

The Boers Sign Terms of Peace

After Two Years and Eight Months of as Hard Fighting as the World Ever Saw, Hostilities in South Africa Cease—Document Was Signed on Saturday Night—All England Rejoices—Krugger Disappointed.

London, June 1.—An official cable from Lord Kitchener, dated Monday, Saturday, May 31, 11:15 p. m., contains a document containing terms of surrender signed here this evening at ten o'clock by all the Boer representatives, as well as Lord Milner, British high commissioner, and myself.

The news of peace in South Africa, contained in the foregoing dispatch from Lord Kitchener was not expected in London today. Soon after the receipt of the dispatch, however, the news spread to the clubs and hotels, and the church bells were rung to proclaim the good news.

A crowd gathered at the Mansion House, and the lord mayor of London, Joseph C. Dimahie, announced that the terms of surrender had been signed in South Africa.

KING EDWARD ADVISED.
Lord Kitchener's definite announcement of peace in the afternoon and after 11 o'clock to King Edward and all members of the cabinet before it was given to the public.

The peace was announced in the morning and by some congregations it was received with applause. In all the churches of London prayers of thanksgiving were offered and special services were held.

PEACE AFTER TWO YEARS.
June 2.—Peace has been declared after nearly two years and eight months of a war which tried the human spirit to its uttermost and wiped the Boers from the list of nations.

The war has come to an end with Lord Kitchener's announcement from Pretoria that he, Lord Milner and Boer delegates had signed "terms of peace" on Saturday night.

This announcement had been anticipated for several days, and it was definitely forecast in these dispatches which were published Sunday afternoon took the nation by surprise, as everybody had confidently believed that the house of commons would be the first to announce the peace.

The news of the peace with which Great Britain awaited the promised statement in the house of commons from Mr. Balfour, the government leader, was followed by a message from King Edward to his people, which was issued after midnight.

FROM THE KING.
The king has received the welcome news of the cessation of hostilities in South Africa with infinite satisfaction, and his majesty trusts that peace may be secured by the restoration of property in his new dominions, and that the feelings necessarily engendered by war will give place to earnest cooperation on the part of his majesty's subjects in the common welfare of their common country.

KING EDWARD'S EXCLAMATION.
According to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Utrecht, Holland, Mr. Krugger was informed shortly after 9 o'clock at night that peace had been declared. He had been asleep. "My God, it is impossible," he exclaimed, and he immediately telegraphed the news to return to the Transvaal. This, however, is quite unlikely. It is anxiously awaiting some characteristic on an entirely pacific and unassuming Sunday. Very late Saturday night a dispatch was received from Lord Kitchener in which he said the Boer delegates were coming to Pretoria; that they had accepted Britain's terms and they were prepared to sign a surrender. Mr. Brodriek, the Boer secretary, personally communicated this message to King Edward, who was at Buckingham palace. But nothing concerning the receipt of this message was allowed to leak out.

KITCHENER CABLES NEWS.
At about 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon the war office received a dispatch from Lord Kitchener announcing terms of peace. The clerk on duty at the war office transmitted this message to Buckingham palace, where King Edward was lunching. At about 1 o'clock the news was received permitting the publication of this message and the small notice which was published outside the war office consisted of a copy of Lord Kitchener's cablegram. A second notice was put outside the colonial office.

Beyond these two skimpy bits of news, London knew nothing of the event. In the clubs, the hotels and the newspaper offices, which were almost all deserted, the momentous news was ticked out on tape.

LONDON AWAKENS TO FACT.
Then like wildfire, the fact that London awakened to the fact that the South African war was over. The inhabitants of the east end flocked to the Metropolitan House, the mecca of the laboring class, just in time to see the lord mayor, Lord Milner, Sir Joseph C. Dimahie, come to a balcony and announce that the terms of sur-

Hair Falling?

Don't tell your friends of it. They would think it so strange. You see, they know Ayer's Hair Vigor checks falling of the hair, restores color to gray hair, and makes the hair grow. Then why don't you use it?

"A few years ago my hair got very dry and I could pull it right out by the handful. After using a few bottles of Ayer's Hair Vigor I got relief. My hair stopped falling and I received a new head of hair."—Mrs. G. Harter, Milwaukee, Wis.

SEND FOR FREE TRIAL.
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LARGE CITIES CELEBRATE.
The large cities of England, notably Liverpool and Manchester, celebrated the receipt of the news from South Africa in a manner similar to that which prevailed in London. The country where almost every member of the cabinet had gone for the week end, heard the news with a feeling of relief and rejoicing. Wherever telegrams had reached throughout the whole United Kingdom or where the glad tidings had become known by any other means, the news was received with joy and the celebration was: "Thank God it is over."

BEATEN BUT NOT DISGRACED.
While expressing the need of admiration for the British and the British, almost all the newspapers ungrudgingly testify to the bravery of the Boers. On this subject the Standard says: "Assuredly the Boers have done well in the war, but we still have greater things to achieve in peace."

READ IN THE CHURCHES.
In the meanwhile the news had been conveyed to most of the churches, where bells clang to the message of peace. Preachers stopped in their prayers and sermons to read Lord Kitchener's message to the nation. At St. Paul's cathedral, the bishop of Stepney made the announcement, and impressively prefaced the reading of Lord Kitchener's message by saying: "God has been pleased to answer our prayers and give us the blessings of peace."

SOUTH AFRICA REJOICES.
The dispatches received here from South Africa describe the rejoicing in all the principal towns there which followed the announcement of peace yesterday. The rejoicing was not only in the streets, but in the homes, and the news has been proclaimed a general holiday.

BRITISH EMBASSY REJOICES.
Washington, June 1.—The officials of the British embassy here share the jubilant feeling existing in London over the termination of the war in South Africa. Official notice of the signing of terms of surrender came to Mr. Raikes, the British charge here, in a cablegram from the foreign office. It was very brief and in accordance with the terms contained in the Associated Press dispatches. It probably will be communicated formally to the United States government tomorrow. Nothing official has reached the state department on the subject from Ambassador Choate at London or any other source. President Roosevelt was furnished a copy of the Associated Press dispatch, and the news of the signing of the surrender terms.

THREE DAYS.
Then Postum Saved Him.
It makes rather solid friends of people when they discover a food food that will save life in extreme cases of need.

THE COMMENT OF PARIS.
Paris, June 2.—The news of peace in South Africa reached Paris late in the afternoon of the afternoon papers, did not become generally known yesterday evening and hence caused no excitement. This morning's papers, however, due to the prominence of dispatches announcing the fact and describing the way the news was received in London. The comments of the

press are mostly tinged with regret at the failure of the Boers to secure independence and highly praise the courage and tenacity of the defeated people.

The Figaro believes that after astonishing the world by their resistance the Boers doubtless have obtained a legitimate concession by their efforts, and that it is not an unconditional submission to which the delegates have just consented.

"The Gauls rejoice at the end of the war, but takes exception to the word 'capitulation' in the Lord Kitchener's dispatch saying 'The Boers remain for posterity one of the noblest examples of heroism. Their heroic defense will be of the finest epics of contemporary history. What matters if Botha, Dewet and Delarey struck the flag?' They have covered their faces with shame, and the whole world owes it a salute, full of respect, emotion and admiration."

DROWNED IN SALMON RIVER.
Boise, Ida., June 1.—There is a rumor here that several men bound for Thunder Mountain have been drowned in the crossing of the Salmon River in a manner similar to that which prevailed in London. The country where almost every member of the cabinet had gone for the week end, heard the news with a feeling of relief and rejoicing. Wherever telegrams had reached throughout the whole United Kingdom or where the glad tidings had become known by any other means, the news was received with joy and the celebration was: "Thank God it is over."

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ASCENDED TO TOP OF MT. PELEE

Prof. Helppin Accomplishes the Dangerous Feat.

WAS SHOWERED WITH MUD.
Perished in His Study of the Crater Even When He Was Being Covered With Ashes.

Fort de France, Saturday, May 31. 8 p. m.—The National Geographical society has scored a great triumph through its representative here, Prof. Angelo Helppin, who, this morning, with three guides, ascended to the top of the crater on the summit of Mont Pelee. Prof. Helppin is also president of the Philadelphia Geographical society.

Prof. Helppin had gone to the Plantation Vive, which is near the crater, in company with Fernand Clerc and Mr. Reid, landed proprietors of Martinique. This expedition had been especially organized by United States Consul Azme and Prof. Helppin, and was led by the latter.

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RUSES OF REPORTS.
Many Queer Ones Adopted to Get by Press Censor.

Will Assist Coal Mines.
New York, June 2.—Members of the Safety Association of Engineers and of the Firemen's Executive union are reported to be assisting the coal mines in this city. The union has not yet taken formal action.

Partial Ascent of Soufriere.
New York, June 2.—Assistant Curator Hovey of the American Museum of Natural History, Prof. T. A. Mendenhall of Harvard university, T. M. MacDonald, owner of an estate near Chateau de Clair on the island of St. Vincent, and others, have made a partial ascent of Soufriere, Prof. T. A. Mendenhall of Harvard university, T. M. MacDonald, owner of an estate near Chateau de Clair on the island of St. Vincent, and others, have made a partial ascent of Soufriere.

TAFT'S MISSION TO ROME.
New Way of Acquiring Friars' Lands.

Girl Sentenced for Flirting.
New York, June 2.—Police Justice Marshall of Mount Vernon has sentenced a young woman to the county jail for flirting with a builder of Port Chester, by telephone.

ASSISTED WILKES BOOTH.
Absolom Ruggles Bainbridge, Once Sentenced to Death, Dead.

DR. LASKER COMING.
New York, June 2.—Dr. Emanuel Lasker, the chess champion, will, according to private advices just received, make a professional tour of the United States next autumn.

MUNYON'S Rheumatism Cure
No remedy has cured so many of Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Neuralgia, Sciatica, etc., as this. It is a pure vegetable preparation, and does not injure the system. It is sold by all druggists. Price, 50 cents. Sold by all druggists.

ROCHAMBEAU STATUE MISSION.

Gives Expression to the Sentiment Of Gratitude.

GENERAL AND PRESIDENT.
Correspondence Between Brugere and Roosevelt—Expresses Good Will and Appreciation of Courtesy.

Boston, June 1.—The sentiments of gratitude felt by the members of the Rochambeau statue mission received full expression this afternoon on the battleship Galois, which conveyed the mission to this country and late this morning left for Lisbon, whence it will go to France.

A dinner was served on the battleship Galois, attended by the special representatives of President Roosevelt, representatives of the state of Massachusetts and the city of Boston, the members of the French embassy at Washington and the members of the Rochambeau mission. All of those who are connected with the French embassy at Washington, headed by Jules Cambon, were in attendance, while the members of the mission itself all gathered to pay a final acknowledgment of their American welcome.

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The \$6.00 Bath Cabinet.
This cabinet is made with steel frame. Pattern cloth on outside, inside rubber lined so goods can be cleaned after the bath, folds into space. Has heater, top curtains are hemmed and fastened with swivel buttons. A book of instructions with each cabinet. Other cabinets at \$5.00, \$7.50, \$12.00.

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Where the cars stop, McCormick Building.

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Dealers in all kinds of Cut Stone for Buildings, Curbing, etc. OFFICE AND YARDS—E to 14 North North West Street, Salt Lake City.

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Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.
Must Bear Signature of *Dr. Wood*

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION.

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