PRESIDENT AS A PICKWICKIAN

At Des Moines, Iowa, He Kisses The Babies.

PROMISES MADE ON STUMP

Should be Kept—Their Worth Lies in Their Fulfilment—He is Standing The Strain of the Trip Well.

Ottumwa, Ia., April 28.—President Roosevelt's train pulled out of the Union station in Omaha at 5 o'clock this morning, some time before any of the party were up.

The president and his party arrived at Shenandoah at 7 o'clock. Nearly 10,000 greeted the president there. Congressman Hepburn met the president at this, his first stop in Iowa. Gov. Cummins and his party did not arrive there as at first planned, but met the president at Clarinda, the second stopping place. The president mounted a large platform, erected for the purpose, and addressed the assemblage. His address was brief and to the point, and was enthusiastically received. The train left at 7:10 o'clock.

The presidential train arrived at Clarinda on schedule time, and although the rain had been heavy for over an hour yet the enthusiasm of the crowd was very gratifying to the president. After a short drive the president delivered a short address. His speech was plain common sense talk, without any reference to politics.

President Roosevelt spent 10 minutes in Van Wert. The town has a population of about 300, and most of them were at the station. Hundreds of people drove in from the country and the president spoke to nearly 1,000 people, delivering a short address, and then his train pulled out for Osceola.

At Osceola the president received an enthusiastic greeting, and the short speech he made was heartily received. During his address he paid the following compliment to Congressman Hepburn and the other members of the Iowa delegation in Congress:

"It is a great pleasure to come here today and then be introduced by Col. Hepburn, who has been traveling with me throughout this district. And in departing from it and from him, I wish to state my sense of obligation to him and to all the Iowa delegation for the aid they gave me last year—the invaluable aid in bringing about certain bills of legislation, non-partisan in character, which I deemed of the utmost importance; those like a wise supervision and regulation of certain great corporations of the type popularly known as trusts, notably of those engaged in doing an interstate business; legislation which I deemed invaluable, not only because of its courage, but because of its sanity and because it does not pretend to do anything that it does not do.

"A promise should be kept on the stump just as much as off the stump. The worth of any promise lies in its fulfillment by action, and it was thanks to Col. Hepburn, thanks to the Congress, to the members of both the senate and the house from Iowa, and their fellows, that I am able to come before you feeling that all that had been said by us as to the need of such legislation has been made good in fact. Improvements upon the law have been made, better legislation has been put upon the statute books and the legislation upon the statute books has been enforced with honesty and with fearlessness."

At Des Moines the president kissed a number of babies. During the drive four mothers, each with a baby in her arms, approached his carriage, and handed him bouquets of flowers. They then held up the babies to be kissed, and the president did not disappoint them.

One of the features of the day was the large number of schoolchildren that greeted the president. At every place he stopped and at many places where the train did not stop the little people were congregated, waving small American flags. This feature pleased the president very much as he referred to the children several times during the day.

His speech at Ottumwa was preceded by a short drive through the city, although his train was late and did not arrive until after dark. He spoke tonight on the good work Secretary Wilson has done in the field of agriculture.

The president is bearing the strain of the trip splendidly, and his tan has not yet lost the tan it acquired during his two weeks in Yellowstone park.

Salt Plant Burned.

Chicago, April 28.—The plant of the International Salt company, located at South Chicago, and three boats lying in the Calumet river, were destroyed by fire tonight. The loss is estimated at $1,250,000; that of the International Salt buildings being placed at $800,000. The buildings of the Salt company plant covered nearly 16 acres along the Calumet river. In these buildings were stored tons of salt, and the greater part of this is said to have been ruined by fire and water. Included in the company's losses are the docks, extending 1,500 feet along the Calumet river.

The fire threatened to spread to a number of grain elevators along the river, but after a hard fight the flames were gotten under control. About 150 cars were consumed. Fifty of the burned cars are said to have belonged to the Michigan Central Railroad company.

Deering Harvester Handstrike.

Chicago, April 282.—Thirty-[illegible] hundred men are on strike at the Deering Harvester works. The 2,000 metal workers who quit yesterday were joined today by 1,500 recruits in other departments. Less than 2,000 men remain at work. Of them the majority are well organized and are said to be waiting only for official orders from their unions to walk out. The strikers declare that unless a speedy settlement is arranged the entire plant will be tied up.

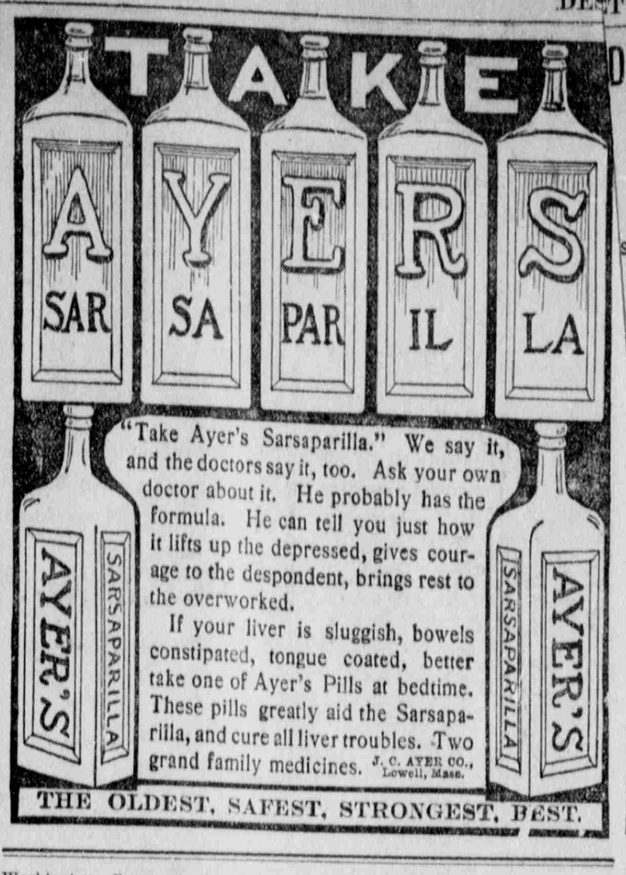
IMPORTANT CONFERENCE.

President and Cabinet Will Hold One in St. Louis Tonight.

Washington, April 28.—An important conference between the president and the members of his cabinet will be held in St. Louis, probably on Wednesday night. The special train bearing the president and his party will arrive at St. Louis Wednesday afternoon at 4:10. President Roosevelt and Secretary Shaw, who is to meet the party, will be joined there by other members of the cabinet. Matters of importance which have arisen since the president's departure from Washington will be brought to the attention of the chief executive. These will include Russia's attitude in Manchuria, the developments in the investigation of the police department, and some departmental matters upon which the president will have to pass.

Since leaving Yellowstone park the president has been in close touch with Washington. Communications between him and the heads of departments have been exchanged daily, both by mail and telegraph.

A batch of important documents for his signature was forwarded him today. Included in the lot are some important commissions. It is not unlikely that some pending appointments may be agreed upon at the St. Louis conference, but they probably will not be announced until after the return of the members of the cabinet to Washington.



"Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla." We say it, and the doctors say it, too. Ask your own doctor about it. He probably has the formula. He can tell you just how it lifts up the depressed, gives courage to the despondent, brings rest to the overworked.

If your liver is sluggish, bowels constipated, tongue coated, better take one of Ayer's Pills at bedtime. These pills greatly aid the Sarsaparilla, and cure all liver troubles. Two grand family medicines. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

THE OLDEST, SAFEST, STRONGEST, BEST.

DENOUNCES MILES.

Maj. Glenn's Brother-in-Law Addresses Open Letter to Him.

St. Paul, Minn., April 28.—George C. Squires, a prominent attorney of this city and a brother-in-law of Maj. Edwin F. Glenn, has written an open letter addressed to Gen. Miles, in which he replies to the strictures upon Maj. Glenn in the general's report upon the alleged atrocities in the Philippines. The letter says:

"If instead of listening to the unsupported statements of irresponsible natives, you had taken the trouble to read the sworn testimony in the last trial of Maj. Glenn, I think even you would have been convinced that the charges of atrocities which you so recklessly lay upon our officers are as nothing compared to the hideous cruelties committed by the Filipinos.

"In conclusion let me suggest that not even your prejudice against the administration or the well-founded impression that you went to the Philippines to find fault with existing conditions is a sufficient justification for the general of a great army, which has gone through untold privations and hardships, to announce to the world upon heresay and unsworn testimony that his brother officers, graduates of the finest of all military schools, are unworthy of the uniforms which they wear."

St. Paul, Minn., April 28.—Gen. R. H. Hughes, who for two years commanded the department of the Visayas, Philippine islands, was in the city today, and being questioned as to the statements made in the recent report of Gen. Miles, said that he had no knowledge of the atrocities alleged to have been committed by American soldiers.

Paris Preparing for Edward.

Paris, April 28.—The Parisians are preparing to celebrate the visit of King Edward with rejoicings such as open-air balls and illuminations. Committees for the purpose are now being organized in various quarters of the city. The prefect of police has ordered that the balls be authorized, and the police will allow the cafes to remain open after the usual hours on Sunday and Monday nights.

Cause of Smallpox Discovered.

Boston, April 28.—The announcement of the discovery of the cause of smallpox was made today by Dr. Councilman of the Harvard medical school. It has been decided that smallpox is caused by a micro-organism representative of the lowest form of animal life. This fact serves to show a relation between smallpox and such diseases as malaria and to distinguish it from many other infectious diseases caused by bacteria.

To Map Alaska Timber Belt.

Tacoma, Wash., April 29.—The federal government has undertaken the cruising and mapping of the timber belt of southern Alaska. W. A. Langville, an expert timber cruiser, has started north, accompanying Collector of Customs Jarvis of Sitka. Langville is the first cruiser sent into Alaska for this purpose. Starting in near Ketchikan, he will make a general reconnaissance with the object of ascertaining the quantity, quality, variety and location of the timber growths stretching along the coast. He will probably work as far north as Skagway this year. Other cruisers will follow him, as the territory to be covered is vast.

THE BALDWIN INTERVIEW.

Col. Mills Investigates it and Makes A Report.

Washington, April 28.—Col. Mills of the inspector-general's department, who went to Denver to investigate the interview said to have been given by Gen. Baldwin, in which the latter spoke in an improper manner of the Filipino and negro soldiers, has reported to Secy. Root that the interview never took place, and that the man who reported it had been discharged from the paper.

It appears from Col. Mills' report that Gen. Baldwin did have an interview when he first arrived at Denver, and it was this interview to which he referred when he subsequently stated that he was misunderstood if he was interpreted as saying anything reflecting upon the Filipino or colored soldiers.

Col. Mills' report is supported by a great many affidavits and much testimony, which has been presented to the secretary.

Skeletons Unearthed at Fort Riley.

Fort Riley, Kas., April 28.—Laborers grading in the vicinity of the new gun sheds have unearthed over a dozen skeletons, presumably those of Indians, and many flint hatchet, arrow and spearheads, odd shaped pieces of pottery, and some peculiarly shaped stones that probably were used for grinding corn. The bones of the skeletons are above those of the average sized man. The relics are thought to be at least 200 years old. It is believed that the spot was once a burrying ground.

Guarantee Investment Co. Troubles.

San Francisco, April 29.—The Guarantee Investment company is in trouble. A warrant has been issued for J. K. Tennant, president of the company, on the charge of having obtained $96 from L. U. Grant by false pretenses. The police expect that more warrants will be applied for today by people who have advanced their money to the officers of the concern, expecting to receive in return funds sufficient for the erection of homes.

The guarantee company was organized on March 17 of this year. In the articles of incorporation it was claimed that the concern was capitalized to the extent of $75,000. J. K. Tennant, its president, is said to have come here recently from Seattle.

IRVING M. SCOTT DEAD.

He Was the Great Shipbuilder of California.

San Francisco, April 28.—Irving M. Scott, who for many years was vice president and general manager of the Union iron works, died this afternoon at his home in this city. He had been in poor health for some time, and a few days ago he was stricken with alarming symptoms. Mr. Scott has long been a sufferer from kidney troubles.

Irving Murray Scott was of Quaker parentage and came from Baltimore. He was born on Dec. 25, 1837. He was educated at the Milton military academy and the Baltimore Mechanics' institute. He entered the factory of Obey Hussey, manufacturers of reapers. He there became an expert draughtsman, superintendent and later a partner in the Union iron works. He designed the machinery on the Comstock, invented machines and other devices for assisting labor.

He was for several terms president of the Mechanics' institute and of the Art association, regent of the university and trustee of Leland Stanford, Jr., university. He built the battleship Oregon and other great warships and many fine vessels of commerce. He has been a candidate for United States senator and always took a prominent interest in politics.

Mr. Scott for many years made his residence at 507 Harrison street in this city.

EDWARD WILL VISIT THE POPE

This Afternoon the English King Goes to the Vatican.

HE IS GLAD TO BE IN ROME

Ambassador Meyer He Has Appointed Prince of Wales Head Of St. Louis Commission.

Rome, April 28.—King Edward, accompanied by Gen. Pedolitti, representing King Victor Emmanuel, and escorted by a brilliant array of cavalry, went to the Pantheon today and deposited wreaths on the tombs of King Victor Emmanuel I, and King Humbert. His majesty then enjoyed a long drive through the city. The crowds enthusiastically acclaimed the visiting sovereign.

King Edward received the diplomatic representatives in Rome in his own apartments in the Quirinal. He was presented by the British ambassador, and took hands and spoke cordially with each foreign representative. To United States Ambassador Meyer his majesty said: "I have taken pleasure in appointing the Prince of Wales head of the St. Louis fair commission."

Mr. Meyer replied that such a compliment and honor was much appreciated in America.

When he received Premner Zanardelli early the day his majesty said: "I am glad to be in Italy," and he added emphatically, "especially in Rome." These precise words, while they have produced great satisfaction, have been much commented on in government and political circles. King Edward also referred to the bonds existing between Italy and Great Britain.

King Edward and the king of Italy drove this afternoon to the Coliseum, the arch of Titus, the Palantine, Forum and the monument of Victor Emmanuel. King Edward expressed his great admiration of what he saw. Wherever they went the two kings were loudly cheered and received a continuous ovation.

A court dinner at which 104 covers were laid was held tonight. Replying to a toast proposed by the king of Italy, King Edward said:

"I cannot assure you, sire, that it has been very agreeable to come to Rome. I have full confidence that the sentiment of cordial amity that has so long existed between our countries will never cease, and having these great objects we will advance together along the paths of civilization and progress. We have employed ourselves at the same time the preservation of universal peace. It is not long ago that we fought side by side, and though I have confidence that another occasion for this will not arise, I am certain that we will always be friends for the cause of liberty and civilization, as well as for the universal good and prosperity of all nations. Thanking you for the warm welcome given me upon my arrival by you and your people, which I shall never forget, I drink to the health of your majesty and of the queen."

Tomorrow afternoon King Edward will go to the Vatican. Starting from the British embassy he will alight at the court of the Dumas, in the vatican, where he will be received by Monsignore Bisleti, master of the chamber, accompanied by the vatican officials. The pontifical guards will render royal honors to the visitors. Monsignore Bisleti will conduct King Edward to the stairway where Monsignore Cagiano de Azo, the pope's major domo, surrounded by prelates and high dignitaries of the holy see, will greet the British sovereign. King Edward will then be conducted by the major domo to the private apartments of the pope, and no one will be present at the interview between the pontiff and the British sovereign.

When the chamber opened today President Biheri made a short speech, in which he said he had the honor of assisting at the arrival in Rome of the king of England and of presenting his majesty the greeting of the chamber, and its thanks for the visit paid to Italy, to the Italian sovereign and to the city of Rome. He was certain he expressed the sentiments of the chamber in offering its salutations to the sovereign of a great and friendly nation and in expressing the chamber's lively sympathy with the British people. The deputies listened to the president's remarks standing, and he was warmly applauded.

The grand gala theatrical performance of tonight in honor of King Edward was attended by the kings of Italy and Great Britain, the royal prince, members of the diplomatic corps and court officials and the elite of Roman society. The house presented a brilliant spectacle. In addition to the entire staff of the American embassy, those present included Heloise Meyer, sister of Ambassador Meyer; Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Lady Herbert, sister of Mrs. Vanderbilt, and Miss Alice Blight of New York.

Traveling Salesman Fatally Hurt.

Chicago, April 29.—The cause of fatal injuries to E. W. Simonds, a New York traveling salesman, who died yesterday at the county hospital, is being investigated by the police.

Simonds was found unconscious on the stone steps of the Central Trust company bank early in the morning. He was suffering from a fractured skull.

Mr. Simonds had been a guest at the Great Northern hotel since April 23, where, for some unknown reason, he registered as "E. Summers."

Simonds, it is said, formerly was connected with the Chicago board of trade. When he moved to New York he entered into a partnership with a brokerage firm in Wall street.

Guardians for Indians Decision.

Guthrie, Okla., April 29.—Associate Justice Irwin has rendered an important decision regarding the appointment of guardians for Indians to prevent them from disposing of their money as they please. Numerous such guardians have been appointed for the Arapahoe-Cheyenne Indians. Judge Irwin has dismissed all such holding them to be illegally in office, and prohibiting the lower courts in the future from interfering with the Indians' private finances.

Big Strike Threatened.

New York, April 29.—Unless the contractors surrender before Friday morning, 50,000 laborers employed on the subway and in the excavations for buildings in Greater New York, will lay down their picks and shovels. At a meeting of the Contractors' Protective association last night, no decision was reached, and it was said that another meeting would not be held before May 1, the limit of time set by the workmen for an answer to their ultimatum.

More than 95 percent of the men employed are Italians, and few of them can speak English. The contractors say that they came into this country under the padrone system.

The laborers demand a uniform pay for all workmen. They receive at present from $1.50 to $2.50 a day, according to their skill and the location of the work in the lower part of Manhattan. The men demand $2 a day for earthwork and $2.50 a day for rock work.

The contractors say that under the scale the men demand they would have to pay men who had never seen a pick what they are now paying experienced men. The contractors demand the right to pay the laborers according to their skill.

The laborers want a day of eight hours. This the contractors refuse to grant. It would be impossible to carry out their contracts, they say, if they agreed to an eight-hour day.

TO WIND UP ALL BUSINESS.

United States Will Settle its Affairs With Paris Exposition of 1900.

New York, April 29.—Prof. Benjamin Duryea Woodward of the department of Romanic languages at Barnard, Columbia university, has been commissioned by President Roosevelt to wind up, on behalf of the United States, all business relating to its share in the Paris exposition of 1900. Prof. Woodward's work involves the distribution of between 5,000 and 6,000 medals and diplomas of award to exhibitors in the United States and Cuba. He will sail for France to begin his duties at the end of May. Mr. Woodward was assistant commissioner general from this country to the exposition in 1900.

Test For Yourself the Wonderful Curative Properties Of Swamp-Root

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect It.

To Prove What Swamp-Root, the World-Famous Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy, Will do for YOU, Every Reader of the Deseret News May have a Sample Bottle Sent Free by Mail.

I wrote to Dr. Kilmer & Co., at Binghampton, N. Y., for a free sample bottle of Swamp-Root, and its effect upon me was so noticeable that I bought a supply, and after taking a few bottles of Swamp-Root I had entirely recovered, and in six months I became the man you see me now. I had kidney trouble aggravated by bladder trouble. Was obliged to pass water often day and night, had back ache, and was run down generally. A few bottles of this remedy did more for me than a dozen physicians could.

Hugo Hutt
865 Stillman St.,
Philadelphia, (Pa.,) Fire Dept.

I am a firm believer in that wonderful remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root. It's a great medicine when a man is not feeling well; after exposure or loss of sleep and irregular meals. It is also a great medicine to tone up and regulate a man. There is such a pleasant taste to it and it seems to go right to the spot. I use it and recommend it. There is more Swamp-Root used by Kansas City firemen than any other medicine twice over. Yours truly,

Alex. Henderson
Assistant Chief,
Kansas City, (Kansas), Fire Dept.

I cheerfully give my endorsement to Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, which I sincerely believe, from my own experience, stands at the head of all known curatives for kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

My own cure and also my personal observation during years of service in the Toledo Fire Department, have convinced me that Swamp-Root is a medicine of wonderful merit. I have seen many who had been pronounced incurable, speedily restored to health by Swamp-Root. Yours Respectfully,

G. W. Fraser
No. 1 Engine House,
Toledo, (Ohio), Fire Department.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the famous new discovery, Dr Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for many kinds of diseases, and if permitted to continue much suffering with fatal results are sure to follow. Kidney trouble irritates the nerves, makes you dizzy, restless, sleepless and irritable. Makes you pass water often during the day and obliges you to get up many times during the night. Unhealthy kidneys cause rheumatism, gravel, catarrh of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints and muscles; makes your head ache and back ache, causes indigestion, stomach and liver trouble; you get sallow, yellow complexion, makes you feel as though you had heart trouble; you may have plenty of ambition, but no strength; get weak and waste away.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is used in the leading hospitals, recommended by physicians in their private practice, and is taken by doctors themselves, because they recognize in it the greatest and most successful remedy that science has ever been able to compound.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Swamp-Root, the great Kidney, Liver and Bladder remedy, is so remarkably successful that a special arrangement has been made by which all of our readers who have not already tried it may have a sample bottle sent absolutely free by mail. Also a book telling all about kidney and bladder troubles and containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured by Swamp-Root. In writing, be sure and mention reading this generous offer in Salt Lake City Daily Deseret News, when sending your address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one dollar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root — Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghampton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them as much so as it is to love the beautiful and pure. The critical ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with dread, pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with apprehension and horror. There is no necessity for the reproduction of life to be either painful or dangerous. The use of **Mother's Friend** so prepares the system for the coming event that it is safely passed with almost any danger. This great and wonderful remedy is always applied externally, and has carried thousands of women through the trying crisis without suffering.

Mother's Friend

Send for free book containing information of priceless value to all expectant mothers.

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Beware of Kidney Troubles

3017 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Oct. 28, 1902.

Of all the diseases to which the human organism is susceptible probably none are more painful and painful than kidney trouble. I cannot find words to describe the terrible suffering I endured for over [illegible] months, my kidneys were affected and in fact the pelvic organs were diseased. The doctor said that nothing but an operation would cure me and as I was afflicted with heart palpitation it was not thought advisable to put me under an anaesthetic, so I kept on taking medicine, but felt as if I was not getting any better. One day [illegible], who was visiting us from the East, asked if I had tried Wine of Cardui. I told her that I had often been advised to try it by friends, but had no faith in patent medicines. She, however, not only insisted that I try a bottle but went and purchased one and gave me the first dose. I was much pleased to find that after I had finished the first bottle my general health was better and I felt so encouraged that I kept on using it for eight months and at the end of that time I was a well woman. Health and happiness is mine to-day and all thanks to your wonderful remedy.

Mrs. Grace Foster
President Woman's [illegible] Club.

WINE of CARDUI

Kidney troubles are dangerous for men, but when a woman has kidney pains the generative organs are almost always affected and the case demands all the warning Mrs. Foster gives.

Do you know that "kidney pains" are often caused by ovarian trouble? And "ovarian pains" may mean kidney trouble. One cannot exist without bringing on the other.

Do not waste your time by taking kidney pills or some other uncertain remedy. If your back aches get Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught and you can rest assured every lurking pain will be eradicated.

Won't you do as much for your mother, wife, sister or daughter as Mrs. Foster's cousin did for her?

You can bring them the same health as Mrs. Foster rejoices in by taking them a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui and a 25-cent package of Thedford's Black-Draught.

All druggists sell Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught.

THE NEW YORK DENTISTS

Have Secured a Location and will Open Permanently

Monday, May 4th,

At 258 S. Main Street,

In the Rainere Building.

Next Door to Keith-O'Brien's. Remember the Place.

This is the first time the New York Dentists have ever had an office in Salt Lake, but are here now to stay.

Teeth extracted and filled absolutely painless by our late scientific methods without the use of cocaine or other sleep-producing agents.

This office will be in charge of EASTERN GRADUATED SPECIALISTS of from 12 to 20 years' experience.

THE NEW YORK DENTISTS' 10-YEAR WRITTEN PROTECTIVE GUARANTEE WILL BE GIVEN WITH ALL WORK.

A SPECIALIST IN EACH DEPARTMENT.

Don't Forget THE NEW YORK DENTISTS Open on Monday next at 258 South Main Street. Next door to Keith O'Brien's. Watch this space for our price list. Next nearest office Butte, Mont.