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LIBERTY AND JUSTICE

"Idleness is the holiday of fools," and the prudent worker may abolish "fool's holidays" from his calendar by looking for work in "the want ad. way."

10 PAGES—LAST EDITION.

MONDAY, JUNE 18, 1906. SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.

FIFTY-SIXTH YEAR.

THINGS GET WORSE ALL THE TIME IN RUSSIA

Constitutional Democrats Seem To Be Nearly Ready to Join The Revolutionists.

HARD TO KEEP CONTROL.

Leaders in Lower House Urge Necessity to Keep Pace With Revolutionary Movement.

Strikes Spreading—Lawlessness and Anarchy Grow—Government Fears Repetition of November Mutiny.

St. Petersburg, June 18.—The Constitutional Democrats seem almost ready to throw in their lot with the revolutionists. The popular agitation is so great that at a caucus lasting three morning the question of changing the party's tactics and abandoning any further attempt to postpone an open rupture with the government was seriously debated. M. Rodicheff and Nabokoff, leaders of the Constitutional Democrats in the lower house, led by the Radical wing, are urging the absolute necessity of keeping pace with the revolutionary movement, and insisting that unless they moved forward to battle immediately they would be overwhelmed and left stranded. Prof. Mitukoff, M. Vinaverand and others counseled caution, saying it was not prudent to ally with the revolutionists, but the Radicals were in the majority.

NO BREAK YET.
The Novo Vremya today says the Constitutional Democrats have actually resolved to break with the government within a few days. M. Struve, editor of the Osvobodjenje, informed the Associated Press that no decision has been reached, but he admitted, however, that the leaders' plans were secret. Many of the Liberals fear a rupture and regard the contemplated step as a grave error. They claim that the Constitutional Democrats cannot hope to keep step with the advance of the Radicals, who, at meetings held in the suburbs of St. Petersburg last night, not only condemned the lower house of parliament and characterized the Constitutional Democrats as traitors, but even denounced them as traitors.

M. ALLADIN HISSED.
M. Alladin was hissed because he tried to explain the absurdity of the contention that the nous must demand that the emperor summon a constitutional assembly. The meeting refused to listen to his statement that the revolution could not be advanced by such a death warrant. Constituent assemblies, he said, were constituted, and not summoned by the government. The senators, at the meetings, gloried the coming dictatorship of the proletariat and cheered the cries of "down with the government" and "down with the middleclasses."

BAKERIES CLOSED.
The bakeries continue closed today, which was threatening to wreck the shops where attempts were made to bake bread. Little hardship, however, has thus far resulted. The lower classes were warned and supplied themselves with black bread. The bakers are to be followed in a few days by a butchers' strike.

STRIKE SPREADS.
The news from the interior shows that the wave of strikes is spreading, but it is too early to tell whether the movement, which seems to be spontaneous and organized, will precipitate a crisis. New strikes are reported at Yekaterinburg, at Saratoff, and at the collieries of Bakumoff.

MUTINY FEARED.
The government seems to be repetition of the November mutiny. The troops are being sent to the front, and the soldiers are reported to be extremely turbulent. Two infantry regiments have been hastily dispatched to Cronstadt from Kronoy-Sele, and two batteries of artillery of the guard and two machine gun batteries have been sent there from Oranienbaum. The streets of Cronstadt are filled with troops, and the wild and lawless inhabitants are hurriedly leaving.

AGRIAN DEBATE ENDED.
The long debate on the agrarian question was ended at this morning's session of the lower house of parliament with a strong speech by Michael Slavkovitch of Orel, in which he virtually declared that the government must recognize the principle of the total expropriation of private land holdings in order to satisfy the peasants, but he appealed for peaceful co-operation between the house and the government in arranging a settlement of this great question. It was decided to send the agrarian question to a commission, and a recess of the session of the lower house was taken.

QUET IN BIALYSTOK.
Bialystok, June 18, noon.—Quiet reigns today throughout this devastated town. Firing was heard at midnight on the outskirts of Bialystok near the cemetery, but no further disorders have occurred. The total figures of the casualties are not available, but 79 bodies were buried today. This is claimed to be less than half the total of the killed. Jewish estimates say that not less than 200 were killed. The number of wounded is enormous. Surgeons have arrived from Warsaw to assist the overworked staffs of the hospitals in caring for the wounded.

and give them accounts of their sufferings.

A SUPERSTITIOUS CROWD.

People Left Madison, Wis., Because Feared City's Destruction.

Chicago, June 18.—A dispatch to Tribune from Madison, Wis., says: Fully 1,500 people went yesterday afternoon from Madison because of a superstitious fear of the destruction of the city, as predicted by the water of Lakes Mendota and Monona would rise up and engulf the city because of its iniquities. The exhorter called himself "P. G. Jones." The prophecy was the talk of the city for several days and scores of timid people drew their deposits from the banks and left town. Hundreds crossed the lakes to pleasure parks and railroads had to put on extra cars to accommodate the outward rush. One man rushed a houseboat to completion and with his family, occupied it.

University professors and ministers sought to allay the fear through the newspapers, but they were of no avail. Most of the frightened ones returned to the city last night.

STREET CAR COLLISION.

Chicago, June 18.—More than 20 persons were injured when two street cars collided last night at Halsted and O'Neil streets. Five of them were women. The accident occurred when hundreds of picnics were returning from outings in the north and south parks. Pathetic scenes followed the collision. Parents who were with their children and had become separated sought them for a long time before finding them. Scores of policemen from outlying stations were sent in patrol wagons to aid the injured.

IN MEMORY OF DAVITT.

New York, June 18.—A memorial meeting in honor of the memory of Michael Davitt was held in Carnegie hall last night under the auspices of the Municipal council of the United Irish league, State Supreme Court Justice Martin J. Keogh, presided, and among the speakers were W. O'Rourke, Charles J. Conroy, Charles McCready, Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman of Temple Emanuel, Joseph R. Buchanan, Rev. Francis J. O'Hare of Newry, Ireland, and James E. Dolan, president of the Ancient Order of the Hibernians of America.

ITALIAN VESSEL ASHORE.

First Island, N. Y., June 18.—The Italian steamer Venzonina, which went ashore on Fire Island bar yesterday, was being towed to the beach this morning. The vessel's captain began throwing cargo into the water and made every effort to free his vessel, but was unsuccessful. Lifesavers remained on hand.

GOING INTO POLITICS.

Central Federated Union of New York Has Decided To.

New York, June 18.—The Central Federated union of New York today announced its decision to enter politics which may lead to the organization of an independent labor party. The action is in line with the recommendation of President Gompers of the American Federation of Labor, several months ago, advising the unions to go into politics. The executive committee of the central body was instructed to draw up a plan for independent political action and submit it within 30 days.

N. Y. NEWS LETTER.

Bimonthly Periodical of N. Y. Life Suspends Publication.

New York, June 18.—It was announced yesterday that the New York News Letter, the bimonthly periodical of the New York Life insurance company, suspends publication with the May-June issue just out of the press.

This paper, which had been published for 30 years, had a circulation of 40,000 copies, had a large circulation, the editions amounting sometimes to 100,000 copies. It was sent out to the 10,000 agents of the company, who saw that it was distributed in their districts. The expense of publication and distribution was large. An officer of the company said yesterday that under existing conditions the company believed the paper could be dispensed with. The special meeting of the stockholders of the Equitable to consider approving and authorizing the amended charter of the society will be held today. As Thomas F. Ryan, who owns a majority of the stock, favors the plan for semi-liquidation which makes it necessary to amend the charter, it is believed the plan will be adopted. It provides for the election of 28 of the 52 directors by the policyholders next December. The minority stockholders, represented by Franklin B. Lord, who are opposed to the liquidation, will undoubtedly be heard at the stockholders' meeting.

24,000 LETTERS ON THE S. F. ADVERTISING LIST.

San Francisco, June 18.—Local postal authorities here today announced that 24,000 letters had been placed on the advertised list last week, being the maximum amount since the configuration. It is expected that by next week this number will have risen to not more than 18,000. The normal number of advertised letters is between 2,000 and 4,000.

Within the past four weeks there were returned from the carriers to the general delivery section about 28,000 letters, requests on the envelopes and were sent back to the writers. The remainder after having been destroyed by the return of the letter office in Washington.

A HEAD-ON COLLISION.

Bridgeport, O., June 18.—A head-on collision today at West Wheeling, between the special train of General Manager Fitzgerald of the B. & O., and a heavily loaded ore train, resulted in serious injury to six men and slight injury to half a dozen others.

COUNTED 290 JEWISH CORPSES.

Correspondent Says Only Six Christians Were Killed. Eight Wounded.

PEOPLE OF WARSAW WARNED.

Chief of Police Issues Proclamation Against Attempts to Provoke Racial Hatred.

Odessa, June 18.—The Novost of this city published a dispatch today from its correspondent at Bialystok, saying: "I personally counted 290 Jewish corpses, a great number of which were horribly mutilated. Only six Christians were killed and eight wounded."

SUPPRESSING THE NEWS.

St. Petersburg, June 18.—No fresh news was received here from Bialystok this morning and none of the newspapers can get a word directly from their correspondents there. The correspondent of the Associated Press who should have arrived there from St. Petersburg yesterday morning has not been heard from.

Nothing has been received here from the parliamentary commission sent to Bialystok to inquire into and report upon the massacre of Jews.

It is evident that the authorities will not allow any dispatches to be sent from the terror-stricken town which is regarded as ample proof of the horror of the situation. The last telegram known to have been received here, reached M. Ostrowski, a member of the lower house of parliament, from Grodno yesterday. It was as follows: "The Jewish outrage at Bialystok was produced by provocation. The police participated in it and the troops actively supported the rioters. The military authorities now have full control. The governor-general has left the city. Persons who tried to leave Bialystok were killed at the railroad station and others who succeeded in reaching the open fields outside the town were run down by dragons. There seems no hope of stopping the attacks. The number of victims is large. While this appeal for immediate assistance is being written we hear about us the sound of volleys."

PEOPLE OF WARSAW WARNED.

Warsaw, June 18.—The chief of police of Warsaw today issued a proclamation warning the people against the efforts to provoke racial hatred and stating that every attempt at rioting would be mercilessly suppressed by force of arms.

Anti-Jewish Riots Have Broken Out at Zaboludov and Goujondz, in the Province of Grodno and at Ossowiec, in the Province of Lorgna.

BOY CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Chicago, June 18.—Fearing to jump from a trestle on which a train was approaching, Max Moszczycki, 15 years old, lay between the rails on the bridge over the Calumet river at One Hundred and Forty-fifth street, Riverdale, yesterday, and was crushed to death. His father, Marshal Moszczycki, and Raymond Sulcowski, who confronted by the same alternative, jumped from the bridge and then swam to shore.

After the train crossed the trestle it was stopped and the crew hurried back over the tracks to where the boy had been struck. The body had been carried along the ties under the train for a few minutes later the boy's father arrived, and learning that the boy was dead, he called the engineer saw the danger that the men and the boy were in, but was unable to stop the train.

TO REBUILD CHURCHES.

Chicago, June 18.—In Presbyterian churches throughout the United States yesterday collections were taken up for a fund for the rebuilding of the edifices of that denomination destroyed or damaged by the recent fire in Chicago. The fund was added officially by the recent general assembly at Des Moines, Ia., which asked that at least \$500,000 be raised. In most of the 24 Presbyterian churches of Chicago and vicinity the request of the assembly for an adjournment until a bill is passed, Chairman Bartholomew of the buildings committee is confident that they can get a rule for consideration, and all this can be done in a week, when the house gets down to real business. So that in spite of the apparently great obstacles in the way of adjournment Congress will in all probability get away before the fourth of July.

ANOTHER S. F. VICTIM.

San Francisco, June 18.—The body of another victim of the fire of April 18 was found yesterday. The remains were identified as that of Wm. Neill, a tailor, who kept his shop and lived at 18 Seventh street.

BATTLE OF BUNKER HILL.

Charlestown, Mass., Celebrates 131st Anniversary of It.

Boston, June 18.—Charlestown's celebration of the 131st anniversary of the battle of Bunker Hill was ushered in at midnight with the usual noisy demonstrations. The central streets of the Charlestown district were thronged early today, the celebrators devoting themselves to the ringing of bells, blowing of horns and the explosion of firecrackers.

THE SULLY CHILDREN.

British Ambassador Wants Their Aunt, Mrs. Fenwick Arrested.

Boston, June 18.—An international phase has developed in the case of the Sully children of Malden, who were taken to Denver by their aunt, Mrs. Bella Fenwick.

Through the efforts of Sir Mortimer Durand, British ambassador at Washington, and Capt. W. Wyndham, British consul here, papers have been obtained from the British government calling for the arrest of Mrs. Fenwick, who is in charge of having kidnapped Sully Sully from Malden on Feb. 14, and Mabel Sully from Montreal last year.

Government, of which he and the children are subjects.

Massachusetts officials received word yesterday that the United States officers will be given the papers and ordered to serve them on Mrs. Fenwick in Denver. If the service is successful, Mrs. Fenwick and the two children will be taken to Montreal.

STORY OF FREDERICK MUTH'S KIDNAPPING.

New York, June 18.—Frederick Muth, the 7-year-old boy who was kidnapped in Philadelphia last Tuesday, was found in Brooklyn yesterday, according to the World. He is with relatives there, and in a few days will be returned to his parents. This announcement was made in Philadelphia at 12:30 o'clock this morning by Frederick Myer, the close personal friend of the Muths, who has been accused of having kidnapped the child, and is now in New Brunswick and is now with relatives in Brooklyn. He will be returned to his home in a few days. The man who took him away will not be prosecuted.

Chief of Detectives Donaghy made the following statement. He remained silent when asked whether the abductor had been captured, but repeated what Myer had already said, "There will be no prospect of it."

A Philadelphia dispatch to the Herald says that Chief of Detectives Donaghy secured a confession from Mr. Muth that the latter has known all the time who stole and held the child, and that the boy was with relatives. Mr. Muth, it is said, made this confession yesterday, after a long interview with Donaghy. Donaghy was further informed that it would be useless for him to try further attempts to find the kidnapper, as the family wanted the matter dropped. Capt. Donaghy expressed surprise at the confession, adding: "There ought to be some law to punish such persons guilty of such impositions on the public and the authorities."

Mr. Muth is quoted as saying: "This matter has gone farther than we had any idea or intention. We did not think the papers would make a sensation out of it. My wife knew nothing of the imposition that has been perpetrated, and I confess it wrung my heart with grief and misery by its absence."

"I thought the mystery would be solved in a day or two, but as it grew I became more afraid to reveal what I had done. I will not say who has the boy or my motive for practicing this imposition on the police and public."

"My wife is overjoyed, of course, at this assurance that the boy is all right. I do not think he will be home for some time, at least not until this sensation has blown over."

THREE CENTS A MILE.

What It Will Mean on Short Line System.

As an illustration of what the recent order issued by the traffic director of the Harriman lines establishing a flat rate of 3 cents a mile over the system will mean to residents of Idaho and Utah the following instances are cited:

| | Present Rate. | 3c Mile. |
|-------------|---------------|----------|
| Ogden | \$1.50 | \$1.19 |
| Brighton | 2.25 | 1.55 |
| Logan | 3.00 | 2.10 |
| Peacott | 3.90 | 2.90 |
| Idaho Falls | 4.50 | 3.25 |
| Red Rock | 12.25 | 10.20 |
| Butte | 17.40 | 13.05 |
| Shoshone | 11.25 | 8.49 |
| Twin Falls | 16.75 | 12.50 |
| Nampa | 16.75 | 12.50 |
| Boise | 17.50 | 13.19 |
| Payette | 18.50 | 13.59 |
| Huntington | 20.00 | 14.55 |

"DAD" ALLEN OF O. S. L.

Well Known Character Turns Out to be Survivor of the Alabama.

For years the Oregon Short Line has had in its employ a man who is of national historic interest. Unknown, except to his intimate friends, he has lived at Little Falls, near the town of Idaho, and it was not until a few days ago when it became necessary for him on exchanging stations to give a bond was his history brought to the attention of the Oregon Short Line officials. To them, as to everybody else, he was known simply as "Dad" Allen, a handy man to have around a pumping station and a telegraph instrument.

Following the custom when he was appointed agent at Owyhee, Idaho, he was asked to submit two names for reference for the surety bond company. Mr. Allen, contrary to the usual custom, did not ask any of his neighbors to vouch for him. On the other hand he referred the company to ex-Senator Wm. H. Hampton and Gen. George Lee. In due course of time letters were received that were very optimistic. Later it transpired that "Dad" Allen is one of the survivors of the Alabama which was sunk off Cherbourg, France, in the famous naval battle of May 19, 1862. He was on the Confederate privateer and was in the water for three hours before he was picked up.

BEVERIDGE'S STATEMENT.

Senator Beveridge today made the following statement in reference to the controversy between the president and Mr. Wadsworth, regarding the night inspection clause of the amendment to the agricultural bill reported by Mr. Wadsworth's committee.

"In my opinion the Wadsworth substitute does make the omission referred to. It provides, to use its exact language, 'an examination and inspection of the property to be promoted and for the purpose of such examination and inspections, said inspectors shall have access at all times to every part of said establishments.'"

The Wadsworth substitute does not provide for an examination and inspection of the property to be promoted for any other purpose. "But at night time, when no work is supposed to be done and no meat supposed to be inspected, it is the time when improper practices are said to occur in the packing houses. Mr. McCall, there is the time when any improper practices would occur."

"Therefore my bill provides that the inspectors shall have access during the night time as well as during the day time to every part of the establishments described, without respect as to whether or not any slaughtering or other work is being done therein. The purpose of his bill is to put the packing houses under the surveillance of the inspectors when closed as well as when open. This provision, which I deem most important, the Wadsworth substitute omits."

FIRST CARLOAD OF UTAH MOHAIR

Initial Shipment of What May Grow Into a Staple Industry Here.

ANGORA GOATS FROM VELDT.

Rock Hamblin of Kanab Ships Product of Flocks Originating in Land of the Boer.

The first car load of mohair ever shipped out of Utah is moving east today over the Rio Grande and Santa Fe. It is being consigned direct to the mills in Maine. The shipment consists of 24,000 pounds, grown by Rock Hamblin of Kanab, and marks the dawn of a new industry in Utah.

Mohair, which is shorn from the backs of Angora goats, apparently is a better money-maker than wool. While fashion and demand regulate the price, there is possibly not 1,000,000 pounds grown in the United States, all the rest utilized in the manufacture of the finest of hosiery goods, is imported from Asia Minor and South Africa. Mohair has been sold as low as 25 cents a pound, it also has reached \$1.25 a pound. As each goat shears three or four pounds, it can readily be seen that it has wool beaten as a source of revenue.

Rock Hamblin has a flock of 3,000 Angora goats at Kanab, and his breeding flock were imported from South Africa. He has imported in fact the Boer goats from the Karoo and the Transvaal are the finest to be found anywhere. Mr. Hamblin paid about \$25 each for his bucks and imported them direct from their arrival from South Africa. He was compelled to pay close upon \$50 each customs duty on the animals before they were sent west.

The Angora goat is a hardy liver and a good lumber, and the higher he can get on the rocks the better he seems to thrive. Aside from its value as a producer of hair, kid meat is said to be superior to lamb, while there is quite a demand for kids as pets for the household, and the pelts of the full-grown animals make ideal floor rugs and mats.

THE MEAT BILL.

House Committee Authorizes Amendment to Meet President's Suggestions.

Washington, June 18.—The house committee on agriculture today authorized Chairman Wadsworth and Representative Brooks of Colorado to amend the meat inspection provision in the agricultural bill to meet the views of President Roosevelt, in which the measure will be submitted to the president by Speaker Cannon.

It is stated that not all of the presidential suggestions will be accepted if the wishes of the committee are complied with. The discussion today made plain there were no objections to eliminating the court review provision as suggested by the president, also that his wishes that the civil service commission furnish the inspectors will be complied with. There is opposition to placing the date of manufacture on the label and to inserting the words "in the judgment of the secretary of agriculture," thus making the secretary the final authority regarding the measure.

There was some criticism by members of the committee as to the method to be employed in handling the measure, as no Republican members of the committee were present, and Democratic members of the committee are to have anything to do with redrafting the substitute.

MRS. AGNES MYERS.

Movement to Save Her from the Gallows is Growing.

Kansas City, June 18.—The movement to save Mrs. Agnes Myers from the gallows is growing in force. She has been sentenced to be executed at Liberty, Mo., near here on June 29 for the murder of her husband, Clarence Myers, on the same date that Frank Cottman was executed in the state prison to be hanged at Kansas City. Applications for new trials probably will be passed upon tomorrow by the state supreme court, which previously affirmed the decision of the lower court. If new trials are denied, it is expected that the usual 30 days' stay of execution will be granted, when renewed efforts will be made to save the woman. No effort is being made to prevent the hanging of Mrs. Myers. Many letters are being sent to Gov. Folk urging him to commute Mrs. Myers' sentence to life imprisonment. A brother of Clarence Myers, however, has sent the governor a letter, expressing the belief that his sister-in-law is as guilty as the man, and if Hoffman is hanged the woman also should pay the extreme penalty.

D. & R. G. OFFICIALS HERE.

General Manager Ridgway, A. E. Welby and E. J. Sord on Inspection Trip.

General Manager Ridgway, General Supt. Welby and Chief Engineer Sord of the Denver & Rio Grande are spending a few days in Utah going over construction details and looking into the condition of the line. Among the matters claiming their attention on this trip are the union depot at Provo, track facilities and freight depot in Ogden, the Brigham-Gardella branch and the Western Pacific terminals.

YARDS ORE SWAMPED.

Oakland, Cal., June 18.—The Southern Pacific company's West Oakland yards are swamped with freight. More than 1,700 cars loaded with all sorts of merchandise stand on the tracks. The demand for stocks caused by the destruction of stocks by the fire in San Francisco on April 18 accounts for the heavy shipments which are arriving.

J. B. LYNCH HAS A RECORD.

The irrepressible J. B. Lynch, as he is better known, "Rev. J. B. Lynch, livestock evangelist for the Santa Fe," is in the city again from Dodge City. In addition to his war record and railroad experiences, Mr. Lynch is a man of varied accomplishments. He straggled along the line for years as a volunteer in the army of the Union. Among the matters claiming their attention on this trip are the union depot at Provo, track facilities and freight depot in Ogden, the Brigham-Gardella branch and the Western Pacific terminals.

REPUBLICAN PARTY CELEBRATION.

Philadelphia, June 18.—In the historical musical fund had the formal celebration of the fiftieth anniversary of the Republican party to begin today.

Delegations from all sections of the country are here to participate in the golden jubilee, a feature of which is the presence of nearly 200 aged men, veterans of the Republican party's first battle 50 years ago, when John Fremont was nominated for the presidency.

The celebration is under the auspices of the National League of Republican clubs, which is holding its annual convention in connection with the jubilee celebration.

A letter of regret was received by President Moore from President Roosevelt as follows: "I wish I could be with you at the golden jubilee convention of the Republican National league, but as that is impossible will you convey to the delegates present my most hearty greetings and my earnest hope that the Republican league will have the same success in the future that it has had in the past, and will be able to continue without check its work for good government."

George B. Cortelyou, chairman of the Republican national committee, sent the following telegram: "I regret that I shall be unable to attend the golden jubilee convention. Please convey to the Republican national convention my congratulations and best wishes for their prosperity. May they continue worthy to follow the standard of the great party, and principles and policies have been for over half a century among the greatest factors in our moral and material development."

Charles Foster of Lebanon, Pa., who invited for Fremont and today celebrated his 56th birthday occupied a seat on the stage with others of the "old guard." He brought an original Fremont and Drayton flag which he carried during the campaign of 1856. Rev. Geo. H. Ball, D. D., of Cayuga Park, N. Y., who sat in the convention which nominated Gen. Fremont, delivered the invocation opening today's proceedings.

President Roosevelt's communication elicited enthusiasm and the convention decided to forward replies to the president and Mr. Cortelyou.

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EARTHQUAKE DIDN'T RETARD CALIFORNIA'S INDUSTRIES.

San Francisco, June 18.—United States Internal Revenue collector James H. Reynolds today issued statistics to show that the great earthquake and fire that devastated a portion of San Francisco did not at all injure or retard the development of California's industries. As proof of this statement the receipt of the internal revenue for the period ending June 1 and ending June 15 inclusive are quoted. During the period mentioned the receipts were \$12,100,000 as against \$7,700,000 for the corresponding period of 1905, being this year a gain of \$4,400,000. This increase is at the rate of 4 per cent.

BUILDING COLLAPSES.

San Francisco, June 18.—A frame building in course of construction on the southeast corner of California and Kearney streets collapsed this morning. Two men who were in the structure are believed to have been killed and several others injured.

RAIN BEGINS TO FALL.

St. Joseph, June 18.—The first rain in this locality for nearly two months began last night and has continued intermittently today. Farmers and gardeners are rejoicing and say late crops will be saved. Oats and early potatoes are ruined by the drought.

Topeka, Kan., June 18.—The first rain for a month in and around Topeka began a fall at 11 o'clock today. The lawns and gardens in the city are practically dried out. The pastures in the surrounding territory are parched and dairymen have been feeding grain.

RECOGNIZE MEN BUT