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28 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

RUSSIA MAKES FULL STATEMENT

13,087 Officers, 701,407 Men, 146,308 Horses, 1,521 Guns, 316,321 Tons Munitions Sent to Front.

WAS NOT PREPARED FOR WAR.

When it Broke Out, Troops in Far East Did Not Exceed Sixty Thousand.

UNDERESTIMATED THE JAPANESE.

Publication of the Facts Has Created a Sensation Among Military Men.

St. Petersburg, Mar. 25.—Stung by the wholesale criticism lately heaped upon the war office for its unpreparedness and incapacity in providing the Manchurian army with men, guns and munitions, the government today lays bare what has been done since the opening of hostilities, giving the exact figures. From these it appears that up to March 12 the war office had dispatched 13,087 officers, 701,407 men, 146,308 horses, 1,521 guns, and 316,321 tons of munitions, and supplies to the front, declaring the transportation strained the Siberian railroad to its utmost capacity. The army organ admits that the army in the far east when the war opened, was hardly worth the name (no figures being given), but it is known that the troops did not exceed 60,000 men, practically defending this because the emperor desired to avoid war and, therefore, refrained from sending reinforcements which surely would have provoked it.

The criticism of the war office failure to adequately supply Port Arthur, is met by the statement that it was provisioned for a garrison of 12 battalions, the decision to put 20 battalions there being taken so late that the original calculations could not be remedied. While admitting that the quick-firing guns and field guns of the Russians are superior to those of the Japanese, the war office explains that the misfortune in the insufficiency of the munitions was due to the fact that when the war broke out, Russia was just adopting a new pattern. It is denied that the war office was deceived in regard to the available strength of the Japanese army, or the organization of the Japanese reserves, but the army organ frankly admits that the talents of the officers and the wonderful spirit of the soldiers were miscalculated.

The publication of this article has created a sensation among military men, and in public circles many of the former are censuring the general staff for disclosing valuable military secrets and the latter finding from the figures a practical admission that the war has cost almost 500,000 men in killed, wounded, prisoners and sick, and the whole effective army in the far east is now believed not to exceed 300,000 men.

The preliminary press censorship on books in Russia as well as foreign languages, has been removed. The books now printed go to the censor by whom their sale must be authorized within seven days, or if not alleged that they violate the criminal law, the question of confiscation must immediately be submitted to and decided by the courts. Hereafter manuscripts were sent to the censor and afterwards were held for months and years. He had the arbitrary right to prohibit their publication without any confirmation of his decision by the courts.

GEN. LINEVITCH CONTINUES RETIREMENT OF HIS ARMY

St. Petersburg, March 25, 1:50 p. m.—Gen. Linevitch continues the retirement of the bulk of his army northward.

The general staff now declares it is certain that Field Marshal Oyama has been compelled to relinquish the idea of sending his forces to the present. The Japanese forces in the Manchurian are too light to constitute a serious danger, and a full heavy fighting force is not months, is predicted by some of the correspondents.

A Russian correspondent warns the St. Petersburg authorities of the danger of Japanese activity in Mongolia, where, he says, their emissaries are enlisting the lamas, and arousing their old warlike spirit.

Russian Internal Loan.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—An internal decree under today's date directs the minister of finance to issue a 5 per cent internal loan of \$100,000,000, with the view to further strengthening the funds in the state treasury required to meet the expense of the war. Of this loan \$50,000,000 will be offered for public subscription.

Cable and Electric Cars Collide.

Chicago, March 25.—Two persons were badly hurt, and a dozen others were slightly injured today, when a Thirty-first street electric car, with a cable car, ran into it. Both cars were crowded.

Caledonia's Maiden Trip.

Glasgow, March 25.—The new Anshona steamer Caledonia sailed on her maiden voyage to New York today. She has on board about 1,000 passengers.

A LINE FROM LINEVITCH.

Says Russian Patrol Was Fired On by Japanese Cavalry.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—A dispatch from Gen. Linevitch, dated March 24, says: "A Russian patrol has been fired upon by Japanese cavalry and infantry occupying the village of Juljushu. There has been no change in the situation of the army during the day."

"On March 23 a detachment of Russian cavalry drove back a force of Japanese approaching the station near Shikotsu. The same day several Japanese squadrons attacked a small Russian mounted detachment on the extreme Russian left, about four

miles from the station of Narashashi. Russian reinforcements were sent there and drove the Japanese back to Nant-shi."

Italian Cabinet Resigns.

Rome, March 25.—Acting Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs Tittoni, today announced to parliament that the whole cabinet had resigned, leaving the king free to form a new ministry and that his majesty had reserved his decision. In the meantime Signor Tittoni and his colleagues will remain in office for the transaction of ordinary business.

Parliament then adjourned until the formation of the new cabinet.

Oil Prices Reduced.

Pittsburg, March 25.—The Standard Oil company today made a reduction of cents in the higher grades of crude oil, and 2 cents in the lower grades. The price of North Lima was advanced 1 cent and Somerset oil was unchanged. The quotations follow:

Williams, 136; Tiona, 151; Corning, 103; Newcastle, 128; Cabell, 111; North Lima, 91; South Lima, 86; Indiana, 85; Somerset, 80; Ragland, 53.

PROSECUTION FAILED

To Identify Charles S. Wynne As Wellington C. Llewellyn.

Denver, Colo., March 24.—The prosecution failed to identify Charles S. Wynne as Wellington C. Llewellyn, the soldier who shot and killed Policemen Clifford and Griffith in this city on the night of Aug. 13, 1899, and at the conclusion of testimony today the prosecuting attorney ordered the charge of murder, based upon the killing of Griffith, withdrawn and the case on trial nolle.

Wynne will now be turned over to the authorities of the Indiana penitentiary for alleged breaking of his parole. Wynne was pardoned from the Joliet, Ill., penitentiary, where he was serving time for a rape, to stand trial for the murder of the two Denver policemen.

Trial of Gessler Rosseau.

New York, March 24.—The trial of Gessler Rosseau, charged with having placed an infernal machine on the wharf of the steamer Umbria was continued today.

Inspector G. E. Murray of the bureau of combustibles told of the finding in the mysterious package two boxes filled with dynamite. He built up the machine in the presence of the jury as it was when he found it, with the exception of the dynamite. The case will be continued tomorrow.

Arrested for Embezzlement.

Lincoln, Neb., March 24.—Mrs. Edith Smedley, arrested at Colorado Springs on a charge of embezzling \$16,000 from Joseph Wells of Lincoln, was brought here tonight by Sheriff Ress of this county. Accompanying her was her husband, Scott Smedley of Denver, who is believed to have been in the city on a business transaction, and she had given her notes for the sums advanced.

Religious Liberty in Russia.

Rome, March 24.—The vatican has been informed that the Russian government has communicated to the Roman Catholic bishops in that country which to consider three months in which to confer their views concerning religious liberty of religion. In view of this Bishop Fallouin will delay his arrival at Rome for a few days.

HEAVY GUN PRACTISE.

It is Taking Place at La Guayra Venezuela.

New York, March 25.—President Castro it is reported, is still living near Maracay, where dancing takes place nearly every night according to the Herald dispatch from Willemstad, island of Curacao.

Orders, presumably given by the president, were recently issued to have all the guns laid out in the entrance of the big cannon just mounted at La Guayra, opposite the French cable company office, were fired Thursday morning for two hours in the direction of Cano Blanco.

The concussion in La Guayra was so severe that nearly all the bottles in the drug stores fell from their shelves and were broken. Windows in many houses were smashed.

La Guayra has two other big guns mounted on the fort, Puerto Cabello two on the fort of Avila, and Maracay the Nova Scotia newspapers endorse the bar on the fort San Carlos. All these were also fired Thursday.

To Increase Miners' Wages.

New York, March 25.—Wages of about 4,000 miners and other employees in the field near Morristown, N. J., are, it is said, to be raised 10 and 15 per cent April 1. Two years ago this spring the wages of all the miners in Morristown were cut the same amount. At that time it was stated some of the miners wanted it the old scale would be resumed.

Rockefeller Prays for Harper.

Chicago, March 25.—A message from John D. Rockefeller received by Dean Harry Pratt Judson of the University of Chicago, contains a prayer for the recovery of President Harper, along with the assurance from the founder that his interest in the growth of the university will be continued and that the plans of Dr. Harper will be hastened. The telegram was in response to a message sent to Mr. Rockefeller at the time of the convocation exercises Thursday and signed by Acting President Judson.

BAIT-BUYING PRIVILEGES.

Their Revocation Interests Nova Scotia Business Interests.

Halifax, N. S., March 25.—The business interests of Halifax, Lunenburg and other Nova Scotia ports, are intensely interested in the situation which has been created by the Newfoundland government revoking the bait-buying privileges enjoyed by United States fishermen. Some of the Nova Scotia newspapers endorse the action of the Newfoundland government, and place the blame for the present difficulty upon the fishermen of Gloucester, Mass., by whose influence, it is declared, the United States senate practically nullified a treaty which had been drawn up by Secy. of State Hay and Premier Bond of Newfoundland. It is pointed out that the interests which brought about the existing unpleasantness are also the chief sufferers. A peculiarity of the treaty was the fact that a very large proportion of the men in the Gloucester fleet consists of Nova Scotians. If the action of the Gloucester fleet it is said would Nova Scotians than Americans would feel it.

UTAH EVENING NEWS.

TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

SATURDAY, MARCH 25, 1905. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

Four Men Shot, One a Deputy Sheriff.

Regular Revolver Battle at Bingham Last Midnight—Austrians Were Sending Bullets in All Directions When the Officers Interfered and Were Assailed—Men in Hospital and Jail.

As a result of a free-for-all shooting scrape which occurred at Bingham last night, an unknown Austrian is lying at the point of death, two others are badly wounded, one in the shoulder and the other in the left thigh, while Deputy Sheriff Chidester, who tried to quell the disturbance, is at the hospital suffering from a shattered leg.

The shooting grew out of one of those periodical drunken brawls for which the Austrians heretobouts have become notorious. The men had been drinking quite freely, and about midnight a quarrel arose and guns were brought into play. Officer Williams, hearing of the disturbance, immediately repaired to the scene for the purpose of placing the combatants under arrest. His appearance was the signal for renewed hostilities, and the result was as above noted. Deputy Chidester was shot through the left leg above the knee, with a 45 Colts in the hands of one of

the Austrians, while the man who shot him received a return bullet in the shoulder, and is now in custody, with a serious charge hanging over him. Who shot the other two is not definitely known, but it is supposed their fellow countrymen are responsible.

The shooting occurred at the Highland Boy mine. Three of the men were taken into custody, while the others, of whom there were eight or ten, are still at large, although all of them may be arrested in due season.

AGREEMENT WITH SANTO DOMINGO.

Minister Dawson Effects One That Will Temporarily Adjust Financial Matters.

Washington, March 25.—Renewed interest in Santo Domingo affairs was manifested in official circles today upon the receipt by the state department of a cablegram from Minister Dawson, indicating that he had effected with the Dominican government a tentative agreement, which, temporarily at least, would adjust satisfactorily the fiscal condition of the island government. No explicit information concerning the contents of Minister Dawson's cablegram is available at this time, as it has not been communicated to President Roosevelt. It is believed, however, to be of such importance that the president will take action on it as soon as it is made known to him. While the precise nature of the negotiations between Minister Dawson and the Dominican officials cannot be learned, it is understood that it contemplates the placing of the fiscal affairs of the island government, so far as the collection of revenues is concerned, in the hands of a commissioner to be designated by President Roosevelt, with the consent of the Dominican government. The revenues of the island would be collected by the commissioner, a sufficient percentage of them being placed to the credit of the Dominican government to pay current expenses and the remainder to be set aside as a fund to pay the foreign claims of the island government at such time as a distribution of the fund may be agreed upon by the creditor governments.

SHADOWED HOME-COMING.

Quayle Cannon Reaches New York on Way to Attend His Mother's Funeral.

President Angus M. Cannon this morning received a telegram from Hugh J. Cannon, who has been presiding over the German mission for the past few years, saying that the former well known Quayle Cannon, who was well known a shadow has been thrown over the home-coming of the young man, his mother having died some days ago. The funeral will take place from the Fourteenth street assembly rooms on Wednesday next beginning at 1 o'clock p. m.

HANGED BY HIS FEET.

Startling and Dangerous Experience of A Telephone Lineman.

The hook and ladder apparatus of the central fire station was called into service yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock to rescue George Kay, lineman of the Bell Telephone company from threatened electrocution. The man was hanging head downward in a mesh of wires at the corner of Main and Third South streets, his toes caught over one wire and his ankles passing in front of another which held his feet from slipping off. The fall so dazed him that he made no effort to catch hold of other wires which would have completed a circuit and probably electrocuted him. Preceding the arrival of the department an effort was made to rescue him by means of a rope but it was abandoned for fear that a circuit would be completed, and an alarm of fire turned in.

As soon as Chief Bywater arrived he telephoned the Utah Light & Railway company to turn off the current on its Main street circuit, and to protect the man in case he should fall the life net was stretched underneath him. The rescue was accomplished immediately upon turning off the current by sending two men up the ladder and gathering the lineman in with a rope.

The incident was witnessed by over a thousand people, who crowded the intersection of the streets, and went away laughing at the ending of what promised to be a tragedy. Mr. Kay, when he fell, had his pipe in his mouth, and while he was hanging in the air clutched it tightly between his teeth. On arriving at the ground he went back to his work still puffing it, and apparently uninjured.

In describing the accident he stated that he was at work removing the old telephone wires and in reaching for a loose end of one he had cut, he slipped and fell. He remembered the shock of striking the wires, but nothing after that till he was placed right side up by the firemen.

WILL PROSECUTE GORKY.

On Charge of Drawing Up Revolutionary Proclamations.

St. Petersburg, March 25.—The authorities have definitely decided to prosecute Maxim Gorky on the charge of drawing up revolutionary proclamations, threatening the existing state of things in the empire, and disturbing public order. The penalty for such a crime is three years' detention in a fortress, Gorky, who is still in the neighborhood of Riga, is in broken health.

Gen. Osterhaus Sails.

New York, March 25.—Gen. Peter Osterhaus sailed today for Europe.

ing to see if anything has been stolen.

Upon investigation she discovered the loss of the diamonds, and Mr. Anson reported the matter to the police.

The detectives knew the pin had been pawned by Matteson at Smith's pawn shop on East Temple street. Matteson borrowed \$10 on it, and later got \$23 more, and finally wanted to sell the pawn ticket for \$20. This action aroused Smith's suspicions and he reported the matter to the detectives. Matteson told Smith that the brooch belonged to his (Matteson's) wife, who is dead.

J. Fred Daynes, of the Daynes Jewelry company, was consulted with a view to identifying the diamonds. He did so and Mr. Anson was able to recover them.

When the detectives placed Matteson under arrest he admitted that he had stolen the diamonds. That Matteson stole the article, the detectives are thoroughly convinced and a complaint charging him with grand larceny has been filed and he will be arraigned before Judge Dashi Monday morning. Matteson has been in Salt Lake for about a year and has worked for various firms as a paperhanger.

The young woman, whose identity is withheld from publication, faced Matteson last night and convinced the officers that she knew absolutely nothing about the diamonds. That Matteson stole the article, the detectives are thoroughly convinced and a complaint charging him with grand larceny has been filed and he will be arraigned before Judge Dashi Monday morning. Matteson has been in Salt Lake for about a year and has worked for various firms as a paperhanger.

ANOTHER NEW THEATRE.

Mr. Gourley Planning to Erect a Vaudeville House on Second South.

Mr. Gourley, the local vaudeville manager who operates the Utahna, proposes to erect a new theatre which will be opened about the time the new Orpheum on State street is ready for business. A site on east Second South, between East Temple and State streets, is under contemplation. The new house is to be modern in every respect, will be 42 feet in width and 100 feet in length, with a seating capacity of 1,400. Plans have already been prepared and Councilman Martin is to be the contractor.

It is the plan of Mr. Gourley to present high-class vaudeville in the new house, while the Utahna is to confine its presentations to the legitimate drama.

BOOM AT TWIN FALLS.

Thursday's Drawing Resulted in 350 People Getting Farms.

The boom at Twin Falls City has reached big dimensions. From word received from the headquarters of the big irrigation project this morning so great was the rush to take up the last acreage thrown open that it was impossible to transact business in a single day consequently the allotments were continued yesterday. From the latest returns 350 of the fortunate winners was the result of the drawing and close upon 30,000 additional acres have been taken up during the past two days. Among those who secured land was the Utah Construction company which purchased several hundred acres of school lands for an investment.

In the city of Twin Falls the prices on town lots are soaring, original investors are reported in some cases to have made as much as 50 per cent on their speculation. Some of the lots are being held as high as \$120 each, and the owners are confident that they will get their money. Where there is a sage brush plain last fall there is now a city with close upon 3,000 inhabitants, several substantial stores and a newspaper.

The water in the main canal was this morning reported to be within three miles of Twin Falls City.

ALL CHINATOWN OUT.

Mongolians Rally Forth to Present At Trial of Their Mayor.

Chinatown turned out in force to witness the trial of its much arrested Mayor Chin Quon Chau before Referee Charles Baldwin this morning. No decision was reached as to the right of Chin to remain in America, the case going over till Monday at the request of both the prosecution and defense.

The case against Chin this time took a peculiar turn, hinging on a legal technicality in a certificate authorizing his reentry into America instead of on his record as a Salt Lake merchant and dodger of the emigration law.

The reitiveness with which the government is investigating against Chin which resulted in his deportation in 1903, when Chinatown besieged the office of Gov. Wells in his behalf or against him.

The proposition of Chin was in the hands of U. S. Dist. Atty. Joseph Lippman, and the local United States Chinese inspectors, while he was defended by C. B. Diehl and Walter Little. The matter was submitted to the American officers at the port of entry. The effort of the prosecution was to have this document rejected, and the action of the officers in admitting Chin repudiated, on a technicality in filling out the blank telling of his business in China.

Referee Baldwin took under advisement the objection of the prosecution, after the defense had filed many rulings in which judges had held that the port of entry was the place to inspect the passport, and that the action of the government authorities there was binding, the subsequent dishonoring of it being repudiation.

Chin's beautiful wife and his two little children were present as co-defendants with him, but as they did not understand English they showed little interest in the proceedings.

SUPPORTED BY WARD.

Statement That Mrs. Hess Was Taken Care of by County is Untrue.

The statement that Mrs. Christiana Hess, the aged lady who was yesterday adjudged insane and sent to the State mental hospital, had been cared for at her home, but as they did not understand English they showed little interest in the proceedings.

"Ready-made stores" are as stable as ready-made clothes. If you feel sure that you are in the wrong line of business, a buyer for your store through a want ad.

FIFTY-FIFTH YEAR.

FAIR OFFICIALS TO GO TO PORTLAND

Decided Today to Leave Salt Lake For Oregon City on Tuesday Next.

ORGANIZED UNDER OLD LAW.

Reason for So Doing Found in Fact That New Law Does Not Go into Effect Until May 9.

COMMISSIONERS REAPPOINTED.

Owing to the Non-Arrival of Treasurer Willis Johnson Transfer of Property Was Not Made.

It was decided this afternoon that the Utah-Portland fair officials will leave this city for Oregon on Tuesday next. The delegation will comprise all of the commissioners including the director-general and secretary.

At the meeting of the Lewis & Clark exposition commission for Utah this morning it was decided to reorganize under the old law creating the commission for the reason that the new law does not go into effect until May 9, hence none of the funds under that law will become available until that date.

Accordingly Gov. Cutler today reappointed all of the commissioners and they were sworn in by Secy. of State Tinney and at once perfected an organization by re-electing the former officers. In this manner the board will be able to use the \$10,000 which is available under the old law which will keep the commission going until the new law goes into effect and the other funds can be secured.

Owing to the absence of Commissioner Willis Johnson of the St. Louis fair commission there was not a meeting of the two commissions today but the meeting will be held on Monday when the St. Louis commission will turn over its property to the Lewis & Clark commission.

During the meeting of the latter commission after its reorganization today the proposed trip to Portland next week was discussed.

JAPAN'S POLITICAL ACTIVITY IN CHINA

Her Agents in Various Lines of Business Are Penetrating the Country Everywhere.

Berlin, March 25.—A letter from Peking, published by the National Zeitung this morning gives the results of an inquiry into Japanese political activity in China. The writer says Japanese agents in various lines of business are penetrating into China and settling in every important place in the empire despoiling themselves to their calling in life, whether priest, editor, teacher, or trader, and to winning peacefully, the good will of the Chinese for Japan.

The method most often used is the founding of newspapers printed in the Chinese language and friendly to Japanese aims. These try to influence the provincial governors and Peking government to employ Japanese teachers in schools and especially to place Japanese military instructors in charge of the Chinese troops. In addition Japanese Buddhist monks have begun to arrive in China on semi-political and semi-religious errands. They seek closer relations with the Chinese Buddhist organizations, and have acquired control of several monasteries over which the Japanese flag is floated. The monks also establish Buddhist chapels and organize congregations. They declared aim is to unite the various Buddhist sects in China. The Buddhist monasteries in Canton have already placed themselves under the protection of the Japanese flag and have become branches of the great Pan Yuan Tsue monasteries at Tokio. At Swatow, province of Kwangtung, Japanese monks have rented a Temple, over which the Japanese flag has been hoisted and they already have 800 followers.

CHINESE RED CROSS FEEDING MUKDEN REFUGEES

Newchwang, March 25.—Since the battle of Mukden, the Chinese Red Cross has been feeding 15,000 refugees. Thousands of them are housed at Shumtinn, Mukden, and Liao Yang. Many farms of the Liao Yang district are still dependent on relief. Since the beginning of the relief work, the Red Cross has expended \$75,000 on grain alone. The railroad has transported over 50,000 refugees in the great west. Owing to the approach of warm weather the farmers are going to their homes, but they are in want of materials. Special commissions are conducting an investigation into the situation and the government will undoubtedly furnish seed and grain. Eight hospitals are devoted to the care of the sick and wounded Chinese, of which four are at Mukden, and one, the most northern, at Kuyuan. It is probable that others will be established. Only a few Chinese were injured during the recent battle, but during the summer, ravages of disease are feared owing to the fact that thousands of bodies of dead lie buried too near the surface of the soil.