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TRUTH AND LIBERTY.

12 PAGES—LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, APRIL 28, 1905. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH. FIFTY-FIFTH YEAR.

"I MUST STICK TO MY SISTER."

Mrs. Smith's Answer When Asked If She Had Information Testified to Yesterday Since June.

OFFERED TO QUASH INDICTMENT

If She Would Tell—Said She Feared It Would Degrade and Incriminate Her.

SHE DECLINED A SECOND TIME.

Did This Even After Recorder Goff Had Directed Her to Make A Reply.

New York, April 28.—The story told by Mrs. J. Morgan Smith on the witness stand yesterday afternoon and the prospect of her cross-examination by counsel for the defense today served to intensify interest in the case of Nan Patterson, who is now on trial in the court of general sessions, charged with the murder of Caesar Young. The appearance of Mrs. Smith as a witness for the prosecution came in the nature of a surprise to the defense, Mr. Levy has said. He professed to be very well satisfied with the move, however, and said that cross-examination of the witness would afford him an opportunity to place before the jury evidence which could not be produced in any other way. He also believes, he said, that the direct testimony of Mrs. Smith has only served to strengthen the case of the prisoner, as it supports in many important details the testimony given by Miss Patterson herself at the last trial, a portion of which was read to the jury yesterday.

In the course of his examination, Mr. Rand asked Mrs. Smith if she had possessed all the information she has testified to in this trial all the time since she left New York last June. Mrs. Smith replied that she would like to answer that question, but feared it would tend to degrade and incriminate her as she is under indictment for conspiracy.

PROSECUTION'S PROMISE.

The prosecution then promised that if she would answer he would move next Monday to quash the indictment against her, but she declined to do so, until she had an opportunity to consult her counsel.

After she had consulted with her counsel Mrs. Smith declined to answer the question. "I must stick to my sister," she told the prosecuting attorney as she resumed the stand.

"And you refuse to answer notwithstanding my promise in open court to have the indictment against you quashed?" asked Mr. Rand.

"I do."

"Again I ask, were you in New York on June 8?"

"I decline to answer because my position might tend to degrade and incriminate me."

Recorder Goff directed the witness to answer the question, saying that it called for an answer. She still declined to do so, saying:

"I must stick to my sister."

"Will you answer if the indictment for conspiracy on which you are held is dismissed now?" broke in Mr. Rand.

"No," replied the witness.

DIRECT EXAMINATION RESUMED.

The direct examination of Mrs. Smith, which was not completed yesterday, was resumed today. Mrs. Smith testified yesterday that Miss Patterson had expected Caesar Young to get a divorce from his wife and marry her. She, herself believed that Young intended eventually to marry her sister until last May, when Leslie Coggins told her that Young did not intend to carry out the agreement. Miss Patterson became greatly excited when Coggins' statement was repeated to her. Mrs. Smith said.

Taking up the examination where it was interrupted by the adjournment last night, Mr. Rand asked:

"Did not Coggins tell you that the best thing Young thought Nan could do was to accept Matt Trimble's offer of marriage?"

"He did not say anything like that to me," replied Mrs. Smith.

"Did Miss Patterson say that the cause of her emotion was that Coggins had misrepresented Young's intentions toward her?"

"She did not say so in those words, but I knew it."

NAN DIDN'T BELIEVE IT.

Mrs. Smith said Nan refused to believe the story told by Coggins. She was excited, the witness said, because she wasd isappointed at the postponement of her marriage to Young.

"She did not say anything about her future intentions?"

"No."

"She did not tell you what she was going to do?"

"No."

"And yet you described her as 'frantic' and 'desperate?'"

"Yes."

"When you wrote the letter to Young, were you in a state of feeling brought on by what Nan had told you?"

"Yes; my sister is not responsible for that letter."

"Did that letter represent truthfully the state of your mind?"

"It did."

"Did it represent Nan's state of mind?"

This question was not answered.

Mr. Rand here offered the intercepted letter which Mrs. Smith sent to Young, which was ruled out yesterday and again it was rejected by Recorder Goff.

Mrs. Smith said that when Miss Patterson procured a divorce from her husband all her expenses in the proceedings were paid by Young. The witness detailed the movements of herself and husband and Miss Patterson on June 1, the day before Young's death. They went to the races where they saw Young and returned to their apartments in New York about 7 p. m.

"Did you and your husband visit Stern's pawn shop that night?" asked Mr. Rand.

"We did not," the witness answered.

The witness described the movements of the trio that evening and of the instructions Nan gave to the telephone operator in case Caesar Young called for her before going to Healey's restaurant. She also told about Nan's going out to meet Young late that night and her return home about 3 o'clock the next morning.

About 7 o'clock that morning, she said, Young called on the telephone and said he wanted to meet Nan. Nan was asleep and the witness did not want to awaken her. Young called again, a little later, however, and repeated the request and within a few minutes called a third time. Mr. Smith then told him that Nan had got up and was on the way to meet him.

Failing to get a reply to his question, Mr. Rand said that for the purpose of testing the creditibility of the witness he would ask her if she and her husband did not go to a hotel in Hoboken on the evening of June 8 last and register under assumed names. Again she declined to answer. She said in answer to a question that she did not see Stern, had arranged to return to New York as soon as he saw her and her husband.

PRISONER MUCH AFFECTED.

The ordeal in the courtroom today proved almost too much for Nan Patterson. The resolute manner in which Mrs. Smith refused to answer questions put to her by the prosecuting attorney and her declaration that she would stand by her sister, affected the prisoner deeply and she was near a break down when the luncheon adjournment was announced. Mrs. Smith appeared to be unstrung as a result of her experience as well and the two women spent the recess in their cells in the Tombs weeping in each others arms.

PRESIDENT'S HEALTH

It Was Never Better in All His Life.

Glenwood Springs, Colo., April 28.—A rumor reached here today that the president was slightly indisposed yesterday and did not participate in the hunt. In response to an inquiry by telephone to the Smith ranch, two miles from Camp Roosevelt, it was said that the president was never in better health in his life. The rumor said that Dr. Lambert shot four bears during the day.

Souvenir hunters are haunting the shop of Frank Hayes, the local taxidermist who is mounting the skins sent in by the president. He is giving away joints from the feet of the bears killed. His mail is growing heavier every day because of the prominence given him as the mounter of the trophies from the president's hunt.

FRENCH CANAL ENGINEER.

M. Guerard Named for Panama Canal Commission.

Washington, April 28.—Ambassador Jusserand today informed Secy. Taft that the French government had decided on M. Guerard as the French member of the board of consulting engineers attached to the isthmian canal commission. M. Guerard is one of the French government engineers, being inspector general des ponts et chaussies. He was formerly engineer in chief of Marseilles harbor.

ESLEY DODSON ARRESTED.

For Murder of William Dunlap, An Aged Miner.

Portland, Or., April 28.—A special to the Oregonian from Grant's Pass, Or., states that Esley Dodson has been arrested at that place and Andrew Ingram at Crescent City, Cal., for the murder in 1903 of William Dunlap, an aged miner who lived on Louse Creek six miles from Grant's Pass. The information which led to the issuing of the warrants was given by Lloyd Ingram, a son of Andrew Ingram. Young Ingram's story is that Dunlap was murdered by his father and Dodson for the purpose of robbing the old man. Ingram says that he was present when the murder was committed and was compelled by the alleged murderers to help search the house. He says that he does not know how much Dodson and his father secured but that $12 was found in the house. Young Ingram, who is 17 years old, states that his reason for telling is that he is in fear of his father. He came here from the neighborhood of Crescent City, where he has been at work, to give the information. Dodson is a miner of good reputation.

BELGIAN INDEPENDENCE.

Celebration of 75th Anniversary Opens Thursday.

Liege, Belgium, April 28.—The international exhibition in celebration of the seventy-fifth anniversary of Belgian independence will be opened here Thursday by Prince Albert of Flanders in the presence of the diplomatic corps, the civil and military authorities and a considerable number of visitors. Some time must elapse before the exhibition will be near completion. The buildings generally are handsome and the grounds, covering 170 acres at the junction of the rivers Meuse and Ourthe, are tastefully laid out.

DR. OSLER'S FAREWELL.

Homeopathic Brethern Should Come Into the Fold.

Baltimore, April 28.—In his farewell address to the medical profession of Maryland before leaving for his post as regius professor in the University of Oxford, Dr. William Osler urged the fusion of medical colleges in this and other cities of the country.

Medicine gives more hope for humanity than anything else, he said, and combination and reciprocity are the great needs. Reciprocity between the state boards also should be extended, he believed, so that a doctor's activities should not be limited in moving from state to state.

"It is time," he continued, "that the homeopathic brethren were coming into the fold. A difference in drugs should no longer separate men with the same hope. The original quarrel is ours, but the homeopathics should not allow themselves to be separated by a shibboleth that is inconsistent with their practise today.

"The most dangerous foe to medical science is apathy. Thirty-five per cent of deaths in a community are due to apathy which goes to counterbalance the advance of medicine in the last century."

Relative of Lincoln Dead.

New York, April 28.—Miss Frances Amelia Lincoln, 53 years old, a relative of President Lincoln has been dead at her home in New Rochelle. She had been ill some time.

Miss Lincoln was frequently a guest at the White House during the Lincoln administration and was present at the funeral of the president.

CHARGES AGAINST LOOMIS.

Minister Bowen May be Summoned to Explain Them.

Washington, April 28.—Secy. Taft is considering the advisability of ordering Minister Bowen, at Caracas, to report forthwith in Washington to explain the charges against Asst.-Secy. Loomis, which he has conveyed to Secy. Taft in a personal letter. If President Roosevelt assents this order will be issued immediately.

Western Pacific Begins Work in Salt Lake

First Ground Broken on Ninth South Street This Morning and First Consignment Of Rails Will Reach Here Sunday—Official Announcement That Construction on the Salina Cut-off is to Begin at Once.

First ground on the Western Pacific was broken in Salt Lake this morning when 57 Greeks went to work on Ninth South on the west side of the main line of the Rio Grande Western. This afternoon they had considerable preliminary grading done and by tomorrow morning the gang will be largely increased, and the mighty work pushed vigorously.

In addition, the first consignment of 25 cars of rails for the Western Pacific left Pueblo yesterday consigned to Salt Lake and due to reach here on Sunday.

Orders have also been issued by General Superintendent A. E. Welby of the Rio Grande to get ready for work on the Salina cut-off, and it is anticipated that early next week men will be shipped to Salina and will be put to work repairing the grade already built up the canyon, which has been damaged by washouts, prior to rushing work on the completion of the road through to Green river.

This in brief is the good word that is released today and shows that George Gould has taken off his coat and is preparing to spend many millions in Utah in the development of the state. Incidentally it may be observed that he has thrown the gauntlet down to the Harriman interests.

It is now in order to quit knocking and boost for Salt Lake, all together, in one long sustained chorus. Will the Tribune please take notice?

Mr. E. J. Yard, chief engineer for the Denver & Rio Grande, and consulting engineer for the Gould interests and Western Pacific, arrived in Salt Lake from Denver last night and is on the ground superintending the preliminary activities. In the meantime the steam shovel, dirt cars and other grading equipment have all been overhauled here and are in splendid shape to commence work at an hour's notice.

The first intimation that anything out of the ordinary was immediately under way, came from Mr. Welby this morning when he was seen in his office following his return from Denver last night. It will be recalled that Mr. Welby left for California about 10 days ago on a brief vacation, but had hardly arrived in that state before he was summoned post haste to Denver and he went through Salt Lake without stopping in answer to the message.

"What can you tell the 'News' that will be of interest to the public?" was asked of him this afternoon.

"Well, you just go down to Ninth South and look around and you will see plenty to tell the public," he answered with a smile.

Continuing he said: "A large force of men, which will be increased, started out this morning to build the connecting track between the Rio Grande yards and the main line of the Western Pacific." Then he paused to let the full purport of this good news sink in while all within Hearing of his voice smiled a joyous smile.

"How far are you going to build this track?" was asked.

"Oh, a mile or so," was his characteristic answer. "The track leaves our main line at Ninth South and goes north."

"When is the Western Pacific going to start out?" was the next question.

"I am not in a position to talk about the Western Pacific," said Mr. Welby, "but unofficially my belief is that orders will come in a few days, which will be good news. Mr. Yard is here."

From another source, and one that cannot be questioned, the "News" this afternoon learned that it had been an open secret among Rio Grande officials for some ten days past that Utah was to see one of the biggest construction epochs that has marked her history for years, commencing early in May. Orders were given some time ago to have all construction equipment overhauled and put into first class shape, subject to immediate call, and several good construction bosses had been notified to hold themselves in readiness to get down to work, while during the past few days several labor agents had been asked as to the number of men they could furnish. One agency has been told to get men to ship to Salina. Rush orders for rails have also been placed with the Colorado Fuel & Iron company at Pueblo and the first consignment consisting of 25 carloads of steel has left the plant and is due to arrive here tomorrow or Sunday at the latest.

It is confidently expected that following the meeting in New York on Monday, when President Jeffery of the Rio Grande steps in as the head of the Western Pacific and the contracts are awarded for construction, that orders will be wired to commence work and within the next 10 days there will be some tall hustling on the west side.

Mr. Welby was asked this morning as to the site of the material yards which rumor says are to be located southeast of Saltair but he professed the profoundest ignorance as to the movements of the new road. He intimated, however, that the line now being built was going out to meet the Western Pacific, and it can be easily seen that if construction begins in a few days that the line will not have to be built very far before the Western Pacific takes up the work and pushes ahead.

Mr. A. E. Welby also affirmed that work would commence in a few days under the franchise granted by the city council this week and the tracks of the Rio Grande and the Oregon Short Line would be connected, affording the Gould interests direct connection with the incoming and outgoing Salt Lake Route trains.

Supplementary to this construction, it is asserted that work this summer is to be rushed on the extension of the Marysvale branch to Cedar City and the Salt Lake Route main line in southern Utah, thereby giving passengers and freight from southern California direct connection with the short cut to Denver via the Salina cut-off.

Telegrams to the local banks announce that the subscriptions to the Western Pacific amount to over $100,000,000, where but $50,000,000 were called for, and the extra amount will be divided no more subscriptions will be received, no more subscriptions will be received.

GEN. FITZHUGH LEE STRICKEN.

While on His Way from Washington to Boston He Suffered a Stroke of Paralysis

ENTIRE LEFT SIDE AFFECTED.

Conscious When He Arrived and He Greeted His Friends Smilingly.

Washington, April 28.—Maj. Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, U. S. A., retired, was stricken with apoplexy, the entire left side being affected, at 3 o'clock this morning. Gen. Lee was on a train en route from Boston to Washington. The train had just left Fall River when the stroke came. The train bearing the general arrived in Washington shortly after 10 o'clock. Under the direction of Maj. Kean, U. S. A., of the surgeon-general's office, the patient was removed to Providence hospital.

The news of the general's condition had preceded him to Washington, and many of his army and personal friends were at the Pennsylvania station to meet him. Included among them were Maj. Machle of the army general staff; Maj. Kean and Maj. Mason of the medical department; Dr. St. George Tucker of George Washington university; Maj. Robert Hunter of Virginia, Homes Conrad of Virginia, and B. H. Fowler. Dr. Tucker invited Gen. Lee to occupy quarters at his residence here. The general was conscious and received Dr. Tucker in the car when the invitation was extended. He replied smilingly, "I am in charge of this man Kean, and he says I must go to the hospital, and I guess I will have to acquiesce."

Mrs. Lee, who is at Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., with her daughter, has been notified, as also has the son, George, who is in San Francisco preparing to sail for the Philippines. The other son, who is in the Philippines, has been cabled of his father's condition.

A physician was taken aboard the train at Jersey City. At Philadelphia he gave place to another, who accompanied the general to Baltimore, where still another was taken aboard and made the tirp to Washington. Since the first stroke no change for the worse has taken place.

Gen. Lee had been spending a few days in Boston and was returning to Washington on his way to join Mrs. Lee.

Boston, April 28.—Gen. Lee was in Boston yesterday to advocate the representation of Massachusetts at the Jamestown exposition in 1907. He appeared before the legislative committee on federal relations during the afternoon and made a strong address in favor of having Massachusetts erect a state building at Jamestown. He left here last evening apparently in his usual health.

Maj. Kean of the medical corps of the army announced this afternoon on leaving the bedside of Gen. Lee that there was no apparent change in his condition; that the general is conscious, but it will be impossible to tell what the outcome is to be for several hours. The entire left side is paralyzed.

DESERTED HIS WIFE.

After 40 Years' Absence Man Left Fortune to His Family.

New York, April 28.—Dispatches from Pittsburg announcing that by the will of David James (who died there Saturday) it has been learned his real name was Jamison, that he had deserted his wife and three sons in Brooklyn 40 years ago, have proved a great surprise to the only living son who still resides in Brooklyn and gains a livelihood as a stationary engineer.

The will, which has just been opened, is in the nature of an atonement to the deserted family as it gives them an estate worth $15,000. It shows that Jamison went to Pittsburg, changed his name and married another woman, who is now dead. She knew nothing of his double life and the family in Brooklyn long ago gave up the husband and father as dead. One after another they dropped off until now only the one son mentioned remains and he will receive the entire estate.

It appears that Jamison was stricken 15 years ago with cancer and underwent numerous operations, losing his right army by degrees and finally part of his collar bone, but the disease finally won.

The surviving son tells a sad story of how his mother struggled to educate and support her children after the father disappeared. She took in washing and succeeded in her task, however, and when the sons grew up they supported her. She died last August. One of the boys lost his life accidentally three years ago, while the eldest died 10 years ago. No word was ever received of the father from the day of his disappearance until reporters carried to the tenement where the engineer lives, word of his good fortune.

PRESIDENT'S YACHT.

Reasons Why Capt. Hoteville d Not Give it Assistance.

New York, April 28.—Because he considered the yacht in no immediate danger, had a perishable cargo which would make any delay on his own part dangerous and had no towing gear, are the reasons given by Capt. Hoteville, of the fruit steamer S. Oteri for his failure to go to the assistance of President Roosevelt's yacht Slych when she was lying disabled south of Bodle's island. The Oteri arrived here from Banes, Cuba, and for the first time since the incident Capt. Hoteville had an opportunity to give his version of the affair. He said:

"We were steaming along under full headway when we sighted flare lights on a vessel ahead. This vessel was about eight miles off the land and 16 miles south of Bodle's Island. The night was clear and the weather good. As we approached I pulled the bell to stop the engine, the wire broke and before I could communicate with the enigneer we were out of range of hearing. As soon as the wire broke I made ready to hail the distressed craft. A hail came 'will you tow us?' I answered 'No, I cannot; drop your anchor; you are in 14 fathoms of water; I'll report you at Cape Henry.'

"I reported the ship's distress to the pilot and told him to send a tug. We had a perishable cargo on board. The yacht was in no danger and as I had no towing gear, I did the best thing I could under the circumstances."

Cardinal Ajuti Dead.

Rome, April 28.—Cardinal Andrea Ajuti, archbishop of Verona, who for some time has been suffering seriously from liver trouble, died today. He was born in Italy in 1840, and was created a cardinal in 1903.

SECOND PACIFIC SQUADRON SIGHTED

Seen Off Cape Varela, Seventy Miles North of Bay of Kamranh.

DESTINATION IS UNKNOWN.

Resumption of Fighting in Manchuria Held to Indicate Japanese Will Not Await Issue of Naval Battle.

Tokio, April 28, 5 p. m.—The Russian Second Pacific squadron was sighted yesterday off Capt Varela, 70 miles north of Kamranh bay.

DESTINATION UNKNOWN.

Kamranh Bay, via Saigon, Cochin-China, April 28.—The Russian squadron with its transports left its last stopping place Wednesday evening for an unknown destination. The warships were provisioned for six months, and it is thought here that they were bound for Vladivostok by way of the Pacific. Four German colliers arrived at Kamranh bay too late to proceed with the squadron, but they subsequently sailed in the same direction in efforts to catch up with it. Vice Admiral Nebogatoff's division was expected to arrive yesterday in Indo-Chinese waters, where it is believed the admiral will receive instructions regarding the place where he is to effect a junction with Admiral Rojestvensky, whose squadron besides 25 warships, includes a repairing ship and a water tank ship.

WARSHIPS SEEN.

Island of Penang, Straits Settlement, April 28.—The British steamer Catharine Apcar, which arrived here today from Calcutta, reports having passed two detachments of eight and seven warships respectively last night 60 miles south of Penang. They were heading for Singapore.

FIGHTING IN MANCHURIA.

London, April 28.—The news of the resumption of fighting in Manchuria is supposed here to show that the Japanese have now decided not to await the issue of the impending naval contest, but to utilize the few weeks intervening between the drying up of the thawed-out roads and the arrival of the summer rains in June for the resumption of the land campaign. The completion of the railway to Mukden will greatly simplify Field Marshal Oyama's task of provisioning his vast army, and will thus facilitate the renewal of hostilities.

No further news has been received of either Rojestvensky or Nebogatoff's squadrons. The report is confirmed that the submarine cable has been cut at Hainan, but according to the Daily Telegraph's correspondent at Tokio the authorities have learned that the Russians are using Hainan as a base.

Soldier Lost in the Mountains.

Butte, Mont., April 28.—A soldier named Teddy Reynolds, recently honorably discharged from the third Cavalry at Fort Assiniboine, is lost in the mountains north of Columbia Falls, Mont., according to a dispatch received here. He lost his way in a snowstorm, while on foot on his way to Kalispell. A search party has been organized.

Run on Bank Stopped.

Washington, April 28.—National Bank Examiner Bosworth telegraphs the comptroller of the currency from Milwaukee that the run on the First National bank has entirely stopped and no further trouble is feared. Mr. Bosworth adds that the defalcation will not exceed published figures.

SANAA SURRENDERS.

Went into Hands of Insurgants April 20.

Hodeida, Yemen Province, Arabia, Wednesday, April 26.—Sanaa, the capital city of Yemen province, capitulated to the insurgents during the night of April 20. The revolutionists are now proceeding to besiege Manakha. The latter has a garrison of 5,000 men, but the troops are mutinous. Jews who left Sanaa before the surrender and who have arrived at Hodeida say the town was subjected to constant night attacks, the garrison was hard pressed and provisions were exhausted, the scene of the fight of March 30, southward of Sanaa, when the Syralan reserves went to the relief of Sanaa, and were crushingly defeated, was strewn with dead soldiers and animals.

Found Dead on the Prairie.

Colorado Springs, Colo., April 28.—The dead body of a man, carrying in his pocket a journeyman tailor's card issued at Sioux City, Iowa, and showing dues paid up to Dec. 1, 1904, has been found on the prairie near Fountain. The card bore the name of Joe B. Moen. There were no signs of violence.

Baron's Estate Plundered.

Mitau, Courtland, Russia, April 28.—The estate of Baron Rekki, near here, has been plundered by armed peasants. The baron was assaulted and almost killed.

Prizefight Ends in Riot.

Butte, Mont., April 28.—The 20-round bout between Fredo Russell of Butte, and Jack Burns, of Chicago last night, at the Casino, broke up in a riot. Russell knocked one of Burns' seconds down for interference during the seventh round. A dozen revolvers were drawn, but before serious disorder occurred the police cleared the place.

Alpha Delta Phi Convention

New York, April 28.—More than 200 graduates and students have gathered here for the seventy-third annual convention of the Alpha Delta Phi society. The delegates represent 24 chapters from universities widely separated.

Their business is concerned with the internal affairs of the order, the applications for the granting of charters to new chapters in universities. A large part of the proceedings are of a social nature.

CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

Will be Guests of Grant Post, G. A. R. on Memorial Day.

New York, April 28.—Four hundred confederate veterans, members of the local camp, are to be the guests of the U. S. Grant post, G. A. R., on Memorial day, and from 9 a. m. until late at night the veterans of the two armies will mingle.

Senator Blackburn of Kentucky is to deliver the oration of the day at Grant's tomb. It will be the first time that confederate veterans have marched with Union veterans in this city.

According to the program the Veterans will first parade in Brooklyn. Thence they will go by boat to Grant's tomb, overlooking the Hudson. Luncheon will be served aboard the boat, and after the exercises, the entire party will return to Brooklyn by water, where dinner will be served.

The U. S. Grant post two weeks ago voted unanimously to invite the confederate veteran camp to parade with the post, and a committee, which attended a meeting of the confederate veterans camp has received the acceptance of the latter.

GOOD OR NOT GOOD?

Dispute on as to Genuiness of Coins Found on Fifth East.

At police headquarters there is a dispute on as to the coins found yesterday afternoon, an account of which appeared in last evening's "News."

The property on which the coins was found, is owned by Mrs. Emily Clawson, and is on Fifth East between South Temple and First South. The point where the stuff was found is 10 rods from the street, and the coins were only two feet below the surface. The collection consists of Mexican dollars, English six-pences, dimes, quarters, half dollars and dollars in American coin. The latest date of any of the pieces is 1856, while the earliest date is 1818. The Mexican money was in an old can, while the other coins were in a box.

The dispute at police headquarters is as to whether the coins are genuine or not. Some of the officers believe they are good while others are equally positive that the coins are "phony," or bogus. This morning Captain Burbidge and Judge Diehl stated that they would gladly give their month's salary for the lot of coins. On the other hand, some of the detectives say there is no reason to believe the money is good.

W. A. Wright, who brought the stuff to police headquarters yesterday afternoon, put some of the coins in a pot of boiling lead. In a few seconds the pieces were melted and not a trace of silver could be found. As soon as possible the coins will be turned over to an expert, when the dispute will probably be settled.

CASES BEFORE DIEHL.

Hearing of Thomas W. Winch Set for Next Tuesday.

The case of Thomas W. Winch has been set by Judge Diehl for Tuesday, the 2nd, at which time the case will be disposed of.

The case of the state vs Thomas Laughney, charged with embezzlement, will be heard in preliminary hearing on the 3rd. The aring of J. B. Lavin, accused of impersonating an officer, will come before Judge Diehl on May 2.

Amelia Linsey, a 17-year-old girl from Ogden, was arrested last night by Sergeant Eddington for the Ogden police. It is said that the girl is an incorrigible, and that an officer from Ogden will be here this evning to take her back home.

CHICAGO TEAMSTERS ARE ENJOINED.

Judge Kohlsaat Issues an Injunction at Instance of Employers' Association.

THEY MUST NOT INTERFERE.

Scenes of Violence in Connection With the Strike Began Promptly Today.

EMPLOYERS VERY AGGRESSIVE

Teaming Goes on Under Guard—Negroes Arrive from South to Take Place of Strikers.

Chicago, April 28.—Judge C. C. Kohlsaat, of the United States circuit court, today granted an injunction to the Employers' association of Chicago restraining all persons from interfering with the movements of the association's wagons upon the street or in any way obstructing the business of members of the association. The injunction is temporary and is returnable May 10. It is specifically directed against the teamsters' joint council of Chicago.

Soldiers seen on the streets in the business districts here today gave rise to reports that troops from Fort Sheridan had already been ordered to Chicago to suppress rioting in connection with the wholesale sympathetic strike growing out of the troubles of the garment workers and teamsters. Rumor had it that the "regulars" were quartered in the new postoffice. At Fort Sheridan it was denied that any troops had been sent to Chicago as a result of the strike.

Immediately following the granting of the injunction the Chicago Employers' association placarded all its wagons with notices reading as follows:

"The United States circuit court has enjoined interference of any kind with this property and its drivers."

The injunction was issued on the grounds that the Employers' Teaming company is a corporation organized in West Virginia, and being a corporation of a foreign state, has the right of protection under the federal government. No attempt was made to secure the protection of the federal courts under the interstate commerce act. Besides the teamsters' joint council, the injunction names all persons who were served with an injunctional writ of the state courts several days ago. As soon as the injunction had been filed in court 750 copies of the order were given to United States Marshal John C. Ames, and he was asked to serve all persons named in the order as soon as possible. Six deputy marshals were called into Marshal Ames' office and given instruction to serve the papers at once.

VIOLENCE RENEWED.

Scenes of violence in connection with the strike began promptly today, the first victim being a colored teamster employed by the A. M. Forbes cartage company, who was chased by a mob in Desplaines street and kicked and beaten into insensibility. Arrival of a squad of police put an end to the disturbance. The negro was taken to a hospital where he was found to be severely cut and bruised.

UNION PICKETS.

The greatest number of union pickets were stationed today about barns of the Employers' Teaming company in Eighteenth street near State. The non-union teamsters are housed in these stables. Special details of policemen were sent to the stables to protect the non-union men, as it was feared that the most serious disturbances would occur in the vicinity of these barns.

EMPLOYERS AGGRESSIVE.

Employers today were agressive in operating with non-union teamsters. Under the escort of 70 policemen, 24 wagons were sent out from Marshall Field & Co.'s stables, notwithstanding that the street in front of the company's barns was crowded with teams and strike sympathizers. Non-union teamsters on the 24 wagons were jeered and hooted at by the mob while a number of teamsters wearing union buttons attempted to form blockades. Prompt action by the police forced a passage for the non-union conveyances.

Closely guarded by a hundred private detectives eight coal wagons owned by the Employers' Teaming company, left the stables in Eighteenth street on a trip to the foot of South Water street.

NEGROES FROM THE SOUTH.

Fifty negroes from the south who are to take the places of the strikers arrived in a box car today. They were placed in coal wagons belonging to the Employers' Teaming company and taken to the barns of the J. V. Farwell company. Occasional bottles and other missles were thrown from windows at the new comers, but the negroes escaped injury.

Sixty drivers for Hillman's State street department store joined the strikers' ranks today.

The striking unions declared a boycott on the Great Northern building and also on the Heyworth building, Madison street and Wabash avenue. Union officials said today that they had learned that since the strike was called at the Ward company, 500 tons of coal had been stored in the sub-cellar of the Heyworth building and was being used as a supply for the Ward company.

JEWISH PAPER, WAY.

Permission Granted to Publish It in St Petersburg.

St. Petersburg, April 28.—Permission has been granted to publish in the capital a Jewish paper in the Hebrew language to be called the Way. So far as known this is the first time a paper published in Hebrew has been authorized in Russia.

The newspapers resent the protests in the British press over the capture of ships loaded with contraband bound for Japan, pertinently pointing out that they displayed no concern about the many ships bound for Vladivostok which were taken by the Japanese.