"SINCE every individual ought here to enjoy the same happiness, and the same advantages, they should consequently taste the same pleasures and form the same hopes."

There are those who come to our town to further their own interests, and then do nothing but rail against it—knock it, as the saying goes, today. Be it for gain, for health, or for social distinction; be it for art, for education, or for employment—it is one and the same, and the town is decidedly at fault in most everything, except, of course, that particular thing which pertains to the selfish ends of this fault-finding class. They never miss an opportunity to tear down and destroy. Such a thing as uniting their efforts with the more enterprising spirits, for the purpose of building up, or effacing that which in their minds is so objectionable, never occurs to them. No, indeed! But they must knock, and knock, and knock, until "to hear complaints is wearisome alike to the wretched and the happy."

Why do they not step down and out? Pass on to a more congenial field? The rest of us could get along very nicely without them. At least, we would try. In fact, we might sense some relief. Constant mutterings, and growlings tend to wear on us, and upset our nerves, to say nothing of our tempers. Wet blankets are not very comfortable, anyway, nor are they wholesome. They sort of strike in and give one a chill, especially if they fall upon cherished hopes and plans for our town's welfare, and especially, too, if we have some pride over the fact that we are what we are in so short a time, after the strife and struggle, and the mighty tussle with the stubborn alkali and sagebrush.

Of course, the bark of these fault-finders is always worse than their bite. But barking, after a time, grows tiresome, if not entirely conducive to the general good. We would just as soon these noisy creatures would retire silently and quietly to their cramped kennels, if they don't care to come out in the open and fight with us.

We would never miss what we have never had from them, anyway—their good word and their loyal aid, which is the healthy life-blood the town needs to give it support.

* * *

"I'm just here for the money there is in it," remarked a young upstart from Chicago, who had been sent here to take charge of a branch house. "The town doesn't amount to anything; nothing in it for me."

Loyal young citizens! Of course. If he is looking no higher, no further than the absolute filthy lucre coming to him, he speaks the truth when he says there is nothing else in the town for him. And we shall not grieve so much when he fills his coffer and clears out. If we cannot have his interest we would just as soon be rid of his influence which, while it does no real harm, works no particular good.

"There is always room for a man of force, and he makes room for many."

* * *

"I do think this is the worst town I was ever in," said a lady who, by the way, is investing her money in this same disreputable town.

"What is the trouble, now?" asked her friend, wearily.

"Oh, nothing in particular; everything in general. The clerks, this time, however. They came forward to wait upon you looking as though life were one long summer sea, and they hadn't a care in the world."

"And do you begrudge them that? I am glad they do not have to rush about and wear their already overtaxed nerves out, as they do in your eastern cities."

"Oh, I like them to be up and coming, and besides I do begrudge the loss of time to me."

Loss of time! This woman has nothing absolutely to do but invest her money in our town. Came here for that purpose. One day it is the car conductors, another day the clerks; still another mud; the tabernacle is odious for a concert, etc., etc. Each day brings forth something new against the town. The town, however, is good enough to invest money in, and to build a home in.

"Continual dropping wears away stones," and this lady, while she may gain ground in one way—she is buying real estate—is apt to lose ground, socially. She is not the type that is ready and willing to find a remedy for every ill.

"You can only make others better by being good yourself."

* * *

"Oh, well, it does not make so very much difference, you know, for I am only here to teach school. As that takes up most of my time, I guess I can put up with the town, till vacation time."

It is such a comfort to know that this young woman can actually put up with the town till vacation time.

"Why do you teach here?" asked another teacher.

"I would never think of teaching in my home town; I am known so well socially there."

Queer remark. But our town is good enough to teach in, so that is something to be sure, even though we are inferior in every other way. Poor back-woodsy Salt Lake! But does she need such teachers?

"The people, here, have no appreciation of real art; in fact they know absolutely nothing about it."

Another disgrace!

"Especially the older ones," continued this shining light; "they look at you in blank amazement at the mere mention of the word. Now in the east they begin young, and by the time they are elderly, well, they know something about art."

"Do you know the west is very young?" was the retort. "Let me add the west is also very broad and progressive. Her day will come. Did you ever stop to think about these 'older ones,' you speak of? Let me tell you something. Had these 'older ones' given their younger days to art—that is your kind of art—you would no doubt have found but the arid plain, with not so much as a tent for your studio."

The rising young artist had not thought of that. His friend continued:

"There is art and art. I rather think the 'older ones,' had some slight conception of art, considering the city they created out of the desert waste. A drearier beginning can scarcely be imagined, when you think of the sagebrush, and the material to work with."

"It is a beautiful thing to model a statue and give it life; to mould an intelligence and instil truth therein is still more beautiful."—Ruskin.

* * *

"Oh, yes, I came out her for my health, but I hate the town. Oh, yes, I am improving right along, but"—and then this young woman went on at a fine rate, against the town, its drawbacks and its deficiencies; even the climate that was actually giving her back her health.

* * *

"The newly rich of this town amuse me." Mrs. B. was rocking to and fro with folded hands. "They don't know how to act, I declare. And they do embarrass one so when they attempt society. But then, what can you expect in this town?"

It was not so very many years ago that this very woman came into the west with her family, and knew poverty with the rest of us, and the best of us, and even the worst of us. And then, one day, the hard worked father struck it rich. And they served their term as the "newly rich," in this same town. And none made more breaks, and none made more mistakes, and none knew less how to act, and none caused more embarrassment in society, than did they. And with all their wealth and their slurs they still live in this same town.

"He who withholds his best in the cause of the community is not fit to be a citizen." LADY BABBIN.

HIGH OFFICIAL BLAMED FOR RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

If the coroner in charge of the investigation into the cause of the wreck on the New York Central railway, which occurred in the outskirts of New York City in February and which cost 23 lives, has his way he will have brought to trial for manslaughter no less a personage than Vice President W. J. Wilgus of the New York Central, who is in charge of the electrical equipment of the road and which has been deemed responsible for the wreck on the first day of its regular installation. Other officials of the company may be indicted by the grand jury and the novel sight be witnessed of the high officials of an offending public carrier being brought to account to the people for accidents which are generally blamed upon the minor employes in charge of the unfortunate equipment at the time of the disaster.

A. C. NELSON'S REPORT.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction on High Schools of Utah.

Apropos of the discussion of the situation with respect to high schools, by the legislature and others, and the standing of the public school in regard to teachers, a few extracts from the report to the governor of A. C. Nelson state superintendent of public instruction are appended. Supt. Nelson says there are public high schools situated at the following named places in the state giving from a one year's to a four year's course of instruction: Richmond, Smithfield, Brigham City, Willard, Ogden, Kaysville, Farmington, Bountiful, Park City, Tooele City, Grantsville, Salt Lake City, Forest Dale, Mill Creek, Granger, West Jordan, Bingham, Draper, Lehi, American Fork, Pleasant Grove, Spanish Fork, Springville, Payson, Manti, Salina, Richfield, Ferron, Moab, Nephi, Eureka, Fillmore and St. George.

"Most of the high schools," the report continues, are yet without buildings especially constructed for their use. Some districts, however, during the last two years, have erected structures which are admirably adapted for high school purposes and which add beauty to the cities in which they are situated. Among these is the building at Manti erected at a cost of almost $21,000, a similar structure at Richfield, and a smaller building at Moab.

"In the establishment of so many high schools during the last biennial period, and in voting an amendment to the constitution authorizing the legislature to appropriate state funds for high school purposes, the citizens of the state have demonstrated their desire to furnish their children with a better educational preparation for life, and to furnish it at their homes, than can be provided in the common schools.

"From an economic point of view, numerous and efficient high schools are greatly to be desired. Recent statistics show that in a country such as ours the chances to achieve success and distinction are: Uneducated, one in 150,000; with common school education, one in 40,000; with a high school education one in 1,700. It can be shown that, in the aggregate, persons who complete eight years' work beyond the grades carry with them more than twice the earning capacity than do those devoid of high school training."

Continuing, Prof. Nelson says: "I sincerely hope that, acting on the authority conferred on it by the recent constitutional amendment, the legislature will see its way clear to appropriate a portion of the state funds for high school purposes. It is to be regretted that the wording of the amendment referred to seems a little ambiguous. It is stated that the legislature may authorize the use of state school funds for high school purposes. From this statement, it has been argued that whatever funds may be appropriated by the legislature to the high schools will necessarily be taken from the funds accruing from the three mill school tax which each legislature since statehood has granted. As a matter of fact, the state school tax is not necessarily three mills. It is whatever the legislature says it shall be. If the legislature shall say that the state school tax for the succeeding biennium shall be three and one-quarter mills, and that one-quarter mill of this amount shall be given to the high schools, then the appropriation would come within the meaning of the constitutional amendment, and the high schools would receive funds which they so greatly need to carry on the work which they have so commendably begun. To take any part of a state three mill school tax for the support of high schools would be little less than disastrous, for much as high schools are to be desired, they can not for one moment be maintained at the expense of the common schools.

"In many districts the common schools are without sufficient funds for their work. Public common schools must be maintained; public high schools certainly should be."

300

UTAHNS IN MEXICO.

Excursion Party From Salt Lake Arrives in Ancient Aztec Capital.

The Mexican Herald, published in the City of Mexico, in its issue of Feb. 22, gives the following account of the arrival in that city of the Utah excursion party which left Salt Lake Feb. 14.

"A party of colonist who are visiting Mexico to investigate the resources of this country arrived in Mexico city yesterday morning. They are accompanied by J. P. Sprunt, colonization agent of the National lines of Mexico, for Utah. The party occupies two special Pullman cars in which they made the trip from Utah. They will spend two or three weeks in Mexico, going Monday to Vera Cruz, and making the trips from this city to various points in the country.

"The party is composed of Hon. Joseph Kimball and wife, H. C. Healey, W. C. Van Noy, Hon. W. P. Read, Thomas C. Foley and wife of Salt Lake; Hon. James Jensen of Sandy, Utah; Oscar Despain, Miss Audrey Despain, H. Judd of Granite, Utah; George W. Granter and wife of Murray, Utah; Hon. E. W. Johnson of Boise, Idaho; J. F. Shelley and wife, Miss Dorca and Lina Shelley and H. R. Whitwill of Shelley, Idaho; Henry Hadlock, Pramara, Idaho; Isaac Gudmanson, Iowa, Idaho; Miss Carrie Nielson, Pueblo, Colo.; Hon. W. H. Grimes and Hon. John Conlon of Denver, Colo.

"Hon. Joseph Kimball is the son of Heber C. Kimball, who was one of the first apostles of the Mormon church; Hon. W. P. Reed was formerly general manager of the Salt Lake electric street railway; Hon. E. W. Johnson is owner of the Frazier mine of the Skeleton creek district in Idaho, and Hon. John Conlon is president of the Denver city council.

"The party represents the best people in the states of Utah, Idaho and Colorado, and in the party are prominent business and professional men of those states. This is the first party brought to Mexico by Mr. Sprunt, but others will follow and the visits of such prominent people as the ones in this party will mean the visit of many others from those states."

CLUB CHAT.

At the meeting of the Daughters of Utah Pioneers on Wednesday business of importance was transacted in regard to the annual session of the society on April 11, when new officers will be elected. The topic for the day "The Conquest of Mexico," was ably presented by Mrs. Susa Y. Gates, Mrs. Elizabeth Wilcox and Mrs. Mary Jones Clawson. A vocal solo "Absent," was beautifully given by Miss Enid Edmonds. The study topic for next time will be the "Conquest of Peru." Mrs. Milando Pratt, the registrar, requests all applicants for membership to be present at the Lion House on Tuesday, March 11, at 3 p. m., when assistance will be rendered in making out membership papers.

* * *

On Tuesday afternoon the regular weekly meeting of the Cleofan was held at the home of Mrs. W. D. Riter and a talk was given by Nephi L. Morris on "The Influence of Literature on Character." On Wednesday a business meeting was held with Mrs. S. I. Clawson and the following officers were elected for the year: President, Mrs. Thomas Sloan; vice president, Mrs. Sarah Booth; secretary, Mrs. Charles H. Wells; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Frank T. Roberts; treasurer, Mrs. H. L. A. Culmer; critic and librarian, Miss Abbie Wells; historian, Mrs. Seldon I. Clawson.

* * *

The Ladies' Literary club met yesterday afternoon at the club house, and Frank B. Stephens gave a talk on "The Galveston Plan." Mrs. W. R. Wightman gave a book review and Miss Boettcher spoke on "Some Recent German Literature." The music was furnished by a trio composed of Mrs. Walter G. Tuttle, harp; Miss Esther Allen, violin, and C. D. Schettler, 'cello, and A. T. Vollmer.

* * *

The Wasatch Literary society met with Mrs. McNeice and Miss Wilson on Tuesday and a paper was given by Mrs. C. S. Kinney on "Forestry."

* * *

The Daughters of the Mormon Battalion will meet next Tuesday at 3 o'clock with Mrs. Gertrude Felt Kimball, 154 Fourth street.

* * *

The Woman's club will meet Tuesday, March 12, at the home of Mrs. Allen T. Sanford, 72 R street. The paper of the afternoon will be given by Mrs. D. E. Hemphill, her topic being "Women of Foreign Countries."

* * *

The Woman's Republican club met with Mrs. D. D. Straup on Monday, the topic of the day entitled "The French Republic" being given by Mrs. T. B. Lewis. A year book issued by the club gives the following interesting information: The first officers and directors given is as follows: President, Mrs. Howard King; vice president, Mrs. Joanna Melton; recording secretary, Mrs. J. R. Davis; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Olive Swenson; treasurer, Mrs. J. M. Stanford; auditor, Mrs. Martha Hines; historian, Mrs. Sarah A. Powers; directors, Mrs. Joanna Melton, 1905-1908; Mrs. John James, 1907-1910; Mrs. C. W. Morse, 1907-1909; Mrs. V. H. Pease, 1907-1909; Mrs. D. C. Eichner, 1907; Mrs. A. Mossup, 1907. Topics for the year: January, "Blaine as a Statesman," Mrs. Lee Jones; February, "The American Indian," Mrs. Martha Hines; March, "The French Republic," Mrs. T. D. Lewis; April, "A Third Term for Roosevelt," Mrs. D. N. Straup; May, "The Basis of Representation in Congress," Mrs. Joanna Melton; June, "Birthplace and Religion of Judge of Supreme Court of United States," Mrs. Sarah Ensign; July, "Contrast of the Doctrines of Hamilton and Jefferson," Mrs. E. Bonnemort; September, "The Ship Subsidy and Its Effects on the Commerce of the Inter-mountain country," Mrs. Helen Kimball; October, "The Political Situation in Salt Lake City," Mrs. George Sutherland; November, "Child Labor," Mrs. William Mossop; December, "Is the Monroe Doctrine Applicable to Present Conditions," Mrs. Sarah A. Powers; January, "What the Fifty-ninth Congress Has Accomplished," Mr. C. W. Morse. Hostesses for the year, Januaray, Mrs. V. H. Pease; February, Mrs. Olive Swenson; March, Mrs. D. N. Straup; April, Mrs. John James; May, Mrs. T. D. Lewis; June, Mrs. J. U. Eldredge, Jr.; July, Mrs. Stabley; August, annual outing; September, Mrs. Willard Hanson; October, Mrs. Howard King; November, Mrs. J. R. Davis; December, Mrs. M. A. Breeden; January, Mrs. Joanna Melton.

* * *

The Woman's Democratic club will hold their regular meeting Wednesday, March 13, at the residence of Mrs. W. C. Ventress, 164 south Second West, at half past 2 o'clock sharp, all Democrats are invited.

HOW TO REMAIN YOUNG.

To continue young in health and strength, do as Mrs. N. F. Rowan, McDonough, Ga., did. She says: "Three bottles of Electric Bitters cured me of chronic liver and stomach trouble, complicated with such an unhealthy condition of the blood that my skin turned red as flannel. I am now practically 20 years younger than before I took Electric Bitters. I can now do all my work with ease and assist in my husband's store." Guaranteed at Z. C. M. I. Drug Store. Price 50c.

THE UNION SAVINGS & INVESTMENT COMPANY

1. The amount of authorized capital	$4,000,000.00
2. The par value of each share investment stock	100.00
3. The par value of each share protection stock	1.00
4. The number of shares sold during the year	2,383
4. The number of shares cancelled and withdrawn during the preceding year	238
5. Statement of receipts and disbursements during the preceding year.	
RECEIPTS.	
Cash on hand at close of last fiscal year	$ 154.88
Dues on running stock	24,591.09
Paid up stock	270.15
Insurance	2,265.59
Loans repaid, mortgages $21,653.85	
Stock loans 1,523.00	23,176.85
Interest	13,913.22
Real estate	1,729.74
Fines	140.05
Pass books, initiation transfer and general fees	7,596.25
Borrowed money, assumed mortgages	600.00
Reserve fund	144.40
Total receipts	$ 74,963.96
DISBURSEMENTS.	
Loans on mortgage securities	$ 27,689.33
Loans on pass book security, stock loans	9,455.90
Assumed Mortgages	1,800.00
Withdrawals of running stock	2,672.36
Withdrawals of paid up stock	3,748.42
Real estate	3,753.95
Dividends paid during the year	4,102.50
Expenses, including salaries	6,522.09
Borrowed money repaid	1,435.42
Tax redemptions	163.70
Interest paid	6,504.43
Cash on hand at close of fiscal year	3,203.79
Collection expense	304.97
Legal expense	17.60
Furniture and fixtures	308.55
Insurance	2,791.06
Total disbursements	$ 74,963.96
6. Salaries paid each of its officers:	
President, monthly	$ 50.00
Vice President and Manager, monthly	100.00
Total officers' salaries	$150.00
7. A statement of its assets and liabilities at the end of the year, and the nature.	
ASSETS.	
Cash on hand	$ 3,206.79
Loans on mortgage security	158,901.42
Loans on pass book security, stock loans	10,383.45
Furniture and fixtures	1,058.20
Real estate	3,900.00
Miscellaneous assets, viz.:	
Interest receivable on mortgages and stock loans	2,384.75
Tax redemption	163.70
Tota assets	$ 179,875.31
LIABILITIES.	
Running stock	$8,289.79
Paid up stock	7,768.11
Interest payable not due	836.78
Reserve fund for contingent losses	664.32
Borrowed money, assumed mortgages	12,810.00
Undivided profits	10,472.94
Dividend account	9,661.79
Insurance fund	1,919.16
Protection fund	949.99
Uninished mortgage loans	1,502.53
Total liabilities	$ 179,875.31

David J. Williams being first duly sworn according to law deposes and says, that he is vice president and manager of the above named company; that the statements made in the foregoing report are true and correct and that said statement contains a full and correct exhibit of the condition of said company's business at the close of the year 1906.

DAVID J. WILLIAMS.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 27th day of February, 1907.

STEPHEN L. RICHARDS.
(Seal) Notary Public.

State of Utah, Office of the Secretary of State.

I, C. S. Tingey, Secretary of State of the State of Utah, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a full, true and correct copy of the statement of the above named company, now on file in my office this 27th day of February, 1907.

(Seal) C. S. TINGEY, Secretary of State.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals for the erection of an eight-room school building, to be built at South Jordan, Utah, will be received by the Board of Education of Jordan School District, up to Tuesday, March 26, 1907, at 11 o'clock a. m. Plans can be seen at the offices of Erskine & Liljenberg, architects, 230-231 Commercial Club Building, Salt Lake City. All proposals must be accompanied by a certified check for five per cent of the amount of bid, made payable to the Board of Education of Jordan School District, and left with the architects before the above set date or mailed to the Board of Education of Jordan School District, Sandy, Utah. Separate bids will be received for the mason and carpenter work, plastering, painting, tin and galvanized iron work, to be included in the carpenter's bid. Bids will be opened at the office of the Board of Education of Jordan School District, Sandy, Utah, March 26th, 1907, at 11 o'clock a. m.

Right reserved to reject any or all bids.

BOARD OF EDUCATION,
Jordan School District.

NOTICE.

In the Third Judicial District Court of the State of Utah, in and for the County of Salt Lake. In the matter of the estate and guardianship of Edward P. Ferry. Notice.—The undersigned will sell at private sale 2,350 shares of the capital stock of the Naildriver Mining Company, on or after the 12th day of March, 1907, and written bids will be received at 507 Mcnick Building, Salt Lake City, Utah. Terms of sale, cash.

WILLIAM MONTAGUE FERRY.
EDWARD STEWART FERRY.
Guardians of the Person and Estate of Edward P. Ferry.
Dated this 5th day of March, 1907.

THE

Permanent Display of Utah's Resources

AT

THE UTAH CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

56-58 West Third South Street,

Is Growing More Interesting Every Day. It is the Admiration of Every One Who Visits It. Utah's Citizens Should See it and Learn More About Utah.

EVERYBODY WELCOME! NO CHARGE.

R. G. Dun & Co.
13 Offices.
THE MERCANTILE AGENCY.
George Rust, General Manager, Idaho Nevada, Utah and Wyoming.
Offices in Progress Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

"The Lagoon Road"

Salt Lake & Ogden Railway.
Simon Bamberger, President and General Manager.
Time Table in effect Sept. 4, 1906:
Leave Salt Lake—8:50 and 9:00 a. m.; 1:30, 4:30 and 6:30 p. m.
Leave Layton for Salt Lake—7:00 and 10:35 a. m.; 1:45, 4:00 and 7:45 p. m.

ALIAS SUMMONS.

In the Third Judicial District Court of the State of Utah, in and for Salt Lake County, Anna F. Weaver, Plaintiff, vs Luna Y. Thatcher, Shamira Y. Rossiter, Jeanette Y. Easton, Hyrum S. Young, Ruth Y. Healey, Phoebe Y. Beattie, John W. Young, Heber Young, Arta D. Christa Young, Clarissa Y. Spencer, Alonzo Young, Louisa W. Y. Ferguson, Oscar B. Young, Willard Young, Maria Y. Dougall, Joseph D. C. Young, Zina P. Y. Card, B. Morris Young, Susa Young Gates, Fannie Y. Clayton, Alfales Young, John Sharp, Jr., and the unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and successors in interest of Brigham Young, Deceased, Defendants. The State of Utah to Said Defendants: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you if served within the County in which this action is brought, otherwise, within thirty days after service, and defend the above entitled action; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

This action is brought by the above named plaintiff against the defendants, including the unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and successors in interest of Brigham Young, deceased, to quiet her title to the following described land and premises situate in Salt Lake County, City of Salt Lake and State of Utah: Part of lot five (5), in block forty-four (44), commencing at the northeast corner of said lot and running thence west four and one-half (4½) rods; thence south ten (10) rods; thence east four and one-half (4½) rods; thence north ten (10) rods to the place of beginning, containing forty-five (45) square rods of ground as platted in plat "B," Salt Lake City survey, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments and appurtenances thereunto belonging or in any wise appertaining.

And the complaint herein avers that said plaintiff more than twenty-five years prior to the commencement of this action, as owner in fee of said property, entered into the possession thereof under claim of right and title thereto; that said possession was taken peaceably and has been and still is without interruption, and has been open, notorious, exclusive and adverse to all the world, and that she has paid all of the taxes assessed upon said property during all that time, and that her claim as owner thereof has been open, peaceable, notorious, adverse, exclusive and without interruption; that said premises during all the time aforesaid has been protected, distinguished and marked by a substantial enclosure and fence and has been used for garden and lawn surrounding the dwelling house thereon; that she has, during that time, made large, substantial and expensive improvements on the said premises; that such improvements have been at a cost of more than the sum of five dollars per acre therefor; that such possession of said premises during all that time has been plainly and visibly marked and established, and of the whole thereof.

And in said complaint the plaintiff further avers that the said defendants and each of them claim and assert an interest in said premises adverse to the said plaintiff, which said claim of the defendants and of each of them is without any right whatever; and the said complaint further avers that the said plaintiff verily believes and therefore alleges, that there are persons interested in the subject matter of this complaint whose names she cannot insert therein because they are unknown to her, and that the heirs, devisees, legatees and successors in interest of Brigham Young, deceased, each and all claim some interest in the property above described adverse to the plaintiff; that such claim is made as heirs, devisees, legatees or successors in interest of the said Brigham Young, deceased; that the said Brigham Young died testate in Salt Lake City, Utah, in the year 1877; that the said Brigham Young in his life time had many families; that he had a great number of children, some of which survive him; that some of his children had died before his decease; that some of them left children and heirs surviving them; that at the time of the decease of the said Brigham Young he left many grandchildren, and that it is impossible for this plaintiff to name the heirs, legatees, devisees and successors in interest of the said Brigham Young, deceased.

And the said complaint further avers that the names of the persons hereinbefore and in the title of this cause stated as defendant's herein, except John Sharp, Jr., are, as plaintiff believes and avers, the surviving children of the said Brigham Young, deceased, but that the plaintiff is unable to further name the heirs, devisees, legatees or successors in interest of said Brigham Young, deceased.

And the complaint further avers that after the death of the said Brigham Young, his last will was admitted to probate in the Probate Court of Salt Lake County, then Territory of Utah, and the executors therein named were appointed to administer his estate pursuant to his last will, and that thereafter the said will was wholly executed and full administration of his estate was had in said Probate Court, and the said executors and trustees under the said will were finally discharged and the estate distributed and closed.

The plaintiff further avers that the said defendants and each of them, including said unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and successors in interest of said Brigham Young, deceased, are without right whatever; that they, nor either of them, have any estate, right, title or interest whatever in said lands or premises or any part thereof.

And in the said complaint said plaintiff prays that said defendants, including said unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and successors in interest of said Brigham Young, and each of them, shall be required to set forth their and each of their several claims, and that all adverse claims of the said defendants, including the said unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and successors in interest of said Brigham Young, deceased, and of each of them, may be determined by decree of this Court, and that by said decree it be declared, adjudged and decreed that the plaintiff is the owner of said premises hereinbefore described, and that none of the said defendants, including said unknown heirs, devisees and legatees of said Brigham Young, deceased, or either or any of them, have any estate or interest whatever in or to said lands or premises or any part thereof, and that they and each and every of them be forever debarred from asserting any claim whatever in or to said lands or any part thereof adverse to the plaintiff, and that the title of the plaintiff to the said lands and premises hereinbefore described be quieted and decreed, and for such other and further relief as is equitable.

And the Court in this cause having heretofore made an order that the summons in this cause as against the said heirs, devisees, legatees and successors in interest of the said Brigham Young, deceased, be served by publication, in pursuance of said order the foregoing summons, stating the interest of the said unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and successors in interest of Brigham Young, deceased, is published.

HENDERSON, PIERCE, CRITCHLOW & BARRETTE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

ALIAS SUMMONS.

In the Third Judicial District Court of the State of Utah, in and for Salt Lake County, Anna F. Weaver, Plaintiff, vs Luna Y. Thatcher, Shamira Y. Rossiter, Jeanette Y. Easton, Hyrum S. Young, Ruth Y. Healey, Phoebe Y. Beattie, John W. Young, Heber Young, Arta D. Crista Young, Clarissa Y. Spencer, Alonzo Young, Louisa W. Y. Ferguson, Oscar B. Young, Willard Young, Maria Y. Dougall, Joseph D. C. Young, Zina P. Y. Card, B. Morris Young, Susa Young Gates, Fannie Y. Clayton, Alfales Young, John Sharp, Jr., and the unknown heirs, devisees, legatees and successors in interest of Brigham Young, Deceased, Defendants. The State of Utah to Said Defendants: You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, if served within the County in which this action is brought, otherwise, within thirty days after service, and defend the above entitled action; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, of which a copy is herewith served upon you.

HENDERSON, PIERCE, CRITCHLOW & BARRETTE,
Plaintiff's Attorneys.
P. O. address, 304-309, McCornick Building, Salt Lake City, Utah.

NOTICE.

REDEMPTION OF UTAH COUNTY LIGHT & POWER BONDS.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the terms of the bonds of the Utah County Light & Power Company, the following described bonds are hereby called for redemption on the first day of April, 1907:

Nos. 1 to 20, inclusive, $1,000.00 denomination	$20,000.00
Nos. 1 to 50, inclusive, $500.00 denomination	25,000.00
Nos. 1 to 2, and 5 to 46, inclusice, $100.00 denomination	4,400.00
Total	$49,400.00

Bonds must be presented on or after April 1, 1907, at either the Utah National Bank, Salt Lake City, or the Bank of American Fork, American Fork, Utah Co., Utah, with coupons attached for interest due at that date.

All interest will cease on all of the above described bonds on April 1, 1907, and interest coupons attached, due after that date, are hereby declared null and void.

THOMAS R. CUTLER, Trustee.

COME QUICKLY, BOYS!

We have taken all our broken lines of Boys' Suits, worth $5, $6 and $7, and placed them by themselves, and Monday morning will offer them to the first comers for just $3.45

Late callers will get no chance at them, for the suits will sell on sight. All durable, stylish, high grade suits. A goodly number in all sizes to to choose from. Just think what a bargain these suits will be to the boys who call early enough to get them.

BARTON & CO. Clothiers to Men and Boys 45-47 Main St.