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TRUTH AND LIBERTY

FIFTY-SECOND YEAR | TUESDAY, MARCH 25, 1902. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. | NUMBER 106

Peace or War In South Africa?

Vice President of Royal Geographical Society Thinks it Rests In Steyn's Hands—Would Grant Amnesty With Disfranchisement for Life—Boer Delegate in Amsterdam Says Are Now Fighting for a Happy End.

London, March 25.—Sir Geo. Goldie, vice-president of the Royal Geographical society, and founder of Nigeia, who has just returned from a thorough investigation of South Africa, where he was conferring with Lord Milner, Lord Kitchener, Cecil Rhodes, Sir Walter Hely Hutchinson, the governor of the Cape of Good Hope and numbers of other influential men, brings home rather pessimistic ideas of the general situation, from a British point of view. The conditions in Cape Colony, he regards as especially dangerous and he considers that the most serious British difficulties will be encountered there in the future, as at present. In an interview with a representative of the Associated Press, Sir Geo. Gildie, while recognizing the possible importance of Acting President Schalkburger's step, said he was convinced that the question of peace or war rested in the hands of President Steyn, and that Mr. Kruger and the other Boers in Europe no longer represent Boer opinion. The real difficulty in the path of peace, he believed, is the question of granting amnesty to the Cape and Natal rebels and Sir George says, the vague promises of the British government have not the slightest weight while the fighting burghers are in their present state of mind. Sir George Goldie advocates granting amnesty to the rebels, but he insists that every one must be disfranchised for life. This, he declares, would go far toward allaying the bitterness of the loyalists. Sir George deprecates any attempt to permit the use of a dual language. He says English alone must be the official language and adds that the fact that practically the whole of the rising generations of the two republics are now in the concentration camps and are rapidly learning English, will be of great aid in this direction.

He estimates that 100,000 armed men will be needed in South Africa for some years after the conclusion of peace. Sir George Goldie failed to meet any Boers who yet recognized that they had been finally beaten, though some of them admitted that they had been temporarily overweighed by numbers.

SCHALKBURGER DELEGATION.

Wolvehoek, Orange River Colony, Monday, March 24.—The train having on board Acting President Schalkburger and his party passed this place on its way to Kronstad, yesterday. The Transvaal government officials were accompanied by Capt. Marker. Lord Kitchener's aide de camp, and five other members of the staff of the British commander-in-chief in South Africa. The impression here is that the Transvaalers favor a general surrender of the Boer forces.

FIGHTING WITH CONFIDENCE.

Amsterdam, March 25.—Abraham Fischer, the Boer delegate in an interview today gives a variety of reasons why the Boers in the field should be in a mood to continue the war rather than accept terms less advantageous than those previously offered. The latest report from President Steyn, received under date of Feb. 15 says: "Last year we fought successfully, now we are fighting with confidence, not to the bitter end, but for a happy end."

The Boer forces have plenty of everything except clothing.

WOODWARD'S LIFE PROLONGED.

Stay of Execution Granted the Condemned Man — Was to Have been Hanged on Friday but Under Present Circumstances He is Safe Until July 11.

(Special to the "News.")

Cheyenne, Wyo., March 25.—The attorneys for Charles Woodward, murderer of Sheriff Ricker of Natona county, under sentence to be hanged at Casper on March 28, today filed in the state supreme court a petition in error and the condemned man has been granted a stay of execution pending the hearing of the proceedings in error. Under the law the plaintiff is allowed 60 days in which to prepare its case and the defendant 45 days so that Woodward, no matter what the decision of the supremer court may be, cannot be legally hanged before July 11th next.

Sheriff Tubbs of Casper has been notified of the action of the supreme court. There is some talk that Woodward will be lynched, but it is believed the law will be allowed to take its course.

AMERICAN STUDENT IN RUSSIA ARRESTED.

St. Petersburg, Saturday, March 22.—During the course of the recent domiciliary visits the police searched the house of an American, Mrs. Gardner, and arrested her son, Boris, who is a student. Nothing incriminating was discovered. Mrs. Gardner hopes her son will be released on the condition that he will go to England to complete his education. Among those who were imprisoned on account of the student riots are officers, lawyers, noblemen, noblewomen and the sons and daughters of officials.

The Official Messenger admits that from Moscow alone 95 students have been banished to Siberia and that 567 have been imprisoned for terms ranging from three to six months.

TO EVACUATE MANCHURIA.

In Port Arthur it is Believed that the Aim of the Anglo-Japanese Alliance is That and Nothing Less—Japs Now Competing With Russians.

St. Petersburg, Saturday, March 22.—According to advices received here from Port Arthur it is believed there that the real intent of the Anglo-Japanese treaty is to compel Russia to evacuate Manchuria.

The Japanese have already established a Japanese-Chinese bank to compete with the Russiah-Chinese bank and a Japanese institution has secured concessions to explore for gold in Manchuria. The concensus of opinion here is that the effect of the Franco-Russian declaration in reply to the announcement of the Anglo-Japanese alliance will be to lessen the resistance which has lately developed in China against the settlement of the Manchurian question on the lines required by Russian interests, and that China, whose attitude of resistance became more pronounced after the publication of the Anglo-Japanese alliance will now be less inclined to act prejudicially to Russia's interests.

ADVOCATE A NEW DEPARTMENT.

Washington, March 25.—A large number of business men representing the leading commercial organizations of the country were before the house committee on commerce today when hearings were begun on the plan of creating a new department of the government, presided over by a cabinet officer, to be known as the department of commerce and labor. Those present included Theodore C. Search of Philadelphia, president of the National Association of Exporters; J. W. Ela of Chicago, of the National Business league; Edward R. Wood of Philadelphia, of the National board of trade; Mahlon H. Kline, of Philadelphia, of the Trades union; W. T. Noyes, Chicago, of the National Civic league; Geo. H. Anderson, of the Pittsburg chamber of commerce; W. R. Tucker, of the National board of trade, and Geo. H. Barber, of Detroit; Edward H. Sanborn of Philadelphia and E. P. Wilson of Cincinnati of the National Association of Manufacturers.

Kansas City Injunction.

Kansas City, Mo., March 25.—Judge John F. Phillips in the United States court today issued a temporary restraining order against eight Chicago-Kansas City and Kansas City-St. Louis railroads, on the application of Judge W. A. Day, counsel for the interstate commerce commission, who asked that the roads be enjoined from deviating from published schedules. It was mutually agreed by Judge Day and counsel for the railroads that if the arrangement could be made, the Kansas City and Chicago cases should be argued jointly at Chicago on June 23. This was agreed to by Judge Phillips. The restraining order issued by Judge Phillips is practically the same as that issued in Chicago by Judge Grosscup.

The following named roads are affected by the order: Chicago & Alton, Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, Chicago Great Western, Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, Missouri Pacific, Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific, and the Wabash.

Railway Detective Missing.

Wellington, Kas., March 25.—A detective named Ferguson, who has been working on the murder case of Montgomery, the Santa Fe railway detective, has been missing for several days and is believed to have been dealt with at the hands of the gang that killed Montgomery. Montgomery was killed at his home last fall in Winfield while prosecuting a case for the railroad. Ferguson recently was instrumental in the arrest of two men charged with Montgomery's death. He left Arkansas City for Enid and El Reno, Okla., 10 days ago, and has not been heard from since. Ferguson heretofore never let a day pass without writing to his home and his head office.

LAST EDITION

Buried Under Sand Bank.

Cleveland, March 25.—Eight men were buried beneath a huge pile of sand at the works of the People's Gas Light company on Main street this afternoon. Four of the workmen were subsequently taken out. It is thought they are fatally injured. At least four more are still under the stand. The men were excavating for a new gas tank and were at work 20 feet below the ground level when the cave-in occurred.

HE WAS A VERY GAY DECEIVER.

St. Joseph, Mo., March 25.—Christian C. Nelson, railroad contractor and horseman, alleged to have 13 wives, is in jail here on the charge of bigamy, having just been brought from San Antonio, Texas, where he was arrested a few days ago. Nelson will be tried in St. Joseph because the woman most active in his prosecution was married to him in this city last September. This bride was Mary A. Parker of Plattsburg, Mo. Nelson admits having three wives, but says the other ten are myths. He is said to be wanted for bigamy in Chicago, San Francisco, Des Moines, New York, St. Paul, Sumter, S. C., and Conway, Ark. His preliminary trial will be held here before the justice of the peace who solemnized his marriage with Mrs. Mary A. Parker in September.

ONE OF THE DECEIVED.

Des Moines, March 25.—Mrs. Dorthey Harvey, residing in Lake Park, this city, claims to be one of the alleged 13 wives of Christian C. Nelson, now under arrest at St. Joseph on a charge of bigamy. Nelson, according to her story, wooed and won her just a year ago. She was a widow 45 years old. Nelson, she says, represented to her that he was a wealthy horseman and desired to take her to his big stock farm in the east. To accommodate him she sold her home, worth $3,000, for half this sum and entrusted the money to him. He departed ostensibly to buy a span of horses and was never again heard from.

HIS LATEST VICTIM.

Fort Scott, Kas., March 25.—Mrs. A. F. Melburn, the most recent wife of C. C. Kelson, the alleged bigamist who was arrested in San Antonio recently while on his wedding trip with her, has just returned from San Antonio and is prostrated. Her family has given out a statement declaring that she would prosecute Nelson if the Missouri authorities release him.

Commercial Artists Strike.

Chicago, March 25.—The 200 members of the Commercial Artists' association who last night voted to strike, walked out today.

SENATE.

Washington, March 25.—At the conclusion of routine business in the senate today, a resolution offered by Mr. Platt (Con.) was adopted, calling upon the secretary of the interior for information concerning treaties negotiated with Indian tribes of Oregon in 1850, and inquiring whether the United States equitably is bound to compensate the tribes for lands now in possession of the government or settlers.

The senate then began the consideration of private pension bills.

Forty-four pension measures were passed.

The senate then proceeded to the consideration of the bill to amend the act establishing a code of laws for the District of Columbia.

HOUSE.

Washingnton, March 25.—The consideration of the contested election cases of Moss vs Rhea from the Third Kentuckey district was resumed when the house met today. Only two hours of debate remained. The first hour was occupied by the contestee, Mr. Rhea, in concluding the argument begun by him yesterday in defense of his right to his seat.

Heavy Seas in English Channel.

London, March 25.—Very heavy seas are running in the English channel and the Irish sea. A number of vessels are in distress. Queen Alexandra's intended departure this morning for Copenhagen was postponed on account of the gale. The torpedo boat destroyers Zephyr, Serpent and Zebra put into Portsmouth considerably damaged by the gale. The latter's steering gear was carried away. The seams of the other boats were torn open and they were leaking so badly that they had to be docked for repairs.

Mitchell Declines to Divulge Names.

Shamokin, Pa., March 25.—President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers, said today he has decided for the present not to announce the names of the 14 men selected to seek the aid of the Civic federation in securing an amicable settlement between the mine workers and oprators.

The program as now prepared provides for a preliminary conference in New York between National President Mitchell, the three district presidents and the conciliation committee of the Civic federation. An effort will be made by these committees to arrange a meting between the operators and mine workers' committee of 14. Should the operators decline to meet the committee there will be no necessity for its members to visit New York. In any event the four presidents will report the result of their efforts to the district executive boards before further action is taken.

Foreign Resentment Aroused.

Yokohama, March 25.—The authorities here have aroused the resentment of the foreign residents by distraining properties of those who refuse to pay the house tax. They have distrained money of the Hongkong & Shanghai bank and the Chartered Bank of India. Today they seized money and property at Jardine, Matheson & Co.'s, and at other places of business and at residences. The officials refuse to accept payment of the tax under protest. The legations are receiving numerous complaints from foreigners of the treatment the latter have been subjected to.

Wilhelmina's Visit Abandoned.

The Hague, March 25.—An official note just issued confirms the report that Queen Wilhelmina's annual visit to Amsterdam has been abandoned and says that while the general health of her majesty is very satisfactory, her physicians are of the opinion that all serious fatigues ought to be avoided.

Meteor Will Race.

London, March 25.—King Edward's cutter Britannia and Emperor William's new schooner Meteor will both race off the Isle of Wight during the Cowes regatta.

MR. EDDY'S MUG PROVOKED A PUNCH

Dr. Hasbrouck Explains the Ejectment from His Office.

WAS NOT ASKED FOR BOOKS.

Racy Story Told in the Police Court This Morning Which Leads to Discharge of Doctor.

A case of more than ordinary interest was that of Dr. R. A. Hasbrouck, charged with a misdemeanor, and tried before Judge Diehl this morning. The doctor, who is president of the Saint Joe Mining company, was charged with the offense of refusing to permit M. H. Eddy and E. A. Walton, stockholders, to examine the books and certain papers and documents of the corporation. When the case came up for trial it was soon seen that there was really more to it than appeared on the face.

Assistant County Atty. Riter prosecuted, and Judge Wenger represented the defendant. Mr. Walton testified that in company with Mr. Eddy, he went to Dr. Hasbrouck's office on March 18, and made a request upon him to see the books. Instead of complying with the request, the witness said, Dr. Hasbrouck smote Mr. Eddy with a right hand punch and then blandly asked if he wanted any more. Receiving a negative reply, the man of medicine affectionately placed his hand upon Mr. Walton's shoulder and asked if he wanted anything. Upon learning that Mr. Walton did not want anything, the doctor ordered them both out of the office.

Mr. Eddy testified that when he spoke to Hasbrouck he said "How 'de do doctor," and then the doctor walked up and hit him, and at the same time he made some remark about Eddy's parentage, associating the same with a canine of the female persuasion.

The defense was that several months ago, Mr. Eddy and the doctor had some trouble and the former accused the latter of dishonesty. Also that he made the remark that the next time he called on Hasbrouck he would come looking for trouble.

"He poked his mug in my door," said the doctor on the witness stand, "and I simply hit him." The accused denied that anything was said with reference to any books or papers, but that he thought Eddy was looking for trouble and he concluded to give it to him. Upon examination by Mr. Riter, Dr. Hasbrouck admittted that he was not entertaining any feeling of brotherly love towards Eddy because, he said, the latter had maligned him from San Francisco to Boston. The defendant did not deny that he make the remark about the dog.

Two other witnesses were examined for the defense, and they both testified that they did not hear either Mr. Walton or Mr. Eddy ask to see the books on the day in question. They were both agreed in the statement, however, that when Eddy entered the doctor's private office, he came out much faster than he went in.

They also agreed that when the doctor asked Eddy and Walton if they wanted any more, they were both positive and emphatic in their declarations that they did not care for any.

Judge Diehl then had his inning.

He held that if any demand was made upon the defendant for the books in question, defendant did not hear it. Dr. Hasbrouck was found not guilty and discharged.

At one stage of the proceedings it really looked as though there might be a scene in the court room. It was while the defendant was under cross examination. He was asked why he hit Mr. Eddy when the latter entered the office.

"Because he looked like a whipped cur?" was the reply as the doctor looked defiantly at the object of his wrath. A moment later he admitted that the only provocation he had for the assault was the sight of Mr. Eddy's "mug."

NAVIGATION TO DEPOTS.

The mud is something appalling in the streets leading to the railroad depots, and the busses are thrown about so in navigating that the hotel runners are forced to not merely cling to one another, but to fasten themselves down upon the tops of the busses in order to keep from being thrown into the street. The absence of light on part of west Third South street last night, made matters worse for vehicles having to use that part of the town.

DEAN HART INVITED.

Very Rev. Dean H. Martyn Hart of St. John's cathedral at Denver, has been invited by Bishop Leonard to preach the sermon at the laying of the corner stone of the New Rowland Hall building, early in June. The annual convention of the Episcopal church for this missionary jurisdiction will be held at the same time, so that if will be a noted event in Utah Episcopalian circles.

MERRY BOWLERS.

One of the largest and most successful bowling parties ever given in Salt Lake was the one given by the Z. C. M. I. last night at the Brunswick. The club held forth from 8 to 10 p. m., and two merrier hours have never been spent at the local alley. Some of the ladies were rather crestfallen at their scores and some of the gentlemen would rathr not have the scores they made whispered around but the evening was one of enjoyment and mirth. Those present were: Mr. W. Silverwood, Dr. Arnold, Miss Florence Dow, Miss Anderson, the Misses Boyd, Miss Stalter, Mr. Trapp, Mr. B. T. Cannon, Prof. Anderson, Mr. Stephenson, the Misses Clark, Mrs. Dunyon, Mr. and Mrs. Chambers, Mr. Hasten, Mr. H. D. Folsom, Jr., and Mr. Trenam.

HEBER J. GRANT COMING.

Apostle Heber J. Grant has written his brother that he intended to sail from Japan on the 11th of this month, arriving at San Francisco on the 29th. He expects to reach home on the 1st. Apostle Grant's homecoming is only temporary. After he has reported his labors and conferred with the authorities of the Church it is likely that he will return at once.

JUSTICE BARTCH FILES ANSWER.

Gives His Version of Morrison Mining Company's Tangle.

DENIES THE ALLEGATIONS.

He Says He Has Always Been Ready to Call Meeting When Requested By Stockholders.

Justice George W. Bartch, by his attorneys, Dickson, Ellis and Ellis, this morning filed his answer, with the clerk of the district court, in the case of C. D. Morrison vs Alviras E. Snow, the Morrison Mining company and others, in which he was recently made a party defendant upon motion of defendant's attorneys. The answer states that all the allegations of the complaint of C. D. Morrison are true, and proceeds to deny the allegations mentioned in Snow's answer, by which Justice Bartch is accused of conspiracy with the plaintiff in instigating the suit.

In the answer, Justice Bartch alleges that Snow did not meet the terms of the agreement mentioned in the complaint, by his failure to file a copy of the articles of incorporation in the state of Nevada so as to enable the company to carry on its work in said state. It is also denied that Snow furnished the money to organize the company that he furnished $1,500 to carry on the work of the company which has not been repaid to him in excess of the sum of $600.

He denies that, by reason of antipathy towards Snow, he refused to call a meeting of the board of directors of said company for the purpose of levying an assessment on its stock, and alleges that he has ever been ready to call such meeting when requested by the stockholders in accordance with the articles of incorporation. It is denied that he ever exercised any control over the official acts of H. B. Clawson, a director of the company. He denies that he has neglected to take any action in the matter of disposing of the ore mined by the company and alleges that the ore was disposed of after the filing of the complaint, but before the defendants' answer was filed.

He denies that he ever acted in a hostile manner towards the interests of the corporation by either securing or advising the location, by W. H. Child or any other person, of claims on the said company's property. Denies that he ever advised, conspired or confederated with plaintiff Morrison to induce him to bring this suit, or that he ever demanded of Snow that the stock should be divided with him and that such allegation is wholly false and unfounded.

It is denied that Morrison, in the instigation of this suit, is acting under the direction of Justice Bartch or that it has been agreed that the furits of the action, if any, shall be divided between them, or that defendant Bartch has any interest, contingent or otherwise, in the stock in litigation. It is also denied that Snow has been damaged in the sum of $10,000 or in any sum whatever.

Decision Affirmed.

The decision of the lower court in the case of Anne Gorringe, appellant, vs W. S. Read, has been affirmed by the Supreme court in the opinion handed down yesterday by Justice Bartch, Chief Justice Miner and Justice Baskin concurring. The case was brought in the second judicial district, and was to quiet title to a certain piece of land in Weber county. At the first trial a non-suit was granted in favor of defendant, and an appeal was taken to the Supreme court and the decision of the trial court was reversed and a new trial granted. The second trial resulted in a decree being rendered in favor of defendant. For a second time the case came before the Supreme court and the decree of the court below was affirmed.

Sherman Estate.

A decree of distribution of the estate of Thomas G. Shearman, deceased, to the widow, Elmina Shearman, was filed in the county recorder's office yesterday. The estate is valued at $9,808 and consists of real estate situated in this county.

Obstruction Suit.

Salt Lake county has commenced an action in the district court against Alexander E. Lee to compel defendant to remove fences and other obstructions from highway No. 20, which is southeast of the city and runs north and south through the center of section 16, township 2 south of range 1 east. The obstructions were placed on the highway about Sept. 1, 1900, and have rendered the same useless to the public as a highway. The defendant has been notified by the supervisors to remove the obstructions but has failed to do so, hence the county asks that the nuisance be abated.

Hears Labor Claims.

Judge Hall is today hearing the motion to allow certain labor claims in the case of the Wood Grocer & Produce company vs the Butterfield Mining company.

For Unlawful Seizure.

The case of the Miller Tailoring company vs Thomas P. Lewis et al is still on trial before the jury in Judge Morse's court. The suit was brought to collect $10,000 for an alleged unlawful seizure of a stock of goods by defendant Lewis as sheriff of Salt Lake county.

SENT TO STATE PRISON.

Dick Ryan and John F. Hansen Given One Year.

[Special to the "News."]

Ogden, March 25.—Judge Rolapp today sentenced Dick Ryan to a term of one year's imprisonment in the state prison. Ryan was convicted of burglarizing a Fifth street saloon on Feb. 14. The judge diminished the penalty on the recommendation of District Attorney Hayes.

John F. Hansen, who was convicted of embezzling $165, was also sentenced to one year at the state prison.

Joseph Carlson and Denny Smyth, the saloon proprietors were arraigned before Judge Howell today, charged with selling liquor on Sunday. They were fined $10 each and admonished that it would go much harder with them the next time.

The funeral of William A. Wilton, the engineer who was killed in yesterday's explosion, will be held Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Fifth ward meeting house. The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and Firemen and of Railroad Trainmen will attend the services in a body.

The remains of D. A. Uphoff, another victim of the explosion, will be shipped to his home in Chicago, tomorrow.

Negro Assaults an Old Lady.

Denver, March 25.—A special to the Post from La Junta, Colo., says:

Mrs. Henrietta H. Miller, a gray-haired woman aged 67, going from Los Angeles, Cal., to Denver to visit relatives, was brutally assaulted and outraged in the Santa Fe railroad yards here between 10 and 11 o'clock last night by a negro porter on a Pullman car running between Denver and La Junta.

W. H. Wallace of Denver is under arrest, but has been taken from La Junta to prevent lynching. Mrs. Miller is now lying in a critical condition at a local hotel, being attended by physicians of the Santa Fe company. Her chances for recovery are said to be about even.

The assault was one of the most brutal crimes ever committed in this vicinity and the aged victim was left for dead in an isolated section of the city by her fiendish assailant.

The assault has caused intense excitement in La Junta.

France Will Participate.

Paris, March 25.—The chamber of deputies today unanimously adopted the bill providing for the participation of France in the St. Louis exposition.

No Aid for British Sugar Growers.

London, March 25.—The chancellor of the exchequer, Sir Michael Hicks Beach, replying today to a deputation of West India sugar men, held out no prospect of including in the budget any special provision to assist the industry during the interim before the abolition of the bounties, in September, 1903.

President Takes Up Reciprocity.

Washington, March 25.—President Roosevelt again took up the Cuban reciprocity question today with a view to securing unanimity of action in the house. Among his callers was Representative Long of Kansas, the member of the ways and means committee who was in charge of the tactical movements in behalf of the reciprocity plan. It was understood that Mr. Long's call was in continuance of the movement to bring the two opposing elements together. Later when Mr. Long returned to the house of representatives he conferred with Representative Morris of Minnesota, who presented in detail the amendment which the opposition is supporting, to abolish the differential on refined sugar. At present refined sugar pays $1.95 per 100; unrefined $1.85. By taking off the differential, all sugars would pay the uniform rate of $1.825 per 100. The present suggestion is that a modification of the Payne bill, so as to make this change in the differential, would probably bring about an agreement. The ways and means committee are understood to be giving this proposition respectful consideration, examining all its details.

Engaged in a Free Fight.

Chicago, March 25.—The citizens of the south end of Austin engaged the employes of the Union and Consolidated Traction companies hand to hand in the fight for universal transfers which Judge Hall has decided must be given.

Eighteen men, headed by W. E. Golden, a druggist, rode back and forth on the West Madison street lines, demanding transfers from the trolley to the cable and back again. They were refused, as had been expected and the efforts of the street car crews to eject them from the cars resulted in two pitched battles, which tied up both and he waslines. Golden's back was sprained and he was ousted. A large number of suits against the companies is one of the results threatened.

Rhea is Unseated.

Washington, March 25.—Rhea, Third Kentucky district, was unseated, 127-137, and Moss was seated.

Troops Arriving at Panama.

Panama, Colombia, March 25.—The troops which arrived at Colon yesterday from the department of Santander, on board the government gunboat General Pinzon, are arriving here this morning from Colon. While the import duties on merchandise have been raised from 30 per cent, the duty on liquirs has been decreased to $1.50 per litre.

Compulsory Industrial Arbitration.

Sydney, N. S. W., March 25.—A compulsory industrial arbitration court has been established here. The members include representatives of the employers and employes.

Steamship Difficulties Settled.

London, March 25.—The Liverpool Post today says it understands that the continental and British steamship lines have settled their difficulties and that an agreement in regard to saloon rates between Europe and the United States will be announced in a few days.

Negro Outrages an Old Lady.

La Junta, Colo., March 25.—Mrs. Henrietta Miller, of Los Angeles, Cal., 67 years of age, was criminally assaulted here about midnight and is said to be in a critical condition. Mrs. Miller, who was traveling to Denver over the Santa Fe road to visit relatives, left the train to spend the night here. When leaving the station she was seized by a negro and dragged into the railroad yards where the outrage was committed. W. H. Wallace, a Pullman car porter, has been arrested on suspicion.

Woodward Gets Stay of Execution.

Denver, March 25.—A special to the Times from Cheyenne, Wyo., says:

The attorneys for Charles Woodward, under sentence to be hanged at Casper on March 28 for the murder of Sheriff Ricker, today filed in the state supreme court a petition in error and the condemned man has been granted a stay of execution pending the hearing of the proceedings in error. Under the law the plaintiff is allowed 60 days in which to prepare its case and the defendant 45 days, so that Woodward, no matter what the decision of the supreme court may be, cannot be legally hanged before August 11 next.

Sheriff Tubbs of Casper has been notified of the action of the supreme court. There is some talk that Woodward will be lynched but it is believed the law will be allowed to take its course.

FIRE ALARM.

A defective flue at the residence of John Jarvis at 255 north, First West street, caused a small blaze this morning, and damaged the place to the extent of about $80. The alarm was turned in from a box and the boys from No. 2 station responded and soon had the blaze out.

Transfer of Cuba May 20

New Date Settled Upon at a Meeting of Palma, Root and Others Today—Island to be Completely Evacuated by U. S. Troops and Officials Before That Time—Coast Guards and Others Will Remain, but No More.

Washington, March 25.—May 20, 1902, is the new date fixed for turning over the island of Cuba to its people. The change of date was made, if not at the suggestion, then with the full approval of President-elect Palma and his advisers, Senors Tamaya and Quesada, who were with him at the war department today. This date should be a memorable one in Cuban history for it will not only mark the acquisition of full independence, but will be the Cuban inauguration day, it having been determined that President Palma shall be inaugurated on the same day that American control of the island ceases. All but the smallest details of the change in Cuba have been planned and these remaining details were under adjustment at a meeting held at the war department today. Beside Secy. Root, President Palma and Senors Tamaya and Quesada, Gen. Wood attended. The meeting occurred in the secretary's office. Besides the final selection of May 20 as Cuban independence day, two other important conclusions were reached. The first was that Gen. Wood should immediately upon his return to Cuba, issue a call convening the first Cuban congress in session on May 10, in order that the body might employ the ten days following that date in supplying any legislation necessary to the assumption of full powers in the island. The other conclusion was that there should be no half way evacuation of the island; the present disposition is to move the entire United States contingent, civil and military, away from the island, not even leaving a corporal's guard of United States soldiers in any of the camps. This, however, does not apply to the coast defenses at several points in the islands. These will be garrisoned by United States troops under command of Col. William L. Haskins. If this program is not executed it will be for the sole reason that the Cubans themselves, through their authorized officials, request that the departure of the United States troops be delayed for a time.

ANOTHER UTAH HERO DIES.

James Stephens Brown, Soldier, Pioneer, Author, Patriarch, And One of Original Discoverers of Gold at Sutter's Creek, California, Passed Away This Morning.

Death has closed the career of another of Utah's rugged heroes, James Stephens Brown, soldier, pioneer, author and Patriarch was released from the mortal coil a few minutes after 4 o'clock this morning after suffering acutely for over one week. The fatal affliction was Bright's disease, that worked its insidious way so quietly and gradually that it was not but six days ago that the sick man learned the nature of his sickness. But he faced the inevitable end without a tremor, as he had faced it time and time again without complaint.

The painful stroke, that seemed to be a warning for him to prepare for the end, came upon him just one week ago, and from then on to the close his physical sufferings were such as only strong men can endure. Yet through it all he was the same brave, patient, cheerful man, the qualities that endeared him to his companions who went with him through the "Death Valley" of Arizona. His spirit was dauntless, for together with the natural courage that was in him he possessed an abiding faith in the divinity of the cause for which he sacrificed so much, and it remained undimmed through the blight of famine and the terrors of death. His was one of the most eventful careers that man is called on to live through. His path was a rugged road that led him through nearly every conceivable danger and imposed upon him nearly every manner of suffering. But his constitution was made of iron, and after surviving a series of privations and exposures that would have killed the average man it was given to him to pass three mile-stones beyond the alloted years of man.

"MORMON" BATTALION.

As a member, and the historian of the "Mormon" Battalion, Jas. S. Brown will be best remembered. Of that noble band of heroes none was more brave than he and where others lost courage for a season and were ready to give up in despair, his strong voice and firm tread reassured them and they went on to the end and writ their names on the scroll of the undaunted heroes of the earth.

It would be an act of supererogation to here give a detailed account of the life and career of James S. Brown, because they are so much a part of the history of the people of Utah, and the settlement of this commonwealth it would be an affront to presume there was one who does not know who and what he was. If, however, he had been given his way, very few would have known who he was, for his modesty was as great as his courage and it was only because fate associated him with so many imperishable events in the history of the people of Utah that his name is known everywhere within her borders, or wherever the story of the Mormon battalion has been told. It is beyond the skill of human pen to depict to the life the march of the battalion from the Missouri river to California, the famine and the thirst, the heat and the cold, the physical torture and the mental anguish, the innumerable acts of heroism that will never be known, but James S. Brown was through it all and is an equal partaker in all the glory that shall come to that intrepid band.

DISCOVERY OF GOLD.

His name is also associated with the discovery of gold in California. He was one of those employed by Sutter and was on the scene when the yellow sand was washed up from the mill race on Sutter's promises and he left the wild delirious excitement of the gold craze to return to his friends and people.

Coming on to Utah he turned his hand to the pursuits of the farm and remained to the end of his days on the spot where he had lived for years, and where he delighted many with the graphic stories of his life. His long race has been run, and he goes down into his grave in the winding sheet of his people's affections and his memory will ever be cherished as one of the precious legacies of the commonwealth. His integrity never failed his God or his friends, and their love for his memory will never pass away.

BIOGRAPHICAL.

James Stephens Brown was born in Davidson county, North Carolina, July 4, 1828, it being Independence day that may have had something to do with the heroic mold into which he was cast. His parents were humble farmers and stock raisers, of Revolutionary blood, and of honest principles. In 1831 the Brown family moved to Brown county, Illinois, where they purchased an extensive tract of land and engaged in the arduous task of cultivating it. James was raised without the advantages of an education, and but little civilization, but when he was twelve years old he heard a Mormon Elder by the name of Pfoutz, preach a sermon and the result was that he espoused the cause of the Latter-day Saints shortly thereafter. In May, 1846, he went to Nauvoo and joined the main body of the Church, and on the 7th day of July was baptized a member of the Church, and two days later enlisted in the Mormon battalion and started for the point on the Missouri river where the volunteers were being mobolized. He was mustered in on the 16th and a few days later the start was made. He was true as steel in every juncture, and was always so though his life has been in peril scores of times. He has performed every duty that lay in his power, serving as a soldier, pioneer and Society Island missionary, and in short, carrying off the obligations of life with unflinching courage and fidelity.

He leaves a large family, who were very much endeared to him, and numberless friends who mourn the loss of his society here. The funeral will probably be held on Sunday, but the arrangements have not yet been completed.

ABOUT SIX HUNDRED MONTANA ELKS COMING

W. E. Chamberlin of Great Falls, O. W. McConnell of Helena and Mentor Weizstein of Livingston, arrived this morning from the north and are at the Kenyon. They are prominent Elks, Mr. Chamberlin being district deputy for Montana. The party are here to arrange for the advent of 600 or more Elks who will come down from Montana in two special trains in attendance on the big convention of August. They will bring with them the Boston & Montana band of 35 musicians from Butte, to furnish plenty of good music for the northerners; and headquarters are being looked up this afternoon. The single Elks will live in their cars while here, but rooms in town will be secured for the Elks who are accompanied by their wives.

M. Chamberlin says that Montana has enjoyed a mild winter, and that the livestock in consequence are in fine condition. There are hundreds of families moving into the state from the east and south to take up farms and locate as permanent citizens. The mines all seem to be doing well, and there is an air of general prosperity about the state that is encouraging.

MORE SNOW TONIGHT.

The local weather bureau predicts rain or snow for tonight and tomorrow. The storm center of the present meteorological disturbance has been stationary over this state since Friday morning last, and it is now moving off, and in doing so there is precipitation. The storm of today covers Utah and Colorado, and considerable adjoining country. Even at Yuma there was a rainfall yesterday of .29 of an inch. This was considerable for Yuma, where the total annual rainfall is less than five inches. In fact it might as well have no rainfall at all—like some parts of the South American coast, where no rain has been known to fall in the last 100 years.

CHANGE IN MALAD STAKE.

Mattox H. Fielding Called to Preside — Succeeds O. H. Hoskins.

Apostles John W. Taylor and Rudger Clawson returned last night from Idaho, where they have been attending the conference of the Malad Stake. The meetings were large and enthusiastic, and the Apostles enjoyed them very much. The chief feature of the conference was the reorganizing of the Stake. Prest. O. H. Hoskins, who is becoming quite aged, was honorably released from his office, and Elder Milton H. Fielding was called to succeed him. Prest. Hoskins has presided over the Stake for 15 years, and enjoys the love and esteem of all who know him, but he was getting too old for the arduous duties of the office.

The counselors are William H. Gibbs and Moroni Ward. The former has been the first counselor in the Stake presidency for many years.