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# DESERET EVENING NEWS.

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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

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## TRUE HISTORY OF PARKER'S MESSAGE

### He Knew Nothing About the Financial Side of the Platform.

### HIS FIRST REAL KNOWLEDGE.

### He Obtained it Not from Private Advices but from the New York Newspapers.

### THEN SENT FAMOUS TELEGRAM.

### He Never Sent a Message to Senator Hill Demanding the Insertion of A Gold Plank.

Esopus, N. Y., July 11.—Light was thrown on the history of the now famous Parker telegram and the reply to it made by the Democratic convention at St. Louis by a close friend of Judge Parker, who declined to allow the use of his name.

"When Judge Parker retired at 9:45 Friday night," said this man, "he did not know anything at all about the financial side of the platform, which had been agreed upon, more than was outlined in the very brief bulletins telephoned from Kingston. When informed by the Associated Press correspondent at 6:50 a. m. of the bare fact of his nomination, he knew no more, and the first real knowledge he had of the action of the convention on the financial plank in the platform was when he read the New York morning papers. Immediately after breakfast, that is to say, a little after 9 o'clock, he started for a horseback ride. Just before mounting his horse a telegram was handed him giving a concise outline of the platform. From the moment of his reading of that telegram, it was noticed that he was very much preoccupied, and as he rode off his head was bowed as if in deep thought.

"About 10:30 o'clock he rode up to the railroad station, asked for telegrams and received quite a bunch of them. I happen to know that none of them gave him the information he wanted. He chatted with the reporters for a while, and it was afterwards recalled that some of his questions to them betrayed the fact of his lack of first-hand knowledge of the convention's action. He waited about the station, almost irresolute in bearing, for fully 10 minutes, and then suddenly galloped back toward Rosemont. An hour afterward his famous telegram was filed with the operator, and the remarkable series of events was under way.

"That night when the convention tossed and billowed with the sensation he had produced, he did not go early to bed, as he had done the night before, although the local celebration in his honor ceased and the people dispersed as early as 10:15 p. m. He sat up until after 3 a. m., closely watching the bulletins, and made no move toward retiring until after the action of the convention on his telegram was made plain to him."

"It is not true," said the gentleman quoted above, "that Judge Parker sent a message to Senator Hill demanding the insertion of a gold plank. His telegram to William F. Sheehan was his first communication directly or indirectly with the convention."

CLEVELAND CONGRATULATES HIM.

Judge Parker received today the following message from Former President Cleveland:

"You must permit me to express my gratitude and admiration for the splendid manifestation of honor and courage you have given to your countrymen and to the Democracy in your St. Louis dispatch."

FROM W. R. HEARST.

The telegram from William R. Hearst sent on Saturday went astray but a duplicate was received today, as follows, dated Chicago, July 10:

"I congratulate you on your nomination and on the expression of Democratic principles in the platform on which you stand. I hope and believe that battling for the people and for such principles you will lead the Democracy to victory.'

PARKER TO HEARST.

Judge Parker immediately wrote Mr. Hearst the following letter:

"Hon. William Randolph Hearst.

"Dear Sir—Just a word to thank you for your very kind message of congratulation, and to assure you of my very grateful appreciation.

"Very truly yours,
"ALTON B. PARKER."

Other telegrams received today include the following:

JOHN R. WILLIAMS.

John R. Williams, of Illinois—Accept my sincere congratulations and best wishes for your nomination.

SENATOR P. H. M'CARREN.

Senator Patrick H. McCarren of Brooklyn—Congratulations to the next president.

J. M. PAGE.

J. M. Page of Jerseyville, Ills.—It is better to be right than to be president; you will be both.

REV. CHARLES GRAFTON.

The Right Rev. Charles Grafton, Episcopal bishop of Fond-du-Lac, Wis.—We will daily pray God to possess thee with His wisdom, and give thee a courageous and peaceful heart.

JOSIAH QUINCY.

Former Mayor Josiah Quincy of Boston.—Heartiest congratulations. Your telegram gave great satisfaction here.

FROM JUDGE R. W. PECKHAM.

United States Supreme Court Judge Rufus W. Peckham and his son, H. A. Peckham, dated Colorado Springs, Colo.—Congratulations. Now for a win.

EX-GOV. FRANCIS.

From President Francis of the St. Louis exposition—Hearty congratulations, not only on your nomination, but on your sagacious telegram, which the convention has sustained. Those who have been asking that you announce your position on the issues can no longer have any question as to your convictions or your courage to express them.

EX-VICE PREST. STEVENSON.

Former Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson, from Bloomington, Ill.—My hearty congratulations.

PARKER'S PLANS.

As far as his plans have as yet been made, Judge Parker will not tour the country making speeches. His personal campaign will be conducted in a way similar to that of President McKinley, to a large degree from the porch at Rosemont. He will probably make only one or two pilgrimages to the larger cities.

### WESTERN UNION'S PART.

#### Telegraph Co. Did Not Delay Judge Parker's Message.

New York, July 11.—Gen. Supt. Brooks of the Western Union telegraph Co., said today that the message sent by Judge Parker to Mr. Sheehan at St. Louis relative to the platform adopted by the Democratic national convention, was not delayed by the Western Union Telegraph company in delivering. The message, Mr. Brooks says, was transmitted from Esopus immediately and delivered promptly to the address given, and a copy handd to Mr. Sheehan personally as soon as he could be found, which was 2:30 p. m. The Associated Press can say, however, that the story of a verification of the dispatch is correct, and that the request for the same from St. Louis, but from whom is not known.

### RUSSIANS GET BOLD.

#### Cruisers and Gunboats Sail Out Of Port Arthur Harbor.

Tokio, July 11, 11 a. m.—The Russian cruisers Bayan, Diana, Pallada and Novik, two gunboats and seven torpedo boat destroyers came out of the harbor of Port Arthur on Saturday morning, July 9, preceded by a number of steamers engaged in clearing away mines. In the afternoon the Russian vessels reached a point between Sensikaku and Lunwantang, where they were attacked by a Japanese flotalla of torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers. Fire was exchanged with the Bayan. At four in the afternoon the Russian vessels retreated to the harbor.

Admiral Togo reports that the Japanese vessels had one cabin boy slightly wounded. The vessels themselves sustained no damage.

### JOURNEY OF THE CZAR.

#### Second One Attended by Demonstrations Same as the First.

Moscow, July 11.—The emperor's second journey to south Russia to speed the departing troops has thus far been attended by demonstrations similar to those made during his first tour.

At Kolomna, after holding a review, the emperor addressed the troops expressing his assurance that they would maintain the honor of the Russian arms. An impressive scene followed. The emperor, who was mounted, raised aloft an ikon and the officers and men sank on their knees.

While his majesty made the sign of the cross with the ikon above their bowed heads and conferred a blessing of himself and the empress upon them. A deputation of workmen from the mechanical works, through their spokesman, addressed the emperor thus:

"Little Father: We are happy to see you take such a personal interest in the soldiers and we workingmen are ready to enter the ranks and shed our blood for the emperor and the fatherland. Graciously accept bread and salt on behalf of your loyal subjects, the workingmen."

#### Mayor Jones Dying.

Toledo, O., July 11.—Mayor Jones is unconscious with high fever and all signs pointing to his death at any moment.

#### New Command for Funston.

Washington, July 11.—By an order issued at the war department today Brig.-Gen. Frederick Funston has been detached from the command of the department of the Columbia and placed in command of the department of the east, a post temporarily held by Maj.-Gen. Corbin, who is in command of the Atlantic division, comprising the departments of the east and the gulf.

Brig.-Gen. Constant Williams, now at San Antonio, has been ordered to take command of the department of Columbia.

### SENATOR BURTON'S CASE.

#### His Appeal to U. S. Supreme Court Allowed.

Abilene, Kan., July 11.—United States Senator Joseph R. Burton today received a telegram from his attorneys at Washington saying that Justice David Brewer had allowed the appeal of Mr. Burton's case to the United States supreme court. The full court will later consider the records of the case, when there may be a dismissal of the appeal or a regular hearing of the case according as to whether the court finds it within the jurisdiction of the supreme court or not. In case of a dismissal of the appeal, the case will go to the court of appeals as before.

Senator Burton was convicted at St. Louis of receiving money as an attorney to work in the interests of a grain company, whose case for illegal use of the mails was being investigated by the post office department, and he recently was sentenced by Judge Thayer.

#### Pleads Guilty to Boodling.

St. Louis, Mo., July 11.—Charles J. Denny, a former member of the municipal assembly, charged with bribery in connection with the city lighting deal, pleaded guilty today. Sentence was deferred. Denny is the third of the 19 former members of the assembly, indicted on various charges of boodling, who has pleaded guilty.

### CAUSE OF EXPLOSION.

#### That at Glenwood on the Fourth Was Due to Negligence.

(Special to the "News.")

Ogden, Utah, July 11.—The inquest over the remains of Daniel Shupe and Charlotte Clark, the two victims of last Monday's explosion at Glenwood, began this morning before Judge Howell. The principal witness was O. P. Anderson, one of the men employed by the resort to shoot off the fireworks. He testified, among other things, that the bomb which caused the explosion was placed in the mortor upside down, which was no doubt responsible for the shocking accident. Had they followed instructions on the fireworks it would have been placed with the fuse upwards instead of downwards. A number of other witnesses were examined, after which an adjournment was taken till this afternoon.

William Henry Moore, the 19-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Millard F. Moore, was found dead in his bed this morning, at his home in Wilson ward. The young man retired apparently all right and it is supposed that his death was due to epeleptic fits to which he was subject. The funeral will be held from the Wilson ward meetinghouse Tuesday at 3 p. m.

John Rody of Croyden, who fell from a bridge a short time ago and was brought to Ogden for treatment, died this morning at the general hospital, as a result of the injuries he received. The cause of death was concussion of the brain.

R. L. Davis was arrested this morning on complaint of Sheriff J. W. Bailey, who charges him with obtaining money by fraud. Davis, it appears, sold a worthless horse to the sheriff which he represented as being sound, hence the complaint.

### ROADS ARE BIG THINGS.

#### Colorado Man Talks on the Moffatt And San Pedro Lines.

C. R. Welch, vice president of the First National bank of Ft. Collins, Colo., is at the Knutsford, accompanied by his wife and family. They have just returned from the Pacific coast and were so impressed with Los Angeles that after a trip to the fair they will return to that city to spend the winter.

"I was in Salt Lake in 1891," said Mr. Welch, "and the improvement in the appearance of the city, as well as the increase in population, appeals to me as marvelous. But the half has not yet been told. Wait until you get the Los Angeles and the Moffat lines completed! Then you will know the meaning of prosperity. I know of no projects in America that could work the same benefits for any one section of the country as the construction of those railroads. And both will be built. You may bank on that. I believe there never was a doubt as to the Los Angeles project. The fact that they are working across the desert at the great cost necessary is sufficient evidence that its projectors will never abandon it. And as for the Moffat line, I know Dave Moffatt well enough to know that if it becomes necessary he will build the road individually, with his own money. I am greatly interested because it will mean a wonderful development in Denver, and that is where most of my interests are."

### WHOLESALE SLAUGHTER.

#### Armed Men in Colorado Cut the Throats of 1,500 Utah Sheep.

B. F. Saunders of the city, the well known cattle and sheep man, received word yesterday from Moroni Hendrickson of Nephi, in charge of Mr. Saunders' sheep pasturing in Gunnison county, Colo., that unknown cowmen, 75 strong, armed and masked, had descended Thursday on the herd; and after holding up the entirely unarmed men tending Mr. Saunders' sheep, cut the throats of 1,500 animals. The assailants represented the occupants of cattle ranges near by who were afraid that the sheep might encroach on the same.

Mr. Saunders said this morning that his loss was $4,000, without any insurance, and as far as he knew at the time, there was no redress. He said that had he been on the ground himself, he could have prevented the outrage, as being a cattle man in addition to a sheep man, he could have had influence with the cowmen.

Mr. Saunders has other flocks of sheep in that county, and will immediately get them out into some other county, where, he doesn't know, but the same process may be repeated. In view of the utterly lawless conditions prevailing in Colorado, Mr. Saunders is not much surprised at what has happened. However, he takes his loss philosophically, and is making the best of it, at the same time planning to avoid further disaster.

### JACKIES WANTED.

#### Uncle Sam Opens Up Naval Recruiting Stations in Dooly Block.

The naval recruiting detail arrived in this city yesterday, and opened up this morning, in the federal grand jury room in the Dooly block. There were three applications for enlistment up to noon, and from the questions propounded, it is evident that none but men of well established character need apply. Among the questions asked are, Do you drink? Have you ever been in prison? Have you ever had fits? Have you hemorrhoids? Heart trouble? Rupture? Any concealed disease? Have you inherited diseases? etc. The strictures against drinking men are very strong, and are likely to shut intemperate candidates out of the navy entirely.

### O'BRIEN VS O'BRIEN.

#### One Charges the Other With Beating And Kicking Him.

A complaint was issued today by Asst. County Atty. Dana T. Smith, against James O'Brien of West Jordan, charging him with assault and battery. The complaint is sworn to by James F. O'Brien who charges that on yesterday defendant assaulted him and brutally beat and kicked him without any cause or provocation. The complaint was filed in Justice Williams' court at West Jordan, before whom O'Brien will be given a preliminary hearing in a few days.

## Nominee for Vice Prest. Known in Salt Lake

### "The Youngest Old Man in the United States"—Has Reached the Advanced Age of Eighty-One Years—The Idol of the South—Brief Sketch of What Has Been a Most Active Career.

Henry G. Davis, the former West Virginia senator nominated by the St. Louis convention for the vice presidency, is well known to a small circle of Salt Lakers, for it was not so very long ago that he visited town as the guest of Maj. George M. Downey, who was brought up with Senator Davis in the town of Piedmont. The two are connected by marriage. Senator Davis' niece married Maj. George F. Downey. A daughter of Judge Harkness of this city became the wife of Thomas Davis, a son of the West Virginian, and Mrs. Bert Holden, who died in Cleveland about four years ago, was a niece of the vice presidential nominee. Under these circumstances it is readily seen that a large number of residents of Salt Lake were extremely interested in the nomination.

All who know Senator Davis speak highly of him, Maj. Downey especially, who believes him to be one of the greatest men of the south. In view of his age, however, it is a political marvel that he was ever named. He is 81 years of age, though friends say that he appears fully 20 years younger. In fact it is said of him that he "is the youngest old man in the United States" and the idol of the southern people.

BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCH.

Henry Gassaway Davis, capitalist and railroad man, was born at Baltimore, Md., Nov. 16, 1823. He was educated in the county schools but being left fatherless went to work when he was quite young. In 1853 he married Kate A., daughter of Judge Gideon Bantz of Fdererick, Mo. Later he became superintendent of a plantation, then a brakeman, conductor, and later agent at Piedmont, W. Va., of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. Afterwards he became a merchant and leading collier, and then projected and carried on to success the West Virginia Central & Pittsburg railway, of which he is president. He is also president of the Piedmont & Cumberland railway, and of the Davis National bank of Piedmont, W. Va., etc. He was a member of the house of delegates for West Virginia in 1865; state senator in 1867-9; United States senator 1871-3, declining re-election; has been a delegate to six national Democratic conventions, and was one of the American delegates to the Pan-American congress. He is at present a member of the United States intercontinental railway commission and is a resident of Elkins, W. Va.

## BOURKE COCKRAN RISES TO EXPLAIN

### Sets Forth His Reasons for Not Speaking Before Democratic Convention.

### HE SOUNDS PARKER'S PRAISES.

### His Telegram Shows Him to be a Great Leader, the Greatest of This Generation.

New York, July 11.—The Associated Press today received the following communication from Bourke Cockran, dated Indianapolis, July 10, explaining his declination to address the national Democratic convention at St. Louis:

"I left St. Louis yesterday at 12:45 o'clock because as matters then stood I did not want to be in the convention when nominations for vice president were reached.

"Calls for me to make a speech which had been made repeatedly on prior days, would very [illegible] shewed at the final session, and at the time I could not truthfully assure the convention that Judge Parker had, in my opinion, the faintest prospect of success. I have made it a rule never to say on a public platform anything which I could not repeat in the witness chair. I could not prophesy victory, and I would not foretell defeat. Silence was therefore the only course open, and the best way to pursue it by my absence.

PARKER'S MESSAGE.

"When I reachhed Indianapolis I was handed a telegram from Charles F. Murphy, informing me of Judge Parker's message to Mr. Sheehan, and urging me to return immediately.

"In an instant the whole situation was changed. The prospect which had been black with signs of disaster at once became splendid with promises of victory. For many months I had been preaching that the success of the Democratic party this year involved the continuance of constitutional government in this country. This view was expressed in the resolution submitted to the state convention last April by the Tammany members, and I think it is shared by every thoughtful man in the country. The one thing absolutely essential to Democratic success is a leader.

CLEVELAND'S ABILITY.

"Until now on one possessing anything like ability was conspicuous, except Mr. Cleveland. To him there were weighty objections. His age is advanced. Many politicians believe there is a widespread objection to giving any man, however wise or virtuous, more than two terms in the presidency. The antagonisms which he has provoked are numerous and bitter. Still his running qualities were so excellent that the delegates from the old city of New York urged his nomination as the only one that furnished the slightest hope even of an exciting contest. To bring this about and to secure an unequivocal acknowledgement that the money question was settled were the two objects towards which the Tammany delegation concentrated the efforts of their members. The first of these was wholly impossible. To accomplish the second we felt that it was only necessary to have the delegates from doubtful states demand it. At the New York delegation on Tuesday morning a resolution to this effect offered by me was suppressed by a parliamentary maneuver. After it had been agreed by the leaders to eliminate all reference to the money question, I again moved that the New York delegation offer as an amendment in the convention the financial plank submitted by Senator Hill to the committee on resolutions, but the motion was rejected by a vote of 50 to 28 of the delegates.

PARKER'S NOMINATION.

"Under these circumstances the nomination of Judge Parker, who was without any record on the coinage question, except that he had voted twice for Mr. Bryan, seemed to preclude the slightest hope that he would receive even as many electoral votes as Mr. Bryan polled in 1900. But this very pusillimanity of his managers which led them to surrender their own convictions and to stifle every attempt of the New York delegates even to voice the opinions of their constituents on this momentous question furnished Judge Parker with an opportunity which he has improved decisively.

A VERY GREAT LEADER.

"It has revealed him to the people of this country almost in an instant as a great leader, the greatest of this generation; an honest man—the most impressive in displaying that virtue that I have ever known either through experience or reading; a courageous man—of such incomparable courage that he was willing to throw away not merely the hope of prospect of a nomination, but an actual nomination to the presidency rather than stoop to an evasion or equivocation on a matter of principle.

"I who had left St. Louis before the final adjournment as the only way to avoid being placed in a position where I must have told the convention that Judge Parker could not, in my opinion, escape crushing defeat, on the receipt of Mr. Murphy's message at once ordered a special train and hastened back, because I then felt free to tell the members, if they still desired to hear from me, that on the new platform which he himself had made he would be overwhelmingly elected.

"When my train arrived at 4 o'clock in the morning the convention had completed its work, but if I had been present I could not have made a single suggestion which would have made an improvement on its course. Indeed, the admirable temper displayed by the men who at first blush might have considered themselves belittled or aggrieved by the singularly independent course of their candidate is one of the most auspicious features under which the campaign opens."

### WYOMING DAY.

#### Celebrated With Much Enthusiasm at the World's Fair.

St. Louis, Mo., July 11.—Wyoming day was celebrated at the world's fair today There was a parade from Mining Gulch to the Hall of Congresses, where the formal program was carried out. Addresses were made by Gov. Fenimore Chatterton, Chief Justice J. T. Corn, of Wyoming; B. B. Brooks, president of the Wyoming world's fair commission, and former Senator H. A. Coffeen. Mrs. Savilla King, of Casper, Wyo., sang a solo. A large delegation of Wyoming citizens accompanied Gov. Chatterton and his staff to St. Louis.

### DEAD BODY

#### Of Fashionably Dressed Woman Found in a St. Louis Hotel.

St. Louis, Mo., July 11.—The dead body of a fashionably dressed woman was found in a room of the Hotel Milton today, where she registered July 7, as "Mrs. M. Smith, of New York." Two empty bottles wer found by the side of the bed. One had contained some drug that has not yet been identified, and the other alcohol. From statements made by Rev. Allen F. Smith, rector of Christ's church cathedral, to whom the woman is said to have confided to some extent, her correct name is Mrs. M. K. Daniels. The woman told the Rev. Smith that her mother's name is Mrs. Martha Wiggins and that she lives in Washington, D. C. She refused to give her reason for using an assumed name.

### AGGIE MYERS ARRAIGNED.

#### Charged With Stabbing Her Husband to Death.

Kansas City, Mo., July 11.—Mrs. Aggie Myers was arraignid here today on the charge of murdering her husband, Clarence Myers, a pressman, who was stabbed to death in a midnight struggle at his home here last May. She pleaded not guilty and was remanded to jail to await trial.

Frank Hottman, who was arrested at Walla Walla, Wash., recently on a charge of complicity in the murder, and who is alleged to have confessed, implicating Mrs. Myers, is being brought to Kansas City in charge of an officer.

Denver, Colo., July 11.—Detective W. D. Oldham, of Kansas City, has arrived here with Frank Hottman, whom he captured at Walla Walla, Wash, and who is alleged to have made a statement implicating Mrs. Aggie Myers in the murder of her husband, Clarence Myers. Chief of Police John Hayes and Sheriff Caldon, of Kansas City, met the detective here. Hottman was locked up in a dark cell in the city jail. Chief Hayes says he will hold Hottman in this city until Tuesday night, when he will be taken to Kansas City. During the interim, the Kansas City officers will work on Hottman in this city and secure evidence that will be sufficient to convict Mrs. Myers and Hottman without the aid of his confession.

#### Kansas Rivers Falling.

Wichita, Kan., July 11.—The big Arkansas river has fallen 18 inches here since it reached the highest mark late Saturday afternoon. The little river, north of the city, shows a total fall of about 15 inches. On the streets, especially in the down-town district, which is drained by the big river, there is a decided change for the better. Most of the business houses on Douglas avenue have been cleared of the muddy water today.

Kansas City, Mo., July 11.—With the exception of a part of Kansas avenue, in the lower part of Armourdale, the flood water in the Kansas City (Kan.) suburbs had practically disappeared today.

#### All Quiet in Seoul.

Seoul, Korea, July 11, evening.—Everything was quiet here today.

### BIG LAND DEAL.

#### Utah Men Negotiating for Nearly 50,000 Acres in Mexico.

W. W. Cluff returned yesterday from the southern part of Mexico where he looked over a large tract of land which he and a number of other Utah men are figuring on purchasing. The other men interested in the project are J. C. Sharp, J. P. Sprunt, S. A. West, H. R. Kline and A. C. Austin, of Salt Lake, Adam Patterson of Ogden, W. Ray of Garland, J. E. Ray of Fillmore, Edward Kreabhiel and C. W. Watts of Kanosh, James Rhead and John Pacott of Coalville.

Mr. Cluff will report to his associates toady upon a tract of land containing 43,850 acres located about 55 miles from Urupau, the western terminus of the Mexican Central railroad. Several small streams of water pass over the land and the Green river passes along part of the south and west boundaries of it. The smaller streams will furnish sufficient water to irrigate about one-half the land at a very small cost, while more water can be obtained from the Green river if needed. There is a grove of cocoanut trees a mile and a half long and a half mile wide on the land, also about 7,000 banana trees, a large number of lime trees, some coffee plants, lemon and date trees. In addition to these some pineapple and rice has just been started and it is claimed that there are 3,500 head of cattle and 500 head of horses on the land.

About 70 per cent of the land is arable and is composed of a rich lava and decayed vegetable soil. Should the company purchase the land it will put in 1,000 acres of sugar cane and build a sugar factory. The principal objection to the land is its distance from the railroad, but Mr. Cluff states that two companies are contemplating building a road in the near future.

### CUTLER AND SMITH.

#### The Two Latest Candidates for Governorship Among Republicans.

Now that the date of the Republican state convention has been definately decided upon, party interest has been revived and candidates for state offices are beginning to announce themselves. Of course, the chief interest centers in the gubernatorial contest for which nomination there promises to be a lively fight. Among those whose names are prominently mentioned, are Gov. Wells, E. H. Callister, John C. Cutler, Secretary of State Hammond and Jesse M. Smith. Which of these, if either, will be successful, is yet an indefinite proposition, but the chances are there will be some tall skirmishing going on between now and the date of the convention, fixed for Saturday, Aug. 25. There is a plethora of candidates for the other places on the state ticket.

The announcement that Messrs. Cutler and Smith are to come forward as candidates for governor will no doubt be a surprise to those who are already in the field for the place, and the effect of this news will be watched with interest by the Republicans.

### HE FLASHED A GUN.

#### Then the Police Clubbed T. H. Donovan and Gathered Him In.

Thomas H. Donovan, who was arrested here some weeks ago for carrying a concealed weapon, is again in trouble, and also in jail. Donovan wants to pose as a bad man with a gun, and is rapidly acquiring that reputation. So far he has done no particular damage, except to himself, all of which is due to the prompt action of the police.

Early this morning Donovan was creating a disturbance on the main streets, and when Officer Olsen tried to arrest him he showed fight and pulled an ugly looking gun. He used vile language and threatened to exterminate ever officer on the force, meanwhile flourishing the weapon in a dangerous manner. Officers Clive and Simpson hastened to the rescue of Olsen and they were compelled to give the belligerent one a sound beating before he would be good and go quietly to the police station. He is charged with carrying a concealed weapon, and with resisting an officer.

### DEATH OF W. T. HARRIS.

#### Old-Time Resident of Salt Lake Passes Away at Stone, Idaho.

Advices from Stone, Ida., tell of the death there a week ago Sunday, of William T. Harris, an old resident of Salt Lake. At the time of his demise he was living at the home of his grandson, Charles E. Harris, and had been ill only two days when the angel of death beckoned him to the other side.

Mr. Harris came to Salt Lake in 1858, from Herefordshire, England, where he was born in 1815. For a number of years he conducted a store near the Salt Lake Theater, in which business he became well known throughout the city. His wife died many years ago, and all his children preceded him to the spirit world. He leaves 17 grandchildren and 35 great grandchildren. One of his sons, Ed Harris, will be remembered as the keeper of the well known cigar store, "The Little Church Around the Corner," which flourished here for some time. Mr. Harris was buried at Stone, Ida., under the auspices of the "Mormon" Church, of which he was an old-time member.

### TO MEET AUGUST 25.

#### Republicans Fix That as the Date and Salt Lake as the Place.

As was predicted, the Republican state committee on Saturday afternon selected Salt Lake as the place and Aug. 25 as the date of holding the state convention.

When the forenoon session adjourned Sept. 1 had been selected and Ogden, Provo and Logan, besides this city, were in the contest for place. Then it was suddenly discovered that the Theater could not be secured for that date and the Salt Lake supporters caused an adjournment to ascertain when the big auditorium might be had. Upon reconvening Mr. Morris of Salt Lake had a list of dates and as Aug. 25 was open at the Theater, the committee soon decided upon that day.

### POLYNESIAN REUNION.

#### Elders and Saints Will Gather at the Lagoon August 3.

The ninth annual reunion of the Pacific Islands missionaries and Saints will take place at Lagoon, Wednesday, Aug. 3. All Elders who have labored on those islands, with their relatives and friends, are invited to participate in this reunion.

A program of outdoor sports will be given, such as has never before been presented at any of their previous reunions. Climbing of the cocoanut trees, as the natives climb them, will be shown and for the first time in this country races in genuine native canoes will be given to be paddled by dusky maidens in native costume. Elders from Samoa and Tahiti will also show their skill in this sport.

Special trains will be run from Preston, Idaho, and intermediate points on the north, Juab and Utah county points on the south and Eureka and Tooele county points.

## OCCUPATION OF NEWCHWANG

### Seemingly There is Nothing Now To Prevent it by the Japanese.

### THEIR LINE NEARLY COMPLETE.

### Across the Head of the Liao Tung Peninsula—Passes of Fen Shui Range Fortified.

### WITH GENERAL KUROKI'S ARMY.

### Correspondents and Military Attaches For First Time Are Allowed to Accompany it on an Advance.

St. Petersburg, July 11, 3:25 p. m.—Gen. Kuropatkin, according to private advices from the front, will not make a serious attempt to hold Ta Tche Kiao, above Kia Chou, midway between that place and Hai Cheng and where the railroad connects with the branch from Newchwang. Developments of the Japanese strength on the Siu Yen roads seem to be forcing a Russian concentration between Hai Cheng and Liao Yang, but preparations seem to be making to defeat the former as long as possible. Gen. Count Keller's force, which was a little southwest of Liao Yang, has apparently moved farther southward, to stay the advance of the Japanese direct from the Feng Wang Cheng-Hai Cheng road.

The pressure on the Russian left rear as it withdraws continues. There is now seemingly practically nothing in the way of a Japanese occupation of Newchwang and the completion of the Japanese line across the head of the Liao Tung peninsula. The fortification of the passes of Fen Shui range and semi-circle eastward of Liao Yang is reported.

WITH KUROKI'S ARMY.

General Kuroki's Headquarters in the Field, Tuesday, June 28, via Ping Yang, July 10, via Seoul, July 11.—For the first time during the war newspaper correspondents and military attaches have been permitted to accompany the Japanese troops on an advance instead of remaining behind with the headquarters of Gen. Kuroki. Almost all the correspondents are now attached to the staffs of the division generals, and although they are not on the fighting they now witness the operations from a closer range than heretofore. Lieut. Gen. Ian Hamilton, one of the British attaches, travels with Kuroki. Col. Hume, another British attache, and Col. E. H. Crowder of the general staff of the American army, are to go with the western column, while Capt. P. C. March, of the artillery corps, U. S. A., is to travel with the eastern column.

The country through which the army is advancing is a succession of ranges of closely wooded hills with narrow valleys between them. The valleys are sown with corn and beans and are traversed by many streams. The roads are winding and rocky. There are many steep passes and the engineers were required to do much road building.

The Russian force on the Pekin road before Mo Tien pass consisted of two regiments of East Siberian infantry, which four guns, and an outpost of 300 cavalry. There was a succession of fresh graves, each surmounted by a wooden cross upon which had been penciled the name of the buried, marking the line of the Russian retreat.

Sunday was oppressively hot and the army on the Pekin road camped in shadeless and sandy fields. The soldiers improvised shelters of boughs and corn stalks, but still they suffered much from the heat. Monday brought a heavy and chilling rain, and the army was soaked for 24 hours. There were few tents, and the men huddled under trees, or built shelters on the banks of the river, but most of them slept in the fields with little to protect them from the rain.

Today, Tuesday, it is still raining but the army is again on the march. The men, dripping wet, are plodding steadily on through the deep mud.

Neither sun nor rain affects the ardor of the Japanese soldiers, who are in fine condition, confident of victory, and keen to meet the enemy. The men are wonderfully hardy, and there is remarkably little straggling or dropping out of line.

The Chinese in this region complain that the Russians confiscated all their grain and provisions, and they are now helping the Japanese in all possible ways.

ATTACHES INFORMED.

Tokio, July 11 (noon).—The foreign attaches assigned to the Second Japanese army have been informed that they are to leave for the front on or about July 20. It is believed that the newspaper correspondents with the Second army will leave about July 23.

AROUND PORT ARTHUR.

Chefoo, July 11 (11 p. m.).—The Port Arthur Novi Krai of July 7, a copy of which has just reached Chefoo, contains an account of the operations around Port Arthur from July 3 to 5. It says:

"Heavy fighting has occurred between the first line of defenses and the Japanese. The results are not announced. Nevertheless, a little at a time, the facts are becoming known. Our side sent scouts to ascertain the position and strength of the enemy, and whether they were protected by trenches. It was impossible to find out the exact strength of the Japanese, but they do not number less than 30,000 men. The Chinese credit them with 60,000. Thirty thousand men are not sufficient for operations against a fortress like this, unless they expect assistance. After three days' fighting, the positions of the two armies are as follows: On the left flank we retained the position we originally occupied. The forcing of our right flank back previous to this was rectified and we have both green and Semaphore hills in our hands. In front of the hills we were not opposed, but we are being heavily shelled from both sides. The enemy retired a considerable distance. Of course, all this was not