

BELLE ELMORE'S MURDERER HANGED

As the Time for Execution Approached, Lost All Fortitude, Assisted Up Steps to Drop.

THERE HE ALMOST COLLAPSED

Holding of Black Flag Over Prison Told He Was Dead—He Made No Confession.

London, Nov. 23.—Dr. Hawley Harvey Crippen today paid the penalty for the murder of his wife, Belle Elmore, the actress, within a few minutes of the stroke of nine, the morning hour officially fixed for the execution.

The hanging was in Pontonville prison, where the prisoner had been confined since his return to this country following his arrest in Canada.

The condemned man, who throughout his trial and even until Home Secy. Churchill had refused a petition for his reprieve, had maintained an imperturbable calmness, presented a pitiable appearance as he was led through the short corridor from his cell to the scaffold.

His mental anguish had been too great to be covered up by bravado and it was a broken man the wardens were obliged to assist up the steps to the drop, upon which, once reached, the shivering figure almost collapsed.

The first report that Crippen had met his fate calmly was contradicted by persons who were present in the prison during the man's last hours. The doomed man passed a restless night and appeared haggard and worn when awakened from his fitful slumbers. He seemed to lose all fortitude as the end approached and a resolute effort to frighten him, but he did not touch it.

His face was colorless as he was escorted bareheaded to the gallows. The gruesome work was soon done. The black cap was quickly drawn over the face—the nose adjusted and the bolt drawn. Crippen, who weighed 140 pounds, was given a drop of seven feet. Death was instantaneous.

From the time that the reprieve was refused the physician's condition has been one of mental prostration. He would see only Clara Ethel Leneve, love for whom the crown asserted, was the compelling motive in the murder of his wife. Solicitor Newton, who had made a game fight for his client, and Father Carey, to whose ministrations he paid respectful attention.

The final interview with Miss Leneve yesterday was most painful, and already in the shadow of death, the convicted murderer made no effort to suppress his emotion upon parting with the girl. During the remainder of the day he was in a state of complete nervous collapse, retiring to his bed utterly despondent.

Public Executioner Ellis of Rochdale, who hanged a wife murderer at Liverpool yesterday morning, arrived in London on the evening train. The scaffold was erected today. A few tenements overlook the prison yard, and to bar the tenants from a glimpse of the tragedy a big canvass screen was put up before the gallows.

Only a small group of officials attended and every effort was made to prevent morbid crowds from gathering in the neighborhood.

BURIED IN QUICKLIME. The body will probably be buried in quicklime in the prison yard. This is the custom at Pentonville, although not in all English prisons.

Father Carey, who had visited Crippen frequently, entered the prison at 6 o'clock this evening and spent the night with the condemned man. He walked with Crippen to the scaffold.

The streets in the neighborhood of the prison were filled by the time the hanging occurred although the fog was so dense that the outlines of the prison building could be barely seen from the street.

There was a strong police guard on hand which kept the crowd from approaching the buildings.

No effort was made by the authorities to avoid publicity the usual batch of prisoners whose time had expired were released an hour before the customary time, thus clearing the halls and offices of all outsiders who might be present.

BLACK FLAG HOISTED. The hoisting of a grim black flag, which was seen to show the place through a rift in the fog, announced to the crowd in the streets that Dr. Crippen was dead.

The last few minutes of the man's life were spent in the company of his wife's mother.

(Continued on page eight.)

MORE OUTRAGES BY SUFFRAGETTES

Under Cover of Fog March to Downing Street and Attack Premier's Residence.

SECY. BIRRELL ASSAULTED

As Result of Blows and Kicks Chief Secretary for Ireland Is Confined to His Bed.

London, Nov. 23.—The holding of the suffragettes yesterday which began with an assault on Premier Asquith, continued throughout the night. Driven from one district, so many of the women as escaped would gather at another point and renew the battle.

Advancing under cover of the fog at 2:30 o'clock this morning a militant band circumvented the police and stormed the Asquith residence in Downing street. They hurled stones and metal weights at the house, breaking the glass in all of the lower windows.

Earlier in the night the women smashed the windows in the homes of Sir Edward Grey, the foreign secretary, Louis Harcourt, secretary of state for the colonies, and Winston Spencer Churchill, the home secretary.

Augustine Birrell, the veteran chief secretary for Ireland, was the victim of the most vicious and serious assault. As a result of injuries from blows and kicks, the aged statesman is today confined to his bed and under the care of physicians.

He has been compelled to cancel all immediate private and official engagements.

ASSAULT ON BIRRELL. Mr. Birrell was making his way on foot through St. James's park to the Athenaeum club, when he was set upon by the women and soundly beaten. Policemen rescued him and helped him to a motor car in which he was taken home.

One hundred and fifty-six women and two men who took part in yesterday's riot were arraigned in the Bow street police court this morning. At the direction of Home Secy. Churchill those charged merely with obstruction were discharged. The others against whom complaints of assault and willful damage of property have been made were remanded to jail to be held for sentence later. Most of the women prisoners appeared in court carrying bags containing a change of clothes hoping that the full of the glory of martyrdom in jail.

Some brought their knitting and plying their needles busily during the proceedings greatly amused the spectators.

Among those held for punishment was Mrs. Haverfield, daughter of Lord Alington, who, according to the testimony introduced, had promised to bring a revolver with her on the occasion of the next suffragette demonstration.

POPULATION OF OHIO. Washington, Nov. 23.—The population of the state of Ohio is 4,767,121, according to the statistics of the Thirteenth census made public today by Dr. Durand. This is an increase of 693,576, or 14.7 per cent, over 4,157,545 in 1900.

The increase from 1890 to 1900 was 485,229, or 13.2 per cent.

THEODORE N. VAIL SUCCEEDS R. C. CLOWRY. New York, Nov. 23.—Robert C. Clowry, president of the Western Union Telegraph company, today tendered his resignation to the board of directors and Theodore N. Vail, president of the American Telephone & Telegraph company, which controls the Western Union, was appointed to fill the vacancy.

VOTE FOR GOV. CARROLL. Des Moines, Nov. 23.—Election returns from every county in the state as canvassed by the supervisors and filed with secretary of State Hayward, gives Governor Carroll a total of 295,997, as against 187,163 for Claude Porter, Democrat, a lead for Governor Carroll of 108,834.

MADE DEATH CERTAIN. Philadelphia, Nov. 23.—Dropping from the twelfth story of the Land Title & Trust company skyscraper at Broad and Chestnut streets today, Henry C. Brewer, 39 years old, met death. He was seen hanging from a window sill



EXTERIOR OF NEW COMMERCIAL CLUB.

by a scrubwoman and just as she screamed, Brewer fell.

Brewer was a credit adjuster employed by a firm having offices in the building. The police say there is no doubt Brewer committed suicide.

WESTERN MINERS SEEK AFFILIATION

St. Louis, Nov. 23.—The application of the Western Federation of Miners for a charter from the American Federation of Labor was the special order of business at the opening of today's session of the annual convention. The western miners are seeking affiliation under the same conditions now accorded the United Mine Workers of America.

The mine workers and the machinists have advised the convention that they will oppose the issuing of a charter to the western miners. The executive council is on record with a recommendation that the western federation be admitted only by individual unions. The contest for the charter has brought on a fight on the present administration.

The committee on adjustments will file its report late today. No session will be held tomorrow and on Saturday, the last day of the convention, officers will be elected and the next place of meeting chosen.

The Socialists have prepared a statement, which is expected to be read Saturday, exonerating them from all intention of having come to the convention with the purpose of capturing it.

INDIAN WOMAN SECURES DIVORCE IN RENO COURT

Carson, Nov. 23.—For the first time under the laws of this state, a full blooded Indian woman received a decree of divorce from her Indian husband yesterday. Minnie Galbraith, a graduate of the Indian training school near this city, was the plaintiff. She charged cruelty and neglect and was given the custody of her son.

MAY SEE HIS BABY WHEN HE PAYS ALIMONY

Kansas City, Nov. 23.—A novel order has been entered by Judge Goodrich in the circuit court here. He gives David Hoffman the privilege of seeing his baby daughter every time he pays Mrs. Hoffman \$10 in alimony. Mrs. Hoffman sued for divorce and Hoffman said he was willing to let her have it if he could visit the baby occasionally. The court said he could visit the baby monthly if he paid \$10 on each visit as alimony.

LOVERS IN YOUTH WED IN OLD AGE

Toledo, Nov. 23.—A love affair that began upon 60 years ago in a rural village in Ohio, was celebrated today in the marriage of Mrs. Mary E. Morley and her husband, Mr. J. W. Morley. The bride is 81 years old and the groom is 87.

POPULATION OF NEW YORK.

Washington, Nov. 23.—The population of the state of New York is 5,115,279 according to statistics of the thirteenth census made public today by Director Durand. This is an increase of 1,841,286 or 26.4 per cent over 3,273,993 in 1900. The increase from 1890 to 1900 was 1,255,277 or 21.1 per cent.

MUST RETURN TO CHINA.

Wah See Ung, After Amassing Fortune, to be Deported. Wah See Ung, a wealthy Chinese landowner of Columbia, Mo., is now on his way back to China in the custody of United States Marshal A. J. Martin of Missouri, who stopped off in Salt Lake this morning to rest himself. The Chinaman was placed in the county jail for safe keeping until Marshal Martin resumes his journey to San Francisco.

Wah has amassed a fortune of \$10,000 in his business but the immigration officials decided that he would have to go back home. Wah sold out and will invest it in his own country. Wah was smuggled into the country and it was not until the government officials broke up the gang of smugglers that it was learned how Wah came to the United States.

COMMERCIAL CLUB OPENS ITS DOORS

Housewarming Occurs Tonight With Grand Reception to Invited Guests.

BUILDING IS NOW COMPLETE

Description Sufices to Show That Nothing is Lacking to Make It Perfect Throughout.

The Salt Lake Commercial club's new building opens at 8 o'clock tonight with a grand reception. Three thousand guests have been invited and they will be ushered through the building by the reception committee. The club will serve a light menu in the dining rooms and banquet hall. The chefs have everything in readiness and special arrangements have been made for the service.

Montgomery's band of 28 pieces has been engaged and will occupy the main rotunda. Schettler's stringed orchestra will occupy the balcony on the third floor from 8 to 12 o'clock furnishing music for the guests during the serving of refreshments.

As a club building, all that is desirable and luxurious is to be found in the new home of the Salt Lake Commercial club. The building stands six stories in height at the corner of Exchange and Cactus streets. It is the general architecture of the building, the Corinthian, Ionic and Doric have been blended with pleasing effect. Entering the building from Exchange place, the outer doors open into a marble entrance stair, within the vestibule, flanked on either side by a marble water fountain. The walls above the waistcoat are of Indian marble, and on either side, within a panel, is a bronze tablet bearing in relief the names of the club officials and board of governors according to the plan of the general architecture of the building.

The offices are luxuriously fitted carpeted in rich floor coverings in verdigris green, with wall tinting and draperies in perfect harmony, windows being hung with the heaviest of silk in green. The furniture throughout the offices is mahogany.

When the lobby is reached, the general scheme of the interior decoration is seen and an impression of softness and harmony is given. The idea of Spanish renaissance is carried out most effectively in the general treatment of the building scheme. The rotunda on the main floor is finished in Spanish mosaic work with the wall decorations and colorings in soft Pompeian green and old red. Furniture of special design was purchased for the rotunda, some of the pieces being exquisite examples of hand carvings and upholstery being in appropriate colorings of silk, brocades and antique velvet. Portiers at the entrance to the rotunda and concealing the entrance to the cloak rooms are beautiful pieces of tapestry, portraying scenes of the siege of Troy, the color effect being mainly in old greens, reds and browns. Pictures for the rotunda are in old Pompeian green.

FRIEZE OF UNIQUE DESIGN. Supported by immense pilasters, the dome is circled with a frieze of special and unique design, imitating buffalo skulls moulded in plaster and linked together with a festooning of fruits of the olive. The buffalo skulls are patterned after the natural skull found on the old Mormon trail some years ago containing an inscription written on the face of the skull by Brigham Young designating the spot where it was found one of his camps on the journey to Utah. This skull is contained in a glass case, and will be placed prominently in the rotunda.

The grand marble stairway rises in a wide circular sweep from the west side of the rotunda, following the circumference of the rotunda from the first landing. Flanking either side of the stair on the main floor are huge built-in mahogany seats, upholstered in green leather.

Opposite the head of the stairs is the entrance to the main banquet hall. The decorative scheme in this point is Spanish renaissance. It is two stories in height and is surrounded by private dining rooms on the mezzanine floor. The principal room on the second floor is the main banquet hall, two stories high and measuring 29 by 80 feet, and arranged for a banquet, this room will comfortably seat 500 persons. This immense room is one of the most handsome features of the club's new home, beautiful chandeliers of cut glass, eight in number hang from the ceiling and antique bronze lighting fixtures in the design of the club's crest adorn the walls of the room. Each of these fixtures bears a cluster of cut glass globes. Paneling on the walls of the banquet hall is in rich red brocade, and the ceiling is beautifully and elaborately decorated. Colorings in the scheme of decoration for the banquet hall are examples of the highest form of decorative art in the west. Furniture for the banquet hall is in gray enamel with imported bent wood chairs of special design. The dining room, which will be used by the board of governors of the club and other special luncheons, opens off from the main banquet hall through folding doors of gray finish.

The gold room which opens off the banquet hall through folding doors is in silver gray. This room takes its name from the wall covering of gold silk and in the hands of old rose, with dark red relief design, harmonizing with the mahogany furniture. All chairs are upholstered in red. A frieze bordering the top of the side walls contains the emblem of industry, such as the beehive, square and compass and the monogram of the Commercial club.

MEN'S LOUNGING ROOM. Opening off the rotunda to the west is the men's lounging room, which occupies the entire northeast corner of the main floor. A paragon of old rose, with dark red relief design, harmonizing with the mahogany furniture of the room. All furniture in this room is mahogany, and featuring harmonizing with the imported velvet carpets and the Louis XIV window hangings.

Chandeliers in the lounging room are of burnished gold finish, of special design. The ceiling, beams of the ceiling, specially designed cluster lights are bracketed, arranged for both gas and electrically, as are all the lighting fixtures in the working parts of the building.

entrance to the main banquet hall. The decorative scheme in this point is Spanish renaissance. It is two stories in height and is surrounded by private dining rooms on the mezzanine floor. The principal room on the second floor is the main banquet hall, two stories high and measuring 29 by 80 feet, and arranged for a banquet, this room will comfortably seat 500 persons. This immense room is one of the most handsome features of the club's new home, beautiful chandeliers of cut glass, eight in number hang from the ceiling and antique bronze lighting fixtures in the design of the club's crest adorn the walls of the room. Each of these fixtures bears a cluster of cut glass globes. Paneling on the walls of the banquet hall is in rich red brocade, and the ceiling is beautifully and elaborately decorated. Colorings in the scheme of decoration for the banquet hall are examples of the highest form of decorative art in the west. Furniture for the banquet hall is in gray enamel with imported bent wood chairs of special design. The dining room, which will be used by the board of governors of the club and other special luncheons, opens off from the main banquet hall through folding doors of gray finish.

The gold room which opens off the banquet hall through folding doors is in silver gray. This room takes its name from the wall covering of gold silk and in the hands of old rose, with dark red relief design, harmonizing with the mahogany furniture. All chairs are upholstered in red. A frieze bordering the top of the side walls contains the emblem of industry, such as the beehive, square and compass and the monogram of the Commercial club.

MEN'S LOUNGING ROOM. Opening off the rotunda to the west is the men's lounging room, which occupies the entire northeast corner of the main floor. A paragon of old rose, with dark red relief design, harmonizing with the mahogany furniture of the room. All furniture in this room is mahogany, and featuring harmonizing with the imported velvet carpets and the Louis XIV window hangings.

Chandeliers in the lounging room are of burnished gold finish, of special design. The ceiling, beams of the ceiling, specially designed cluster lights are bracketed, arranged for both gas and electrically, as are all the lighting fixtures in the working parts of the building.

The buffet on the main floor at the southeast corner of the building is finished in ornamental brick wainscoting of unique design. Furniture of special pattern, including mahogany and chairs of hand rubbed unfinished oak complete the equipment of the grill or buffet. The bar is built up of the same material and is topped with mahogany with an ornamental mahogany bar rail six inches in diameter. In the panels of the brick wainscoting, ornamental tiles with mandarins and garloyles contribute to the general effect. The dull finish of the remaining features of the room. The Spanish mosaic ceiling is supported by huge arches and square pillars of the same material.

LADIES' RECEPTION ROOM. The ladies' reception room on the mezzanine floor over the red dining room has been made especially attractive in decorations and furnishings. A beautiful grand piano is one of the features of this room. Carpeted in buff, with walls done in delicate green silk and the ceiling, beams of the ceiling, and chairs of hand rubbed unfinished oak complete the equipment of the grill or buffet. The bar is built up of the same material and is topped with mahogany with an ornamental mahogany bar rail six inches in diameter. In the panels of the brick wainscoting, ornamental tiles with mandarins and garloyles contribute to the general effect. The dull finish of the remaining features of the room. The Spanish mosaic ceiling is supported by huge arches and square pillars of the same material.

The ladies' reception room on the mezzanine floor over the red dining room has been made especially attractive in decorations and furnishings. A beautiful grand piano is one of the features of this room. Carpeted in buff, with walls done in delicate green silk and the ceiling, beams of the ceiling, and chairs of hand rubbed unfinished oak complete the equipment of the grill or buffet. The bar is built up of the same material and is topped with mahogany with an ornamental mahogany bar rail six inches in diameter. In the panels of the brick wainscoting, ornamental tiles with mandarins and garloyles contribute to the general effect. The dull finish of the remaining features of the room. The Spanish mosaic ceiling is supported by huge arches and square pillars of the same material.

The ladies' reception room on the mezzanine floor over the red dining room has been made especially attractive in decorations and furnishings. A beautiful grand piano is one of the features of this room. Carpeted in buff, with walls done in delicate green silk and the ceiling, beams of the ceiling, and chairs of hand rubbed unfinished oak complete the equipment of the grill or buffet. The bar is built up of the same material and is topped with mahogany with an ornamental mahogany bar rail six inches in diameter. In the panels of the brick wainscoting, ornamental tiles with mandarins and garloyles contribute to the general effect. The dull finish of the remaining features of the room. The Spanish mosaic ceiling is supported by huge arches and square pillars of the same material.

The ladies' reception room on the mezzanine floor over the red dining room has been made especially attractive in decorations and furnishings. A beautiful grand piano is one of the features of this room. Carpeted in buff, with walls done in delicate green silk and the ceiling, beams of the ceiling, and chairs of hand rubbed unfinished oak complete the equipment of the grill or buffet. The bar is built up of the same material and is topped with mahogany with an ornamental mahogany bar rail six inches in diameter. In the panels of the brick wainscoting, ornamental tiles with mandarins and garloyles contribute to the general effect. The dull finish of the remaining features of the room. The Spanish mosaic ceiling is supported by huge arches and square pillars of the same material.

The ladies' reception room on the mezzanine floor over the red dining room has been made especially attractive in decorations and furnishings. A beautiful grand piano is one of the features of this room. Carpeted in buff, with walls done in delicate green silk and the ceiling, beams of the ceiling, and chairs of hand rubbed unfinished oak complete the equipment of the grill or buffet. The bar is built up of the same material and is topped with mahogany with an ornamental mahogany bar rail six inches in diameter. In the panels of the brick wainscoting, ornamental tiles with mandarins and garloyles contribute to the general effect. The dull finish of the remaining features of the room. The Spanish mosaic ceiling is supported by huge arches and square pillars of the same material.

The ladies' reception room on the mezzanine floor over the red dining room has been made especially attractive in decorations and furnishings. A beautiful grand piano is one of the features of this room. Carpeted in buff, with walls done in delicate green silk and the ceiling, beams of the ceiling, and chairs of hand rubbed unfinished oak complete the equipment of the grill or buffet. The bar is built up of the same material and is topped with mahogany with an ornamental mahogany bar rail six inches in diameter. In the panels of the brick wainscoting, ornamental tiles with mandarins and garloyles contribute to the general effect. The dull finish of the remaining features of the room. The Spanish mosaic ceiling is supported by huge arches and square pillars of the same material.

The ladies' reception room on the mezzanine floor over the red dining room has been made especially attractive in decorations and furnishings. A beautiful grand piano is one of the features of this room. Carpeted in buff, with walls done in delicate green silk and the ceiling, beams of the ceiling, and chairs of hand rubbed unfinished oak complete the equipment of the grill or buffet. The bar is built up of the same material and is topped with mahogany with an ornamental mahogany bar rail six inches in diameter. In the panels of the brick wainscoting, ornamental tiles with mandarins and garloyles contribute to the general effect. The dull finish of the remaining features of the room. The Spanish mosaic ceiling is supported by huge arches and square pillars of the same material.

IT IS TURKEY DAY ON MARKET ROW

Thanksgiving Bird Much Sought After Among Toothsome Viands for Tomorrow.

PRICES ARE GOING DOWN

Expected 25 Cent Limit Will be Reached by 10 p. m.—Time Birds Plentiful.

This is turkey day on Market Row, with poultry for sale everywhere. At noon, turkey was retailing at 25 cents, with prospects of falling to 25 cents by 10 p. m. Birds are not only being received in large lots from near points in Utah, but Nebraska and Kansas seem to have enough and to spare, so the spare is being shipped this way. Both foreign and domestic look better than the turkeys sent in here a year ago; in fact a glance over the market does not disclose any stale looking specimens—all appear fresh and sweet. Spampets is shipping in extra fine stock. The Rio Grande railroad boys caught onto this fact bright and early and Tuesday evening's train brought up a fine consignment for them. In consequence, the ticket offices up town this morning resembled a thriving poultry establishment.

There are also plenty of chickens, tame geese and duck, but no wild ducks are available. Turkeys and Geese are selling at 25 cents, and tame duck at 22 1/2 cents all in excellent condition. The general market is also well supplied with various meats and California vegetables and the market for "fixins" that go to make up a Thanksgiving dinner, not forgetting sweet cider. Better quality cider is obtainable this season as not a few growers are discarding warty and unsound apples from their presses, thus greatly improving it. The markets are being well patronized.

The hotels, as a general thing are not much patronized by Thanksgiving, as every one who has a home and can get there, eats at home on that day, and many hotel guests who have friends in town receive invitations out, which they are only too glad to get. So hotel tables on Thanksgiving day are thinly attended, and tips to waiters are very meagre.

DEATH OF MRS. MELBOS. Mrs. Gertrude Melbos, a highly esteemed resident of Forest Dale, passed away last night at her home, 2133 Walnut avenue, at 12 o'clock, midnight, after a brief illness. She is survived by a daughter, Jennie, and a son, John Melbos. Mrs. Melbos was a native of Holland and she was active in the Scandinavian mission, having opened her home to them at all times. She had many friends in the county, in Oregon, and other places in the state, who will be pained to learn of her demise. Funeral services will be held for her at 10 o'clock this morning at the Forest Dale block Friday afternoon, with interment in city cemetery.

When Diaz was continued in power, Madero disappeared. Madero is credited with being the head of the revolutionary movement, who, after the revolution, was proclaimed president of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on Nov. 19, of inciting the people to rebellion. His whereabouts recently have been in doubt, but it is believed that he is in the vicinity of the family estate of Cuatrecasas. He was a candidate at the last election for the presidency in opposition to President Diaz and Ricardo Flores Magón.

When Diaz was continued in power, Madero disappeared. Madero is credited with being the head of the revolutionary movement, who, after the revolution, was proclaimed president of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on Nov. 19, of inciting the people to rebellion. His whereabouts recently have been in doubt, but it is believed that he is in the vicinity of the family estate of Cuatrecasas. He was a candidate at the last election for the presidency in opposition to President Diaz and Ricardo Flores Magón.

When Diaz was continued in power, Madero disappeared. Madero is credited with being the head of the revolutionary movement, who, after the revolution, was proclaimed president of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on Nov. 19, of inciting the people to rebellion. His whereabouts recently have been in doubt, but it is believed that he is in the vicinity of the family estate of Cuatrecasas. He was a candidate at the last election for the presidency in opposition to President Diaz and Ricardo Flores Magón.

When Diaz was continued in power, Madero disappeared. Madero is credited with being the head of the revolutionary movement, who, after the revolution, was proclaimed president of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on Nov. 19, of inciting the people to rebellion. His whereabouts recently have been in doubt, but it is believed that he is in the vicinity of the family estate of Cuatrecasas. He was a candidate at the last election for the presidency in opposition to President Diaz and Ricardo Flores Magón.

When Diaz was continued in power, Madero disappeared. Madero is credited with being the head of the revolutionary movement, who, after the revolution, was proclaimed president of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on Nov. 19, of inciting the people to rebellion. His whereabouts recently have been in doubt, but it is believed that he is in the vicinity of the family estate of Cuatrecasas. He was a candidate at the last election for the presidency in opposition to President Diaz and Ricardo Flores Magón.

When Diaz was continued in power, Madero disappeared. Madero is credited with being the head of the revolutionary movement, who, after the revolution, was proclaimed president of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on Nov. 19, of inciting the people to rebellion. His whereabouts recently have been in doubt, but it is believed that he is in the vicinity of the family estate of Cuatrecasas. He was a candidate at the last election for the presidency in opposition to President Diaz and Ricardo Flores Magón.

When Diaz was continued in power, Madero disappeared. Madero is credited with being the head of the revolutionary movement, who, after the revolution, was proclaimed president of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on Nov. 19, of inciting the people to rebellion. His whereabouts recently have been in doubt, but it is believed that he is in the vicinity of the family estate of Cuatrecasas. He was a candidate at the last election for the presidency in opposition to President Diaz and Ricardo Flores Magón.

When Diaz was continued in power, Madero disappeared. Madero is credited with being the head of the revolutionary movement, who, after the revolution, was proclaimed president of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on Nov. 19, of inciting the people to rebellion. His whereabouts recently have been in doubt, but it is believed that he is in the vicinity of the family estate of Cuatrecasas. He was a candidate at the last election for the presidency in opposition to President Diaz and Ricardo Flores Magón.

When Diaz was continued in power, Madero disappeared. Madero is credited with being the head of the revolutionary movement, who, after the revolution, was proclaimed president of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on Nov. 19, of inciting the people to rebellion. His whereabouts recently have been in doubt, but it is believed that he is in the vicinity of the family estate of Cuatrecasas. He was a candidate at the last election for the presidency in opposition to President Diaz and Ricardo Flores Magón.

FRANCISCO MADERO PROCLAIMS HIMSELF

President of the Provisional Government of Mexico and Admonishes His Followers.

NO HARM HAS COME TO DIAZ

Mexican Authorities Claim to Have Situation Well in Hand—Affairs Seem to Get Worse.

El Paso, Texas, Nov. 23.—Advices that are seemingly authentic show today that the federal government of Mexico is again in control of every town in northern Mexico, save perhaps Madero, from which nothing can be obtained. The revolutionists have disappeared in the mountains. El Paso banks only are accepting Mexican checks "for collection." They are cashing none of them.

Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, Mexico, Nov. 23.—Francisco I. Madero has proclaimed himself President of the Provisional government of Mexico, and admonishes his followers not to commit overt acts against Americans nor do damage to property of foreigners. Madero's proclamation is being generally circulated today throughout northern Mexico.

The proclamation of Madero states that foreigners need have no fear of an attack by the revolutionists. Banks are not to be molested. "This movement is solely directed against the tyrant Diaz," says the circular. "And Americans as well as other foreigners can rest in safety. No foreign business house is to be touched and foreigners need not fear an attack. We are solely in opposition to the despot and are working to obtain our constitutional rights."

Particular attention is directed to the fact that Americans own a considerable part of the stock of the National railway of Mexico and all friends of the revolutionary cause are warned that damage to this property might result in the United States government taking action that would embarrass the provincial government.

The proclamation pictures bright hope of the success of the revolutionary cause and strongly advises against doing anything that might give grounds for foreign intervention. Madero is hiding in the mountains on his own land, 50 miles from Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, and is in hiding. His followers, according to information given American officials today by Mexican army officers.

Several detachments of Mexican soldiers are on the march, the country, and are arresting rebels and placing them in jail. United States troops were detailed on scouting expeditions on the American side of the river today. Cavalry was sent south to prevent the passage of arms and ammunition where the land of Madero adjoins the United States border.

Francisco I. Madero, who according to dispatches from Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, has proclaimed himself president of the provisional government of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on Nov. 19, of inciting the people to rebellion. His whereabouts recently have been in doubt, but it is believed that he is in the vicinity of the family estate of Cuatrecasas. He was a candidate at the last election for the presidency in opposition to President Diaz and Ricardo Flores Magón.

When Diaz was continued in power, Madero disappeared. Madero is credited with being the head of the revolutionary movement, who, after the revolution, was proclaimed president of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on Nov. 19, of inciting the people to rebellion. His whereabouts recently have been in doubt, but it is believed that he is in the vicinity of the family estate of Cuatrecasas. He was a candidate at the last election for the presidency in opposition to President Diaz and Ricardo Flores Magón.

When Diaz was continued in power, Madero disappeared. Madero is credited with being the head of the revolutionary movement, who, after the revolution, was proclaimed president of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on Nov. 19, of inciting the people to rebellion. His whereabouts recently have been in doubt, but it is believed that he is in the vicinity of the family estate of Cuatrecasas. He was a candidate at the last election for the presidency in opposition to President Diaz and Ricardo Flores Magón.

When Diaz was continued in power, Madero disappeared. Madero is credited with being the head of the revolutionary movement, who, after the revolution, was proclaimed president of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on Nov. 19, of inciting the people to rebellion. His whereabouts recently have been in doubt, but it is believed that he is in the vicinity of the family estate of Cuatrecasas. He was a candidate at the last election for the presidency in opposition to President Diaz and Ricardo Flores Magón.

When Diaz was continued in power, Madero disappeared. Madero is credited with being the head of the revolutionary movement, who, after the revolution, was proclaimed president of Mexico, is a fugitive from justice. He has been convicted in the Mexican courts on