarke, ex-solicitor-general, in addressing the Junior Constitutional club tonight upon anarchism, said that Great Britain's praiseworthy attitude against the extradition of political offenders should not prevent her from joining the United States and other countries in a conference with a view to making anarchy an offense against international law.

Carnegie Tendered Bonds Not Cash.

Washington, Dec. 12.—It transpires that the gift of \$10,000,000 which Andrew Carnegie tendered to President Roosevelt for the founding of a great institution for higher education was not an offer of \$10,000,000 in cash, but the par value of the amount in bonds of the United States Steel corporation. The offer of these bonds is embarrassing to the administration, owing to the complications which might arise if the government accepted them, and the fact that the value of the bonds is now in correspondence with Mr. Carnegie about the matter.

It is understood to be his desire that the bonds be converted into cash. If this is done the only obstacle in the path of the acceptance of the generous gift of Mr. Carnegie will be removed. Pending the result of this correspondence Mr. Carnegie's offer is being withheld from Congress.

Shamrock II's Narrow Escape.

New York, Dec. 12.—Sir Thomas Lipton's cup challenger, Shamrock II, narrowly escaped being destroyed by fire tonight. Only the strenuous efforts of the firemen saved her. As it was she was badly scorched on one side. The fire burned the boiler shop of the J. M. Robinson company at Erie basin, Brooklyn, where the Shamrock was laid up for the winter. One of the Shamrock's launchers was consumed. The total damage from the fire is estimated at \$50,000.

Improved Tandem Kite System.

New York, Dec. 12.—William A. Eddy, who has just arrived in Bayonne, from Nank, Conn., has written to Mr. Marconi, inclosing diagrams of an improved tandem kite system for reaching a height of 3,000 feet with Major Baden-Powell's system of kites. He thinks this system will enable Marconi to send messages at least 1,000 miles because every increase in height has so far correspondingly increased the range of wireless telegrams. Should the receiving vessel 1,000 miles out at sea also send up a receiving wire by means of kite balloons to a height of 3,000 feet, Mr. Eddy thinks the 1,000 miles limit would be more than doubled. Major Baden-Powell fastens one kite to the back of another when flying the kites tandem but Mr. Eddy says with the improved system of fastening radiating lines to a main line the safety will be greater than with one kite, because if one kite gives out the others will sustain the apparatus.

Treatment of Benson's Wounded.

London, Dec. 12.—The war office has issued a statement dealing with the Boer treatment of Col. Benson's wounded at Brakenstaarte, which is the result of a special investigation of the matter instituted by Lord Kitchener. The statement sets forth that eighteen officers and men of Col. Benson's command were kindly an even carefully treated by the Boers, while the other seventy-five men who were examined testified that they witnessed and suffered atrocities worse than those which followed the Vaalfontein disaster. These latter said that unarmed and wounded men lying around the guns were killed at close range and that the survivors of the engagement suffered torture, being robbed and stripped of their clothing in spite of their wounds and broken limbs.

Boer Prisoners Kindly Treated.

New York, Dec. 12.—Lieut. Col. Quayle-Jones, who, until ordered to England to receive a colonel's commission, was in charge of the Boer prisoners at Bermuda, has arrived here on the steamer Pretoria, from Bermuda, on his way to England. He declared emphatically that the stories that the Boer prisoners were not treated kindly, that they were in need of clothing and that they were not properly fed, were without foundation. After explaining reasons given the prisoners he said: "If any one desires to send them things, such as tobacco, books and luxuries, all right, but they do not lack the necessities of life. Books would be a good thing to send them."

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper.

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WATCHING FOR A WOMAN. Using Miss Stone's Name to Collect Funds Fraudulently.

New York, Dec. 12.—The police of Paterson, N. J., have asked to keep an outlook for a well-dressed, refined looking woman who has been going about that city representing that she is authorized to collect funds for the liberation of Miss Stone. She has a paper which says she is an agent of the American Tract society. It bears the names of Bishop Potter, Archbishop Corrigan, J. Pierpont Morgan and Mrs. Gardella Hobart. The woman visited the home of Mrs. Geo. Davidson of Paterson. She told of her mission and Mrs. Davidson wrote out a check for \$5 and gave it to the woman. Then Mrs. Davidson asked her visitor to take luncheon, and the invitation was accepted. A ring of the door bell called Mrs. Davidson away, and in her absence the strange woman picked up a black brocade silk dress and escaped by a rear door. Then she went across the street to a store where the Davidson family had cashed the check. In consequence the police were notified.

Earthquake in Oregon.

Salem, Ore., Dec. 12.—At 12:50 this morning a distinct earthquake shock was felt in this city. The shock lasted three seconds and the vibrations were from north to south. Windows and dishes rattled but no damage is reported.

Will Reject Argentine Claims.

New York, Dec. 12.—According to the Herald's Buenos Aires correspondent, it is asserted that Chili in her reply to the minister of finance has received from Paris an offer of a loan of \$2,000,000. The minister of finance replied that he is considering the offer. There is a persistent rumor that the Chilean minister is about to start for Santiago.

Chinese Title for Sir Robert Hart

New York, Dec. 12.—A dispatch from Shanghai to the London Times and New York Times says that an imperial edict confers upon Sir Robert Hart, director of the Chinese Imperial Maritime Customs and on Shenq, the total, the title of "Junior guardian of the heir apparent." The same distinction was recently conferred on Viceroy Chang Tung and Governor Yuan Shikai.

Chas. Barnes, Herder, Frozen to Death

Rock Springs, Wyo., Dec. 12.—A report from the Red Desert sheep range says that Chas. Barnes, a herder, was frozen to death in the blizzard that has raged for the past day or two. Barnes was from Garden City, Kansas. The blizzard has scattered the herds in small bunches all over the country and it is feared the loss will be great. A Mexican herder whose name has not been learned is reported to have been frozen also.

Russia Warns the Porte.

New York, Dec. 12.—According to the Constantinople correspondent of the London Times and New York Times the Russian embassy at the Turkish capital has warned the Porte that the installment of the war indemnity due in mid-January must be promptly paid. The correspondent also says the embassies are preparing an identical note concerning the mining regulations arbitrarily ordained last year. They were applied retroactively with a deplorably detrimental effect on old mining enterprises.

Big Fight at Rio San Juan.

New York, Dec. 12.—Mr. Carlos Albaro has received a cablegram from Buena Ventura giving an account of a big fight at Rio San Juan, near Buena Ventura, on Monday, says the Colon, Colombia, correspondent of the Herald. The revolutionist sent an expedition of 1,500 men overland from Tumac. This expedition was surprised at the river by the government troops. Many casualties are reported by both sides.

Carnegie Aids a Home Scheme.

New York, Dec. 12.—That Andrew Carnegie takes an interest in other enterprises of a philanthropic nature than libraries and universities was indicated last night when Dr. R. L. Gould, of the City and Suburban Homes company, at the dinner of the Reform club, said that a little over a year ago Mr. Carnegie, after investigating the plans of the company, had subscribed \$100,000.

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CHANCELLOR VON BUELOW, WHO HAS STARTED GERMANY'S TARIFF WAR AGAINST UNCLE SAM.

GERMANY'S new tariff bill, called "brodwucher" (bread usury), is now before the reichstag, and a titanic struggle over it is now on. The watchword of the emperor with reference to the United States seems to be "Reciprocity or retaliation." If concessions are not made to Germany, higher duties will be levied on American food products.

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Victor Hugo's Only Grandson.

New York, Dec. 12.—A dispatch from Paris to the London Times and New York Times, says Victor Hugo's only grandson, Georges Hugo, has applied for permission to put the prefix "Victor" before his family name.

To Work California Iron Mines.

Los Angeles, Cal., Dec. 12.—Articles of incorporation of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company have been filed here. This step was considered necessary because of the law enacted at the last session of the legislature compelling corporations doing business in California to record official documents in the state.

Report in Schley Case Nearly Ready.

Washington, Dec. 12.—The Schley court of inquiry is nearing the end of its labors, and while it is impossible to secure from the members or from the navy department a statement as to when the report will be submitted, it is believed that it cannot be delayed much more than 24 hours.

Big Blizzard in Wyoming.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Dec. 12.—The blizzard raging throughout southern Wyoming is terrific. Everything is delayed from three to five hours and a blockade is imminent. Great distress is reported by sheep men of the Red Desert section and southern Utah county. On the desert the losses will be large unless a break occurs within a few hours.

Russians to Study English Wants.

New York, Dec. 12.—Russia is not satisfied with her already great progress as a food exporting nation and today a deputation of thirty-two Russian agriculturalists will, by the aid of their government, arrive in London to study the English markets and leading English wants, cables the Tribune's London correspondent. The delegates are estate owners and wholesale producers who are in the Russian export trade. Their leader, Kruekov, is believed to be an extremely able man.

Train Runs Into a Band of Sheep.

Rock Springs, Wyo., Dec. 12.—A Union Pacific train ran into a band of sheep near Point Rocks, killing between 200 and 400. No one was injured in the mix-up and the train was scarcely checked.

Chili-Colombian Alliance.

New York, Dec. 12.—A dispatch to the Herald from Colon, says Gen. Pelayo, a Colombian government officer says that, according to the latest news received, Chili and Colombia have signed a treaty of alliance.

Population of British Empire.

New York, Dec. 12.—According to the London representative of the Tribune, carefully compiled statistics of the British empire, published by a trade paper, bring out the rather startling fact that out of a population of nearly 400,000,000 about 48,800,000 or less than one eighth are of British birth or descent, nearly 4,000 are non-British white men and the colored races number 343,000,000.

Capt. J. J. Meyer Dead.

New York, Dec. 12.—Capt. James J. Meyer, of the engineer corps, U. S. A., died at his home at Newark, N. J., at an early hour this morning. Death was due to pneumonia, from which he had been a sufferer for three weeks. Capt. Meyer was born in Newark, and was graduated from West Point in 1856. For the last four years he was in charge



THOMAS W. LAWSON, WHO ADMITS THAT THE WAR ON COPPER HAS COST HIM \$4,000,000.

"THE fight is to be to a finish and while I expect no quarter I want none and will give none. I cannot be 'gouged out' or made to capitulate or compromise, and I will be doing what business I decide to do in the way I decide to do it when every one of those who are fighting me has sneaked off the field." This is the note of defiance sounded by Thomas W. Lawson, the Boston millionaire, horseman, yachtsman and copper magnate, who admits in the same breath that the recent "hammering" of copper securities in Wall street has caused \$3,000,000 worth of his stocks to dwindle in value to \$2,000,000.

TO ENCOURAGE TRADE WITH CHINA

Better Treatment for Chinese Merchants Granted.

BUSINESS MEN INTERESTED.

New York Houses Seek for More Liberal Policy Better Class of Chinamen.

New York, Dec. 12.—A movement is taking shape among the export and import houses engaged in trade with China to secure more liberal treatment for Chinese merchants and others visiting this country, under the new Chinese immigration law, says the Journal of Commerce. Silas D. Webb, president of the China and Japanese Trading company, who has resided in Shanghai for over fifteen years and who is thoroughly familiar with the conditions affecting the development of American trade with the far east, in an interview said:

"The humiliating restrictions which the Chinese exclusion act has placed on the entry of Chinese merchants, travelers and students into this country seem likely to undo all the advantage which has been gained through the friendly attitude of our government during the recent negotiations between the powers and China. But for the reopening of the Chinese markets and the resumption of the ordinary currents of trade beginning from this year we should have had a very serious state of things in the great cotton industry of the United States. Half the cotton mills of the south are absolutely dependent upon the Chinese consumer for their output of cloth, and in default of orders from China nothing could prevent a destructive competition between New England and the south for possession of the home market. It will not be long before our great iron and steel industries have as well defined an interest in the Chinese market as the cotton industry already possesses and care should be taken not to prejudice our Chinese consumers against us."

NAVAL OFFICER DISCIPLINED.

Wrote a Bitter Book on the French Navy Called "Les Maritimes."

New York, Dec. 12.—The correspondent of the London Times and New York Times says that Maurice De Valson, the author of a book called "Les Maritimes," has been brought up before a board of inquiry at Brest and has been "reformed" (discharged from the service). The announcement of this increased the Paris sale of the book, 10,000 copies of which had been already circulated. The work is written with a certain bitterness and native talent for observation, but betrays the caricaturist's point of view. It has some artistic merit.

"It is," says the correspondent, "long since any French government officer has been so scandalized as has been the ministry of marine by Les Maritimes." The work owes its success to the bitterness with which the ways and manners of the navy are attacked and the libelous frankness with which the chiefs of the navy, notably Admiral Fournier, are dealt with.

The author is only 28 years of age, and has been in the navy since 1871. He wrote a book while he was a member of the torpedo school.

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TUB TRUTHS.

DROP of ink will color a whole glass of water. It is an inch of yeast which makes a pan of bread rise, and a single cake of soap containing unabsorbed alkali can ruin a hundred times its cost in laces and fine embroidery. After all, is it wise to take such risks with common soap? Of course you can get along without Ivory Soap. So can a wagon without axle grease—but it goes hard.

of the harbor improvements at Los Angeles, Cal. Meyer also mined San Francisco harbor during the Spanish-American war.

Proposed Biography of Schley. Baltimore, Md., Dec. 12.—The Herald says that Capt. James Parker, who was one of Admiral Schley's counsel before the court of inquiry is engaged, in the collection of material for a biography of Admiral Schley which he proposes to write.

IGLESIAS CONVICTED. Found Guilty of Trying to Raise Wages of Porto Ricans. San Juan, P. R., Dec. 12.—Santiago Iglesias, president of the Federation of Workmen of Porto Rico, with nine companions, was tried in the district court at San Juan yesterday on the charge of conspiracy. Today Iglesias was sentenced to two years and three months and eight days' imprisonment. Several of his companions were sentenced to four months' imprisonment, on the charge of being the founders of an illegal association and conspiracy in August, 1900, to raise the price of labor in Porto Rico. Iglesias, as the founder of the conspiracy, gets the heaviest sentence. The other men were nearly his associates in the crime.

At that time nearly all the merchants and employers here raised their prices from pesos to dollars, an advance of forty cents. Iglesias did the same, contending that he only raised wages in proportion to other increases. This constitutes the conspiracy. The case has been appealed to the supreme court of Porto Rico, where it probably will be heard in a month. Pending this appeal, Iglesias is at liberty.

GOMPERS' COMMENT. Scranton, Pa., Dec. 12.—When the correspondent of the Associated Press showed the San Juan cables in regard to the conviction of Iglesias to Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, he expressed great surprise at the news. In answer to a question as to what the federation will do in the matter, he said: "Mr. Iglesias' conviction is upon the charge that he has been guilty of conspiracy to increase the wages of Porto Rican workmen. We shall have no effort untried to secure his honorable release, and also the necessary change in the laws of the island to conform to the American standard."

"It is an honorable ambition to secure better returns in the shape of wages for labor. The Porto Rican law is evidently a relic of the Spanish brutal code and regime, and the American people will not tolerate so gross a violation of guaranteed rights."

The executive council was in session when the Associated Press dispatch reached Mr. Gompers. He said there is no doubt that the convention will take up the matter before it adjourns.

Eye Troubles. are always easier to cure when tended to in the early stages. Blindness in nine cases out of ten, with the exception of accidents, is the result of neglect. Let us examine your eyes FREE OF CHARGE. RUSHMER, Mfg. Optician. TWO STORES: 73 W. First Street, Salt Lake City. 242 Washington Av., Ogden.

TOYS AT WHOLESALE. PRICES, ROCK BOTTOM. Largest Stock West of Chicago. SAMPLES NOW OPEN FOR INSPECTION. THE LACE HOUSE, 228 and 230 Main St. Utah's Greatest Store, Salt Lake City, Utah.

SOME WONDERFULLY ATTRACTIVE French China Cups and Saucers and Plates. Are displayed in our window. They are worth up to \$3.00 each. For one week, beginning Friday morning, Nov. 29th, your choice of 100 styles, at... 98c. Gold Weather Promised. Our skate stock is ready for you. Mission's complete line—Up to the Minute—Skates for the "kiss," Boys and Girls' Skates, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Skates. Scott-Strevell Hardware Co. N. B.—Our Hot Blast Stoves are taking the town by storm.

HEBER J. GRANT & CO. INSURANCE AGENCY. OUR COMPANIES: The Hartford, of Hartford, Ct. North British & Mercantile, London and Edinburgh. Pennsylvania, of Philadelphia. Northern, of London. Fire Association, of Philadelphia. Teutonia, of New Orleans, and THE HOME FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF UTAH.