CONFERENCES WITHOUT RESULT

Quay, Penrose, Platt, Odell and Operators Confer.

NOTHING WAS ACCOMPLISHED

Operators Are Very Stubborn—They Refuse to Consider the Political Aspect of the Case.

New York, Oct. 9.—Numerous conferences looking to the settlement of the anthracite coal miners' strike were held in this city today, but tonight at 10 o'clock no evidence had been given to the public that any results had been reached. Rumors of settlement flew thick and fast, but any one of the conferees when approached almost invariably answered questions concerning the consultation: "I have nothing to say." The conferences are still going on tonight, but the impression prevails that if any basis of settlement is reached it will not be announced until tomorrow following a metting to be held at United States Senator Platt's down town office at 10 o'clock.

The story of the day really centers about the meeting held in the afternoon at Senator Platt's office. Present at this meeting were Gov. Odell, Senators Quay and Penrose of Pennsylvania; Senator Platt, President Oliphant of the Delaware & Hudson, President Fowler of the Ontario & Western; President Truesdale of the Lackawanna; Chairman Thomas of the Erie; John Markle, representing the independent operators; David Wilcox, vice president and general counsel of the Delaware & Hudson; David Lamar and Edward Lauterbach. At the conclusion of the meeting none present would say what had taken place or whether any solution of the strike trouble had been reached.

This conference followed one held in the forenoon in Senator Platt's office, at which were present Senators Quay and Penrose, Gov. Odell, Edward Lauterbach and Senator Platt. The conferees were very reticent as to the subjects under discussion there. Gov. Odell afterward ate luncheon at the Lawyers' club with Senators Quay and Penrose. Following luncheon, the three, with Senator Penrose's secretary, returned to Senator Platt's office.

At 3 o'clock they were joined by the operators of the coal mines and the most important conference of the day was held. Mr. Lauterbach went back and forth from the office and made a trip to J. P. Morgan's office. He did not see Mr. Morgan. He then went back to the conference room. Mr. Lauterbach replied to questions by saying that appearances looked very hopeful for a speedy settlement of the strike. He said he had seen Prest. John Mitchell Wednesday night and that he seemed disposed to act with a spirit of fairness. The conference ended at 4:30 o'clock. Prest. Fowler was the first to leave, the other operators following him. The coal road presidents referred all inquiries to the senators and Gov. Odell.

"I have nothing to say; there is nothing to be said," was Gov. Odell's answer to a question. Senator Quay likewise had nothing to say. Senator Platt was the last to leave his office. "I do not think I can say anything," he said. "I am too tired. There will be further meetings tomorrow. That is all I can say at present."

Vice President Wilcox of the Delaware & Hudson, like others, refused to talk. A visit to the operators after the conference brought no information.

Late in the afternoon President Mitchell and the district presidents had another conference at the Ashland house. Mr. Nicholls said that his associates had not considered any formal or informal proposition from the operators. He said that the strike might be settled by Monday, but intimated that it was improbable.

Oscar S. Strauss, a member of the conciliation committee of the National Civic federation, called on President Mitchell late in the afternoon. On leaving, Mr. Strauss said: "President Mitchell wanted to see me, but the object of my visit I cannot make public."

Gen. B. F. Tracy, A. B. Boardman and D. H. Bacon, president of the Tennessee Coal, Iron & Railroad called on Mr. Mitchell in the evening. "We came to see Mr. Mitchell," said Gen. B. F. Tracy, "on the bituminous situation in Alabama. We spoke of the strike of the employes of the Tennessee Coal company. Mr. Mitchell received us well, and heard our statement of facts. We made a favorable impression, I think, and we have hopes that the result of our interview will be favorable to us."

OPERATORS ARE STUBBORN.

New York, Oct. 9.—From what may be described as an inside and authoritative source it may be announced that the conference at the office of Senator Platt was absolutely without result, the operators refusing to consider the political aspect of the situation and maintaining the position was one between employer and employe as to the management of the properties concerned.

According to the authority above indicated, Senator Quay and Gov. Odell expressed the opinion that, should the strike be continued for another fortnight or longer, the effect would be to so impress the public mind with the one subject of the shortage of fuel that political duties would be neglected and the voters remain away from the polls on election day with the natural result that the majority party in Pennsylvania and New York would be the greater sufferer.

Senator Penrose expressed his concurrence in the representations of the others and Senator Platt and Mr. Lauterbach spoke in a similar strain. The latter advised something in the nature of an armistice, under an implied promise to the union that their union would be recognized by the operators.

On their part the operators declared that the question at issue was entirely apart from politics and they refused to be influenced by representations as to the effect the strike might have on the fortunes of one party or the other.

One of the political conferees next suggested that to protract the struggle with the miners' union would be to open the way for the advocates of anti-corporation legislation at Harrisburg and Albany to move for the introducing of measures calculated to impair the value of railroad and coal properties, and that it was even possible that in the stress of public opinion laws might be enacted that would impair for years the value of the properties the operators now represented.

It was said by one speaker that a bill of this antagonistic character had already been framed, and was ready for submission to the Pennsylvnia legislature. The possibility of harrassing litigation both in Pennsylvania and New York was also dwelt upon, and the fear was expressed that in some instances the state of the public mind might influence the determination of such suits.

These representations failed to move the operators who, according to the gentlemen already quoted, declared that party politics should not be injected into the situation. The operators further expressed their confidence in the integrity of the courts and said that they had no fear of the success of any attack that might be made through the state legislatures upon their property interests. This brought the conference to a close and the gentlemen separated.

Shortly afterward Gen. Thomas of the Erie had a long talk with J. Pierpont Morgan, the nature of the conversation not being disclosed by either gentleman. It is asserted on what appears to be good authority that Mr. Morgan was in communication during the day with some of the politicians who conferred with the operators, but that he declined to be placed in the attitude of a party to the controversy.

Edward Interested in Education Bill

New York, Oct. 10.—King Edward is reported to be taking an active interest in the education bill and in ecclesiastic appointments, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune. His intervention was decisive when peace was concluded in South Africa last spring, and without becoming a partisan of either party he has emerged from the back ground, where Queen Victoria was content to remain during her long reign. He is well informed respecting public affairs and is inclined to make his influence felt. The prime minister's consultations with the sovereign respecting ministerial measures and selections for important offices are less perfunctory than formerly. The king has his opinions, which are free from a partisan bias, and he has his preferences, especially when ecclesiastical appointments are under consideration. Edward VII will return to London for a few hours after the coming cabinet meeting but Premier Balfour is likely to confer with him during the royal visit at North Berwick.

Miss Lathrop Sues Judge Hallett.

Denver, Colo., Oct. 10.—Suit has been filed in the district court by Miss Mary F. Lathrop against Judge Moses Hallett, of the United States court, executor and trustee of the estate of the late George W. Clayton, to recover $50,000 for alleged legal services rendered to the Clayton estate. The will of George W. Clayton created a trust fund of $1,900,000 for the establishment in Denver of a college for poor white male orphans and Miss Lathrop bases her claim on alleged services in defending a suit which sought to have the trust declared void and the fund distributed among Clayton's heirs.

Deaths on Transport Sherman.

San Francisco, Oct. 10.—During the trip of the transport Sherman from Manila to this port 13 deaths occurred as follows:

Mrs. M. M. Corey, mother of Lieut. M. C. Corey; Carlo Rebebera, civilian; Roy Shealy, clerk in the quartermaster's department; Jos. R. Archambeault, private, company I, Second infantry; D. W. Harrison, private, company D., Fifth infantry; Robert Long, private, company A, Fifth infantry; Walter Allen, private, troop A., Ninth cavalry; Ivan Hicks, private, troop L., Sixth cavalry; Israel Boucher, private company K, Thirteenth infantry; G. E. Owen, private, company I, Twenty-sixth infantry; Michael Maher, private company I, Thirteenth infantry; Major Charles Bonesteel, Twenty-third infantry; Walter Keefe, quartermaster's department.

CLARK UNIVERSITY.

Carrol D. Wright Inaugurated as President Collegiate Dept.

Worcester, Mass., Oct. 9.—The collegiate department of Clark university was dedicated and Prest. Carroll D. Wright was inaugurated today. Senator Hoar, president of the board of trustees, presided and made an eloquent address. Senator Lodge also spoke. A striking feature of the exercises was Senator Hoar's complimentary references to Senator Lodge in introducing him.

Mr. Wright left here for Washington this afternoon, in response to an urgent message from the capital. It is understood that a telegram from the president was received yesterday, but Mr. Wright could not leave on account of his inauguration day.

AN OKLAHOMA FEUD.

Three Men Killed and Three Wounded as a Result.

Eldorado, O. T., Oct. 9.—Three men were killed, one fatally injured and two others less seriously wounded in a shooting affray on the streets here this afternoon. The dead:

H. L. Dearing, constable.
Tom Parnell, farmer.
Walter Parnell, farmer.

The wounded: Guy B. Tucker, city marshal, shot six times, and will die; Dr. Hilton, wounds not serious; Jim Parnell, not serious.

The shooting is the sequel to the killing here Sept. 18 by Dearing of Robert Mullins, which followed a wedding.

Pacific Coast Co. Report.

New York, Oct. 10.—According to the annual report of the Pacific Coast company for the year ending June 30, which has just been made public, gross earnings were $5,074,207, a decrease of $63,339. The net, after deducting taxes and adding other income, amounts to $1,129,806, a decrease of $73,913. The decreases are attributed to displacement of coal as a fuel and to development on the coast of electrical power.

The Pacific Coast Steamship company operating its own and the vessels of the Pacific company under lease to it, showed net earnings in excess to the amount of $67,640. Expenditures were made on vessels to the extent of $140,411. There was also expended for repair and charged to operating, $140,334.

Col. Huston's Defense.

San Francisco, Oct. 10.—Lieut.-Col. Huston of the Nineteenth infantry, appeared before a court-martial this morning on the charge of violating the fifty-fourth article of war in not calling out his troops to quell rioting soldiers outside the Presidio reservation. Huston's counsel, Capt. Frank McIntyre, adjutant of the Nineteenth, says he will base his defense on the section of Winthrop's code of military law, which states that the United States military are not empowered to intervene or act on any occasion of violation of local law or civil disorder, until required by the president through their immediate commanders to act.

Busted Promoter Suicides.

New York, Oct. 10.—Having made and lost four fortunes and finding himself broken in health and almost penniless at the age of 70, Charles W. Lewis, a well known promoter and member of a leading Fifth Avenue club, has ended his life with morphine. He was a native of England and had no relatives here.

British Coal Miners May Strike.

London, Oct. 10.—The possibility of a strike by British coal miners in sympathy with American strikers has been mooted in some quarters, but the suggestion has no support of any kind. On the contrary, activity in the coal trade and the high prices brought about by the American and French strikes militate against any such movement here.

Benjamin Pickard, M. P., and Sam Woods, and other leaders of British coal miners have been interviewed on the subject of the coal strikes. While they expressed great sympathy with the American miners, they declined even to express an opinion as to the fairness of their claims on the ground that they were not sufficiently informed of the merits and circumstances of the case.

MRS. H. F. ROBERTS

Says to All Sick Women: "Give Mrs. Pinkham a Chance, I Know She Can Help You as She Did Me."

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM: The world praises great reformers; their names and fames are in the ears of everybody, and the public press helps spread the good tidings. Among them all Lydia E. Pinkham's name goes to posterity

MRS. H. F. ROBERTS,
County President of W. C. T. U., Kansas City, Mo.

with a softly breathed blessing from the lips of thousands upon thousands of women who have been restored to their families when life hung by a thread, and by thousands of others whose weary, aching limbs you have quickened and whose pains you have taken away.

"I know whereof I speak, for I have received much valuable benefit myself through the use of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and for years I have known dozens of women who have suffered with displacement, ovarian troubles, ulcerations and inflammation who are strong and well to-day, simply through the use of your Compound."—MRS. H. F. ROBERTS, 1404 McGee St., Kansas City, Mo.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham. She will understand your case perfectly, and will treat you with kindness. Her advice is free, and the address is Lynn, Mass.

Thomas J. Sharkey Bailed.

New York, Oct. 10.—Thomas J. Sharkey, who is charged with being responsible for the death of Nicholas Fish, banker, and who is under indictment for manslaughter in the first degree, has been released on $7,500 bail by Recorder Goff, after three weeks' imprisonment. Originally the amount of bail was fixed at $15,000.

Speaking of the case, Recorder Goff said: "The amount of bail originally set by me at $15,000 was only tentative, and was subject to reduction at the request of the accused man's attorneys. Dict. Atty. Jerome appeared before me with Thomas F. Foley and said he was willing to have Sharkey released on $7,500 bail."

COLORADOANS EXCITED.

It is Over Threatened Trouble with Indian Hunters.

Meeker, Colo., Oct. 9.—The wounding of State Game Commissioner Harris has greatly excited the settlers in the vicinity of Rangely, where the shooting occurred. A special messenger rode into Meeker from that place today and reports that about 400 Utes have been in the vicinity of Rangely for some days slaughtering game. He says that since the fight with Harris the bucks have sent their squaws and papooses back to the reservation, which is taken to mean that they intend to fight and hold their ground. Many of the settlers feeling certain that there will be trouble, have sent their families to Meeker. The courier brought orders to all the Meeker stores to send all the guns and ammunition they have in stock. The cowboys at Meeker are mobilizing to go to the scene of the trouble if necessary.

WOMEN'S RELIEF CORPS.

Order Shown to be in a Most Flourishing Condition.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The twentieth annual convention of the Women's Relief corps began its session at the Church of Our Father today. Mrs. Calista N. Jones of Vermont, the national president, presided and delivered her annual address. The order was shown to be in flourishing condition. Over $42,000 was expended during the year, leaving a fund of over $11,000 on hand.

Miss Clara Barton of the National Red Cross society, who is now the only surviving honorary member of the organization, was then escorted to the platform. Her feeble health would not permit her to more than murmur her thanks. Mrs. John A. Logan, Mrs. John C. Black of Illinois and Mrs. Diston, wife of the surveyor general of Alaska, who traveled 7,000 miles to be present, also were similarly honored.

The remainder of the day was occupied in listening to the reports of national officers and various executive boards. Officers will be elected tomorrow.

The Daughters of Veterans met today, the principal event of the morning being the reception of visiting delegates. In the afternoon reports of committees were read.

The convention of the ladies of the G. A. R. opened today with the largest meeting in the hisory of the organization. Routine work and the seating of delegates occupied the time of the day's session.

Transport Egbert Sold.

San Francisco, Oct. 10.—The transport Egbert has been sold by the government to the Dollar Steamship company for $50,000. The Egbert was bought by the government in 1898 from the Atlantic Transport line. At the beginning of the Spanish-American war she was loaned by the company to the government as a hospital ship and as such went to Manila by way of the Suez canal. The new owners of the vessel will put her in service as a freight steamer, running from this port to China.

Cured of Asthma

After Years of Terrible Suffering.

Mary Josephine Bezy, Floyd Knob, Ind., writes: "After suffering untold agonies for 32 years from Asthma, I was cured by Schiffmann's Asthma Cure. I used to be so bad that I could not move without help, but I can now do all my own work." Another writes: "My little boy 7 years old has been a sufferer for several years, sometimes so bad off that we could not hold him in bed, expecting any moment for him to breathe his last. Doctors did him no good and we had almost given up in despair, when through accident we heard of Schiffmann's Asthma Cure, tried it and it almost instantly relieved him." Mrs. D. C. Harris, Elbow P. O., Va.

Sold by all druggists at 50c and $1.00.

MAY CALL OUT ALL COAL MINERS

Suggested to Mitchell by Moyer of The Western Federation.

IS CONSIDERING THE IDEA.

It Would Mean that Throughout the Entire Country No Coal of Any Kind Would be Mined.

Denver, Colo., Oct. 9.—Telegrams have passed between the officials of the Western Federation of Miners and President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers looking to a complete tie-up of all bituminous coal mines in the United States and Canada. The telegram of President Moyer and Secy. Haywood of the Western Federation, says:

"Exigencies demand that no coal of any kind be mined in the United States and Canada until the anthracite strike is won. The Western Federation of Miners will co-operate to this end."

Mr. Mitchell's response says:

"Telegram received. Shall give careful consideration to your suggestion. Many thanks for the proffer of co-operation and assistance."

"The significance of this correspondence," said President Moyer, "is far-reaching. It means that if President John Mitchell will call out all his men in every soft and hard coal mine in this country and Canada, the Western Federation of Miners will immediately co-operate with them and withdraw every man we have in the coal fields of the west, northwest and Canada.

"And this will mean that the stubborn mine operators in Pennsylvania will have to bring this long strike to an end or the people throughout the country will know the reason why. This is the only way to end the trouble."

CHICAGO'S GREAT FIRE.

Thirty-first Anniversary Celebrated In Grand Style.

Chicago, Oct. 9.—The thirty-first anniversary of Chicago's big fire was observed tonight by banquets, given under the auspices of the Marquette and Lake Side clubs. Speakers of national prominence were present at both banquets. At the Auditorium hotel 500 members of the Marquette club and their guests gathered in the banquet hall, which had been appropriately decorated. Gov. B. M. Lafollette of Wisconsin spoke on the achievements of the Republican party since March 4, 1897. The next speaker was Secy of the Navy William H. Moody, for whom the banqueters arose in a body and cheered enthusiastically. Secy. Moody responded to the toast, "The Navy."

"The Iowa Platform and the Tariff" was discussed by Gov. Albert B. Cummins of Iowa.

Senator Burton of Kansas, who was to have spoken on "Republicanism in the West," was unable to be present, and his place was taken by ex-Gov. Trautman of Kansas.

Col. D. D. Woodmansee, ex-president of the National Republican league, responded to the toast, "William McKinley."

The principal speaker at the Lake Side banquet was Bishop Lancaster Spalding of Peoria, who took for his subject, "Illinois."

Storm Causes Loss of Life.

St. Johns, N. F., Oct. 9.—Reports of the damage done by the recent storm in Labrador continue to be received here. It is believed that when all reports are in the effects of this storm will be seen to be greater than those of any other gale in the last 20 years. One schooner, with 55 persons on board, is still missing, but hope is entertained that she has taken shelter in some outlying harbor.

G. A. R. NEW COMMANDER.

Gen. T. J. Stewart of Pennsylvania Gets the Coveted Honor.

His Competitors Were Gen. John C. Black and Col. McElroy—Sickles and Longstreet in Farragut Tent.

Washington, Oct. 9.—The Grand Army got down to business today and the encampment of the order, beside hearing an address from Commander-in-Chief Torrance and reports from a number of officers and committees, elected a new head for the ensuing year. The new commander-in-chief of the G. A. R. is Gen. T. J. Stewart of Pennsylvania, who was a leading candidate for the honor a year ago. His competitors today were Gen. John C. Black of Illinois, a former commissioner of pensions, and Col. John McElroy of this city. The name of Gen. Daniel Sickles of New York City was presented, but he withdrew from the race. William M. Olin of Massachusetts was elected vice commander-in-chief and James M. Averill of Georgian junior vice commander-in-chief. Aside from the election of these officers the most interesting feature of the encampment was the report of the pension committee of the G. A. R. This committee severely scored the medical division of the pension bureau, declaring that it was a division where were executed the claims of veterans seeking pensions. It accused the personnel of this division of approaching the reports of the examining surgeons throughout the country with suspicion and distrust and as made in bad faith. It denounced the reports that extensive frauds were practised in pension claims as absolutely baseless.

The Women's Relief corps, Daughters of Veterans and the Ladies of the G. A. R. also met in annual convention today.

Thousands of veterans and wives not delegates to any of these organizations attended army corps reunions in the big tents on the White House lot or spent the beautiful October day in sight seeing. A feature of the afternoon was the dedication of the corner stone of the proposed memorial bridge to connect Washington with the nation cemetery at Arlington. Secy. Root was the orator of the occasion.

In the Farragut tent tonight, standing side by side, each recounting the deeds of the armies which followed them, were Gen. Daniel E. Sickles and Gen. James J. Longstreet, who faced each other on the battlefield of Gettysburg.

The wearers of the blue, representing the survivors of the Third army corps, gathered together tonight and told again the story of the memorable conflict at Gettysburg. After both Sickles and Longstreet had spoken, Gen. Sickles told the veterans that they now had heard both sides and they could take their choice, which brought forth the remark: "We will take both."

Other reunions were held as follows: Seventeenth army corps, Sherman tent; Twenty-third army corps, Grant tent; First army corps, Sheridan tent; Engineer corps, Meade tent.

A STABBING AT FRISCO.

Will Clark Stabs Hank Clemmons Four Times.

Frisco, Utah, Oct. 9.—A stabbing affray occurred here tonight in Peter Martin's saloon, in which Hank Clemmons was stabbed four times by Will Clark. Both men are employed at the Carbonate mines, and had some words at the mine today. Tonight Clemmons came into the saloon, where Clark was whittling with a pocket knife, and renewed the quarrel, striking Clark with a monkey wrench. In the scrimmage that followed, Clark inflicted four wounds on Clemmons, stabbing him over the heart, in the neck and face. Clark will be arrested in the morning. Dr. Cook, the attending physician, says that Clemmons will recover. Clemmons has lived in Utah many years, and formerly conducted a gambling game at Silver City.

An Indian Kills Two Men.

Naper, Neb., Oct. 9.—Edward C. Taylor, a white boss farmer and teacher at the Indian school on the Rosebud reservation, near Bonesteel, S. D., and Johnnie Shaw, an Indian policeman, were shot and killed by George Bear, an Indian, in a dispute over the refusal of Taylor to allow the Indian to sell wood outside the reservation. The dead men were both prominent. Bear was captured.

One Italian Shoots Another.

Omaha, Neb., Oct. 9.—Thomas W. Rich, an Italian grader, employed at a camp a few miles south of Omaha, shot and killed Joseph Stilleki, another grader, shot the dead man's brother through the body and terrorized the camp, holding them at bay while he made his escape. The trouble arose over the possession of a hand car.

Summer Mail to Yukon Closed.

Vancouver, B. C., Oct. 10.—The summer mail service to the Yukon closed today. Commencing at once, and in effect hereafter till further notice the mails for Dawson and other places in the Yukon territory north of White Horse will be restricted to letters, post cards and a limited quantity of newspaper matter. The action of the postal authorities in withdrawing the unrestricted mail service to the Yukon territory is due to the close approaches of the winter season in the north and the consequent cessation of navigation on the Yukon. As White Horse is accessible by rail during the winter season, mail delivery to that point is not affected by the new order.

A NEW TEXT.

Southern Preacher Gives Food for Thought

Coffee works in many different and unsuspected ways. Mr. E. L. Wesson, pastor of Baptist Church of Sardis, Miss., writes:

"I loved coffee from my infancy, and never knew of it hurting me until I was 33 years old. I suffered with headaches if forced to do without it, and sometimes used it three times a day, but headache had been one of the ills of our family, and therefore I thought it was an inherited evil for which coffee was a special remedy, but about nine years ago, I began to suffer from sleeplessness, which continued until it seemed as if my nerves would wreck for want of sleep, and yet I could not sleep.

A friend suggested that I quit coffee except for breakfast which I did, and so found that I could sleep a little better, but my headaches continued, and my nervous system would sometimes seem as if the very fibres of my flesh were moving within me. It went on until three years ago I began to suffer at night with an itching sensation on my limbs below my knees and on my arms below the elbows, and sometimes all over my body, but there was no eruption on the skin; the flesh was smooth and white. I consulted several good physicians, but with no avail.

I had no idea that the coffee I drank in the morning caused it, but finally decided to stop coffee for a while, and try Postum Food Coffee. Wife made it according to directions, so that I liked it equally as well as coffee. I had no idea that it would relieve the awful itching deep down in my flesh, but thought I would try it to see if there was any virtue in it. I had used it only a few days, when I discovered that the itching was not so severe. When I had used it ten days my wife said, 'What is the matter with you? You do not seem to be troubled with that itching sensation.' I told her that I did not know what was the cause, but I knew that I was not troubled with the itching any more and was thankful for it.

I then went over to preach in another town, and while there drank some strong coffee, and the itching returned. When I came back home, I commenced using Postum again, and the itching ceased. Then I decided that coffee in some way produced the itching. I drink Postum three times a day, and rest as well as I ever rested, and never have headaches any more. I believe that hundreds of preachers who suffer from indigestion, nervousness and worry, would find rest and health if they would quit coffee and use Postum.

TOO GREAT EXPENSE

Not the Reason.

It is not because Pyramid Pile Cure is so expensive that many people decline to give it a trial, but because they find it too great a tax on their credulity to believe that the published letters bearing testimony to the merit of this remedy are genuine and bona fide; especially to those who have realized the suffering incident to piles is it incredible that anyone who has been afflicted twenty-five or thirty years with the worst forms of protuding and bleeding piles should be cured by the application of a simple remedy, when their physician has assured them that the only relief is in a surgical operation. This is rightfully viewed with dread by all those afflicted, as it means at the least a great shock to the nervous system, with more than a possibility of utter collapse and death; in the majority of cases, too, there is a return of the complaint, owing to the fact that the cause is not removed.

The proprietors of Pyramid Pile Cure agree to forfeit one thousand dollars to anyone who will show a single published testimonial to be not genuine and unsolicited; this latter feature is most gratifying, inasmuch as these letters are writtrn solely out of gratitude, and with the hope that those who are afflicted as the writers have been may learn that relief is at hand, at a comparatively trifling expense. Pyramid Pile Cure is for sale by druggists at fifty cents a package, or will be mailed by the makers to any address upon receipt of price.

Mr. Wm. Lichtwalter, head of the largest printing house in Canton, Ohio, says: "It is with the utmost pleasure and satisfaction that I can say I believe I am cured of protuding and bleeding piles, after suffering more than twenty-five years. I have been in bed for two weeks at a time. I have not suffered in the least for over a year, and I used only three fifty-cent boxes of Pyramid Pile Cure. I advise every person suffering with this distressing and painful complaint to give this remedy a trial. I have every confidence in it." Write the Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich., for their book on the causes and cure of piles.

Special Shoe Values

In Our Bargain Room.

LADIES' VICI KID SHOES, patent leather tip, regular $2.00 values, all sizes—

$1.35

MEN'S SHOES up to $3.00 values. Many styles and kinds for dress or work. All sizes—

$2.00

LADIES' STRAP SANDALS, in patent leather or vici kid, up to $1.50 grade—

85 cts.

Men's House Slippers, black or tan, good $1.50 quality—

$1.00

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MONEY BACK STORES

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i/i i i i/ Of All Kinds.

In no case does the old saying, "An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure," more aptly apply than in the ills of the human eye. In nine cases out of ten if you consult an expert optician at the first sign of trouble it will mean eye satisfaction in the years to come.

BRING YOUR EYES TO KNICKERBOCKER. He will tell you whether you need glasses or not.

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CUT STONE Dealers in all kinds of Cut Stone for Buildings, Curbing, Cemetery Coping, Etc

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Change as well as other styles. If you want up-to-date jewelry, you can always be sure of getting the very latest, and most correct thing here. Whatever you buy, you can feel sure that you're right.

Or, if you have anything that needs to be altered, repaired or reset, bring it to us. We'll do the work well, and charge you but a moderate price.

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WINDOW CLEANING

BY THE WEEK OR MONTH.

The National Cleaning Co.

Janitor Service. Cleaning of All Kinds. Carpets Beaten and Cleaned.

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SATURDAY SPECIALS from 2 to 6 P.M.

French Nougat, 25 cents Per Pound.

Mint and Chocolate Chews, 15 cents Per Pound.

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Salt Lake and Ogden. Tel. 428.

Four Large Floors,

35x246 feet, completely filled with the Latest and Best styles in Everything to Furnish a House complete.

Largest Stock of HOUSE FURNISHINGS and FURNITURE in Utah.

HARRIS FURNITURE & CARPET HOUSE,

234-236 So. State Street.

A WORD WITH YOU ABOUT RUBBER GOODS.

What would be the use of us saying to you:

Our Rubber goods are the best made?

If we did not back it up.

Therefore we say:

If you get
A Fountain syringe,
A Bulb syringe,
A Hot Water Bottle,
A piece of Rubber Tubing,
A piece of Rubber Sheeting,
Or even a Rubber Nipple,

And it does not give the satisfaction it ought to,

Bring it back and we'll make it right.

That's reason enough for saying Best about our Rubber Goods

F. C. SCHRAMM.
DRUGGIST.
Where the cars stop. McCornick Blk.

PROPER EYE GLASSES

Grinding lenses requires much skill, in addition to studying the diseases of the eyes.

To obtain the right focus is the technical matter which the optician has to guard.

To use a spectacle with improper lenses causes the person to remove the glasses to an adjusted distance from the eyes, so as to get the right focus.

The opticians have the science down so fine now that few glasses are turned out without having the exact focus

We will not allow you to wear a wrong pair of lenses—we fit your eyes properly. Call and have your eyes tested free.

RUSHMER, PRACTICAL OPTICIAN.

72 West. First South. St.

VIENNA MODEL BAKERY.

MAX SCHMIDT, Prop.

19 E. Third South St.
PHONE 1 482Y

Badly Bitten

Several families in this city have been "bitten" by unscrupulous dealers, who will promise one thing and send something else.

Investigation reveals the fact that the B. C. Morris Floral Co. give better value for your money, than any other dealer in the city.

McCornick block and 72 East Second South.

THOS. HOBDAY, Mgr.

For Miners, Sportsmen, Ranchmen, Linemen

"Non-Aqua" Waterproof Creedmoors

Made by Strong & Garfield Co. Boston

Ask your dealer

Sole Agents in Salt Lake City, Z. C. M. I.

Well these pleasant autumn days don't look like days when the coal dealer should be busy, do they? Of course the nights are a little cool, but the days are as fair as any in the year in Utah. In spite of all this we're busy, busy as can be. Guess it's "that good coal.

BAMBERGER

The man on Meighn St.

Buyers of Royal Bread — ROYAL BAKING POWDER BREAD — are protected by this label.

DR. J. J. BUSWELL
OPHTHALMIC SPECIALIST

EYES Examined Glasses Fitted

Rooms 328-330, News Building.

Husler'S is as good as FlouR can be.

It is intelligently milled by the best known process from the choicest wheat. Try it ONCE.