DESERET EVENING NEWS

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING.
(Sunday Excepted.)
Corner of South Temple and East Temple Streets, Salt Lake City, Utah.

Horace G. Whitney - Business Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES.
(In Advance.)

One Year	$9.00
Six Months	4.50
Three Months	2.25
One Month	75
Saturday Edition, Per Year	2.00
Semi-Weekly, Per Year	2.00

Correspondence and other reading matter for publication should be addressed to the EDITOR.
Address all business communications and all remittances:
THE DESERET NEWS,
Salt Lake City, Utah.

Entered at the Postoffice of Salt Lake City as second class matter according to Act of Congress, March 3, 1879.

SALT LAKE CITY, - NOV. 8, 1907.

LOOKING FORWARD.

An esteemed correspondent of Washington, D. C., speaking of the fact that the Veterans of the Civil War are rapidly passing beyond the veil, expresses in very strong terms his conviction that history will yet pronounce a verdict in favor of the South, and that there can be no forgiveness of the wrongs of the past. He illustrates his views by comparing the war upon the South to the assaults upon the Church.

We respect the views and sentiments of our correspondent, but would, nevertheless, say that the issue between the North and South was settled in the only way in which it could be decided. It may be regretted that no peaceful means of settlement were found, and that appeal was made to brute force. This was unfortunate indeed. Still, the questions at issue were decided, and no good can come of nursing bad feelings for ever. Had the advice of the Prophet Joseph and other far-seeing statesmen been accepted, there would have been no war over the slave question. It would have been settled cheaper than by the sword, and in an entirely humane manner, and with that issue satisfactorily decided, the question of states' rights would perhaps not have culminated in a crisis. But wise counsel did not prevail then. It should prevail now. If it does, there will be no bitterness of feeling on account of past issues.

The comparison between the Civil war and the anti-"Mormon" conflict is hardly pertinent. The founders of the Church and their friends took their ground on the Constitution of the country and maintained that American citizens have a right to worship the Almighty according to the dictates of their conscience, and that their political rights could not lawfully be curtailed on account of their faith. This eminently American principle they maintained, not against the government, nor against the American people, but chiefly against the leaders of mobs. It was in the maintenance of that principle, without which American government would soon become a despotism, that Joseph the Prophet, and Hyrum, the Patriarch, gave their lives. It was in the maintenance of that glorious principle that the Latter-day Saints sacrificed their homes and came to Utah, where they redeemed the desert and helped expanding the domain of the United States.

No church in this country has suffered more from the cruelty of mobs, the brutality of selfish politicians, or the intolerance of bigots; yet it has no grudge to nurse but is perfectly content to leave its case with the Supreme Judge of all the children of men. As members of the Church the Latter-day Saints are ready to do all in their power to spread the light of truth, as they have received it, to all the world. As citizens their only aim is to co-operate with all other good citizens in the furtherance of good, honest government, and the welfare of the communities in which they live. They are in a noble race, to win, and therefore, like the Apostle of old, they forget those things which are behind and reach forth unto those things that are still future, pressing onward toward the prize of their high calling.

THE VOTE.

It would be a mistake to suppose that the vote on Tuesday was an endorsement of the so-called "American" policy that prevailed two years ago. That policy was so severely rebuked that the manipulators were compelled to change tactics and standard bearers before the election. It was this change that was ratified; not the policy of hatred and graft that was the general characteristic of the movement at its inception, and which is still manifest in the columns of the daily exponent of anti-Americanism. As far as the vote was cast for the so-called "American" ticket by intelligent thinking voters, it was cast in the hope that the election of the head of the ticket would mean the beginning of an honest business administration, and an era of good feelings among the people here, on a platform of truly American principles. If this fails, there will be disappointment among many who voted for Mr. Bransford, not because he was on the ticket of a party whose originators have assailed the government and breathed defiance against the Constitution of the country, but in spite of that fact. In other words, a number of voters gave their endorsement to the principles the new Mayor has declared, instead of those of the party organ.

When the real situation is considered, the savage gloating of certain ringleaders over the result appears both unfounded and premature. Their sole aim has been to deliver a "body blow" to the Church—to quote their organ. They have constantly told their dupes that that could be done best by a political combination. Ministers have echoed that sentiment in the pulpits and elsewhere, though they are very conscientious about not mixing religion and politics in anybody else's pulpits. All such champions of "Americanism" have yet to learn that the Church is superior to all their plots and machinations. Like the sun in the heavens, it rolls on in its sublime course, no matter what the earth-dwellers may do, or not do. Its light may be obscured, temporarily, by clouds, or even by smoke, but it is never extinguished. It is warming, life-giving, even through the mists.

The only real issue in this election was honesty and efficiency in office. The officials chosen will now have the task of patching up the miserable record of their predecessors and of extricating the City from the effects of debt, due to poor management, and of a reign of lawlessness and vice, due to inefficiency or connivance on the part of unscrupulous officials.

CONVENTION OF CITY FATHERS.

The second meeting of the State League of municipalities will convene at Nephi, on Thursday and Friday, Nov. 21 and 22 next.

To this gathering all city officials, and other citizens interested in civic affairs, and especially recently elected officials are invited. The program will be found elsewhere in this issue of the "News," and it will be noticed that some subjects of great importance will be discussed. Among these are "the influence of taxation on prosperity," and "sanitation," etc. We hope this meeting will be well attended, and that the entire state may derive benefits from the instructive addresses and discussions.

IN THE INTEREST OF EDUCATION

The "News" has been requested to call attention to the announcement of the Brigham Young University of Provo, of a Winter Semester to begin on Monday, November 11, 1907. As we understand it, it is a modification of the regular year's curriculum whereby two semesters' work, the courses usually given during the first year, may be taken successively in two years by a course covering eighteen weeks during the winter in each. The branches offered are theology, English, algebra, physiography, drawing, woodwork, ironwork, domestic science, domestic art, dressmaking, agriculture, horticulture, stock-feeding, stock-breeding, bookkeeping, commercial arithmetic, penmanship, typewriting, and such other first-year studies as may be found necessary. Students will also be given instruction in the Preparatory school.

This is a most admirable movement. As will be seen, it is especially designed to help young men and women who, on account of work on the farm, have not been able to start at the beginning of the school year, and who would be obliged to leave school as soon as spring work begins. As the regular courses are now planned in most high schools, these young people could really find no satisfactory place to begin. To enter in the middle of the fall semester would be to fail in getting credits, because of not having had the first half of the work. To begin at the opening of the second, or spring semester, is to fail in their credits again from not being able to complete the courses. Indeed, the attempt to get an education thus by piece-meal, while commendable enough, is likely in most cases to lead to discouragement. And yet these young people represent the very best element, the bone and sinew of our commonwealths.

The Provo institution is, therefore, to be commended for this move in the right direction.

DISEASE CARRIERS.

We remarked recently that typhoid fever is carried by houseflies, malaria by mosquitoes. The old idea that malaria is caused by breathing the miasma of swamps has been exploded. Not all mosquitoes carry malaria, and the kind common here is not known to do so. This kind, says Mr. Howard of the government department of entomology, is called Culex. It has clear wings, very short palpi—projections on each side of the beak—and rests in a "humpbacked" position. The malarial mosquito is of the genus Anopheles. It has spotted wings, long palpi, and rests with head and beak, in the same plane as the body, which is itself at a great angle to the wall. Another kind of mosquito found in Cuba and elsewhere is the one known cause of the transfer of the dreaded yellow fever. By keeping the patients screened from the mosquito, the disease will not be transferred to healthy persons.

It is a curious fact that the African savages described by Captain Burton in 1854 were then reported by him to have the following "superstition" about the bites of certain insects:

"Flies abound in the very jungles where cows have been and settle in swarms upon the traveler. Before the monsoon their bite is painful, especially that of the small green species; and there is a small red variety called 'Dikstas,' whose venom, according to the people, causes them to vomit. The latter abounds in Gulays and the hill ranges of the Berberah country; it is innocuous during the cold season. The mosquito bites bring on, according to the same authorities, deadly fevers. The superstition probably arises from the fact that mosquitoes and fevers become formidable about the same time."

In the transfer of malaria, the mosquito sucks in with the blood of a malarial patient the germs—one celled animals in this case—that produce the disease. These minute germs develop in the body of the mosquito and are injected into the blood of the next persons bitten by the mosquito. As far as known, this is the only method by which malaria and yellow fever can be transferred from one person to another.

This fact was demonstrated in Cuba only a few years ago, and measures were adopted for the destruction of the yellow-fever mosquito. The result has been the practical cessation of that disease in Havana, and the belief is that the Gulf states may similarly be freed from such ravages of yellow fever as they have suffered in the past.

STORAGE BATTERY IMPROVED.

For a number of years Edison has been working to perfect a storage battery which would be at once light enough in weight to be used to advantage in small vehicles, and at the same time have considerable power of endurance. Now, it is stated, this storage battery is ready for the public and if this is correct, we may see a radical change in the street car systems. There is more than a possibility that a perfected storage system may replace the trolley just as the trolley relegated the cable to the past. Automobiles may also be affected. When a vehicle can be equipped with electric storage and motors not greatly exceeding in weight the engine and task of a gasoline machine and not requiring frequent recharging, the electric automobile will be practicable for touring and will command public favor.

Money doesn't talk these days. The banks have shut it up.

And now they call Paris' famous jardin the auto-mobile.

San Francisco's slogan is no longer, "Gene, my bonnie Gene."

If the mayor rises to the occasion, he will have to rise above his party.

Not patriotism but speculative banking is the last refuge of a scoundrel.

Uncle Sam will find the same trouble in reducing his fines to "oilakers" that the smelters do.

Although heiress to a great fortune, Helen Maloney seems to be causing her family more trouble than she is worth.

Edward Payson Weston refuses to come in out of the wet. The other day he walked seventeen miles in a driving rain storm.

Those who say that too much prosperity has caused financial distress should read Lamb on "Enough as Good as a Feast."

Secretary Taft has decided (this time "definitely" it is said) to return home by way of Vladivostok. Is the decision stare decisis?

The President will recommend to Congress that the tariff on press paper be removed. Three cheers for the President and the power of the press!

Judge Wellborn has fined the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe $300,000 for rebating. Judge Landis' record still stands and seems in no danger of being raised.

"Now is the winter of our discontent," say the Utes on the Cheyenne River reservation. And well they may say it, for a winter campaign against them is about to begin.

George Fred Williams was really mild in his exultation over the defeat of Henry M. Whitney. He magnanimously refrained from reminding him that he was the founder of the Ananias club.

It is quite generally conceded that J. Pierpont Morgan saved the country from a great panic. And the country will show its appreciation by not letting him bring in his great art collection duty free.

Secretary Taft tells the Filipino Progresista party that "the first lesson in self government that voters have to learn is to be good losers." The man who has won out always feels that he could have borne defeat philosophically.

Des Moines apartment house proprietors insert a clause in their lease that the cooking of onions and cabbage in the apartment shall work a forfeiture of the lease. The smell from cooking cabbage and onions is strong enough to work anything.

NORMAL CONDITIONS ARE RETURNING.

Omaha (Neb.) Bee.

Instead of the east sending money to the west to move the crops, the west is sending money to the east to move the stocks. Business is returning to normal conditions.

NO CAUSE FOR CONCERN.

Indianapolis Star.

There is nothing in current financial events in New York City or elsewhere to cause alarm to the depositors in any bank that is in the condition prescribed by law and whose business is conducted on sound banking principles.

FLURRY IS OVER; KEEP COOL.

Boston Post.

The so-called panic which has brought about a financial crisis in New York the past week is a speculators' panic, not an industrial panic. But it has been checked, by the co-operation of the interests most closely concerned. A better financial basis has been assured. And it remains for individuals to keep a cool head and trust to the future.

PROSPERITY IS STILL WITH US.

Chicago Record-Herald.

The real wealth of the country has not been reduced by any stock slumps. The farmers have their crops to sell, and good prices are being realized for all our cereals and foodstuffs. The manufacturer has his markets, the employer continues to produce, the employe gets his good wages and maintains his high standard of living. The exchange of commodities and services goes on and will go on at the full rate of the last few years of prosperity, and all the real conditions for the continuance of such prosperity are still with us.

REVENUE-EARNING CAPACITY STILL GOOD.

New York Herald.

The American disposition is essentially a sanguine and enterprising one, and a people of that temperament are incapable of the magpie process of hoarding money in secret hiding places. They would rather lose their capital in virile effort to increase it than to keep it idle and unproductive in an old stocking. The unparalleled activity prevailing in the industrial and commercial world is a guarantee that the revenue earning capacity of the great transport systems is bound to increase with the enlarged facilities which have become indispensable for handling the traffic. Consequently no falling off in dividends is to be expected. Capital invested at present prices may count upon a return varying from 5 per cent to 9 per cent.

LET EACH DO HIS PART.

Philadelphia Inquirer.

Conditions at bottom are entirely sound. The great prosperity, which the country has been enjoying for several years past, has not appreciably abated, and it only remains for people to do the sensible thing and it will be a case of all's well than ends well. The sensible thing is for everyone to go about his business as though nothing had happened, in full confidence that our financial institutions rest on stable foundations and that the immense wealth of the nation remains unimpaired, despite the largely temporary reduction of paper values.

Let each do his part toward keeping currency in circulation and the last traces of the recent trouble will quickly disappear. At this time, when the chief difficulty arises from the inadequacy of the currency supply, the man who takes money he does not need out of the bank to put it in a drawer or a safe deposit box is nothing less than a public enemy.

JUST FOR FUN.

Incident of the Money Squeeze.

A stock broker who has been nagged to death the last few days by a nervous friend who owns about four shares of stock, got even when he was again called to the 'phone by the fretful one.

"What's the news?" asked the excited man.

"Brooklyn bridge suspended," shouted the broker.

"Heavens, what else?"

"The subway is in a hole."

"I've got 20 shares of Inter-Mets!" yelled the nervous man. "What else?"

"The Singer building has gone up."—New York World.

A Cavity.

Cholly—The dentist told me I had a large cavity that needed filling.

Ethel—Did he recommend any special course of study?—London Public Opinion.

A Police Order.

A fine Holstein cow that had escaped from her owner's lot was recently roaming the streets of Nashville when she was roped in by the pound officer. This official action evoked a moving appeal from the owner, who addressed the chief of police in this wise:

"Chief Blank:

"Dear Friend—Your pound man has hauled my cow into court this morning for prowling. As it was her first offense, please have her let off with as slight a fine as possible. Yours ——."

Across the face of this letter the chief scribbled the following instruction to the pound man:

"Release the cow on her own recognizances."—Harper's Weekly.

"It is a pity that there are so many people who tell falsehoods."

"Yes," answered Miss Cayenne, "but think how much worse it would be if we had to accept all the gossip we hear as positively true."—Washington Star.

She—I always think of motoring as the poetry of motion.

He—Yes, until the machine breaks down. Then it becomes blank verse."—London Opinion.

"Did your case go by default, Sam?"

"Yassar. De fault ob de jury, yassir."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

SALT LAKE THEATRE.
GEORGE D. PYPER, Manager.
Tonight and Tomorrow Night
Henry B. Harris presents
The Lion and the Mouse
By Charles Klein.
Prices, 50c to $1.50.
NEXT ATTRACTION.
Monday Tuesday and Wednesday and matinee,
RALPH STUART in "Strongheart."
Prices, 25c to $1.50; matinee, 25c to $1.00. Sale To day

Orpheum THEATRE
ADVANCED VAUDEVILLE.
All This Week.
8—Vassar Girls—8
Inez Macauley
Mr. and Mrs. Jimmie Barry
Chinko Makmuri
Minnie Kaufmann
Kinodrome
Orpheum Orchestra.
Every Evening (except Sunday), 75c, 50c, 25c. Box Seat, $1.00.
Matinees, Daily (except Sunday and Monday), 50c, 25c, 10c. Box Seat, 75c.

GRAND THEATRE
Direction Pelton & Smultzer.
A. M. Cox, Manager.
TONIGHT.
Matinee Saturday.
The Ever Successful Drama.
Lost in New York.
Known from Coast to Coast.
Usual Pleasing Popular Prices.
Next Attraction—A Desperate Chance.

LYRIC THEATRE
Direction: Sullivan & Considine
Bert C. Donnellan, Mgr. and Treas.
ALL THIS WEEK.
"COMBINED ATTRACTIONS;"
Stock Co., presents The Great laughing Success.
"OH, WHAT A NIGHT!"
in conjunction With Greater Vaudeville offerings.
Eves, 7 Shows, 7:30 and 9:15.

AUDITORIUM
RICHARDS ST. ROLLER RINK.
We have arranged to have twenty minutes' moving pictures each evening; a change of program nightly. You will never see the same show twice at the Auditorium. Prices will remain the same. Evening admission 15c.
Where the bright lights shine, The Auditorium, Richards street.

NIGHT SCHOOL
THE L. D. S.
BUSINESS COLLEGE
Offers practical training in Business, Arithmetic, Penmanship, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy, Mechanical Drawing, Bookkeeping, Reading and Spelling. Applicants must register on Monday, Wednesday or Thursday evenings between 7 and 9.

Tomorrow a Day of Bargains at Z. C. M. I.

Entire line of Figured Novelty Dress Goods and Wool Plaids will be sold at ONE-FOURTH LESS THAN THE REGULAR PRICE. Stylish fabrics that comprehend the latest fall patterns and sell regularly from 65c to $3.00 a yard. Tomorrow ..... 25% Off

Saturday Specials in the Millinery Department.

Wings, Fancy Feathers, Aigrettes, Pompoms, all stylish and popular effects, will be sold Tomorrow only, at..... 20% Off

Entire line of Beautiful Pattern Hats, very stylish and dressy, will be sold Saturday only at..... One-Third Off

RIBBONS.
Plain Taffetas, Satin Taffetas, Failletines, Plaids, Dresdens, an excellent assortment of widths and colorings, up to 5 1-2 inches wide. Some of them 45c values. Tomorrow, a yard . 25c

BELTS.
A splendid line of Women's Leather Belts, in tans, browns and blacks, with handsome gilt buckles. Each one a splendid 50c value. Tomorrow will sell for 25c

Special Values in Kid Gloves.
Waldorf Pique Street Gloves in all colors and sizes, good $1.75 values, tomorrow $1.25
Women's Auto Pique Gloves. Very swell. Black and brown. Per pair $1.75

Z. C. M. I. WHERE YOU GET THE BEST Z. C. M. I.
OUR DRUG STORE IS AT 112-114 SOUTH MAIN STREET.

Fleur de lis Dainties
is the name of a new line of very superior candy we have for sale.
It is fresh daily and of the purest quality
WILLES - HORNE DRUG CO.,
News Building. By the Monument
Phones: Bell 374-1830. Ind. 374-1578

36 MAIN ST. CUTLER'S 36 MAIN ST.
An Especially Attractive Suit Special
Black all (unfinished) worsted suits, made in new fall styles and made to fit, are now selling at this store at
$25.00
Usually sold at much higher prices at all stores.
IF LOWER PRICES mean anything to you, our store will be your trading place. We quote prices in all departments that challenge comparison:
Winter Knit Wear
LADIES' UNDERWEAR
Two-piece Suits or Unions, 25c apiece
Knit Skirts . . . . . 50c up
MEN'S UNDERWEAR
Heavy or medium . . . $1.25 up
BOYS' UNDERWEAR
Two-piece Suits . . . . 30c up
Shawls, Sweaters, Hoods, etc.
THE ORIGINAL HOME OF KNIT GOODS

DIAMONDS
We are still going up, it is the best and safest investment, if you buy them right; we have a few forfeited diamonds, that we can sell you right, with an absolute guarantee. Reference, Walker Bros., Bankers.
I. SIEGEL
Jeweler and Diamond Broker,
175 South Main Street

AN OPPORTUNITY SELDOM MET.
To purchase a nice modern brick home in the northeastern part of the city, close in, for $3,600. Part cash and time on balance. Five rooms, cement walks and large lot.
If you want this bargain see our Real Estate Dept. today.
We also do the largest insurance business in the state and represent the only local company, the HOME FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY OF UTAH.
HEBER J. GRANT AND COMPANY
22-26 MAIN STREET. BOTH PHONES, 500.