



The union of lakes—the union of lands—The union of States who can sever—The union of hearts—the union of hands—And the flag of our Union forever.

Knoxville, Tenn., May 17, 1865.

Job Printing.

We have on the way from Cincinnati a No. 1 Job Press, and a large lot of Job Type, which we expect to receive in a few days, we will then be able to accommodate all those in want of Job Printing such as Bill Heads, Circulars, Cards, Legal Blanks, Bank Checks, Drafts, &c. &c.

Capture of Jeff. Davis.

We have the inexpressible gratification of chronicling this week, the capture of (President!) Davis. Throughout the civilized world there will be rejoicing over this event. The capture of the greatest criminal the world ever knew. A wretch who deliberately conspired for the overthrow of the best government ever instituted by man, the only republican government in the world, and labored for the establishment of an oligarchy, whose "cornerstone" was to be the infamous institution of slavery.

This may be regarded the finality of the great rebellion which has filled the land with new made graves, and reduced to orphanage several hundred thousand children. A rebellion with no justification than any which has afflicted humanity since Lucifer led his cohorts of apostate angels against the throne of God.

We have no space this week for comment upon the importance of this event, further than to express the hope and firm conviction that Jeff. Davis will expiate his crimes upon the gallows, where the leaders of this rebellion should perish.

Andrew Johnson will be false to his declarations and the cause of free government unless he hangs Davis. This wretch will be detested and despised through life by all honorable men, and then

For a thousand years, As a pale ghost upon the Stygian shore, Branding his own name by the red light of Hell!

WAR DEPARTMENT, Washington, D. C., May 13th.

To Maj. Gen. Dix, New York. The following dispatch, received from Gen. Wilson, announcing the capture of Jeff. Davis and his staff, by Col. Pritchard, commanding the Michigan Cavalry, on the morning of the 16th, at Irwinville, Irwin county, Georgia.

Col. Pritchard surprised their camp at Irwinville, Ga., 75 miles south of this place. They will be here to-morrow night, and will be forwarded under guard without delay. I will send further particulars at once.

J. H. WILSON, Brig. Major General.

Caution to Citizens.

Citizens who have been duped, and acted with the opposers of the Government in the outset of this rebellion, should be on their guard how they give "aid and comfort" to the enemies of the Government. They should be cautious as to their acts and words. Many of them are impudent, and say things they ought not to say, and they do things they ought not to do. It is strange that men of sense can't exercise a little prudence, and adapt themselves to the circumstances which surround them.

Sale of Government Stock.

We are desired to say that Capt. Whitman, Q. M. will sell very soon a large number of condemned horses and mules, at public outcry, and will take in payment government vouchers at par. The points at which this stock will be sold are London, Kingston, Clinton, Knoxville, Maryville, New Market and Greeneville. This will enable our citizens to procure valuable farming stock at low rates. The day of sale, for each place, will be hereafter noticed through this paper. This sale of live stock, it is presumed, will be followed up with the sale of wagons and ambulances, harness, &c., thus offering our citizens cheap and valuable farm wagons. Let them attend these sales and supply themselves. The war is over, and we should all go to work and build up our broken fortunes, and restore our ruined country to prosperity. This we can do in a few brief years, if we but use energy and industry.

Return of the Prodigals.

Fifty officers, and 234 private rebel soldiers, were brigaded here this and last week, in addition to the brigades mentioned in the telegram to Gen. Stoneman. Beside this, small squads have been coming in every day since our last paper was published. In every State in the South, rebels in divisions, brigades, regiments and squads are awaiting Federal orders to whom they can surrender and lay down their arms. No rebellion of such gigantic proportions ever existed, and none was ever suppressed so rapidly after it started down hill.

While they lived they lived in caves, And when they died they died in caves.

We call the attention of our readers to a communication in this paper under the caption of "THE RETURN OF THE CHIVALRY." It is signed "AN EAST TENNESSEAN." With the author of the article referred to we are intimately acquainted. He is a native and permanent resident of East Tennessee. We know him to have been, since the war began, as true to the Federal Government as "the needle to the pole."

We heartily endorse the views of the writer, and hope our readers will carefully consider his suggestions.

PERSONAL.—Brevet Maj. Gen. Charles Cruft, and Brig. Gen. Alvan C. Gillem, are expected to arrive in the city to-day, to report to Maj. Gen. Stoneman.

The Return of the Chivalry.

The surrender of Lee and Johnston is causing the chivalry to return to their homes in our midst. Day after day little squads of the heroic sons of the South come in to implore terms at the hands of the hated Yankee. Absence, travel and fasting have made them the most of men. Their proud bearing and haughty air that distinguished "the flower of the youth" four years ago are changed into humility and humble-like gentleness. How cordial the greeting of the freedmen to the returning soldiers! How warm their grasp! How softened and melted towards those whom they drove into exile, or threw into prison! How affectionate and loving towards the fathers and brothers of those they slew in battle or murdered in their homes and fields! And how gratefully they gaze at the bright folds of that broad old banner—floating in beauty over all our land and on every shore—which four years ago they tore down in this very town with demonic shouts of joy! Who will say hereafter that the lion cannot be tamed, or the leopard change his spots?

Nearly all that is now wanting to restore society here to the same condition it was in four years ago, is for a few more rebels to return. Most of the leaders are still absent. Haynes, Crozier, Snod, McAdoo, Swan, Wallace and Charlton, and a few others are still away. But their puppets, tools, and instruments, have returned. Vaughn is gone, but those who were to execute his orders in his intended assault on Johnson and Nelson and the Union assembly in this town in May, 1861, are again with us. Vaughn returns not, but his instruments in the murder of Charles Douglas are here, radiant with smiles and love. Fox has been gathered to his fathers, but those who cheered and encouraged him in his arduous labors are spared to us. Reynolds delays to return, but his counsellors and advisers are here. Judge Humphreys comes not, but those who revolved around him hide not their faces from us. They all come in peace, in love, and in friendship! They come to dwell with us. Four years ago they said to the North, "We are a great and a mighty nation, and let there be a great wall or a mighty chain between us to divide us forever." To-day they say, "Let us live together in peace, forgiving all past offenses, and nestling together under one common flag." Four years ago they said to their neighbors, "Let there be enmity between us and thee, and our seed after us forever, and let those who go out from among us be exiles and wanderers forever, and let their children and their children's children be cursed as torials and traitors, even to the third and fourth generation of those that come after us; let their wives and little ones be driven from among us, for we must be one people; let their property be sold, and their money paid into the king's treasury; if any dare to return among us, let us hang them as high as Haman; let us raise the black flag to show to the cowardly North that we are a mighty and a warlike people, and a nation of chivalry. If the North grant not peace to us, let us gather together a mighty army, and march Northward, even to their great cities, which we will burn and destroy, and conquer the country, and levy tribute to pay the expenses of the war, and establish a new empire over all the land, and we will make the cowardly inhabitants of the conquered provinces our man servants and our maid servants forever, for we are a chosen and a peculiar people." To-day they return, with hands crimsoned with the blood of our fathers and of our brothers, with spirits unconquered and with hate unsatisfied, and say, "We will live with you, but you must restore to us our possessions and our rights, and allow us to control the ballot box, the courts, the pulpit, and the Legislative Halls, for we are the chivalry, and the sons of the aristocracy of the land. They, we have killed you in battle, we have driven you from your homes, we have followed you and hunted you even in the solitude of the mountains, we have shot you down in your peaceful fields, we have insulted your wives and daughters, we have stigmatized you as Tories and traitors, we have imprisoned and starved your sons and aged fathers, we have taken your horses and cattle and your gold and your silver, and when we captured your sons in battle we have stripped them of their regiment, and starved and frozen them in prison; yet all these things were right, for we were dealing with a cowardly, an inferior, a degraded and an infidel race, unworthy of the amenities of a christian people!"

The return of these rebels, who have spent four years in the work of destruction, is full of danger to the peace of society. What shall be done? Are our people to submit to their insolent claims of superiority again? Is our community to be kept in constant commotion by the swaggering airs of the aristocratic (if young) gentlemen who, in former days, were ever ready to shoot Union men, or who dashed round with Ashby, or fought with Vaughn? When they had the power they swore our exiles in Kentucky should never return. They said we could never live together. When the Federal army came they elected to go away. Again and again have they come back to reconquer this place, each time breathing out vengeance and slaughter for Union men. They return in peace only after they are whipped. They hate as before. Their feelings are unchanged. Can we live together in peace? Had not the bad young men and the bad old men better get away. Every community has the right to insure its own peace and safety. Grand Jurors can bring bad men to an account for their crimes. The oath of amnesty does not cover robbery, murder, arson or theft. But an outraged people, rising in indignation, may also do quite as much as grand juries. We counsel no violence. But we can safely say that the ways of the transgressor are hard, and beset with dangers. It may be better for returning rebels to travel on a little further. Let them go in peace. They voted separation four years ago. If the doctrine was good then it is good yet.

Mrs. Wicks' Concerts.

In our paper last week Mrs. Wicks and her pupils were advertised for a concert on Thursday evening at the Baptist Church. We attended—of course we did. A young man who has not made his fortune would instinctively wend his way to this concert. We knew the young ladies constituting Mrs. Wicks' school to be the "bellies" of Knoxville, beautiful and accomplished; and while we expected much, we confess to having been egregiously disappointed.

The audience was large and fashionable, and the greatest gratification expressed. The various pieces were executed splendidly. So well pleased were the audience that a repetition of the entertainment was unanimously requested, and given the next evening.

The band of the 24 Ohio Heavy Artillery, and the string band composed of young men of this city, performed splendidly, and a repetition of several pieces played by each was demanded by such thousands of applause that the gentlemen had to "come up to the captain's desk and settle."

All lovers of good music in Knoxville are greatly obliged to the gentleman constituting these bands, and Mrs. Wicks and her pupils, (especially the pupils) for a genuine instrumental treat.

He who could listen to the voices and execution of pieces by Mrs. Wicks' scholars, and not be charmed, let him be struck by lightning, and let his name be blotted out of existence.

Testaments, Bibles, Prayer Books, &c., can be had of Cone & Tunnell.

Congressional Districts.

We publish below the apportionment of the Congressional Representation of Tennessee, as recommended by the committee of the Legislature appointed for that purpose. The bill as reported has not been made a law, but we have no doubt it will be.

Our subscribers in East Tennessee will see what District they are voters of, and can at once form an idea of the candidates or candidates who will come before them. From all we can learn, there will be several Richmonds in the field in all the East Tennessee Districts.

When the rebellion commenced Tennessee had ten members of the lower branch of Congress. Our population now gives us eight. In ten years, under the genius of free labor, we believe our State will have nearly double her present representation:

- FIRST DISTRICT. Carter, Washington, Hancock, Jefferson, Sevier. SECOND DISTRICT. Union, Blount, Campbell, Morgan, Overton, Cumberland. THIRD DISTRICT. McMin, Rhea, Hamilton, Van Buren, Grundy, Franklin, Lincoln. FOURTH DISTRICT. Macon, Smith, DeKalb, Wilson, Robertson. FIFTH DISTRICT. Marshall, Giles, Lawrence, Wayne, Hickman. SIXTH DISTRICT. Williamson, Chestnut, Montgomery, Humphreys. SEVENTH DISTRICT. Lauderdale, Obion, Gibson, Carroll, Henderson. EIGHTH DISTRICT. Hardin, Madison, Tipton, Shelby. NINTH DISTRICT. Haywood, McNairy, Fayette. Tenth DISTRICT. Rutherford, Davidson, Dickson, Stewart.

A Card.

To the voters of the 2d Congressional District of Tennessee: FELLOW-CITIZENS.—The closing scenes of a four years war find you without representation in the national councils.

An effort is now being made to restore Tennessee to her former relations in the American Union. You are called upon to cast your vote, on the 14th of July next, to elect a representative to the Lower House of the United States Congress. In exercise of the rights of an American citizen, I have become, and take this method of announcing myself, a candidate, and now ask your suffrage to secure me a seat in the next United States Legislature. I am a candidate subject to a decision at the ballot box, bound by no convention, relying on the votes of the people to whom I appeal for support. The people have the right to choose their representatives, and to them I submit my claims.

My political opinions are known to be radically Union, and I hope soon to mingle with you and discuss the great issues now agitating the country more fully than my bowen, a patriot's grief is more than a traitor's joy. But if successful through the aid of rebels, I should feel myself unworthy the confidence of my countrymen.

Respectfully, L. C. HOOK. Clinton, April 26, 1865.

To Whom It May Concern.

I am occasionally annoyed at 2 and 6 o'clock, P. M. for permits to open trade stores. I am called upon on the same business at 5 and 6 o'clock, A. M. I wish it distinctly understood that no permit will be given at these hours, and I don't wish to be bored in this style. I am in my office at the Custom House from 2 A. M. to 4 P. M., and those wishing permits must call between these hours.

A greater source of annoyance are the applications to me daily for permits to buy and sell intoxicating liquors. I have no control over this matter. Permits to deal in spirituous or malt liquors, wine or cider, come from the military authorities.

I insert this notice for the benefit of those desiring to engage in the liquor traffic, and to relieve myself of a great deal of trouble about a matter over which I have not, and don't expect to have, any control.—THE KNOXVILLE WHIG is circulated in every county in East Tennessee. Where there are no post offices it is distributed by private citizens, and I trust this notice will meet the eye of many of the class of men I address.

JNO. B. BROWNLOW, Asst. Spec. Agt. Treas. Dept. for East Tenn. Knoxville, May 17th.

To the Members of the Methodist Convention.

In accordance with the Resolution passed by the members that composed the Methodist Convention of the 14th of July last, "That we adjourn to meet at the time and place of the holding of the ensuing Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church." I hereby give notice that said Convention will assemble on the 1st day of June, 1865, at Athens, Tenn., that being the time and place for the meeting of the Holston Conference of the M. E. Church. Business of vital importance will be before the Convention, and it is hoped that the Church from all parts of the Conference will be represented.

E. E. GILLESWATER, President Convention.

Col. L. C. Hook.

The attention of our readers in the 2d Congressional District is directed to the Card of Colonel Leonidas C. Hook, of Clinton, Anderson county.

All persons desiring to attend the Conference or Convention of the M. E. Church, to be held at Athens, June 1st, can obtain passes and transportation, to and from the seat of Conference, by addressing Prof. Jas. F. Spence, at Knoxville, Tenn.

At Mrs. Wicks' concert, at the Baptist Church, on Thursday and Friday evenings, we saw several pretty girls from within the beautiful view of "Sherman's March to the Sea" were being sung.

Recently Gen. Halleck, commanding at Richmond, issued an order prohibiting any person being a party to the interesting little musical evening who had not given evidence of loyalty.

Let Gen. Stoneman issue a similar order for the District of East Tennessee. Several of our pretty lasses might advocate a "Union of States" when they knew this a condition precedent to "union to a man."

SCHOOL BOOKS.—A large stock of school books, selected by Prof. Spence from the most improved standard works, and adapted to the use of the common schools and academies, are now for sale at reduced prices in the Book Store of Cone & Tunnell, Gay street.

Methodist and Baptist Hymn Books, in all variety of styles and binding, can be had at Cone & Tunnell's Book Store, Gay street.

Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic views, at Cone & Tunnell's, Gay street.

ISAAC JOSEPH & CO., AUCTIONEERS.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Corner of Gay and Main Streets, Knoxville, Tennessee.

WOULD SAY TO THEIR FRIENDS AND TO THE PUBLIC GENERALLY, that having secured the opposite corner buildings, they have added largely to their facilities of doing business. The war being over, we assume that business will take a vigorous and healthy course—hence the necessity of having more and substantial rooms to accommodate what we naturally presume will be our

Growing Business.

To our numerous friends it is hardly necessary to say, (but to strangers in part,) that we shall devote our entire strength and ability to the conduct of our affairs.

Merchants of the North

would do well to take a note of the many advantages we possess to do justice to their consignments, and we are prepared to make liberal advances.

Our Old Stand

is one of most commanding for the display of Furniture and bulky goods, as well as Dry Goods and Fancy Articles, and our new warehouses the best for storing every description of property.

We have a large and valuable stock on hand to which we are closing out to suit purchasers.

J. JOSEPH, M. M. SAMUEL, Auctioneers.

PERFUMERY.

E. J. SANFORD & CO

Have just received A choice assortment of Perfumes, which consist, in part, of some of the finest Imported Extracts ever brought to this market, consisting of

- Mille Fleurs, Cologne, St. Victor's, (French) Bridal Rose, Mincel, (French) Musk, (French) Jasmine, (French) Oriental Drops, Phalon's Night Blooming Cereus, Magnolia, Kiss Me Quick, Knights Templars' Musk, Essie Carolina, Barrois's Florange, Jockey Club, Spring Flowers, New York Bay, White Pond Lily, Patchouly, (French) Soudal Wood, Ambrosial, Sweet Brier, Frangipani, Vanilla, (French) &c.

ALSO, Laird's Bloom of Youth, Rose Leaf Powder, Madame DeLol's Pearl Drops.

Together with all the Hair preparations, such as Sterling's Ambrosial, Kendall's Amberine, Eureka Restorative, Rev. Scillon Hair Restorer, W. C. Restorative, Hair Restorer, Cocaine, &c., &c., &c.

THREE FARMS FOR SALE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WILL SELL at the residence of A. L. Moore, dec'd, on the 15th day of June next, THREE FARMS, two of which are in the 11th civil district of Anderson county, Tenn., the other farm is in the 6th civil district of Knox county, Tenn. Said farms will be sold on the following terms, to-wit: One third of the purchase money in hand, one third in six months, and one third in twelve months, requiring of the purchaser security for the purchase money. A lien will be retained on said lands.

V. A. & G. W. MOORE, Executors of A. L. Moore.

COUNTY COURT—KNOX COUNTY.

James A. Rogers, Guardian, vs. Julia A. F. Hedge, Josephine E. Hedge, R. E. Hedge, E. S. Hedge, Samuel V. Hedge, Alexander H. Hedge and Judice S. Hedge.

JAMES A. ROGERS, Guardian as aforesaid, having filed his petition in the County Court of Knox county, praying said Court to permit him to resign, his said Guardianship: The Court therefore orders that publication be made for four successive weeks in Brownlow's Whig, notifying said parties to appear at the Court House in Knoxville, on the 1st Monday of June next, to show cause, if any they have, why said petition should not be granted.

By J. J. CRAWFORD, D. Clerk.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF Sale from the Circuit Court of Knox county, directed to me as Sheriff of said county, in the case of John Tunnell, Adm'r vs. John W. Legg, I will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door in Knoxville, on Saturday, the 19th day of June, 1865, all the right, title, claim and demand that John W. Legg has in and to a piece of land lying in the 11th civil district of Knox county, adjoining the lands of John Tunnell, Adm'r vs. John W. Legg, and said property will be sold to satisfy a judgment recovered by John Tunnell, Adm'r against John W. Legg.

M. D. DEARDEN, Sheriff.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By VIRTUE OF AN ORDER OF Sale from the Circuit Court of Knox county, directed to me as Sheriff of said county, in the case of John Tunnell, Adm'r vs. John W. Legg, I will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door in Knoxville, on Saturday, the 19th day of June, 1865, all the right, title, claim and demand that John W. Legg has in and to a piece of land lying in the 11th civil district of Knox county, adjoining the lands of John Tunnell, Adm'r vs. John W. Legg, and said property will be sold to satisfy a judgment recovered by John Tunnell, Adm'r against John W. Legg.

M. D. DEARDEN, Sheriff.

United States of America—District of East Tennessee.

WHEREAS, An information was filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of East Tennessee, at Knoxville, on the 15th day of April, 1865, by C. W. Hall, Esq., Attorney of the United States for said District, on behalf of the United States of America, against One Tract of Land in Meigs county, containing 429 acres, more or less, in the 7th civil district, joining the lands of McCallen, Gibson Ragland and Elijah Sharp, seized as the property of Samuel J. Bryan, and against all persons lawfully intervening for their interests therein, alleging that said tract of land had been heretofore seized by Revenue Agents as forfeited to the United States for causes in said information set forth and averred to be true, and praying for the usual process and mention: Now, therefore, pursuant to the said information, under the seal of said Court, to me directed, I hereby give public notice to all persons concerned in interest in said tract of land, to appear before said Court, at the Court House in Knoxville aforesaid, on the 1st day of June, 1865, at 10 o'clock, A. M., then and there to interpose their claims and make their allegations.

B. McDANNELL, U. S. Marshal, Dist. E. Tenn.

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WHEREAS, An information was filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of East Tennessee, at Knoxville, on the 15th day of April, 1865, by C. W. Hall, Esq., Attorney of the United States for said District, on behalf of the United States of America, against One Tract of Land in Meigs county, containing 429 acres, more or less, in the 7th civil district, joining the lands of McCallen, Gibson Ragland and Elijah Sharp, seized as the property of Samuel J. Bryan, and against all persons lawfully intervening for their interests therein, alleging that said tract of land had been heretofore seized by Revenue Agents as forfeited to the United States for causes in said information set forth and averred to be true, and praying for the usual process and mention: Now, therefore, pursuant to the said information, under the seal of said Court, to me directed, I hereby give public notice to all persons concerned in interest in said tract of land, to appear before said Court, at the Court House in Knoxville aforesaid, on the 1st day of June, 1865, at 10 o'clock, A. M., then and there to interpose their claims and make their allegations.

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B. McDANNELL, U. S. Marshal, Dist. E. Tenn.

United States of America—District of East Tennessee.

WHEREAS, An information was filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of East Tennessee, at Knoxville, on the 15th day of April, 1865, by C. W. Hall, Esq., Attorney of the United States for said District, on behalf of the United States of America, against Eleven Tracts of Land, one of which lies in Hawkins and one in Sullivan county, and the other nine in Meigs county, property, all of which are seized as the property of Orville Rice, and against all persons lawfully intervening for their interests therein, alleging that said tracts of land and personal property had been heretofore seized by Revenue Agents as forfeited to the United States for causes in said information set forth and averred to be true, and praying for the usual process and mention: Now, therefore, pursuant to the said information, under the seal of said Court, to me directed, I hereby give public notice to all persons concerned in interest in said tracts of land and personal property, to appear before said Court, at the Court House in Knoxville aforesaid, on the 1st day of June, 1865, at 10 o'clock, A. M., then and there to interpose their claims and make their allegations.

B. McDANNELL, U. S. Marshal, Dist. E. Tenn.

United States of America—District of East Tennessee.

WHEREAS, An information was filed in the District Court of the United States for the District of East Tennessee, at Knoxville, on the 15th day of April, 1865, by C. W. Hall, Esq., Attorney of the United States for said District, on behalf of the United States of America, against the entire interest of John Kincaid, in the personal estate of John Kincaid, Sr., seized as the property of John Kincaid, Jr., and against all persons lawfully intervening for their interests therein, alleging that said interest in real and personal estate had been heretofore seized by Revenue Agents as forfeited to the United States for causes in said information set forth and averred to