OVERLAND PASSENGERS.

Oregon & California—Passed Medford on Sunday: H. C. Morton, A. Hirsch, Jas. Brown, C. H. White, J. I. Lamprecht and wife, J. S. Leeds and wife, Chas. Sountag, Geo. Adelsdorfer, Mrs. W. J. Vale, D. W. Bingman, Dr. M. Wasserman, Y. Handen, I. K. Ramsey, Jos. Koller, Mrs. A. Mitchell, Miss M. Purdy, J. McCracken, W. Fletcher, B. Young, G. F. Miller, S. E. Epstein, Dr. W. J. Junang, Miss Senter, Miss G. E. Junang, J. Henry Cochrane, W. Eldridge, W. L. Grazzana, E. Nutting, E. R. Root, and 23 second-class passengers.

Oregon Short Line—Passed Huntington on Sunday: Mrs. E. Smith, Mrs. Kimball, L. F. Quimby, C. M. Donaldson, F. E. Everett, J. Dennis, L. D. Argell and family, H. W. Carl, Mrs. Carter, N. Nelson, J. C. Thompson, W. H. Miller, J. G. Waldo, A. J. Butler, S. Rosenbaum, J. Wagner, J. Otis, J. Williams, R. S. Clarke, D. S. Stevens, C. Gillespie, A. J. Hackett, J. E. Brown, and 59 emigrants.

On Monday: C. W. Slocum and wife, Mrs. L. Hodman, Mrs. L. L. Day, Miss Minnie Cohn, J. E. Strong, H. Rosenthal, G. Heiz, H. W. Sparr, A. H. Whitney, G. Majors, G. H. Richmond, F. H. Newcomb, W. R. Spinney, J. W. McIntire, Mr. Whorford, Mr. Robinson-Son Wau, and 18 second-class passengers.

BREVITIES.

H. B. Loomis has been engaged as attorney for the board of school directors.

At the memorial services at the opera house last Sunday every foot of room was occupied.

The steamship Wilmington is at the bunkers loading Franklin coal for San Francisco.

The Seattle Browns and the Williamettes will cross bats at Portland next Saturday and Sunday.

The Prohibition club will meet this evening at 8 p. m. at the Real Estate Exchange on James street.

The Seattle edition of the Portland *Oregonian* will be issued this morning and will reach Seattle tonight.

Naturalization papers were issued yesterday to Andrew Michel, a native of Norway, and Frederick R. Homad, a Russian.

William Wright was committed yesterday by Justice Soderberg to await trial at the district court for stabbing Dennis Milan.

Sunday evening the purser of the steamer Cascade, while going aboard, slipped and fell into the water. He was hauled out uninjured.

City Clerk Forrest and City Attorney Gilman were busy yesterday compiling an index for the city ordinances, which are to be printed.

The piling for the Yesler mill company's new mill at Union Bay will be completed this week. Four hundred of the 475 piles have already been driven.

The police have given property owners on the principal streets notice to clear all rubbish, boxes etc. away to-day, so as to have the streets clear to-morrow, Memorial Day.

The new time tables of the Columbia & Puget Sound railroad company and the Puget Sound Shore railroad went into effect Sunday. The time table will be found in another column.

Captain T. A. Jensen's new steamer being built in Lake's yard, North Seattle, will be launched next Saturday. She has been named but the captain refuses to divulge the secret until she is launched.

The new boilers for the steamer North Pacific, which are being built in the east, have not yet arrived, and Captain Clancy states that he cannot tell when the "Old Reliable" will again be ready for service.

The Black Diamond Coal company shipped at Seattle Saturday 850 car-loads or 1200 tons of coal. This verifies a recent prediction in the POST-INTELLIGENCER that the output of this mine would soon reach 1000 tons per day.

Heffner & Dishon are about closing up a sale of the Arlington hotel. The man that gets that hotel will have a bonanza for life. It will always be a fine location for a first-class hotel, and the location itself is worth the price the property is being sold for.

One of Langston's back teams, while standing on Front street, Sunday, became frightened and ran off until they collided with a sign post in front of the Grotto saloon, breaking the pole of the carriage and otherwise damaging the vehicle. The horses escaped uninjured.

In order that the baseball players may have an opportunity to practice in advance of the approaching baseball tournament to be held here during the July festivities an observer car will be run out to the track every evening at six o'clock and return with the players as soon as the practice is over.

An officer of the Columbia and Puget Sound railroad company in position to know, said to a reporter yesterday: "Your informant was mistaken when he said orders had been issued to run our trains 50 miles an hour. We run them about 20 miles per hour, and that is fast enough for ordinary work.

Mr. Vitas Schmid, who was a member of an excursion party to Gilman last Sunday, got off the train at the West Coast junction, and in attempting to get on board after the train started, fell and split one of his hands quite badly. He did not catch the train, but remained at the junction till the party returned in the evening. His wound, while painful, is not serious.

PERSONAL.

J. A. Leggie, of Utsalady, is at the Occidental.

Judge Greene returned last evening from Tacoma.

C. H. Wilson, of Tacoma, was in Seattle yesterday.

J. H. Mitchell, Jr., and Peter Kirk, of Tacoma, were in the city yesterday.

Governor and Mrs. Ferry left yesterday for Snoqualmie, to remain a few weeks.

Mr. T. J. Milner will arrive in Seattle from Victoria at 10:30 o'clock this morning.

Messrs Warren E. Gazzam and G. E. Miller returned last evening from San Francisco.

E. T. Powell returned yesterday from New York, where he has been attending a medical college.

J. T. Jordan, who has been attending the University of the Pacific, at San Jose, returned home last evening.

Mr. J. C. Horr, of Olympia, is in the city. Mr. Horr says that Olympia is busier than he has seen it for a long time.

Mr. T. M. Dalton has resigned his position as bookkeeper at the Puget Sound National bank, in order to devote his entire time to his private business.

John Paul Strobach, one of the best known and most popular citizens of Spokane Falls, was in Seattle over Sunday. He was accompanied by Mrs. Strobach.

Mr. William T. Shanahan, of Portland, is in the city. Although a resident of Oregon for very nearly a quarter of a century, he had never before visited Puget Sound. He expresses himself as greatly pleased with the business prospects of Seattle.

Mr. N. S. Joslin, of Crawfordsville, Indiana, has arrived in Seattle on a tour of the northwest. He has long been an active and respected man of business in the east and contemplates making his home in this city. He is an old-time friend of ex-Governor Squire.

E. Victor Bigelow, who has for the last year been a student of Yale Theological seminary, returned yesterday to spend his summer vacation with his parents in this city. Mr. Bigelow says that after passing one of the happiest years of his life he is very glad to get back to Seattle.

The following named Tacoma wheelmen were guests of the Seattle bicyclists Sunday: C. T. Uhlman, D. A. Avery, Prince Wells, W. H. H. Kean, W. S. Everett, D. A. Maulsby, E. S. Barlow, George W. Alexander, W. N. Brackett and H. D. Crosby. The whole party took a run out to Lake Union for lunch.

"A son of the poet, Oliver Wendell Holmes, is a stockholder in the Seattle Improvement company, which corporation is to erect the Boston block on Second street, and will arrive in Seattle tomorrow from Boston," said a well known citizen yesterday. Oliver Wendell Holmes, Jr., is a lawyer of prominence in New England and will be a welcome visitor to Seattle.

FOURTH OF JULY PROGRAMME.—The general committee and the chairmen of the various sub-committees met last evening in brigade headquarters to settle definitely on a plan for the coming celebration. The sub-committees referred their plans and estimates, after which the executive committee held a session and considered several propositions. The following will be some of the features of the celebration: A monster parade, literary exercises, a barbecue capable of feeding 10,000 people, a men's tournament, a novel parade in the evening, a flambeau parade by the uniform division of the Knights of Pythias, open air concert by the Second cavalry band of Walla Walla, an evening concert by the Arion club of Portland (seventy-five voices), yacht and boat racing, etc. In the parade there will be seven bands. Prizes will be offered for the best decorations and the best trades display. The committee find that to carry out this elaborate programme they will need $3000 more than already subscribed and will make a thorough canvass of the city to secure the amount, depending upon the loyalty of the citizens for success.

STARTLING COINCIDENCES.—"I would not for anything insinuate that Jim Hill, or the promoters of the St. Paul, Minneapolis and Manitoba railroad are backing the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern," said a prominent citizen last night, "but is it not a little remarkable that about the time Messrs. Smith and Cotting, financial agent of the latter road arrived here from New York, a prominent official and large stockholder of the Manitoba company should appear upon the scene, and is it not also a little remarkable that all the gentlemen above referred to should organized an excursion to the Snoqualmie Falls for to-morrow. I think it is safe to assume that the promoters of the enterprise are in no way antagonistic."

CHANGE OF SUPERINTENDENTS—Harry Morton, for two or three years past, district superintendent of the Sunset Telephone Company on Puget Sound, has been transferred to San Francisco, and will be succeeded as district superintendent by Alva E. Sands, of Tacoma. William Armstrong has been appointed manager of the Seattle office. Mr. Morton will leave for San Francisco next Friday.

THE MINERS' STRIKE.

THE CONFERENCE COMMITTEE HERE TO MEET MR. MILNER.

They Anticipate a Speedy Settlement of the Difficulty—Mr. Morgan, the Superintendent, Defines the Company's Position.

The situation at Newcastle remains practically unchanged. The Knights of Labor Conference Committee will meet Mr. Milner at noon today and claim to anticipate that the difficulty will then be arranged, so that the men will return to work.

Interview with the Superintendent.

"Things remain unchanged at the mine," said Mr. Morgan, superintendent at Newcastle, to a reporter yesterday. "We undertook to start up this morning, but when it came to the pinch, those who seemed willing to labor locked out, saying they did not feel that it was safe for them to start up the mine until the trouble was settled.

THE SITUATION HAS CHANGED

A little, during the past few days, and an effort is being made now to mix the company up in the trouble. As a representative of the company I shall hold myself aloof from the difficulty, until the men get their troubles settled. Ramsey, Wilks, Terrace, and a number of others came to town to-day to see Mr. Milner, thinking that he would do better by them than I. Some of the miners say that if the company would take Kelly Ramsey back, everything would be all right, and the miners would start up, but that is not true. As soon as we should take Ramsey back, the Knights of Labor would demand that we take back a dozen other men who quit work without notice before this trouble and whose places have been filled by others. When these strikers were reinstated they would then demand that the work committee of their order be recognized and none other. That means that a committee of men in the employ of the company shall dictate to their employers who they shall and who they shall not employ, who they shall and who they shall not discharge. Under this arrangement the company

WOULD REQUIRE NO SUPERINTENDENT.

Or no representative at the mines, and all they would have to do would be to send a paymaster to the mine once or twice per month to pay off the men. I feel confident the company would insist on having something to say about who shall be employed at the mine and who shall not be employed, and for that reason I have refused to commence making concessions to the strikers."

"What have you to say about Ramsey?"

"The facts in regard to Kelly Ramsey are as follows: Ramsey has resided at Newcastle for a long time, and been in the employ of the company a greater portion of that time. He was an experienced and trusted man, and was employed by the company by the month. He came to me on Saturday and said he would like a few days leave of absence, and must get away in half an hour. Although it discommoded me greatly I let him go and went with him twice to the office, so that he could draw what was due him before he started. During the last conversation I had with him I told him I would put Vaughn in his place until such time as he came back, when he should have his job back and I would find something else for Vaughn. He left, apparently well satisfied, and the next I saw of him he was

AT THE HEAD OF A MOB.

Endeavoring to shut down the mine. This is the man the Knights of Labor now demand the company to take back into its employ."

"Will Franklin be closed down?"

"I think not. A committee from Newcastle went over there on Saturday to induce the miners to close down the mines, but from all that I can learn they did not meet with much encouragement.

THE FRANKLIN MEN

realize that this is a row between two labor organizations at Newcastle, and they very wisely refuse to mix up in the affair at all."

"How soon will the Newcastle mines start up."

"I do not know, but I feel sure that if it is kept shut down much longer, the company will do as they did at South Prairie, take out the pumps and let the mine fill with water. As long as the Franklin mine is kept running, the company can get along very well, and especially during the summer months."

THE GILMAN MEN GONE.

"Have the Gilman miners left Newcastle yet?"

"Oh yes, they have all gone, and we only have the Newcastle men to deal with. Some of them declare they will organize a crowd of four or six hundred men and go to Franklin and shut down the mine, but I don't take much stock in such threats, as the main body of laboring men in this country must have some real grievance, or see some great injustice being done, before they will resort to such high handed measures as have been proposed."

The Master Workman.

"How are things in Newcastle?" said a reporter to Frank Terrace, master workman of the Newcastle assembly, Knights of Labor, yesterday. "Everything is quiet," was the reply, "and I think there will be no trouble in settling the difficulty when Mr. Milner arrives from Victoria to-morrow, as our

RELATIONS WITH THE COMPANY

Are of the best, and it seems a pity that such a small matter should create such trouble. The arbitration committee is now here awaiting Mr. Milner's return. We have Ramsey with us, and Mr. Morgan, the superintendent, is also in the city. We have great confidence that when Mr. Milner returns to-morrow the trouble will be settled satisfactorily and the men can resume work at once."

"How do you think it will be settled? By Ramsey's reinstatement?

"I don't care to say just now, but I think the old hands will go back to work. Some of the union men went to the mine this morning to go to work and no one troubled them. They decided, however, to wait until the matter was settled."

The Committee's Claims.

County Commissioner Wilks, who, with Frank Terrace, is in the city as a committee of the Knights of Labor to confer with Mr. Milner, said yesterday: "We will tell Mr. Milner that Kelly Ramsey had nothing to do with heading a mob from Gilman to Newcastle; that some men from Newcastle went over to Gilman, where Ramsey was enjoying his leave of absence, and told him that his absence was the cause of the trouble because Steve Vaughn, under whom the men would not work, had been put in his place. We will also give Mr. Milner the following

TRUE STATEMENT:

Ramsey said: 'If that's the case I will go back to-night and take my place in the morning.' The crowd of men came over from Gilman on their own account to consult with the miners at Newcastle about the trouble. Neither Ramsey nor any one else forced the firemen out at a point of a pistol or at all. The fires were not pulled and nobody forced the union men out with pistols, and no man in the crowd exhibited a pistol. Kelly Ramsey, seeing five men in the cage ready to go down into the mine, made them get off, and told them that the cage was defective, and that with such a crowd when it got to the end of the chain it would break loose and go down the incline and kill them all. To keep the crowd from going down he went instead and told the men in the mine that the men above

WANTED THEM TO QUIT

Until the trouble was settled. This committee does not object to the company hiring union men or any other men they choose to, but we do object to the company discharging any laborer and branding him as a bad man all over the country by such discharge without knowing the facts, and furthermore we object to having a boss over the men who, like Steve Vaughn, has been continually slurring and abusing them. We can prove every assertion we make to Mr. Milner.

"Why, instead of the men pulling the fires they would not allow such a think, as all know that the result of such work would be to soon fill the mine with water, and we don't want the mine closed down. We have families and

WE ALL WANT TO GO TO WORK.

The way the mine and the work is laid out now we are all making more money than ever before. A member of the company during the trouble told the men that if they did not like Vaughn to select their own boss and go to work. They replied that that was the company's business and they could select whom they pleased. They only asked that a man should be selected who would treat the miners decently. The company has now discharged Steve Vaughn from that position. They keep Ramsey out because they suppose that he led a mob

ARMED WITH GUNS

And pistols to damage the company and the company's property. If this charge is found true by any board of arbitration, every miner will see that Kelly Ramsey leaves camp immediately. We can substantiate every statement that we have made, and feel satisfied that when we meet Mr. Milner everything can be satisfactorily arranged.

The committee will meet Mr. Milner at noon to-day.

William Penman Again.

NEWCASTLE, May 27th, 1888.

TO THE EDITOR: In this morning's issue appears a denial by Sheriff Cochrane of my assertion that Frank Terrace is or was one of his deputies. For me to say he is and the sheriff to say he isn't is only wasting time, for the simple reason that any unbiased man or woman would reason that one man's word is as good as another's. The post-house says: "Facts are chields that winna ding and downa be disputed." Now, in proof of my assertion I would call the attention of the sheriff to an interview that took place in his office one evening in January. Present were James Gordon, then of Black Diamond, but now in Nanaimo, Deputy Sheriff Padden, the jailer, the sheriff and myself. At that interview I accused the sheriff of taking sides in a dispute that existed between Terrace and myself. He denied favoring either party. I insisted that he had, or, he would not have deputized Terrace; he said he had not deputized him. At this point Mr. Gordon spoke as follows: "Cochrane, it's no use for you to deny it, because, at the Equal Suffrage People's Party convention, Mr. Terrace himself told me he was your deputy." "Well, if I did," said the sheriff, "what's that to you? Have not I the right to deputize anybody that suits me?" "Yes," said I, "but in this case it was only a mean attempt on your part to give one private citizen an advantage over another during a personal dispute. And further you are perfectly aware that the qualifications of Terrace are such, that alone an unaided he could not serve a warrant on and arrest any man in King county to-day." "Well," said the sheriff, "I deputized Terrace for Suez creek, where his ranch is." "What are you giving us now," said I. "You know well enough, that he resides almost continuously at Newcastle, and besides there are very few families in that neighborhood, and these are not likely to create trouble enough to necessitate the retention of a deputy for their especial benefit, and if his services were required it would be rather inconvenient having to walk twenty-one miles each way to get him know." "Well," said the sheriff, "I'll tell you how it was, Penman. We had some guns in the office here, and he wanted to get one of them, so I deputized him so that he

COULD GET A GUN.

"That's it, is it," says I? "Suppose now that you deputize me and let me have a gun. We would be on an equal footing then." "Oh, no," he says, "that wouldn't do, you know you are Deputy Assessor." "I am not," says I. "I want you and everybody else to understand that I have done all the assessing I intend to do, and Jim Quilter. No, sir, I do not believe in working for a man who before joining an order accepts the preamble, one portion of which states that the members of that order believe in equal pay for equal work. Then, as soon as the people elects him to an office where it becomes necessary for him to hire a few deputies he forgets all about the equal pay for equal work part of the arrangement, and when you start to work under him he addresses you in something like the following terms: 'Well, Mr. So and So is my deputy in a certain place, and I pay him three dollars per day. Another gentleman is my deputy in another place, and I pay him $2.25 per day; but seeing that you have a little more influence than either of these parties I will give you $2.50.' After you puzzle your brains a little over this inconsistency you go and look the law up on the subject. Then, the law says, 'I will give you $4,' I tell you, it makes a man begin to think it is equal pay with a vengeance. Bah! People got up on that principle would sicken a mule. Either let us be K. of L. and act according to the principles they profess or pull out from them altogether. It is hardly worth our while to play

THE SNIVELING HYPOCRITE.

The few years of our lives for the sake of a few personal advantages and possibly the pleasure of having our friends and acquaintances referring with satisfaction to the fact that we are connected with, this, that, or the other order when we are perfectly aware that we do not manage even at an attempt to practice the professions that we make." About this time the Sheriff got on his ear and let us know that we would be doing him a favor by attending to our own business. Mr. Gordon, the sheriff and myself had some further conversation outside which it is unnecessary to relate here. The upshot of the interview was that the sheriff would not deputize me and as I was not ambitious to be his deputy then or now, the chances are that my

PROSPECTS OF EVER GETTING THAT GUN

Are very limited. Possibly my chances would have been better had I been along with the crowd he was ginning up when he came to Newcastle to preserve order. There has more unlikelier things happened than that the setting up the beer to the boys on that particular occasion might create quite a boom in his favor. I tell you Sheriff there is nothing like being good to your friends. I see by the paper today that the POST-INTELLIGENCER has kindly taken you in great style at the trial yesterday. It's too bad that the sheriff cannot arrest anybody he wants too. But console yourself the best of men have the worst of luck. How would it be for you to make a little of some of the pledges you were elected upon, for instance that one in relation to ridding the country of the Chinese? Why man if you would call a mass meeting in the city hall set up a few kegs of beer to the boys and then spring the Chinese question on them it would work like a charm In a short time that ginning up the crowd policy would be recognized as the brain product of a great statesman. I'm still quite refreshed after reading my friend Wilks' demands upon the Oregon Improvement Company. When the company feels like granting him all he wants, I demand that they break the good news to the union at least six hours before they officially notify the Knights of Labor of their success, so that we will have time to get our trunks packed and hauled down to the depot. God knows it was bad enough when they ruled over us before. I hardly like the idea of picturing what it would be now. In regard to Mr. Quilter's statement that he is master workman of District Assembly No. 185, I admit that he is; but then, when he asserts that this man Terrace was not deputized he touches on a subject of which he knows very little, for the simple reason that Local Assembly 3395 is not now and has not for nearly three months been connected with the district he is supposed to represent. I again say that the member is suspended and that too by the parties that can not only suspend him, but enforce their decision. Had Mr. Quilter and other political aspirants in Seattle taken the same gentlemanly stand on that question as that taken by ex-Mayor Mann, of Tacoma, these few men would not have been running all over the country misrepresenting the order of Knights of Labor today. If ever this assembly does a legal business again, it will be after these parties signify their willingness to comply with the sentence passed upon them. Then and not till then will Mr. Hughes, the master workman, consent to take his place and continue these meetings. He has got enough of men at his back to see him through, no matter if the members of other assemblies do persist in making matters worse under the impression that they are helping those people out. We may not know a great deal about the technicalities of the law, but I tell you we know how to suspend refractory members even if they are

BACKED UP BY PROFESSIONALS

From the city. There is no labor trouble existing between the Oregon Improvement company and their employes, the management have never refused to treat with the work committee appointed in January last to serve for a period of six months. This, (none other) committee only represents a small minority of the miners here. The reason the committee that is acting at present does not suit a few of the men here, is because the management and the committee have been able to arrange matters amicably. Some of the people here must have a little excitement. Thanking you for past favors, yours respectfully,

WILLIAM PENMAN.

DON'T WANT PROTECTION.

TO THE EDITOR: Since my name was published in the list of members and sympathizers of the Miners and Laborers' union of Newcastle, I have had it thrown up to me by a great many of the Knights of Labor of Newcastle that my name was there as one that was willing to work under protection of the United States soldiers. Now I wish to say that I have been following mining in this territory for the last fourteen years and that I never worked under protection yet, and I don't intend to.

GEORGE THOMAS.

LOVERS OF FAIR PLAY.

The Franklin Assembly, Knights of Labor, at a meeting last Sunday, passed resolutions stating that "as lovers of fair play and common sense as the best medium through which right can be reached, after careful investigation and consideration of the trouble existing at Newcastle, they would take no action in the matter."

HIS FIRST VACATION.

A Prominent Eastern Railroad Man Visiting Seattle.

Mr. Humphrey W. Carr and wife, of New York, are in Seattle visiting Mr. O. J. Carr and family. The former gentleman is a railroad man of over thirty years experience and has occupied many responsible positions. He was first connected with the Great Western and Michigan Central roads, then with the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern. In 1864 he was appointed western freight and passenger agent of the latter road and of the Red Line fast freight. In 1867 he became western representative of the Merchants Union Express Company's fast freight line in Chicago, and in 1869 accepted the New York agency of the same company and served in that capacity till 1873 when he was appointed general eastern agent of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway. He remained thirteen years during which time he did much toward building up the present extensive New York and New England business of that company. In 1886 he became agent of the Kennwha Dispatch at Philadelphia in connection with the Southern Pacific system. Mr. Carr is now enjoying his first vacation for many years and is making an extended tour of the Pacific Coast. He will remain with his brother in this city for several weeks. He expresses surprise at the volume of business and enterprise manifested here and thinks this city and surrounding region have a bright future near at hand.

THE PIONEERS.—The pioneers of Seattle and King county are to make welcome all who attend the annual reunion of Washington Territory pioneers, commencing in this city June 5. Following is the programme: The business meeting will begin at 2 p. m., June 4, and will continue through the afternoon and evening, during which, secession to membership, payment of dues, election of officers, selection of a place for the reunion of 1889, etc., will be in order. June 5th, a railroad excursion to Snoqualmie and picnic in Smith's garden by local pioneers, free to all visiting members. The annual address will then be delivered. June 7th, a ride over the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern railway will be tendered by the company, at a very low rate. All members of the Pacific Coast prior to 1856 are entitled to membership, and all husbands and members, wives are eligible by reason of such relationship.

Children cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

LOCAL MISCELLANY.

THE NORTHWESTERN FIREMEN'S TOURNAMENT TO BE HELD HERE.

Annual Meeting of the Seattle Bar Association—A Complicated Probate Court Case Finally Settled—Various Matters.

Arrangements have been nearly perfected by which the firemen's tournament given under the auspices of the Northwestern Firemen's Association, will be held at Seattle, instead of Portland, as at first agreed upon. It seems that in order to induce the association to select Portland the delegates from that city guaranteed to raise $5,000 to be given in prizes to the winning teams. The amount was afterward cut down to $2,000, and two weeks ago the officers of the association ascertained that although time for the tournament was near at hand, but a very small portion of the necessary $2,000 had been raised. The firemen of Portland were notified that unless the entire sum was raised in ten days, the tournament would be held elsewhere. In the meantime, Mr. Kellogg, who is president of the association notified the members that Seattle stood ready to put up the necessary money, in case Portland failed to secure the tournament here. Portland's ten days expired Saturday evening, and the $2,000 had not been raised. Yesterday Mr. Kellogg received a telegram from an officer of the association stating that Seattle had been selected not only as the place for holding the tournament, but also of holding the annual convention of the association. The convention will probably be held July 2 and 3 and the tournament on the 4th, 5th and 6th. Teams from Oregon, Washington and Idaho are expected to take part in this tournament. The $2,000 raised by the citizens of Seattle will be paid out to the visitors in the shape of prizes to the winning teams. This tournament will add an important feature to Seattle's great Fourth of July celebration.

THE BAR ASSOCIATION.

Establishment of a Law Library Discussed—Officers Elected.

The annual meeting of the Seattle Bar Association was held at the court house yesterday afternoon. Hon. T. J. Humes nominated Hon. Orange Jacobs for president for the ensuing year and C. H. Hanford placed Judge Burke in nomination. Judge Jacobs was elected by a vote of 14 to 11, and 1 blank. John Arthur and E. F. Blaine were appointed a committee to notify Judge Jacobs of his election and invite him to the meeting. The newly elected president sent for a box of cigars and made a handsome speech of acceptance. The remaining officers were elected without opposition as follows: Vice-President, C. H. Hanford; secretary, John Arthur; treasurer, Captain John H. McGraw. J. J. McGilvra, the retiring president, reviewed the business of the association for some time past and strongly urged the establishment of a law library under the auspices of the Bar Association. He reported that he had authorized James McNaught to represent the Washington Territory bar at the present national convention of lawyers at Washington, and the action was approved. J. B. Tallman, J. A. Stratton, S. H. Piles, J. E. Robbins, C. M. Rivers and J. E. Ross were admitted to membership. C. H. Hanford, Eben Smith and R. B. Albertson were appointed a committee to consider and report upon a proposition made by Mr. Chapin regarding the establishment of a law library in the new Boston block and the association adjourned subject to the call of the president to consider the committee's report.

A CELEBRATED CASE.

A Series of Complications in a Case in Probate Court.

Yesterday in the probate court there was a final accounting in the estate of Mary E. Ross, and a confirmation of the sale of the property of Lumley Franklin, deceased, (consisting of twenty acres of land in Hanford set up a few kegs of beer to the union and then spring the Chinese question on them it would work like a charm In a short time that ginning up the crowd policy would be recognized as the brain product of a great statesman. I'm still quite refreshed after reading my friend Wilks' demands upon the Oregon Improvement Company. When the company feels like granting him all he wants, I demand that they break the good news to the union at least six hours before they officially notify the Knights of Labor of their success, so that we will have time to get our trunks packed and hauled down to the depot. God knows it was bad enough when they ruled over us before. I hardly like the idea of picturing what it would be now. In regard to Mr. Quilter's statement that he is master workman of District Assembly No. 185, I admit that he is; but then, when he asserts that this man Terrace was not deputized he touches on a subject of which he knows very little, for the simple reason that Local Assembly 3395 is not now and has not for nearly three months been connected with the district he is supposed to represent. I again say that the member is suspended and that too by the parties that can not only suspend him, but enforce their decision. Had Mr. Quilter and other political aspirants in Seattle taken the same gentlemanly stand on that question as that taken by ex-Mayor Mann, of Tacoma, these few men would not have been running all over the country misrepresenting the order of Knights of Labor today. If ever this assembly does a legal business again, it will be after these parties signify their willingness to comply with the sentence passed upon them. Then and not till then will Mr. Hughes, the master workman, consent to take his place and continue these meetings. He has got enough of men at his back to see him through, no matter if the members of other assemblies do persist in making matters worse under the impression that they are helping those people out. We may not know a great deal about the technicalities of the law, but I tell you we know how to suspend refractory members even if they are

BACKED UP BY PROFESSIONALS

From the city. There is no labor trouble existing between the Oregon Improvement company and their employes, the management have never refused to treat with the work committee appointed in January last to serve for a period of six months. This, (none other) committee only represents a small minority of the miners here. The reason the committee that is acting at present does not suit a few of the men here, is because the management and the committee have been able to arrange matters amicably. Some of the people here must have a little excitement. Thanking you for past favors, yours respectfully,

WILLIAM PENMAN.

DON'T WANT PROTECTION.

TO THE EDITOR: Since my name was published in the list of members and sympathizers of the Miners and Laborers' union of Newcastle, I have had it thrown up to me by a great many of the Knights of Labor of Newcastle that my name was there as one that was willing to work under protection of the United States soldiers. Now I wish to say that I have been following mining in this territory for the last fourteen years and that I never worked under protection yet, and I don't intend to.

GEORGE THOMAS.

LOVERS OF FAIR PLAY.

The Franklin Assembly, Knights of Labor, at a meeting last Sunday, passed resolutions stating that "as lovers of fair play and common sense as the best medium through which right can be reached, after careful investigation and consideration of the trouble existing at Newcastle, they would take no action in the matter."

HIS FIRST VACATION.

A Prominent Eastern Railroad Man Visiting Seattle.

Mr. Humphrey W. Carr and wife, of New York, are in Seattle visiting Mr. O. J. Carr and family. The former gentleman is a railroad man of over thirty years experience and has occupied many responsible positions. He was first connected with the Great Western and Michigan Central roads, then with the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern. In 1864 he was appointed western freight and passenger agent of the latter road and of the Red Line fast freight. In 1867 he became western representative of the Merchants Union Express Company's fast freight line in Chicago, and in 1869 accepted the New York agency of the same company and served in that capacity till 1873 when he was appointed general eastern agent of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway. He remained thirteen years during which time he did much toward building up the present extensive New York and New England business of that company. In 1886 he became agent of the Kennwha Dispatch at Philadelphia in connection with the Southern Pacific system. Mr. Carr is now enjoying his first vacation for many years and is making an extended tour of the Pacific Coast. He will remain with his brother in this city for several weeks. He expresses surprise at the volume of business and enterprise manifested here and thinks this city and surrounding region have a bright future near at hand.

THE PIONEERS.—The pioneers of Seattle and King county are to make welcome all who attend the annual reunion of Washington Territory pioneers, commencing in this city June 5. Following is the programme: The business meeting will begin at 2 p. m., June 4, and will continue through the afternoon and evening, during which, secession to membership, payment of dues, election of officers, selection of a place for the reunion of 1889, etc., will be in order. June 5th, a railroad excursion to Snoqualmie and picnic in Smith's garden by local pioneers, free to all visiting members. The annual address will then be delivered. June 7th, a ride over the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern railway will be tendered by the company, at a very low rate. All members of the Pacific Coast prior to 1856 are entitled to membership, and all husbands and members, wives are eligible by reason of such relationship.

Children cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

Commencement of the May Term—The Grand Jury.

The May term of the district court commenced yesterday. The grand jury is made up as follows: J. C. Mitchell, foreman; W. L. Ames, J. B. Henderson, Charles Frasch, A. Bush, F. H. Harkness, M. F. Hatch, M. Kelly, Thomas Lyle, William M. Hemphill, Thomas Donovan, John Collins, H. V. Clyde, T. H. Thompson, E. W. Easter, Luke McRedmond and E. M. Stewart. Judge Jones' charge to the grand jury was particularly pertinent. He urged them to earnest and conscientious work and referred to the tendency to crime prevalent, and the large number of public resorts of a nature calculated to ruin young men. Seventeen territorial and four United States prisoners were brought before the grand jury. Sheriff Cochrane is particularly proud of this batch of criminals. He says they are all bright professionals who are well up in their business, and claims that after he got them in the court room he could hardly identify them from the lawyers. Court adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning to enable the Seattle Bar Association to hold its annual meeting in the court room. The grand jury yesterday afternoon considered one United States case and one territorial one.

R. M. Crawford, of Tanglewood, was appointed crier, and E. E. Hunt of Seattle, R. H. Hawley of Juanita and Mr. Davis of Lake Washington, bailiffs for the present term.

THE CHAUTAUQUANS.

Programme of Exercises for the Coming Celebration.

The following lecture list, subject to amendment, has been prepared by the Chautauquan programme committee:

July 25—Opening exercises, conducted by C. C. Stratton, D. D., president of Mills Seminary, and Rev. D. Heagle, of Portland.

July 25 to 29—Sunday school convention, conducted by Rev. A. B. Banks, of Tacoma; Rev. W. C. Gray, of Spokane Falls; Rev. T. M. Green, of Walla Walla; E. G. Wheeler, of Portland; W. E. Mackay, of Tacoma; Rev. W. E. Dawson, of Seattle; Rev. Mr. Langdon, of Portland, and Rev. J. Watson, of Spokane Falls.

August 7—Women's Christian Temperance Union day. Prof. P. S. Knight, of Salem, Oregon, "Parasites." Prof. E. T. Tribble, of Colfax, "Woman and the State."

August 8 to 15—teachers' institute. Prof. J. M. Taylor, "Sacon;" Prof. E. L. Fallansbee, "Normal Methods;" Rev. Kummer, of Portland; Rev. G. J. Burchett, of East Portland; President T. Van Scoy, of Williamette university; J. H. Morgan, superintendent public schools of Washington; Prof. G. W. Groff, Bucknell university of Philadelphia; Rev. J. F. Ellis, Pacific university; Prof. T. G. Brosson, McMinnville.

August 16-22—Science and Literature. Prof. F. G. Plummer, "Phisiology;" Prof. J. W. Tait, Annie Allen Institute, Tacoma; Prof. Mark Bailey, Oregon State university; Rev. W. T. Jordan, McMinnville; Rev. A. P. Powelson, German Literature; Rev. R. D. Nevins, two evenings with the microscope and Stereopticon; Prof. Geo. Lindsay, Coupeville academy.

Excursion rates have been secured and a train leaving Spokane Falls Monday, July 23, will arrive at Tacoma in time for the Wednesday morning boat. Persons on the line of the Northern Pacific will be able to purchase tickets for full fare and receive a certificate which, after being countersigned by Rev. H. L. Bates, secretary P. S. C. A. at Chautauqua Beach, will secure return passage for one-fifth fare, good till August 15.

July 28—Saturday meeting of the Societies of Christian Endeavor.

July 30—Young Men's Christian Association day, conducted by George Carter of Seattle and S. T. Dimmick of Tacoma.

July 31—Assembly day, constitutional changes, election of officers, addresses and Chautauquan camp-fire.

August 1 to 6—Ministers' institute, participated in by Rev. William Rollins of Salem, Rev. J. Cairnes of Colfax, Rev. Arthur Brown of Portland, Rev. E. T. Trumble of Colfax, Rev. S. B. Letsin of Spokane Falls, Rev. L. H. Wells of Tacoma, Prof. Graff of Lewisburg and others.

TO BE BUILT

The Black River and Chehalis Valley Railroad.

In speaking of the new railroad enterprise in Thurston county mentioned in the POST-INTELLIGENCER a few days ago, Mr. J. K. Murphy, one of the incorporators, said: "I know the roads projected will be built, and the financial arrangements have all been made. It is an easy matter to build railroads if you have the money, and we have looked well to that. I was interested in the Madison street cable road scheme, and the road would have been built had not our financial arrangements fallen through. I was so sure of my ground that I did not have trouble in raising the necessary money, from capitalists who had promised to furnish means, that I put up $1,000 with the city, as an evidence of good faith, and as a pledge that the road would be built, and through no fault of my own, for I never worked harder to carry a scheme through in my life. However, this new enterprise is much different, and unless all signs fail, both roads mentioned in our articles of incorporation will be built. The roads will traverse a country rich in timber, coal and agricultural products, and when completed will be paying property."

ART TREASURES IN SMOKE.—There has been acquired within the past week a great addition to the art attractions of our city, and the different groups, or rather crowds, one encounters in our most frequented thoroughfares awakens my curiosity to learn the cause of these numerous gatherings. This curiosity is gratified by the exhibition of colored representations respectively of Mrs. Langtry and the celebrated Mlle. "Theo." These productions are certainly notable works of art, and are executed in a manner to give the effect of pastel coloring. Our absorbing interest in these beautiful works of art, enhanced in their massive frames of gold, gives way to astonishment in reading an attached card announcing that thirty-five of these pictures with their costly frames were to be given away in this city to thirty-five persons who had returned the largest number of empty boxes of the Cameo cigarettes. In contemplation of possessing such pictures, I entertained for the first time in my life a desire to become a cigarette smoker. Learning that the distribution of these pictures was arranged for the principal cities throughout the country I interviewed a well known dealer, and learned, to my astonishment, that the probable cost of such pictures would exceed a half million dollars. Why a manufacturing firm should make such a stupendous outlay in this direction presents a problem, the solution of which can only be offered in the statement of a veteran tobacconist, who said, in these words: "The Cameo cigarette, without doubt, is the very best brand ever put on the American market. Duke, Sons & Co. know this for a fact, and intend to have the world know it also."

Gazzam & Co.'s store on Second street is always crowded with customers, and justly so, as they make a specialty of turning out the best work ever done in Seattle in the line of picture frames, wall-paper decorations, etc. 6t

Any lady attending our d