

HARRIMAN GETS DENATURED VOTES

Can Cast 285,731 at Ill. Cent. Election. But if One Has Decisive Effect Are to be Void.

SUCH JUDGE BALL'S DECISION.

Both the Harriman and Fish Sides to Controversy Claim to Have Won a Victory.

Chicago, Oct. 15.—E. H. Harriman was today, by an order of court, deprived of the voting power of 285,731 shares of Illinois Central stock in the annual meeting of that railroad company, which opens here at noon tomorrow. The order of the court was practically identical with the modification asked by the attorneys of Mr. Harriman. Both sides claim a victory. Mr. Fish because the enjoined shares will not be effective at this election, and Mr. Harriman because his modification was secured.

The shares of stock ruled out are those held by the Union Pacific company, the Railroad Securities company of New Jersey, and the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York, against which a temporary injunction was yesterday issued by Judge Ball in the superior court.

Mr. Fish yesterday asked that the voting of these shares be enjoined. The court today, after extensive argument by the attorneys of both sides, modified the injunction by permitting the shares to be voted under the condition that if any one of these shares should have a decisive effect on any vote taken, the entire vote is then to be null and void. In other words, Mr. Fish is given by the court a handicap of 285,731 votes, and in order to defeat him on any motion or resolution which comes before the annual meeting, Mr. Harriman and his friends must cast 285,731 votes more than are cast by Mr. Fish and his followers.

The outstanding shares of the Illinois Central number 660,400. Counting out the shares affected by Judge Ball's decision today, the total effective vote is 662,669 shares. Based upon previous meetings of the Illinois Central railroad, the estimate is that approximately 100,000 shares will not be voted. This, in the opinion of the attorneys in the case, will leave a probable representation of 562,669 shares at the meeting.

The decision of Judge Ball was granted after the attorneys for Mr. Harriman and Mr. Fish had filed the day with arguments, and was the result of an agreement reached between Thomas Nelson Cromwell, representing Mr. Harriman, and Judge Farrar, of New Orleans, and Mr. Fish, Atty. Herrick, in speaking in support of the modification, declared that President Harahan of the Illinois Central held six proxies to the amount of 660,000 shares, and that other stockholders representing 95,000 shares would vote with Mr. Harahan. This included the 285,731 shares enjoined yesterday, leaving the claim of the Harriman people of their voting strength at 300,000 shares in round numbers.

HERRICK ATTACKS FISHL. Mr. Herrick declared that Stuyvesant Fish was desirous of being elected a director of the Illinois Central, and declared that the Railroad Securities company, the voting of whose stock has been prevented, had prior to 1901 owned 80,000 shares of stock, and that in the years from 1901 to 1906 inclusive, the proxies of this stock were given to Mr. Fish and voted by him at the annual meeting. It was also declared by Mr. Herrick that at all annual meetings prior to 1906, Mr. Fish had voted by proxy the 80,000 shares of the Mutual Life Insurance company of New York, a proceeding which he claims was illegal. General Counsel Dickinson of the Illinois Central railroad, also spoke briefly in support of the motion for modification. This concluded the argument of

COFFEE Who is responsible for your coffee? Who returns the money if you don't like it?

Your grocer returns your money if you don't like Schilling's Best. See your list.

counsel for Harriman and President Harahan, and Judge Farrar of New Orleans opened for Mr. Fish. He said: "My client has no desire to take advantage of this restraining order. He wants the matter finally disposed of by the courts. We are willing to do anything reasonable to get a speedy hearing of this issue on its merits. We suggest that both sides agree to have the meeting continued until the court has had opportunity to hear the case on its merits."

William Nelson Cromwell of New York, who opened the afternoon argument, objected to the postponement of the meeting, as suggested by Judge Farrar, saying that they were powerless to make such an agreement. "Doesn't Mr. Harahan hold 500,000 proxies?" asked Judge Farrar. "The holding of proxies," said Mr. Cromwell, "doesn't carry with it permission to enter the appearance of their owners in court. My friend is too learned to stake his reputation on that assertion."

Turning to Mr. Fish, whose eyes never left the face of the speaker, Mr. Cromwell said: "I believe that I will have to modify the injunction. I have no power to adjourn the meeting of the directors tomorrow. I suggest that the attorneys confer and see if some agreement cannot be reached."

Judge Farrar and Cromwell retired to the chambers of Judge Ball. Judge Farrar suggested that every possible effort be made to secure the conduct of the meeting in an orderly and dignified manner, and declared that Mr. Fish was willing to agree to the modification of the injunction asked by Mr. Harriman's attorneys, provided that a committee of three should be appointed to consider and report upon proxies.

This was agreed to by Mr. Cromwell and a stipulation to that effect was incorporated in the order of Judge Ball. Of this committee, Mr. Harriman is to select one, Mr. Fish another, and the third a third. The committee will make its report to the general meeting of stockholders. The court also directed that the proceedings of today shall not prejudice any proceedings that may be commenced hereafter by either party to the dispute.

As the matter stands tonight, both sides believe that victory lies in the grasp. Both are of the opinion that they hold the greater number of proxies, but the actual facts in this connection cannot be guessed with any accuracy. It is admitted in this connection by the attorneys on both sides that many stockholders have issued duplicate and even triplicate proxies and as the proxy of latest date is effective neither side knows exactly where it stands. Neither will give out figures.

HARRIMAN'S COMMENT. E. H. Harriman, commenting on the decision of Judge Ball tonight, left the impression that he considered it a decided victory for his side.

"The papers, in their head lines, have not given the right impression of the court's ruling," he said. "As I understand it, the 285,000 shares of stock in contention can be voted provisionally. That means that if we have enough votes to elect our men without the 285,000 shares, you probably will hear nothing more about the matter. If Mr. Fish has sufficient votes outside this stock to put his program through, the matter will be taken to the highest courts of the land before it finally is settled. Since the injunction has been modified, the election will be held, and there will be a show-down. We are ready to show, and Mr. Fish will be expected to show tomorrow."

In talking of prospects of the Illinois Central, Mr. Harriman said he thought the building of the Panama canal would help the Illinois Central.

Commenting on railroads generally, Mr. Harriman said: "The roads are all busy now moving crops, and there is no need of apprehension of any sort for some time to come. To keep the business of the roads up to the volume now being handled, there must be new developments. That will come in due time."

TO RU RESERVES OF WOOD ANIMALS

Thousands of Dollars Worth of Stock Destroyed in Forests Every Year.

ELEVEN TRAPPERS RETAINED.

Situation at Capital Seems to Indicate Roosevelt and Bryan Will Oppose Each Other in Next Campaign.

Washington, D. C., Oct. 15.—Evidence is at hand showing that the government is determined to put forth every effort to bring the national forest land to the highest point of development, not only in conserving the forests but in driving out of them predatory animals which destroy annually thousands of dollars worth of stock running in the forests and on the ranges.

Forester Gifford Pinchot, who is an enthusiast upon the conservation of forests and who has spent many years of an exceedingly active life, in a close study of forest conditions both in the United States and Europe has interested in the department of agriculture to the extent that he experienced trappers and hunters whose knowledge of conditions and training in the great west qualified them to hunt wolves, cougars, mountain lions, coyotes and wild cats successfully. Have been retained for the purpose of exterminating these destructive range animals in national forests in eight western states. These men supplied with traps, poisons, guns and ammunition have set about their work in a way which is beginning to show beneficial results and the forest officers believe that the losses caused by the animals which make cattle, sheep and goats their prey, have been cut down very materially.

The most effective way, according to experts of the forest service, to destroy wolves and coyotes, is to locate their dens which makes it possible to kill not only the old animals but the pups as well. In the latter division of the Yellowstone national forest two guards, acting as hunters, in a report just made public, killed 21 pups and two old wolves in the month of this summer. In another case where two hunters were working separately one found a den and killed seven pups and their mother and the other ranger killed five pups.

RAVAGES BY WOLVES. Vernon Bailey, who made an investigation of the ravages of wolves last year for the forest service, reported in a certain park of the southwest a moderate estimate of the stock killed by four wolves was a yearling cow or calf every three days or approximately 100 head of cattle a year to each wolf. Counting all as calves at the low rate of \$10 a head, each wolf would cost the ranchman \$1,000 a year. This would make a saving of \$50 a year to the ranchman in the Yellowstone national forest alone, a by no means insignificant sum.

DISTRIBUTION OF HUNTERS. The 11 forest service hunters are distributed throughout the Sawtooth forest, Idaho; Yellowstone forest, Wind River district, Wyoming; Highwood mountains forest reserve, Montana; Grand canyon forest, Arizona; Park Range forest, Colorado; Dixie forest, Utah; Trinity forest, California; Innahunga forest, Oregon; Montezuma forest, Colorado.

While there is great sport attaching to the hunting of these predatory animals there is attached to the work a danger to make the hunt exciting, the oldest and most tried plainmen having now and then a very close call for their lives. A short time ago according to a report made to the superior of one of the forest divisions a huge bear was giving much trouble to the settlers and stockmen. Two men and three dogs were sent out to hunt the bear, but they failed in locating it. In the latter part of last month a ranger came across his bearship while patrolling his beat shooting and wounding him and then the ranger took up the hunt on the third day he found and killed the big bear, shooting him 14 times. The bear fell within six feet of the hunter. He weighed 80 pounds.

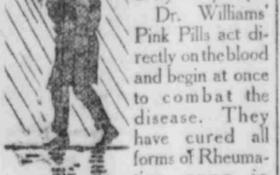
ROOSEVELT AGAINST BRYAN. Politicians arriving in Washington are generally of the opinion that Theodore Roosevelt will be elected to succeed himself and that Bryan will be the Democratic candidate. Since the nationalizing of William Randolph Hearst's Independent league and the talk of Hearst being the presidential candidate of that party the political situation has begun to assume a very chaotic condition. While the west and north are fixed upon Theodore Roosevelt as the next president the conservative east is not at all in sympathy with the movement to renominate Roosevelt and are beginning to talk of Mr. Hearst as a candidate. These business training and whose recent speeches would indicate an extent of moderation not found in either the president or Mr. Bryan.

In newspaper circles here the belief is pretty general that President Roosevelt cannot stop the tide which is seemingly drifting toward him. That he will be compelled to yield to Bryan whether he wants it or not on the ground that the people will demand that he continue the reforms which he has begun and try to effect just what he is unable to do. If the Washington newspaper correspondents were not generally wrong in their political prognostications the sentiment among them would be an exceedingly valuable asset showing the direction of the public mind. But even though the newspaper correspondents, and this used in the concrete, is generally wrong, in his guesses about this and that man's nomination and election, the unanimity which characterizes their utterances as to the renomination of the president cannot help but have an effect upon the convention. Trained as these men are to political observation, it cannot be denied that they reflect a sentiment which while it may not be growing, is by no means vitiated, and that is that Theodore Roosevelt and William Jennings Bryan will be pitted against each other in the race of 1912.

NEW SUBMARINE BOAT. The latest invention of a sub-marine boat to be heard of in Washington is John M. Gage, a Denver young man. Mr. Gage's miniature has been approved by government officials. It was something to see a five-foot model do nearly everything from float to a hand spring, and it was easy to realize just where Gage is justified in his hopes. The boat floated prettily, submerged on a level keel, shot across the water in a magnificent, high speed, and was accompanied by an official of the imperial household. Two imperial carriages were provided for Mr. Dodge, M. Jay, Second Secy.

Don't Suffer All Winter With Your Rheumatism

Unless the Rheumatic poison is driven from the blood you are liable to attack on every damp day. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills act directly on the blood and begin at once to combat the disease. They have cured all forms of Rheumatism, even in chronic cases of long standing.



A Cure at Cazenovia. Mr. John Riley, a blacksmith, of Cazenovia, N. Y., suffered from Rheumatism and was unable to get relief. He then gave Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial and was permanently cured. He says: "It was of the inflammatory kind and was very painful in the joints. Many days I could hardly walk and suffered intense pain. I took to my bed several times for a day or so and once for six weeks. "I continued in this condition until I tried Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Then I soon noticed that I was getting better and in a few weeks was cured. That the cure is permanent is shown by my not having lost a day at my trade since then."

ADDED UPON. Added upon may now be had at the Deseret News Book Store. A new edition is just off the press. Paper, 35c; library cloth, 75c.

Begin Now to Cure It With Dr. Williams' Pink Pills

the other submarine boats of the world can do very few of the stunts of the little Gage model. The prize ability of the Gage boat is its power to stay beneath the water and perform its evolutions four times as long as any other submarine and this in the face of rules laid down by eminent scientists that such a thing is impossible. It has always been accepted that as gasoline is carbohydrate, enough air must be supplied a gasoline engine to provide oxygen in sufficient quantities to consume both the hydrogen and the carbon of the gasoline. Gage discovered that the carbon is unaffected by the air and does not need it, so that part of the oxygen is left to act on the hydrogen, thereby increasing its length of service.

PRESIDENT ENJOYING HIS TRIP IMMENSELY.

Stamboul, La., Oct. 15.—At 6 o'clock tonight the president's day hunt had been received here. Arrivals from the Bear Lake encampment tell marvelous stories of the president's hardihood and capacity for roughing it. When he carried his blankets with him from the upper camp last Friday and that night and next morning ate only cold bread and meat he had taken his saddle pockets, they marvelled that a president could be so easily satisfied, but when he jumped into Bear lake for a swim upon rising at daybreak this morning, their astonishment was almost without bounds. The thermometer registered at the time less than 40 degrees and most of the others present were hugging the camp fire. The president plunged into the water as soon as he arose. As he approached the edge of the lake he hauled some of the other members of his immediate party to join him, but they were a hundred yards or so away and then returned, declaring upon landing that the exercise had been most exhilarating and that the water was warmer than the air. The fact that he seems almost tireless in the middle is most favorably commented upon, and is regarded as quite marvelous for one of such exalted position and supposedly sedentary life.

AMBASSADOR O'BRIEN PRESENTED TO EMPEROR.

Teiko, Oct. 15.—Thomas J. O'Brien, the new American ambassador, presented the credentials to the Japanese emperor today, and Mrs. O'Brien was meanwhile received by the empress. Mr. O'Brien was introduced by the American charge d'affaires, H. Percival Dodge, who offered his letters of recall and also introduced Peter A. Jay, his successor as secretary of the embassy. From the embassy to the palace, Mr. O'Brien was escorted by a troop of lanciers of the imperial guard. He rode in a magnificent high-top state coach of red and gold, and was accompanied by an official of the imperial household. Two imperial carriages were provided for Mr. Dodge, M. Jay, Second Secy.

Whisher, Lieut.-Col. Irons, the military attaché, and H. S. Miller, the interpreter of the embassy. The carriages belonging to the embassy conveyed the ladies of the party to the palace. The ceremonies there were short and formal. The emperor said that he hoped Mr. O'Brien's stay in Japan would be pleasant and was glad to welcome him on account of the cordial relations existing between the two countries. Mr. Dodge will leave Teiko Oct. 22 for Washington.

TO USE POLAR BEARS ON POLAR EXPEDITION

New York, Oct. 15.—Capt. Roald Amundsen, the Arctic explorer, who arrived today on the steamer Oscar II, said he would make an attempt to reach the north pole in 1910. He announced that he is having four big polar bears trained to haul sleds and intends to use them in the far north. He said also that he and his friends intended to petition President Roosevelt and the United States government to allow his vessel, the Gjoa, in which he navigated the North-west Passage in 1904, to be the first to pass through the Panama canal, upon its completion. The Gjoa was formerly a whaling vessel, and is undergoing repairs in the Mare Island navy-yard at San Francisco.

MO. PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Lincoln, Neb., Oct. 15.—The state railroad commissioners this afternoon issued an order limiting the Missouri Pacific passenger trains to 25 miles an hour, the fast freight trains to 20 miles an hour, and the heavy freight to 15 miles an hour, owing to the dangerous condition of the roadbed.

We Direct the Attention Of discerning ladies to our immense line of fine fur garments, Mobeys, the Furrier, Knutsford hotel.

Baby won't suffer five minutes with eczrup if you apply Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil at once. It acts like magic.

ADDED UPON. Added upon may now be had at the Deseret News Book Store. A new edition is just off the press. Paper, 35c; library cloth, 75c.

PIANOS.

High grade and medium, easy payments on price only, cash reductions, estimates on piano repairing without cost, we do remodeling and tuning.

New York & Western Piano Co., No. 53 Market St., Near Postoffice.

Hewlett's Three Crown Teas

Please all lovers of good tea.

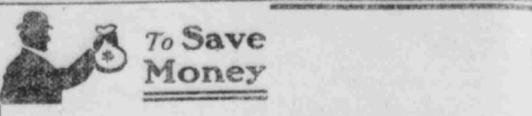
They possess fragrance, body and aroma, and just the taste you'll like.

Your Grocer sells HEWLETT'S Three Crown Teas.

Bon Ami

The Best Scouring Soap Made

A Scouring Soap
A Metal Polish
A Glass Cleaner



To Save Money

Don't be contented with 4%
6% Interest paid on Savings Deposits by

WESTERN LOAN AND SAVINGS CO.

49 East First South Salt Lake City, Utah
Established 1892. Assets: \$682,000.00
Under the supervision of the BANK EXAMINERS of Utah and Montana.

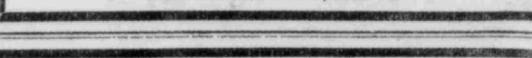
H. M. H. LUND, Asst. Secretary
Call or write. P. W. MADSEN, President

Write

Or see us now in regard to those bills owing you, and we will get your money for winter and Christmas. Red streaks of honesty exist in everybody.

MERCHANTS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION

Scientific Collectors of Honest Debts,
77-78-80-84-87-88-89 and 100 Commercial Nat'l Bank Bldg., Salt Lake City, Utah.
FRANCIS G. LUKE, Gen'l Mgr.
"SOME PEOPLE DON'T LIKE US."



SPECIAL SELECTED SEASONABLE SUITS

\$12.50	\$18.00	\$15.00
F.	\$25.00	B.
\$30.00	Q.	\$40.00

THAT BARTON SYSTEM OF CLOTHING

Rich Values for the Dull Season. Pleases us by pleasing you.

TOP COATS.		BOYS' SCHOOL SUITS.	
\$ 9.00	\$15.00	\$ 2.00	\$ 3.00
12.50	16.50	2.50	4.50
13.75	18.00	3.25	5.25
up to	35.00	up to	\$7.50

HATS We have the latest in Derby and Fedora styles, \$1.50 and \$2.25 up to \$5.00. We are always ready to post you on all the newest and best innovations.

BARTON & CO., POPULAR CLOTHIERS

45-47 Main Street.

FOLEYS KIDNEY CURE

Will cure any case of Kidney or Bladder Disease not beyond the reach of medicine. No medicine can do more.

FOR SALE BY F. J. HILL DRUG COMPANY, SALT LAKE CITY.

For Womanly Pains

To Obtain Relief from the pains, that assail women, try Wine of Cardui, the well-known, successful remedy, for womanly ills.

Everybody knows that Cardui is a pure, harmless, vegetable extract, containing ingredients of special curative powers over the womanly organs.

In popular use, for over 50 years, it has benefited over a million sick women, and has proven itself indeed "Woman's Relief."

Mrs. Minnie Lambe, of Lebanon Junction, Ky., writes: "Cardui has done me more good than all the doctors' medicines ever did for me. I had pains in my head, shoulders, arms, sides, back, joints, bad

cramping spells in my stomach, and bearing-down pains, at my periods, till I just almost died. "I wrote you for advice, although I thought there was no medicine that could help me. On your advice I began to take Cardui, and it has done wonders for me. Now all those pains are relieved and I am much better. "I feel that I owe my life to Cardui, and I have advised all my suffering lady friends to use it. The mothers around here are giving it to their daughters, and my friends say it helps them so much."

FREE BOOK FOR LADIES Write for Free 64-page Book for Women. If you need Advice, describe symptoms, stating age and we will reply in plain sealed envelope. Address: Ladies' Advisory Dept., The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

Take CARDUI

THE DISCOVERER

Of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, the Great Woman's Remedy for Woman's ills.



LYDIA E. PINKHAM

No other medicine for Woman's ills in the world has received such wide-spread and unqualified endorsement.

No other medicine has such a record of cures of female illnesses or such hosts of grateful friends as has Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

For more than 30 years it has been curing all forms of Female Complaints, Inflammation and Ulceration, and consequent Spinal Weakness. It has cured more cases of Backache and Local Weakness than any other one remedy. It dissolves and expels tumors in an early stage of development. Irregularities and periodical pains, Weakness of the Stomach, Indigestion, Bloating, Nervous Prostration, Headache, General Debility quickly yield to it; also deranged organs, causing pain, dragging sensations and backache. Under all circumstances it acts in harmony with the female system.

It removes that wearing feeling, extreme lassitude, "don't care" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feeling, excitability, irritability, nervousness, dizziness, faintness, sleeplessness, flatulency, melancholy or the "blues." These are indications of Female Weakness, or some derangement of the organs, which this medicine cures as well as Chronic Kidney Complaints and Backache of either sex. Those women who refuse to accept anything else are rewarded a hundred thousand times, for they get what they want—a cure. Sold by Druggists everywhere. Refuse all substitutes.