JAPAN WAS OUTGENERALED.

Such is London's Opinion in the Matter of the Division of Sakhalin.

GIVE PRESIDENT MUCH PRAISE

Manchuria Will be Relied Upon to Produce Supplies Heretofore Coming from Other Countries.

London, Sept. 1.—The result of the Portsmouth conference is discussed at great length by the London weekly publications, the consensus of opinion being that expressed by the Outlook, which says:

"In the matter of indemnity Japan yielded to inexorable conditions; in the matter of Sakhalin she allowed herself to be out-generaled."

At the same time the general opinion is that in yielding half of Sakhalin Japan may fairly be credited with excellent political foresight, which will not be recognized at once by the mass of Japanese.

Like the daily newspapers, the reviews, even those which seldom lose an opportunity to express anti-American or anti-Roosevelt opinions, give the president unstinted praise for his share in the negotiations. The Speaker, an organ of the Liberal party, says:

"Those who, like ourselves, always mistrusted President Roosevelt's policy and blamed him for certain definite acts, yield to none in recognizing the great service he has rendered the world, to the gratitude to which he is entitled. It is to his initiative, untiring energy and refusal to despair of the successful outcome of the conference that peace is largely due."

The Outlook says:

"For this achievement President Roosevelt has received the gratitude and admiration of the rulers and peoples of the world in overflowing measure. Such praise has never before been lavished on an American president. Both for himself and his country President Roosevelt has won a position of unique and commanding authority."

In connection with a discussion of the future effect of the peace terms, which all the weekly publications agree must mean an entire realignment of Europe, the Anglo-Japanese treaty is given considerable space and is credited with being the preponderating influence in securing the agreement at Portsmouth.

The Outlook says:

"We shall say at once that the principal factor in securing the utterly unexpected result was the renewal of the Anglo-Japanese agreement."

The Speaker criticises the clause of the new treaty, which binds either country to help the other in case of attack by a third, because "for the present the best guarantee against the aggression of European powers in the far east is the undisputed predominance of Japan, and that guarantee is weakened by an arrangement which puts peace in the far east at the mercy of quite irrelevant quarrels elsewhere.

"We are," the paper adds, "in close relations with Europe in general, and in intimate relations with France in particular. To confuse those relations by a binding promise to make war on any nation with which this vigorous and competent people just launching its fortunies on a career of generous ambition, may quarrel, seems to us a grave indiscretion."

Otherwise the reviews, while not in possession of the full terms of the new agreement, accept the treaty as outlined by the Associated Press in its main particulars as a wise extension of the former alliance and as a strong guarantee of the lasting peace of the world.

Count Okuma, the leader of the Progressist party in Japan, contributes an article to the Outlook, entitled "Japan's Task After Peace," in which he outlines thoe possibilities of the development of Japan's trade, the retention of her capital, making herself self-supporting by the development of the vast resources in wheat, wool, coal and minerals of Manchuria and Korea. Count Okuma says:

"American and European countries have, up to now, provided our requirements in corn, flour and malt, but it is obvious that Manchuria, by reason of its geographical position, is a far more suitable sphere for this supply. It also offers the most promising field for the production of sugar from beet root. The Japanese consumption of sugar in a few years will reach half a billion tons.

"Under all circumstances," Count Okuma says, "the principle of the open door must be guaranteed. New acquisitions of territory are not to be thought of, and Manchuria must be restored to China, when we have pulled up the roots of all future trouble."

THE PIANO SALE GROWING IN MAGNITUDE EVERY DAY.

End of the Most Remarkable Week In History of the City.

Reduction on Fine Instruments Without Parallel --Carstensen & Anson Company Offer Some Wonderful Bargains.

The closing of this salesroom tonight will mark the end of one of the most remarkable weeks in the history of this company—in fact THE MOST remarkable week in point of sales that the Carstensen & Anson company has ever enjoyed. We have held sales at this store that have reached large proportions in the aggregate volume of business, but this present Sacrifice sale has eclipsed totally any previous effort. It certainly is a source of great satisfaction to every person connected with the company, for the appreciation of the buying public has taken a most wonderful piano sale ever recorded in the annals of the business in this city.

Our delivery department has been taxed to its capacity, but met the great strain on it with a determination to live up to every promise of the salesmen, and as a consequence, the result has been an added satisfaction to the great number of city purchasers. At times, the store has resembled a removal of almost the entire establishment, pianos stacked up near the entrance awaiting delivery, until the front of the salesroom was absolutely choked for want of more room. Late last night the last sale of the day in the city was placed in the van, while this morning the shippers are busy with a number of orders that go to every part of the region tributary to Salt Lake City. So, as the closing day of the week dawns, it finds us prepared to care for additional business and meet your wants and desires with a promptitude that is an invariable part of our business custom.

It will surely be the part of wisdom and good economy to visit this establishment today, whether you are in the market for a piano or not. One can not conceive of the actual price reductions on the finest of the world's best makes of pianos, until they are shown. Seeing is believing, and it really requires a personal inspection of the store's bargains to thoroughly and completely understand what we have sacrificed in profits. From 40 to 60 per cent reduction on the new and finest instruments, is easy in the saying, may sound like a stereotyped trade phrase, but this sacrifice sale is the real, the actual accomplishment of that self-same thing—it is the discount that applies to the different makes of pianos we represent. And, parenthetically, the representation of the Carstensen & Anson company is in every way the choice of what the leading musicians and pianists consider the best to be had.

And again, when these reductions in price are coupled with the easy terms of sale, it becomes the part of wisdom to personally see and investigate what we have here enumerated. There is little to be gained by procrastination. The prudent buyers are not slow to appreciate the advantages of a time like the present. We have material evidence of this daily, and we urge you to make your visit today.

If your purse will not allow the purchase of a new instrument, even at the low prices of the sale, we can undoubtedly accommodate you with an upright that has had some use. Indeed, some of these are marked as low as $69. It is very probable that we can fill your want, irrespective of the degree of your desire, for the aristocratic as well as the more plebian instruments are all on sale and all really reduced as we have above mentioned.

Let this be YOUR purchase day, for as we have reiterated each day—

It is to Your Interest to visit the Show Rooms of the LARGEST AND MOST PROGRESSIVE MUSIC DEALERS and examine such makes as the Weber, Everett, Hardman, Ivers & Pond, Krakauer, Fischer, Ludwig, and many others.

Carstensen & Anson Co

TEMPLE OF MUSIC, 74 MAIN STREET.

OLD SORES

ROOTED IN THE BLOOD

Old Sores are the result of a deeply polluted, foul blood supply. The blood is filled with poisons, and as it finds an outlet through the ulcer, the surrounding parts become diseased and the sore eats deeper into the tissues and flesh and becomes a permanent trouble.

Some years ago while at work, I fell over a truck and severely injured both of my shins. My blood became poisoned as a result, and the doctor told me I would have running sores for life, and that if they were closed up the result would be fatal. Under this discouraging report I left off their treatment and resorted to the use of S. S. S. Its effects were prompt and gratifying. It took only a short while for the medicine to entirely cure up the sores, and I am not dead as the doctors intimated I would be, neither have the sores ever broken out again, and some twelve years have elapsed since what I have described occurred. Having been so signally benefited by its use I can heartily recommend it as the one great blood purifier.

Wheeling, W. Va. J. W. EUNDIS.
Care Schaulback Brewing Co.

Salves, powders, plasters, etc., do no good, and the sufferer gets disgusted and often despairs of curing an old sore. The trouble is in the blood and until the poisonous matter that is keeping up the ulcer is driven out the place cannot heal. S. S. S. reaches these old sores through the blood by removing every particle of poison or impurity from the circulation and building up the system. It makes the blood healthy so that as it circulates to the diseased parts the tissues are strengthened and the sore can heal naturally and permanently. If you have an old sore or ulcer do not waste time with salves, powders, plasters, etc., but write for our book and ask for any medical advice you wish. We make no charge for either.

SSS PURELY VEGETABLE.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

To Open Russian Universities.

St. Petersburg, Sept. 1.—In accordance with the imperial order of April 29 the ministry of education is preparing to open Sept. 14, all the universities and higher institutions of learning which have been closed since February, when the students struck and refused to continue their studies until political reforms were granted. A recurrence of the trouble is feared, as large numbers of students who desire to resume their studies have made application to do so, while the radical element will undoubtedly attempt to prevent the re-opening of the schools.

GEN. CHAFFEE IN PARIS.

Will be Guest of Gen. Brugere, Director of Military Operations.

Paris, Sept. 1.—Lieut.-Gen. Adna R. Chaffe, accompanied by his aides de camp and family, arrived here from Waterloo today and was met at the railroad station by officials of the American embassy and Mayor Vignal and Capt. Fournier of the French army. Brig.-Gen. James F. Crozier, assistant chief of staff, is already here and Brig.-Gen. William Bell, chief of ordnance, is expected shortly. The American mission starts for the army maneuvers Sept. 9.

Gen. Chaffee and his party will be the guests of Gen. Brugere, director of the military operations. This is the last time Gen. Brugere will officiate. He will attain the age limit in June, 1906.

The eastern maneuvers this year have particular importance. Over 100,000 men and 20,000 horses will be engaged. This force is divided into two armies, the first under Gen. Hagron comprising two army corps and two divisions of cavalry. Gen. Dossirier commands the second army, consisting of two army corps and a division of cavalry.

The field operations lie around Chalons, Revigny, Joinville and Troyes. The plan of the armies is based on the campaign of 1814, when the invaders approached Troyes and Arois. The maneuvers will occupy three days, after which the whole of the troops will be massed in the presence of the minister of war for presentation to President Loubet, but no review will be held.

A number of interesting experiments will occur during the operations, including diminishing the weight of the infantrymen's equipment, which will be transported in carts, and also trials of portable electric searchlights and field kitchen wagons, while cyclists formed ito battalions will be utilized for the first time.

Harley C. Miller Missing.

Eugene, Or., Sept. 1.—Harley C. Miller, a painter, 28 years old, who came here two years ago from Stockton, Cal., is missing. His relatives believe he has been the victim of foul play or has committed suicide, but others think he has fled the country on account of an entanglement with a young woman.

Miller left here Aug. 13, in compaly with three friends, for an outing in the upper Williamette country. Last Saturday he left camp for the village of Lowell, where he intended to purchase supplies. He did not return, and his companions, after waiting a few days, came back to Eugene, expecting to find him here. When he left camp Miller was armed with a revolver and had a small sum of money.

Collins Must Stay in Jail.

Victoria, B. C., Sept. 1.—Failure has attended another effort of counsel for George D. Collins, wanted in San Francisco on a charge of perjury, to have him removed from jail. This morning W. J. Taylor, K. C., on behalf of Collins, applied to Justice Martin for an order granting Collins some liberty while the court took exception to the question whether he was properly detained or not. His lordship could see no reason to alter the conditions from those which existed.

PACKERS MUST PLEAD.

Will be Arraigned in U. S. Court At Springfield, Ill.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—Officers, employes and lawyers of the large packing industries who were indicted by the last federal grand jury on charges of conspiracy and violation of federal and anti-trust and interstate commerce laws have been ordered to appear in the United States district court before Judge Humphrey of Springfield on next Tuesday, Sept. 5, and enter their pleas of guilty or not guilty to the charges.

This step was decided on by Atty. Gen. Moody today and the official notices and orders citing the defendants into court were placed in the hands of United States Marshal Ames and his deputies. Atty.-Gen. Moody will remain in Chicago until the defendants are arraigned and have personal charge of the government's side of the case.

MISUNDERSTANDING OVER SAKHALIN.

Japanese Understood That Neither Party to the Treaty Was To Fortify It.

RUSSIAN IDEA IS DIFFERENT.

Believe That They Are at Liberty to Strengthen Their Portion, but That The Japs Are Not.

Portsmouth, N. H., Sept. 1.—The only possible hitch on the horizon of the peace conference, according to reports current here, which, however, are not officially confirmed, arises out of an evident misunderstanding over the question of the neutralization of the island of Sakhalin. According to the Japanese the understanding reached on Tuesday contemplates a mutual obligation on the part of the two countries not to fortify their respective possessions on the island.

At St. Petersburg, however, there seems to have been an assumption that the agreement involved freedom of action upon the part of Russia in this respect in the north of Sakhalin, with an obligation on the part of Japan not to fortify or use for strategic purposes the portion owned by her before 1876, which is to be retroceded in the present treaty.

It is believed on both sides, however, that the hitch, if it really exists, as reported, will shortly be straightened out, and it is believed one of the subjects of today's conference related to this point.

As a result of the reports made tonight by M. De Martens and Mr. Dennison to their respective chiefs upon their work this afternoon at the navy yard in the drafting of a treaty of peace, M. Witte and Baron Komura had a brief conference in the former's apartments at 8:30 tonight regarding some details of translation and the few points of interpretation upon which the framers had been unable to reach complete accord.

When Baron Komura left Mr. Dennison and Mr. Adachi he entered the apartments of M. Witte, where they were joined by M. De Martens and Mr. Planchon. This conference lasted for about half an hour, when the Japanese returned to Baron Komura's apartments, leaving M. Witte and his conferees, who remained in conference for more than an hour.

M. Witte and Baron Komura had no difficulty in coming to an agreement on the disputed points, and at tomorrow's session the framers of the treaty expect to complete their work.

The treaty must then be engrossed in French and English, in duplicate, which may take several days. It is stated tonight that 12 articles of the treaty have been completed and agreed upon. It now seems probable that the framers will be able to confine the treaty to 14 articles instead of 15, as was the original plan.

The treaty will be engrossed on the treaty paper of the American state department, a peculiarly fine quality of linen parchment paper. Two of the caligraphers of the state department have been sent for to come here and do the engrossing. It is officially stated that President Roosevelt will not come to Portsmouth to be present at the signing of the treaty.

TYPHOON STRIKES SHANGHAI.

Streets Flooded, Water Rising to Height of Three Feet.

Shanghai, Sept. 2.—Shanghai was visited by a typhoon last night and this morning the entire city is flooded, the water rising to a height of three feet. This is the first flood which has occurred here within the last 50 years.

NEW DOG AND PONY SHOW COMING.

Seibel Bros.' dog and pony shows are announced for a two days engagement in Salt Lake commencing Sept. 7. The show will be located at Eighth South and Main, and the four-footed fun makers will arrive early Thursday morning. This is the initial visit to Salt Lake of this new tented exhibition, but the press agent says it is sure to take first place in the hearts of the little folks and will prove the wonder-

ment of older people. Seibel Bros. cannot be classed as new showmen, this being their third successful year in the business, but they offer a new show, and one which is in no wise similar to other dog and pony shows. The performance was put together, continues the press representative, with this idea uppermost, and Seibel Bros. realized in the outset that the public has grown a little weary of attending the average dog and pony show only to witness the same old worn out acts over and over again, year in and year out. There are about 200 animal actors with the show and they have been trained, it is said, to a degree of perfection never before attained by an animal educater in the business.

Labor Day, Saltair, $800.00 given away.

OGDEN & RETURN $1.00

Via D. & R. G., Sunday, Sept. 3.

Leave Salt Lake 10:25 a. m. and 1:45 p. m. Returning leave Ogden 7:00 p. m. Spend the day at the Hermitage. Finest Canyon Resort in the West. Plenty of stage accommodations up the canyon.

ONLY $30.00.

To Frannie, Cody and Garland, Wyo., and return from Salt Lake, via Oregon Short Line. Tickets on sale September 5th, good for return until October 5th. Eleven hours saved via this route. See agents. City Ticket Office, 201 Main St.

PRIZES FOR PLANNING THE HAGUE PEACE PALACE

New York, Sept. 1.—About $15,000 in prizes and the honor of being one of the five architects who plan the peace palace for use of the permanent court of arbitration at The Hague was today offered to the architects of all nations in a prospectus issued by the Carnegie foundation.

This invitation was made to secure the ideas of many minds as to the most fitting edifice in which to house the tribunal which it is hoped will make war unnecessary. The five most successful architects will receive prizes, the largest of which is for 12,000 guilders, a sum of money slightly less than $5,000.

In addition to their open offer to the world the directors of the Carnegie foundation, which will become the owner of the five prize plans, has also issued a special invitation to certain eminent architectss from each of the principal countries of the world requesting them to join the competition. The names of these men have not yet been made public.

The palace contemplated in the announcement is divided into two parst, one a courthouse for the permanent court of arbitration, and the other a library, to contain about 200,000 volumes. The total cost is to be 1,600,000 guilders, which is about $640,000.

Regulations for the competition allow seven months from the present date for the full completion of architectural drawings. Copies of the rules and conditions of the contest will be issued at the New York office of the Netherlands consul.

Testimonial to W. J. Bryan.

Chicago, Sept. 1.—The testimonial to William J. Bryan, to be given by the Jefferson club here, Sept. 12, is to be national in character. As announced today, the speakers at the banquet, aside from Mayor Dunne, will be ex-Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota, ex-Gov. Hogg of Texas, ex-Gov. Garvin of Rhode Island, Hon. Bird S. Coler of New York, John McGraw of West Virginia, Ollie James of Kentucky and ex-Senator Jones of Arkansas. There will be 300 guests.

TEA

Sell as your customer likes to buy.

That's how to do business, in tea or anything else.

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best.

Common tea is expensive; it lacks flavor and tonic effect. Practice economy—buy good tea. Your grocer sells

Golden Gate Ceylon Tea

The best tea on earth. One pound makes four hundred rich flavory cups. Use half the usual quantity.

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R. STENZEL FUR CO.,

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For Summer Keeping. We Remodel, Repair, Redye and make old Garments New During the Summer Months. Highest Prices Paid for Raw Furs and Live Wild Animals.

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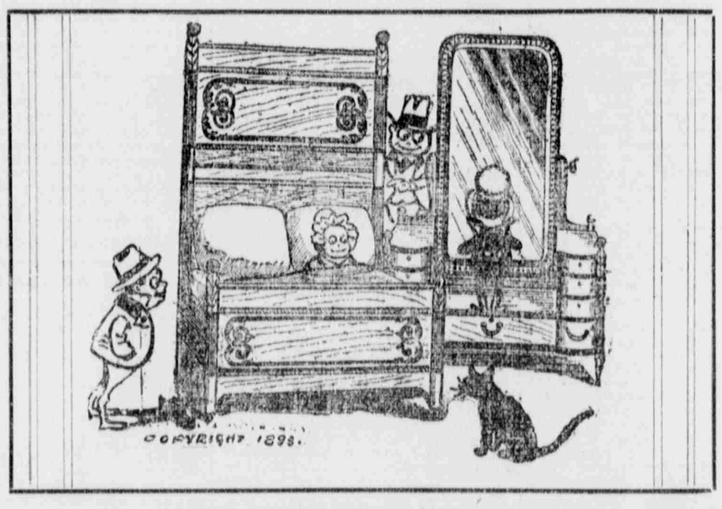

We are still selling Furniture, Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Draperies, Stoves, Ranges, etc., from our most complete stock of dependable Home Furnishings, on the same old convenient easy-pay plan of ours

TERMS: $1.00 on $10; $10 on $100.

NO INTEREST.

You Pay Only a "Little at Time," But of course Every Little Helps.