

GREAT ELECTION ACTIVITY IN RUSSIA

Already it Has Reached an Acute Stage Though Date of Holding is Unknown.

CANDIDATES COME INTO OPEN.

Defections From Constitutional Democrats' Ranks Assuming Character of Split.

St. Petersburg, Jan. 31.—The pre-election activity has reached an acute stage although the date of the convocation of the national assembly, or even the date for holding the elections, is unknown.

The most eligible members of the Social Democrats, the League of Leagues, and other extremist organizations, in spite of their fulminations against the national assembly, are registering as individuals and intend to exercise the franchise.

The main center of political activity at present is Moscow, where the six moderate organizations, following the example of St. Petersburg, have established a political club and are planning to publish a paper under the editorship of Prince Eugene Troubetsky.

The defections from the ranks of the Constitutional Democrats are now assuming the character of an open split, with female strategy and the autonomy of Poland as the two principal points of difference.

Among the candidates at Moscow are Prince Galitzin, M. Guchkov and Dmitri Shipov, representative of the moderate faction.

The project for giving Russia a "constitution" by making alterations in the fundamental laws of the empire so as to harmonize them with the imperial manifesto of Oct. 17 will be taken up for consideration tomorrow by the Solzky commission, which includes besides the cabinet ministers, other leaders of the government and men prominent in public life.

The censorship is now being relaxed in the case of press dispatches from Vladivostok, but the telegrams received are of no later date than Jan. 28 and cover only the development of the mutiny.

The telegraph strike, which cut off Vladivostok from direct communication with Russia since the end of November, was of great service to the revolutionists, as it allowed the circulation of the most sensational rumors and accounts of events here over a month before the collision was precipitated.

On Jan. 22 the garrison at Vladivostok was peacefully in a state of open mutiny. The few loyal Cossacks were intimidated and even attacked.

Revolutionary organizations were formed and meetings were held in the barracks, on board ships, and in the streets, in open defiance of the repeated prohibitions of Selivanoff, the commander of the troops.

The encounter of Jan. 23 was precipitated by the arrests of the leaders of the movement by Gen. Selivanoff.

BODIES SENT TO VICTORIA. Victoria, B. C., Jan. 31.—All bodies found at the scene of the wreck of the Valencia will now be brought to Victoria, instructed by the navy, and given this afternoon to the police officer in charge of the party who went by the tug Lorne to permit no corpses to be

TELEBRARY ITCHING SCALP HUMOR

Badly Affected With Sores and Crusts—Extended Down Behind the Ears—Some Years Later Painful and Itching Pustules Broke Out on Lower Part of Body—Son Also Affected.

A TRIPLE CURE BY CUTICURA REMEDIES

"About ten years ago my scalp became badly affected with sore and itching humors, crusts, etc., and extended down behind the ears. My hair came out in places also. I was greatly troubled; understood it was eczema. Tried various remedies, so called, without effect. Saw your Cuticura advertisement, and got them at once. Applied them as directed, etc., and after two weeks, I think, of use, was clear as a whistle.

"I have to state also that late last fall, October and November, 1904, I was suddenly afflicted with a bad eruption, painful and itching pustules over the lower part of the body, I suffered dreadfully. In two months, under the skillful treatment of my doctor, conjoined with Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment, I found myself cured.

"Six years ago my son was laid up with a severe cold, a hard cough, and finally pneumonia, which proved fatal. I procured the Cuticura Remedies as soon as possible, and after his faithful use of same was as well as ever in two weeks, as well as I can recall. He has never had a return of the illness, as far as I know.

"I have always been pleased to commend the Cuticura Remedies, and testify as to their efficacy. I am a veteran of the late Civil War, '61-'65, between seventy and eighty years of age. Yours truly, H. M. F. Weiss, Rosemond, Christian Co., Ill., Aug. 31, 1905."

A PERFECT FOOD.

That Scott's Emulsion should act so quickly and satisfactorily in all cases of lost flesh and continued wasting is not surprising when its food value is understood. With pure Norwegian cod liver oil, hypophosphites of lime and soda and glycerine, there is combined in Scott's Emulsion the best elements of nourishment and strength building known to medical science. Any physician will tell you this.

The use of these ingredients in the proper proportions; the employment of only the purest grade of each, and to combine them perfectly is the secret of the success of Scott's Emulsion. You will not find a more certain way to stop waste, build flesh and strength and supply nourishment than through Scott's Emulsion.

SCOTT & BOWNE, 409 Pearl St., New York.

taken direct to Seattle, as has been done heretofore. The cutter Grant took three boilers to Seattle and the tug Bahad, which called a Victoria to report, took another identified body to Seattle.

WOOL GROWERS CONDEMN PRESIDENT.

Denver, Jan. 31.—Resolutions condemning President Roosevelt's policy of taxing stockmen for grazing on forest reserves were adopted today by the executive committee of the National Wool Growers' association and a committee was appointed to go to Washington and oppose this measure and advocate railroad rate legislation.

The first step toward making the Wool Growers' association "national" in scope and membership as well as in name, was taken by the executive committee, which reduced the individual dues for membership from \$10 to \$5 a year. Plans for establishing a chief office of the wool growers at Cheyenne were adopted and a committee was appointed to reorganize the basis of the national conventions.

George B. Walker, the new secretary of the association, has begun his campaign to secure every sheepman in the United States as an active member of the organization. He was selected for the position on his record as secretary of the Wyoming Wool Growers' association, and his membership has increased from 40 to 275 in nine months. Walker is planning an active campaign in the southwest and in Tennessee, North and South Carolina, Arkansas and other southern states.

DEADLY FEUD IN SYRIAN QUARTER OF NEW YORK.

New York, Jan. 31.—One man was killed and two others were probably mortally wounded tonight in the Syrian quarter of New York City, marking another chapter in the feud which has been raging between the adherents of different religious faiths among the Syrians here. The man killed, John Stephan, was a brother of Archbishop Stefan, the Syrian Roman Catholic prelate.

Stefan was shot to death in a Syrian restaurant, where he was dining with a party of friends. Two cousins, Elias Zarkik and George Zarkik, residents of Brooklyn, entered the place, drew revolvers and began to fire. Stefan fell dead after the first volley. Another of the diners, Raphael Sholach, was shot in the back and mortally wounded. In the melee that followed the firing of the first shot George Zarkik, the police accidentally sent a bullet into his cousin's chest, the ball lodging over the heart. He is in a hospital in a critical condition.

THE EQUITABLE SUES J. H. HYDE FOR PROFITS.

New York, Jan. 31.—President Paul Morton of the Equitable Life Assurance society announced today that suit has been started against James H. Hyde for the recovery of approximately \$72,000, representing Mr. Hyde's profits in syndicates which sold securities to the society. Mr. Morton also announced that suits were in preparation against various men who had profited by leases of the spaces in buildings owned by the Equitable to the so-called subsidiary companies, and that these and other claims of the society growing out of the acts of the old Equitable administration were being pushed as rapidly as possible.

At a meeting of the Equitable directors today several of the counsel employed in the factional troubles in the society last year and before the reorganization presented their bills. Objections were made that resulted in the appointment of a special committee to consider whether the legal charges were excessive and whether in certain instances the society ought, in any event, to be liable for their payments.

ROCKEFELLER AT HOME.

New York, Feb. 1.—The Herald today says: John D. Rockefeller is at Boxwood, his home in the Poconto hills, and has a guest who is understood to be Father William Rockefeller, John D. Rockefeller has been reported recently as in the south and at various winter resorts but it was learned positively last night at a reception to the Bible class, his son that he was at Boxwood. Little has been known of the father of John D. Rockefeller for many years. He has been reported as living on a ranch in North Dakota with one of his sons, Frank Rockefeller and also as living on a ranch in South Dakota.

BURIED IN CONFEDERATE FLAGS

New York, Feb. 1.—A special to the Tribune from Baltimore says: Rev. Matthew O'Keefe was buried yesterday in the Catholic church, which he had built at Towson, Md. In accordance with a request made long before he died, three Confederate flags were wrapped about his coffin. He was chaplain of Mahon's brigade.

RAILROAD RATE FULLY DISCUSSED.

Perkins of N. Y. Opposes Government Control of Business Enterprises.

AFTER THE STANDARD OIL CO.

Campbell of Kansas Offers Amendment With Intention of Reaching the Trust.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Discussion of the railroad rate bill continued in the house today. Incident to it two speeches, the efforts of Mr. Campbell of Kansas and Mr. Martin of South Dakota, took a wider range and swept the horizon of trust evils generally.

Mr. Bartlett of Georgia, a minority member of the committee reporting the bill, made a two-hour speech, in which he discussed the legal and constitutional questions involved and advocated the passage of the bill as a proper remedy for an intolerable condition.

The first speech in opposition to the bill, which concluded the day's discussion, was made by Mr. Perkins of New York. He based his opposition to government control of rates on an inherent aversion to government control of business enterprises. Red tape and fixed conditions, he said, were an inseparable part of government action on any matter.

A bill was passed granting a federal fund for the advancement of teaching. The fund consists of \$10,000,000, the income of which is to furnish pensions to retired educators.

With the avowed intention of reaching the Standard Oil company, Mr. Campbell offered a resolution which he will press later, emphasizing the placing of all private car and transportation facilities under the regulation of the Interstate Commerce Commission.

He quoted from the testimony of railroad officials, showing that the beef packers practically make their own rates; the Standard Oil company had dictatorial control over the poultry, fruit and dairy products were subject to the same control.

Reverting to the Standard Oil company, Mr. Campbell declared: "The bill is intended to reach the Standard Oil company, the attorney general and the governor of Missouri that further prosecution of a suit now pending in the circuit court in St. Louis, Missouri, will destroy the value of billions and billions of property within the state of Kansas and the Indian Territory."

"Ye gods!" exclaimed Mr. Campbell, after he read a statement from an officer of the Standard Oil company announcing that if the prosecution in Missouri did not cease the Standard Oil company would not lack facilities to market their product. "The power of monopoly stopping the prosecution of suits pending in the courts by threatening the rate payers."

After reciting the Missouri threat Mr. Campbell read a resolution presented to the New Jersey legislature yesterday directed against the Standard Oil company, and remarked:

"It must have been said this morning down in Florida under the palms, as he was taking his walk and reading the morning papers, after he pointed to New Jersey, when Mr. Rockefeller said: 'It is true, but tomorrow, as Anthony Rogers leans over the prostrate form and picks out the particular slash that was made in the back of the man, was the most unkindest cut of all.'"

"And the beef packers today in Chicago are claiming immunity from prosecution for the same crime which they admitted their crimes with what they believed to be an implicit understanding that they would not be prosecuted."

Mr. Perkins (N. Y.) took a very pessimistic view of the rate measure. "If the bill answers any useful purpose it will be as a scarecrow," was his assertion. While not claiming the railroad situation to be ideal, it would be very easy to go from the frying pan into the fire. As to injuring the railroad, he was not alarmed at the bill, because, he said, it is impossible there should be any active supervision of railroad rates under it.

"There are millions of different rates in this country. There are a vast number of people who would be glad to get their rates cheaper; just as there are a vast number of people who are glad to get anything cheaper. Fixing these rates requires the constant action of thousands of trained men. All the wrongs that may be in this system we are going to have regulated by a tribunal of seven judges, who have in addition an abundance of other work on hand."

"If there was to be an active and effective supervision of railroad rates by the government, instead of seven interstate commerce commissioners, we should have 7,000."

While there was no doubt of frequent instances of mistakes in the management of railroads, Mr. Perkins gave them credit as the pioneer builders of America, and contrasted it with their credit rates in Europe, which, he said, were one-third higher than our highest rates.

The loss of the American House, two doors west, were aroused and made ready to leave their rooms, but the blaze at no time assumed serious proportions.

NEW BROOKS COMET.

Cambridge, Mass., Feb. 1.—The elements as well as prediction of the probable course of the new Brooks comet, were received at the Harvard observatory yesterday from Prof. A. O. Loomis of the University of California at Berkeley. The computations were made from observations by Messrs. Crawford and Champerlain on Jan. 28, 29 and 30. The perihelion of passage of the comet is computed at Dec. 19, 1905, G. M. T. The comet is expected to increase one one-hundredth of a degree in light during the next 12 days and will be in position on Feb. 15, completed at A. 15. 5m 5s and dec. 78 degrees 37 M. The comet will probably remain invisible to the naked eye.

FUNDS FOR FOREIGN MISSIONS.

Springfield, Mass., Feb. 1.—In meetings held here yesterday under the auspices of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions, \$1,529 was pledged as an extra contribution toward the \$1,000,000 fund which the board is attempting to collect.

Harfina Soap Medicated, Deodorizing, Fragrant

A Breath of Pine Balsam in Every Cake For pimples, blackheads, eczema, rough, red heads, and itching humors. Cleanses, softens, and beautifies. Instantly stops itching, falling and itching hair.

to the Constitution to escape regulation by the states and were now appealing to the national government to escape federal control. He limited the credit due to the president, saying:

"While it is true the president in his messages has urged legislation of this character, he is not entitled to the credit of having originated the proposed legislation."

An exhaustive discussion of the developments of trusts and monopolies and their effect on business was indulged in by Mr. Martin of South Dakota, who has a bill pending to control such organizations. He urged that commodities and freights and discouragement of individual endeavor were the result of the stifling of competition.

A bill was passed granting a federal fund for the advancement of teaching. The fund consists of \$10,000,000, the income of which is to furnish pensions to retired educators.

NIAGARA FALLS.

Canada Willing to Cooperate in Their Preservation.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Another step looking toward congressional action to preserve Niagara Falls was taken today in the filing of the report of Chairman Burton of the house committee on rivers and harbors on a resolution calling for information from the international committee on that subject.

The report says the American members of this committee are directed to exert all possible efforts in this connection with the members of the commission representing the Dominion of Canada for the preservation of the falls in their natural condition.

The report expresses confidence that the Canadian commissioners will cooperate in recommending necessary measures.

MIDSHIPMAN DISMISSED.

Washington, Jan. 31.—Midshipman Ned LeRoy Chapin, first class, and appointed from California, has been dismissed from the naval academy for hazing.

CECIL G. PLANT ARRESTED.

Will be Held on Charge of Polygamy, For Utah Officers.

San Francisco, Jan. 31.—Cecil G. Plant was arrested tonight on telegraphic instructions and will be held pending the arrival of an officer from Utah.

Plant is charged with polygamy. It is alleged that last December he was married in Davis county, Utah, to Miss Mary May of La Grande, Or., while he had a wife in California.

It is said that he lived with the second wife for a few weeks only.

INCENDIARIES FIRE THREE TENEMENTS.

New York, Feb. 1.—Three big East Side tenements containing in all between 350 and 400 persons, were fired by incendiaries early this morning but fortunately each blaze was discovered in time and extinguished before serious damage was done. The tenements were at 129 Division street, 190 East Broadway, and 132 East Broadway. The fires occurred within five minutes of each other.

RECKLESS AUTOMOBILISTS.

Chicago Authorities Are Trying Hard To Control Them.

Chicago, Feb. 1.—City and park authorities united yesterday in a determined attempt to stop reckless automobile driving in Chicago's streets.

An investigation of the violations of the ordinances which have been going on with impunity during the winter months has opened a startling field of inquiry.

Police records show that 90 per cent of the 140 instances of persons being killed and maimed by automobiles during the last year can be laid directly to the careless and reckless chauffeurs and automobile companies as "experts."

Charges are made by the police that these chauffeurs use every trick to follow the law, and give false addresses after they have run down a pedestrian—that is if they stop at all—to using grease and dust in efforts to disguise their numbers. They place dimes, knock off the enamel, dent them and hang them upside down, in wilful and impudent violation of all the laws written by the legislature.

Despite the police precautions, fast running has been a feature of the open winter on all the boulevards. With 4,000 automobiles running in the city next summer the authorities are preparing for a battle royal with the violators, and already changes in the ordinances are being advocated.

FIRE IN CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 1.—A fire in the building housing the city council in the Cleveland Leader on Superior avenue early today was gotten under control with the loss of but a few thousand dollars.

MINERVA CLUB WOMEN WOULD STOP HAZING.

New York, Feb. 1.—Women of the Minerva club are working to have hazing abolished in colleges. They have obtained indorsement from the presidents of almost all the prominent universities in the country and are now framing a bill making hazing a crime. They hope to have it introduced in Congress at this session.

While approving the movement and giving their signatures to the club's resolution, several university heads suggested that the surest way of eliminating brutality from college life is through gentleness by mothers in the home.

From Dr. Arthur T. Hadley, president of Yale, this letter of indorsement was received by the club: "We are very glad to say that physical cruelty in the form of hazing has been long ago abolished at Yale by the voluntary action of the students themselves. And under these circumstances it seems hardly necessary to pass any vote on the matter, since the passing of a vote to condemn these practices might be construed as indicating that such practices prevailed here."

That the checking of hazing lies with the parents of students is the opinion given in a letter from William Pierce, president of Gambier, the institution attended by Stuart Pierson, who was killed by a train. There was an investigation on the theory that he had been tied to the tracks by students. He said:

"The proper remedy lies not in an appeal to college faculties to forbid such practices, for prohibition is often merely a negative and external matter, but in an appeal to the mothers of the land to inculcate humane and gentlemanly principles, which shall act as an inward and compelling law upon young men in their institutions. If parents are unable to bring up their sons to a proper horror of cruelty, brutality and tyranny, they can hardly hope that college faculties will find it possible to train the sons grown almost to manhood."

"If the resolutions have any connection with the death of Stuart Pierson at Keegan college, allow me to say that unhappy accident had nothing whatever to do with cruel practices or with any form of hazing."

Only one college president admitted that hazing was carried on with the consent of the faculty. David C. Barrow, dean of the University of Georgia, says:

"I present hazing in this university is restricted to certain horseplay contests between the two younger classes. I know, however, that at any time our students may conclude it is good form to follow the example of other colleges and universities. I am highly gratified that the Minerva club is moving in the direction of a wise and healthy sentiment on a most difficult and important subject."

LA GRIPPE AND PNEUMONIA.

Pneumonia often follows La Grippe but never follows the use of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cures La Grippe, coughs and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Ask for Foley's Honey and Tar and refuse any substitute offered. M. G. Vacher, of 157 Osgood St., Chicago, writes: "My wife had a severe case of la grippe three years ago and it next her with a terrible cough. She tried a bottle of Foley's Honey and Tar and it gave immediate relief. A doctor told her cough entirely. Refuse substitutes. For sale by F. J. Hill Drug Co."

6 BEST SELLING BOOKS

- RECORD FOR DECEMBER. 1. The House of Mirth. Wharton. \$1.50 2. The Conquest of Canaan. Tarkenton. 1.50 3. Nedra. McCutcheon. 1.50 4. The Gambler. Thurston. 1.50 5. The River. Wiggin. 1.25 6. Fair Margaret. Crawford. 1.50

We have the above and over 200 titles of the choicest fiction of the best authors of the day.

DESERET NEWS BOOK STORE, 4 Main St.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

Cures Colds, Croup and Whooping Cough.

The Lester Grand and Upright Pianos

Are As Near Perfection As They Can Be. The most remarkable piano ever built. Take One Home For \$10.00

Daynes & Romney Piano Company, 25-27 E. FIRST SOUTH.

Santa Fe

THE Long Distance Record. The "Scotty" Special. 2265 Miles Over Mountain and Plain in less than 45 hours Demonstrating That "Santa Fe" track, equipment and employees are of the Dependable kind. Probably YOU wouldn't care to ride so fast. You prefer the luxury of 3 Regular Trains From Utah and Colorado to everywhere East and Southwest. Ask me for Ticket Rates and Literature.

C. F. Warren, G. A. A. T. & S. F. Ry., 411 Dooly Block, Salt Lake City, Utah.

SLOAN'S LINIMENT

A Necessity When Traveling For Toothache, Neuralgia, And All Accidents

Price 25c 50c & \$1.00 All Drug Stores



"DRUNKENNESS" CIGARETTE AND TOBACCO HABITS CURED BY TRIB

Each package contains a full four weeks' treatment and GUARANTEES a cure in every case. Price, \$1.50. "TRIB" cleans the entire system. The examination of the bath water after a few days' treatment will at once convince you of this fact.

"You ask me what I think of 'TRIB.' Well, it is the greatest discovery for cleaning poison blood and system on earth. I took it with the idea that it cleared the system of tobacco and alcohol poison, it also would do the same thing to blood poison of which I have been a sufferer for years, and I can truthfully say it has served the purpose after spending hundreds of dollars on worthless advertised remedies for blood poison as well as a cure for tobacco and liquor habits. Inquiries cheerfully answered if stamp is enclosed.

It is my belief that no remedy upon the market today will come nearer leaving your system after treatment as pure and clean as a cure of a new born babe, as 'TRIB' will. A trail will at once convince you that 'TRIB' is all we claim for it.

F. C. Schramm, Doull Drug Co.

Cor. 1st So. and Owl corner, next Main St., where door to a new cars stop. Postoffice. Sole Agents.

COLORADO-UTAH MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY

SHORT LINE TO ST. LOUIS. Through car Salt Lake City to St. Louis and Kansas City. Only one change to St. Louis. Buffalo and principal points east—low rates for summer travel.

ARRIVE: No. 4—From Ogden, Chicago, Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Fort Collins, Portland, Butte and San Francisco. 4:15 a.m. No. 4—From Ogden, Portland, Butte and San Francisco. 4:30 a.m. No. 4—From Ogden, Cache Valley and Intermediate Points. 4:30 a.m. No. 12—From Chicago, Omaha, Ogden and Intermediate Points. 4:05 p.m. No. 2—From Ogden, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, Denver, Portland, Butte and San Francisco. 6:15 p.m. No. 10—From Ogden, Cache Valley, Butte, Portland and San Francisco. 7:35 p.m.

DEPART: No. 5—For Ogden, Kansas City, Chicago, Denver, Omaha City and St. Louis. 7:10 a.m. No. 7—For Ogden, Portland, Butte, San Francisco and Intermediate Points. 10:30 a.m. No. 1—For Ogden, Omaha, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas City, St. Louis and San Francisco. 4:30 p.m. No. 11—For Ogden, Cache Valley and Intermediate Points. 4:10 p.m. No. 15—For Ogden, Omaha, Chicago and Intermediate Points. 5:55 p.m. No. 3—For Ogden, Denver, Kansas City, Omaha, St. Louis and Chicago. 6:05 p.m. No. 4—For Ogden, Omaha, Chicago, Butte, Helena, Portland, San Francisco and Intermediate Points. 11:45 p.m. D. E. BURLLEY G. P. A. D. S. SPENCER, G. P. A. City Ticket Office, 291 Main Street. Telephone 250.

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