

PEARY'S GREAT ACHIEVEMENT Makes Every American Citizen Feel Better and Prouder For Being an American.

CROWNS WORK AS EXPLORER. Scientists Astonished at Coincidence of Almost Simultaneous Discovery of North Pole by Cook and Peary.

Washington, Sept. 6.—"Should all American first of all place the stars and stripes at that coveted spot, there is not an American citizen at home who would not feel a little better and a little prouder of being an American."

Commander Robert E. Peary almost three years ago this month, and in the eyes of the world, he has done it. He has done it in the eyes of the world, he has done it in the eyes of the world, he has done it in the eyes of the world.

PEARY A HERO. Peary adds still another name to the long list of American heroes.

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The course taken by Commander Peary and Dr. Cook did not differ materially, according to Prof. Ruggles, the geographer.

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reaching 87 degrees, 6 seconds north latitude. This was accomplished on April 21, 1909, after a zigzag journey in the Arctic ocean, exactly two years to a day before Dr. Cook reached the pole. He regarded the expedition as simplifying the task by 50 per cent, and his failure to reach the pole then was attributed by him to the fact that the winter was not normal, being particularly open season throughout the northern hemisphere. He believed he could have reached the pole then in spite of the fact that he had known what the actual conditions were northward as he subsequently knew them.

An explorer following him, according to Commander Peary, could not only attain the pole, but could make deep sea soundings throughout the central polar ocean and delineate the unknown gap in the northeast coast line of Greenland from Cape Morris Jessup to Cape Bismarck.

Commander Peary's last public appearance at Washington was when President Roosevelt presented to him on Dec. 15, 1904, the Hubbard medal of the National Geographic Society. It was then that Peary declared that man and the Eskimo dogs are the only mechanisms that could meet all the contingencies of arctic work.

Prof. William L. Moore in discussing the achievements of Cook and Peary, said it was entirely probable that the data of one would not check up with that of the other because of the moving ice and that Peary may not have found on April 6, last, any trace indicating that Cook had been there the year before. The statements of both explorers that they have found the pole are accepted by Prof. Moore, he believing that they will be substantiated by satisfactory data. He stated that later in the week he would call a special meeting of the geographic society directors for the purpose of taking action toward making suitable recognition of the remarkable exploits of the two American explorers.

DAVIDSON BELIEVES IN COOK. San Francisco, Sept. 6.—"I believe that Dr. Cook discovered the north pole, because I cannot imagine any sane man making such an assertion unless he has proofs adequate to satisfy the men of science who will act as a jury and subject his data to the closest scrutiny. I also believe Commander Peary's statement for the same reason."

This was the statement made by Prof. George Davidson, the noted astronomer and geographical writer, when shown the reports of Commander Peary's claims today. "Up to now," he continued, "I think there has been entirely too much of what might be termed 'Buffalo Billism' and of spectacular action, which will tend to make the United States look ridiculous in the eyes of the world."

"From a scientific standpoint, the discovery is of little value. It is a great practical joke of some kind, but I think it has been dimmed by the actions of the explorers themselves. At the announcement of their discoveries."

"If flaws are found in the proofs of either one now, the unfortunate person will be hooded into oblivion."

DOUBTS PEARY REPORT. New York, Sept. 6.—The Cook-Peary controversy opened here this afternoon with the first expression of disbelief in the report that the latter had reached the pole. The denial came from Capt. Bradley S. Osborn, a veteran polar explorer, secretary of the Arctic club and one of Dr. Cook's most earnest supporters. "I am extremely doubtful that

Commander Peary has reached the north pole," he said. "Mr. Peary must have encountered very smooth ice and water to have succeeded in such a short time. All news hitherto indicated that he had made his dash for the pole in the summer of 1908. I do not see how it would have been possible for him to have arrived and returned with the news so early."

BRITISH SCIENTISTS' CREDIT REPORT. Winnipeg, Man., Sept. 6.—British scientists here fully credit the report that Peary has reached the north pole. Prof. Meyer, Prof. George Byron, president of the Royal Society of Canada, and Roderick MacFarlane, F. R. S., believe it is true. They say Peary has had the necessary scientific training and knowledge he will bring back will be of greater benefit to science than that of Dr. Cook.

MacFarlane was formerly connected with the Hudson Bay company at Fort Anderson and his dealings for five years there were entirely with Eskimos. He made valuable explorations in the arctic circle, being the only holder of an arctic medal in western Canada. Knowing the Eskimos as he does, and appreciating their superior intelligence to that of the North American Indians, he believes that Peary, an explorer in locating the north pole is more valuable than that of white men.

EXCITEMENT IN LONDON. London, Sept. 6.—The receipt of the dispatch from Peary announcing he had found the north pole caused the greatest degree of excitement in London. The newspapers were at first inclined to treat it as a hoax and before publishing it they kept the telephone office hot with inquiries as to its authenticity.

The message reached the evening papers only in time for the briefest "stop press" mention. Headlines such as "A Strange Telegram" and "A Mysterious Message" emphasized the caution with which the startling news was received.

When the announcement was made that the message originated at Indian Harbor, Labrador, there was a much greater disposition to credit it, as it was at first thought to have come from Indian Harbor, Newfoundland.

London was soon filled with abutting newsboys and their papers were bought up with the greatest avidity.

FRENCH ENTHUSIASTIC. Paris, Sept. 6.—Commander Peary's announcement that he has carried the American flag to the north pole caused a profound impression in France. Peary's story is awaited with the keenest interest, for the situation which only appeals to the French mind from a dramatic standpoint, but also arouses intense scientific curiosity.

The attitude of the press has been friendly to Dr. Cook. The newspapers have accepted his claims with some tendency, as in the case of the Temps, to place a question mark over each day's headline relating to the discovery of the north pole.

The news of Peary's achievement was conveyed to the distinguished geographer, J. A. Bouquet de la Grye of the Academy of Science, who clapped his hands and cried: "Then it is surely done. We do not doubt Dr. Cook, but we must see that Peary flashes back word of victory. It means that the man with vast polar experience will be able to prove to the world that the goal has at last been attained. It is certain also that Peary's success will lend moral support to Dr. Cook's claims."

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The Lokel Anzeiger says that scarcely any room exists to doubt the authenticity of Peary's dispatch or that he has reached the pole.

The Tagblatt thinks that the two discoveries mutually confirm each other. "It will remain a memorable event," says the paper. "The civilized world will congratulate America upon the success of her sons, to whom equal honors are due."

The Vossische Zeitung says: "It is one of the most wonderful accidents that two explorers succeeded almost at the same time in solving the polar problem which has occupied the attention of the races for centuries."

COOK REAL DISCOVERER. St. Louis, Sept. 6.—"I consider Dr. Cook the real discoverer of the north pole," said Father Charles M. Charoppin, S. J., professor of astronomy at the St. Louis university, when he was informed of Commander Peary's message of the Stars and Stripes being hoisted to the north pole.

"Commander Peary deserves credit for his work and hardship, but Dr. Cook's records have made me a believer in him."

There was interesting discussion of the probable methods of the two explorers. Peary's record being better known in England than Cook's, breath of suspicion has been raised against Peary's claim.

NARES INSINUATES. Sir George Nares, who commanded an arctic expedition in 1875, finds difficulty in avoiding the conclusion that Peary's Eskimos at Etah must know that Cook crossed Smith's sound and Etah last winter.

"Isn't it a peculiar fact that this coincidence occurs," he said, "in view of the possibility of the news having reached Etah of the success of one man or the other? Wouldn't it be just possible that Dr. Cook had learned of Peary's success and was trying to claim civilization first with the first claim of having discovered the pole?"

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Madrid, Sept. 6.—The Twelfth division of the Spanish army consisting of 12,000 men under the command of Gen. Solomayo has been ordered to Melilla, Morocco, to take part in the campaign against the Moors.

Prime Minister Maura said that another division might be mobilized immediately.

Advice received from Melilla say the Spanish position at El Arzila and Tingitana have been reinforced and that the Moors have partly abandoned Mount Gurgu and are massing at Nadzor and Zeletun.

HARRY T. PECK MARRIED. New York, Sept. 7.—The marriage is just announced of Harry Thaddeus Peck, professor of Latin at Columbia university, and Miss Elizabeth H. DuBois, a teacher of classics in the same institution. Prof. Peck is well known throughout the west where he was an educator for many years, as he is in the east. His divorce from his first wife took place in Dakota created considerable comment.

LABOR DAY ACCIDENTS. Washington, Sept. 7.—One death and a score or more minor accidents because of the Labor day celebrations were recorded by the police. Corozo Johnson, a 15-year-old student, while hunting in the woods near Beltsville, Md., was shot and killed by a companion. The police investigated and declared the shooting was accidental.

REUNION OF GOOD SAMARITANS. Seattle, Wash., Sept. 7.—At the fourteenth reunion of the Good Samaritans of the city was held tonight, the following officers were elected: Bishop Samuel Fallows, Chicago, president; Rev. J. J. Tobias, Chicago, Rev. G. M. Irwin, Seattle, G. W. Williams, Richmond, Va., vice president; Rev. John O. Foster, Seattle, secretary and treasurer; Rev. W. H. Smith, Park Ridge, Ill., assistant secretary and treasurer.

SHORTAGE OF HORSES ALARMS WAR OFFICE. Great pressure is being brought to bear upon Mr. Haldane, secretary of war, by experts who declare that in event of war the supplies of horses would be hopelessly inadequate, according to London dispatch.

Secy. Haldane has declared that the horse supply was sufficient for the requirements of the expeditionary force and territorial force in time of war, but there are signs that the army council do not believe that. The council, as a matter of fact, is secretly encouraging an experiment which is being carried out by the county of York. The territorial force alone, and an immense number for the such a census in every county in the country.

The country experts, who are in a better position to judge than any member of the army council, say that the horse supply of the country is rapidly diminishing. In the case of call to arms, 10,000 horses would be required for the territorial force alone, and an immense number for the such a census in every county in the country.

The British lost 35,000 horses in the South African war and that the number America supplied 19,000 and Hungary and the Argentine 20,000. It is estimated that in the case of a European war Great Britain could not possibly rely on the same success in procuring horses from other countries.

A BURNED CHILD. Dreads the fire. The dread is wholesome, but not the burn that can be healed and instantly relieved by applying Ballard's Snow Liniment. Be prepared for accidents by keeping a bottle always in the house. Best for sprains, bruises, cuts, scalds, rheumatism, neuralgia, burnings—any and all aches and pains. Price 25c. Sold by Z. C. M. L. Drug Dept. 112 and 114 South Main St., Salt Lake City.

SIX BEST SELLING BOOKS. Record for August. According to the lists furnished by leading Book Sellers the country's best books (fiction) which have sold best in the order of demand during the month are: 1. The Inner Shrine, Anon. \$1.50. 2. Katrine Lane, \$1.50. 3. The Bride of the Mistletoe, Allen, \$1.25. 4. Mr. Opp, Kibbe, \$1.00. 5. The White Mice, Davis, \$1.00. 6. The White Sister, Crawford, \$1.50. For sale at the DESERTER NEWS BOOK STORE.

DEATH FROM MEXICAN FLOOD FIFTEEN HUNDRED. Mexico City, Sept. 6.—The town of Tula, in the state of Tamaulipas was swept by another flood yesterday, houses being carried away and rich plantations destroyed.

Gen. Trevino places the deaths for the state of Nuevo Leon officially at 1,194. A number of towns on the Rio Grande have not yet been heard from. The towns of Aldama de Cos and Aramburi are reported destroyed, making 19 towns in all affected by the floods.

LANDED GREAT SWORD FISH. Avalon, Catalina Islands, Cal., Sept. 7.—While the Clemente Island, L. G. Murphy of Converse, Ind., landed a swordfish 9 feet, 7 inches long that weighed 165 pounds and was armed with a 24-foot sword. These dimensions exceed those of any other fish of the species of which there is any record here.

The swordfish put up a terrific battle before it was brought ashore. It leaped out of the water 27 times, charged the launch, trying to wreck it, and gave Murphy several hours' hard work. When the fish was brought here today it was found to be too badly soiled to be preserved.

HOW'S THIS? We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. J. C. CHERRY & CO., Toledo, O. We, the undersigned, have known P. J. Hall for many years, and he has proved himself perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 25c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

MOVE YOUR COUGH. THE BOWELS ARE WORK UP A COUGH. COUGH STAYS COUGH. BEST FOR A COUGH. GEO. T. BRICE DRUG CO., 209 Main—Kennon Pharmacy.

BLOOD POVERTY AN ANAEMIC CONDITION OF THE SYSTEM

We all know that when the circulation becomes poisoned from any cause, it is manifested in some outward disorder or disease, but do we always understand that many of the ordinary ailments of life are simply the result of blood poverty?

Normal, healthy blood contains millions of tiny red corpuscles; these are constantly forming in the system by the extraction of nutriment from the food we eat. The minute globules are then taken up by the circulation and used in supplying nourishment and healthful growth to every portion of the body. The brain is enabled to perform its work by constantly feeding upon the blood, the nerves supply us with physical energy by drawing their power from blood nutriment, the stomach, bowels and digestive system all carry on their several duties because they are kept in normal condition through the strengthening properties received from the circulation. And so with every member of the body, its sustenance and health depends directly upon the blood.

Any system which does not receive the proper amount of blood nourishment is not prepared to withstand the countless disorders that attack it. How often do we see persons begin to "feel bad," then the appetite becomes fickle, the digestion deranged, the skin yellow, the system bilious, and a general malarial condition set up.

This state of health is brought about because germs and impurities have entered the circulation, and it has become impoverished, weak and anaemic. But blood poverty means more than this—poor blood means constantly diminishing strength, and as the malarial germs destroy more and more of the healthful properties of the circulation, chills and fever are frequent, skin diseases, boils, and sores and ulcers break out on the flesh, and after awhile the foundation is laid for other troubles.

We cannot have good health as long as the blood is weak and anaemic. Nourish the system through its natural source—the blood—and thus enable it to overcome or throw off the ill effects of blood poverty.

Nothing equals S. S. S. as a remedy for Blood Poverty. It goes directly into the circulation and removes every trace of impurity or germs, it adds richness and vigor to the blood and thus enables it to supply the system with its needed nourishment and strength. When S. S. S. has purified and reinvigorated the blood, sallow, anaemic complexions take on the ruddy flush of health, the liver and digestion are righted, the appetite increased, the system vitalized and strengthened, all malarial conditions removed, and perfect health restored. S. S. S. is a general systemic remedy of unequalled value, and is specially efficacious in cases of blood poverty.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

WHY NOT GO?

Sept. 15th—THE DAY. BRIGHAM CITY—THE PLACE. THE EVENT? AN INCIDENT? THE RESULT?

VIA. OREGON SHORT LINE RAILROAD

MONEY LOANED ON REAL ESTATE. LONG TIME. EASY PAYMENTS, Reliable Representatives Wanted. The Jackson Loan and Trust Company. Fort Worth, Texas and Jackson Mississippi.

Grand Offer to Investors

THE SINALOA LAND & FRUIT COMPANY MAKES THE FOLLOWING MAGNIFICENT OFFER TO INVESTORS: Every person who invests \$100 on or before October 1st, 1909, in the company's colonization lands, on the Puerto River, Sinaloa, Mexico, will get an opportunity to receive one of the following gifts from the company: First: 100 acres of our colonization land, worth at least \$2,500. Second: 2 acres, worth \$25. Third: One 12 1/2-acre lot, worth \$125. Fourth: One 6 1/2-acre lot, worth \$125. Fifth: One town lot, worth \$50. Sixth: One town lot, worth \$50. Seventh: One town lot, worth \$50. Land and climate superior to Lower California. Bananas, oranges, pine apples, dates, and all semi-tropical fruits grow in abundance. Near the intersection of two great railroads and a fine deep water harbor. Finest opportunity in America for home-sellers and investors. Colonists will commence moving on lands in September. Come now and share in the increase and profits of these lands. For information regarding the manner of distribution, call at company's office.

OFFICE SUITE 506 S. L. SECURITY & TRUST BLDG., OPPOSITE Z. C. M. I., SALT LAKE CITY. N. V. JONES, Mgr.

ADVERTISERS SHOULD USE THE SEMI-WEEKLY NEWS. Circulation Books Open to Advertisers.

DR. J. B. KEYSOR'S DENTAL PARLORS 240 S. Main St. Over Davis' Shoe Store. Fifteen years' continuous practice in Salt Lake City. Good Set of Teeth for \$5.00. Amalgam or Silver Filling, \$1.00. Gold Filling, \$1.00 and up. Teeth Cleaned, 15c. to \$1.00. Solid Gold Crown, 18-kt., \$3.00. Bridge Work, per tooth, \$4.00. Crown and Bridge Work a Specialty. We make teeth that fit the mouth. Tel. phone 167-g.

DR. J. B. KEYSOR'S DENTAL PARLORS For Backache, Rheumatism and the Kidneys. GEO. T. BRICE DRUG CO., 209 Main—Kennon Pharmacy.

WILEY'S HONEY AND TAR CONTAINS NO HARMFUL DRUGS. Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup, La Grippe, Asthma, Throat and Lung Troubles. Prevents Pneumonia and Consumption. THE DRUGS IS IN THE YELLOW PACKAGE. FOR SALE BY F. J. HILL DRUG COMPANY, SALT LAKE CITY.



Not Anty Drudge's Kind of Economy. Mrs. Frugal—"Look at this box of laundry soap, Anty Drudge. Buying so much, I got it cheap. Isn't that Economy?" Anty Drudge—"Economy nothing. You've bought yourself a lot of hard work if you use that soap. Fels-Naptha saves hard work, does away with boiling and makes the clothes cleaner. Economy? Well, I guess not." Don't throw away the wrapper when you buy a cake of Fels-Naptha soap. Pin it up in your kitchen or laundry where you can read plainly the directions printed on the back. They're the whole secret of the easy Fels-Naptha way of washing—the modern way. It's just as important to follow directions in washing with Fels-Naptha as it is in taking medicine. Used the Fels-Naptha way, Fels-Naptha soap will save you time, trouble, hard work, fuel and money. Look for the red and green wrapper at your grocer's.

Pioneer ROOFING We tell you to put on a "Pioneer Roof." and forget it. Needs no paint or repairs. Sun proof and rain proof. Not affected by extremes of heat or cold. Suitable for all kinds of buildings—pitched or flat roofs. Comes in handy rolls. Easy to lay—anybody can do it—no special tools needed. New Chen—Let us send you samples, a copy of our 22-page Roofing Booklet and name of our nearest agent. PIONEER ROLL PAPER COMPANY. Department 54. Los Angeles, California. LAMBERT PAPER CO., Distributors. Salt Lake City.