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W. A. HASBROUCK & CO.,

DRUGGISTS AND PHOTOGRAPHIC STOCK DEALERS

704 FRONT STREET.

THE WATER'S SECRETS.

Women Mysteriously Drowned in Spokane and Portland.

FLOATER FOUND AT STANWOOD.

The Jap Girls Detained at Portland May Be Allowed to Land.

A Centralia Musician Throws Himself Under a Locomotive—Fatal Overdose of Morphine at Enumclaw—Progress of the Naval Dry Dock.

Spokane, May 25.—[Special].—The body of a young woman was found floating in the river a few miles below town yesterday, and was identified as that of Mary Grandt, an heiress, who mysteriously disappeared several weeks ago. She came from Germany a year ago, and for a time lived in San Francisco. Subsequently she went to Albany, Or., where she worked as a domestic. She came to Spokane four months ago. She frequently stated that her object in coming to America was to get a divorce from her husband, after which she intended to return to Germany. She was heir to a fortune estimated at \$100,000, but under the terms of the will could not come into possession of it so long as she remained the wife of Grandt, who had always treated her and her children cruelly. She was last seen at the house of a midwife in this city, and a post mortem examination today revealed that she was in delicate condition. Theories of murder and suicide are both advanced. The coroner's jury was in session all day, and at a late hour tonight adjourned till tomorrow.

Portland, May 25.—[Special].—The body of Elizabeth Whitfield, who was drowned near the head of Ross island a week ago Sunday, while out boating with J. Norval Fordyce, was found floating in the river at five o'clock this morning. The body was mid-stream, directly in the line of the Stark street ferry, and was first discovered by the pilot. The ferry was stopped and the remains were towed across to this side. Coroner Rivers at once took them to the morgue and placed them in a hermetically sealed casket. Decomposition was so advanced that the features were unrecognizable, and the clothes were the only means of identification. No marks of violence were found on the body.

There are suspicious circumstances connected with the drowning that are not easily explained. There are discrepancies in the statements of Fordyce, both in regard to the time and place. There is a mystery about the whole affair. It was reported today that the shawl of Miss Whitfield had been found on Ross island.

THE INTERCEPTED JAP GIRLS.

They Are Married and Their Husbands Live in Seattle.

Portland, May 25.—[Special].—The nine Japanese women who came over on the steamer Pemoto, and who were not allowed to land in San Francisco, where Captain Johannerson was placed under bonds to take them back to Japan, were brought ashore today on a writ of habeas corpus, and had a hearing before Judge Deady this evening. Seven of them testified that they had come here to meet their husbands, and each picked out her husband from among twenty Japs present. Each of the husbands were put on the stand and testified to some extent as to how they came to be married. One of the men was a restaurant-keeper in Seattle, another a laundryman there, one a tailor, and another a sailor. One was from Tacoma. All had sent money to their wives to come here, and one was an orphan, a niece of one of the women, who had brought her up. Yokata Minnie, whose husband had been arrested in San Francisco, said she had heard from him, and wanted to work as a servant in some family here till he came for her.

United States Attorney Mays, made an argument against these women, being allowed to land, claiming that the action of the officials in San Francisco was correct. He called attention to some conflict in their testimony with what they said in San Francisco, and said it was strange so many of the women were married, as a length of time had no children, except that one of them had two.

The court said the census showed the same state of affairs with Boston women, and that if the same number of healthy, stout Irish, English or French women came here to marry, there would be no objection made to their landing. As the captain had not made a return to the writ, the women were sent back to the ship, and the decision will be given today. They will all doubtless be allowed to land.

HIT BY A LOCOMOTIVE.

A Variety Theater Performer Killed Near Bucoda.

BUCODA, May 25.—[Special].—A man supposed to be named Chance, who has been playing the violin or cornet at the Centralia Club theater, was struck by a freight train at 8 o'clock this morning, about three miles south of Bucoda. He was brought here and died in a few minutes. Dr. Mead found the right leg broken in two places near the ankle, and the skull injured. Deceased had been drinking for several weeks, and probably had tremens. The body was turned over to County Commissioner B. B. Smith. Nothing was found on the person. The engineer was found on the engine. The injured man acted crazily, crossing and recrossing the track several times ahead of the engine.

FAILURE IN WALLA WALLA.

San Lesser, the Clothier, Forced to Close by His Creditors.

WALLA WALLA, May 25.—[Special].—Late this afternoon attachments were filed against San Lesser by L. Dusenbery, of Walla Walla, Esq. Dusenbery, of San Francisco, and the Baker-Boyer National bank for \$1,000. Lesser confesses judgment, and an execution was at once issued and the property placed in charge of the sheriff. Lesser has been a leading clothier for many years. It is supposed he first became involved through the dishonesty of a former employe. The first two attachments were by agencies of Lesser, and it is supposed it was done to protect him from other creditors.

THE PORT ORCHARD DRY DOCK.

Sufficient Land Secured, and Bids for Building to Be Advertised For.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 25.—Commodore Farquhar, chief of the bureau of yards and docks of the navy department, has returned from his visit of inspection to the Mare island navy yard and the new dry dock site on Puget sound. At Point Tur-

ner, the proposed site of the dry dock, the commodore found that enough land could be had without condemnation at less than \$50 an acre, to bring the total cost of the site within the appropriation. The titles of this land are now in the hands of the attorney general, and as soon as he is satisfied of their validity, proposals will be called for building the dry dock.

AN OVERDOSE OF MORPHINE.

Philip Lamm, Well Known in Seattle, Dies in Bed at Enumclaw.

ENUMCLAW, May 25.—[Special].—Philip Lamm, a young unmarried man of German parentage, living with his brothers and sisters near this town, was found dead in his bed this morning, death having been caused by an overdose of morphine, taken to induce sleep. Deceased was very much respected here and in Seattle, where he has worked for several years.

SHOOTING NEAR CLE-ELUM.

Two Ranchers Quarrel and One Now Lies Fatally Wounded.

ROSLY, May 25.—[Special].—Word was received here tonight of a shooting affray near Cle-Elum, in which a rancher named Cosgrove was shot by Ed Taylor, another rancher. Taylor claimed Cosgrove was trespassing on his land. The latter is seriously, and perhaps fatally, wounded. Surgical assistance was sent from this city.

TACOMA NEWS.

TACOMA, May 25.—[Special].—Edward Brisbane, the negro who slashed Charles Lapsley, colored, with a razor at an O street clubroom Saturday night, was arrested in Chicago yesterday and will be arraigned tomorrow. When arrested he wanted to know if "that nigger wasn't dead yet," and said he "cut him" in self-defense.

The number of trains on the Tacoma & Lake City road will be increased from three to five June 1.

The largest steel ever cast in this city has been turned out by the Tacoma Foundry and Machine Company. It is fourteen feet in diameter, weighs eight tons and will be used by the Tacoma Railway and Motor Company in the cable system.

Curious and wonderful specimens of fish and snakes continue to be taken from the city water and exhibited by consumers.

General Passenger Agent Goodman, here this city on his annual tour of recreation, accompanied by Mrs. Goodman. He says the southern line is doing a nice business on all its branches. As to the company's plans about building to the Sound, Mr. Goodman says he knows nothing.

TACOMA CAN'T BUY THE WATER-WORKS.

TACOMA, May 25.—[Special].—The city council has struck a snag in following up the details of a plan suggested by C. B. Wright, of Philadelphia, for the purchase by the city of the water works and electric plant of the Tacoma Light and Water Company. Mr. Wright, desiring the city to have the first chance to buy the plant, proposed that it buy the stock of the company, amounting to \$250,000, and assume the company's bonded indebtedness of \$1,000,000. At the rate of six per cent, the city could handle them very nicely. But the state constitution forbids the ownership of bonds or other securities of corporations by municipalities, therefore Mr. Wright's scheme is rendered nugatory. The city council committee having the matter in charge has requested Mr. Wright to price for the company's water plant, and it is estimated that it can be had for half a million dollars, together with interest at 6 per cent. on the investment.

The Portland Brewers' Strike.

PORTLAND, May 25.—[Special].—Ten National Union brewers arrived in the city tonight from the East to take the places of the strikers who left the Gambrians and Weinhard breweries. Otherwise the status of the strike remains the same. The striking brewers claim that they will make Weinhard lose \$12,000 in three months, and Weinhard claims he can get along without them. He says he will not take the strikers back until they have given up their affiliation with the National Union, and in that event only if he needed them. The Weinhard and Gambrians breweries are standing together in this fight. The boycott on the Weinhard beer has thus far had no effect.

Love Letters in a Burglar's Kit.

TACOMA, May 25.—[Special].—A bundle of love letters was found in the valise containing the outfit of burglar tools in Thomas Hayden's room. Hayden hails from San Francisco, as has already been published in the POST-INTELLIGENCER, and was arrested shortly after breaking into ex-Mayor Drum's residence. The love letters were written apparently in this state, but the burglar lover cautiously changed the name of his sweetheart as well as her residence. The Evening News advances the belief that Hayden and the lone and successful safe-cracker of San Francisco are one and the same.

Washington's Timber Claims.

OLYMPIA, May 25.—[Special].—Governor Ferry received a telegram from Attorney-General Jones today, who is in Washington City, requesting that Senators Allen and Squire and Representative Wilson telegraph to the secretary of the interior, requesting him to get Washington the preference with reference to timber claims.

Today's incorporations were as follows: Evangelical Lutheran church, of Skagit; Blaine Sash and Door Manufacturing Company, capital, \$12,000; Willapa Electric Company, of South Bend; capital, \$100,000.

Notaries Appointed.

OLYMPIA, May 25.—[Special].—The following notaries public have been appointed: L. N. Jones, of Arlington, Snohomish county; A. W. Mohr, of Coocata, Chehalis county; I. T. Merchison, of Seattle; Robert Burns, of Tacoma; W. M. Wheeler, of Seattle; E. S. Ellis, of Colfax; Whitman county; G. R. Proctor, of Snohomish.

Miners' Meeting in Tacoma.

TACOMA, May 25.—[Special].—Hirshfeld's hall, on Second street, in Old Tacoma, was engaged for a mass meeting tomorrow night, for the purpose of soliciting aid for the white coal miners of Franklin.

Music for Tacoma World's Fair.

TACOMA, May 25.—[Special].—The Western Washington Exposition Company this evening engaged, for \$12,000, Innes' band of forty pieces for the thirty days which the exposition will be open this fall.

Boy Drowned in East Portland.

PORTLAND, May 25.—[Special].—Rurleith James, the 14-year-old son of B. H. James, tinner, was drowned this morning while playing on a raft with another youth, in Stephens slough, East Portland.

La Presse of Paris reports that General King, United States consul general, is about to be recalled to explain his connection with certain matters which La Presse declares of serious import. King says the report is unfounded.

Columbia. Thirty new houses in seven weeks.

THE ACCURSED JEW.

Fiendish Persecution by Direct Order of the Czar.

ATROCITIES HAVE ONLY BEGUN.

The Czarowitch to Turn First Sod on Siberian Pacific Railway.

Confirmation of the Report of a Repulse of Portuguese by British in South Africa—Frenchmen Slaughter Natives—Great Strikes in London and Paris.

LONDON, May 25.—The Berlin correspondent of the Standard telegraphs his paper that terrible misery exists among Russian Jews who are traversing the city and becoming public scavengers.

The czar intends to make a thorough clearance of Jews from St. Petersburg, Moscow and Odessa has caused great consternation in the Jewish colony in this city. Jewish residents here believe this alarming report the more readily because they know the government has been requested to interfere in behalf of the Christians of the city, four-fifths of the increasing trade of Odessa, it was claimed, being wholly in the hands of the Jews. Crowds of Jews arrived today from Kiev, and will embark for Jaffa. Many of these people are in a destitute condition, wealthy Jews declining to render them any assistance.

St. Petersburg, May 25.—Upon the arrival of the czarowitch at Vladivostok an imperial rescript will be published throughout Russia, delegating the czarowitch to turn the first sod of the Vladivostok section of the Trans-Siberian railway. The czarowitch will accompany the rescript, signifying the event by imperial acts of clemency toward the convicts of Siberia.

St. Petersburg, May 25.—It is reported here that the Russian government is preparing for a wholesale series of domiciliary visits throughout this city and its suburbs. All Hebrews discovered are to be imprisoned and conveyed later on to the Hebrew pale. Reports received here from Kiev indicate that this policy is in full force, and that the persecutions of Hebrews are so strong that those entitled to reside at Kiev are allowing themselves to be expelled without protest rather than risk the endeavor to prove their rights.

To celebrate the visit of the czarowitch to Siberia, an imperial decree has been issued authorizing the Siberian governors to remit two-thirds of the sentences, and otherwise ameliorate the condition of worthy convicts.

ODessa, May 25.—Forty-six military officers have been arrested in St. Petersburg during the past fortnight, for criticizing the degradation of Grand Duke Michael.

THE FIGHTING IN THE FUNGUE.

All Accounts Agree That the British Defeat of the Fungue.

LONDON, May 25.—Conflicting accounts of the Anglo-Portuguese trouble lead to the belief that there were two conflicts. The first was a collision with the South Africa Company's police at Mutassi, and the defeated Portuguese thence went to the coast by the Fungue route and came into collision with Commissioner Johnston's forces of pioneer miners, who were opening a transport route.

Further details of the fight, May 12, near Massikese, between British and Portuguese, show that the Portuguese were marching on Fort Salisbury, when the British South African Company's police fired on them, killing seven and wounding twenty.

Lisbon, May 25.—The governor general of Mozambique telegraphs that the Caldas Xavier expedition, which had arrived at Massikese, was probably the same place by the British South African Company's employes May 17, and several men killed on both sides.

PARIS, May 25.—Dispatches received here from Grand Bassau, a French town in Upper Guinea, say that a French expedition sent into the interior to investigate the death of two French travelers, fought a battle with natives, killing many of them and subduing the surrounding country.

LONDON CARPENTERS LOCKED OUT.

Fifteen Thousand Men Idle—Strike of Paris Staged.

LONDON, May 25.—A lockout of London carpenters began today. Fifteen thousand men are idle. The employers threaten to lock out the men in other branches of the building trades.

PARIS, May 25.—Drivers of public stages in this city struck for twelve hours' work per day. The stage company made an attempt to run a few stages, but the strikers attacked them. The police made several arrests among the strikers.

French Army Secrets Still Safe.

PARIS, May 25.—Freyinet, in the chamber of deputies, referring to the arrest of an officer of the French army, and an agent of the Armstrong Gun Works, on a charge of high treason, denied that army documents had been abstracted from the ministry of war. No accurate plans have been published in connection with the manufacture of machine guns, and the grounds for the charges that treachery was impeding national defense.

Probably a Restaurant Waiter.

VIENNA, May 25.—Inquiries made here show that Baron Rudolph Kalnoky de Koraspatz, who is announced to have fought a duel at Chicago with a young Southerner, is not a nephew of Count Kalnoky of this city. Count Kalnoky has no relative bearing the name of Rudolph Kalnoky de Koraspatz, nor has he a relative alive now in America.

DISPOSITION OF MORMON FUNDS.

Supreme Court Does Not Know What to Do With Escheated Property.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 25.—When the supreme court at its last term upheld the constitutionality of the Edmunds law, by which the property of the late corporation of the Church of Jesus Christ of the Latter Day Saints, otherwise known as the Mormon church, was escheated to the United States, it found itself in a somewhat embarrassing position. The doctrine of escheat was quite unknown in this country, and no purpose considered landable and proper of a similar nature to that for which the property was formerly used was known for which the property could be devoted. The court, therefore, instead of sending the decree down, withheld it, a strong intimation being conveyed of the desire of the court that congress should direct the property of the late corporation of the church to be made available for the direct disposal to be made by law. Congress having failed to adopt the suggestion, the court, through Justice Bradley, today made a final order in the case and modified in some respects

the decree it entered at the last term. The notification made recites that the Mormon corporation been dissolved, there do not exist now any trusts or purposes within the objects and purposes for which the personal property was originally acquired, for which any part of the personal property could be used or dedicated to the public use and good morals, and furthermore, there does not appear any person or corporation legally entitled to any of the personal property as the successors of the church.

The decree then says that the personal property having devolved to the United States, it should be devoted to such charitable uses, lawful in character, as may most nearly correspond to its former destiny, unless in meantime congress shall otherwise direct, or the master shall report some scheme which shall meet the approval of the court for the disposition of the property.

The decree finally directs that the property and all accumulations shall remain in the custody of the receiver, until otherwise ordered, and that out of the costs of the suits and receivership shall be paid. The Utah supreme court is directed to take the necessary proceedings.

STATUS OF TERRITORIAL COURTS.

The Judge May Be Removed by the President.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 25.—The supreme court today rendered an opinion through Justice Harlan in the case of Ward McAllister against the United States. McAllister was removed from office as judge of the district court of Alaska by President Cleveland, and claimed salary from the time removed to the qualification of Dawson, who was confirmed by the senate. The question in the case was whether the judge of the Alaskan court came within the provision of section 1,768, R. S., authorizing the president to suspend all civil officers "except judges of the United States."

The court holds that the Alaska court is not a court of the United States, as the term in the article of the constitution, but a territorial court. The fact that the term of the Alaska judge is limited to four years, and that he does not hold office for life or during good behavior, the court says, proves it is not a court of the United States, as the term is constitutionally void. The court said the decision in the present case gave the president complete power over territorial officers. The judgment therefore was given in favor of the United States. Justice Field and Justice Gray and Brown dissented in the opinion, which, Justice Field maintained, held that the mere will of the president was sufficient to remove a judge of a court created by the United States, and that the constitution did not contemplate that the judge should be responsible to any man for conduct in office. It seemed to him that some of his brethren overlooked the character of the judicial branch of government when they made distinction against the courts of the territories.

These courts had similar powers, and there was the same necessity that they should use the office fearlessly and without fear of offending any president less they should be removed. The case of Wingard, a justice of the Washington territory court, was decided the same way.

A CLOSED SEAL SEASON.

Duplicity of Lord Salisbury in the Bering Sea Negotiations.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 25.—Lord Salisbury is waiting to find out whether a closed season will be agreeable to the Canadian government. As between eighty and 100 Canadian poachers are afloat in Alaskan waters, the British foreign office has probably learned by this time that a closed season will not be agreeable to the Dominion government, but the absence of an official communication will be made an excuse for delay in answering Secretary Blaine's last note. Three months ago Secretary Blaine suggested a closed season for the summer of this year, hoping that in the interim some permanent arrangement, looking to the preservation of the seal would be reached. After an exasperating delay the English premier replied, agreeing to a closed season, but stipulating that not a single seal should be taken, even for food purposes. Secretary Blaine, replying to this letter April 25 last, suggested that the company would be permitted to kill 7,000 seals, the proceeds of which would be enough to remunerate them for the expenses incurred by them this season. To this communication Lord Salisbury made no answer. Meanwhile the Canadian poachers are fitting out and preparing to enter Bering sea in greater numbers than ever. The president feels that Salisbury has acted unfairly with the government in so long delaying his reply in view of the near approach of the regular fishing season.

Secretary Foster said today that the instructions to the revenue cutters in regard to the seal fisheries had not been issued yet, for the reason that they were not finally agreed on.

OTTAWA, May 25.—The customs department has received a report showing the number of sealing schooners that have cleared from British Columbia ports for Bering sea this spring to be forty-nine, an increase of twenty-one over last year.

PENSION OFFICE SCANDALS.

One Official Found Innocent—A Shylock to Be Removed.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 25.—Assistant Secretary Busby and Commissioner Raum have instituted an investigation at the pension office into charges preferred against Major Barker, chief of the record division for appropriating money to his personal use, which was raised for the widow of a clerk recently deceased, and also against J. M. Donahue, who indorsed notes and represented a money lender not employed in the office. Twenty witnesses were examined, but the testimony showed conclusively that Barker never had the money belonging to the widow in his possession.

The conclusion of the investigation, it is understood, exonerates Barker, but the charges against Donahue were fully substantiated by the testimony produced. The assistant secretary said he was satisfied Donahue was using his position for personal gain, and would recommend his dismissal.

Supreme Court Decisions.

WASHINGTON CITY, May 25.—Business was transacted in the supreme court today as follows:

No. 1,296—John Gorman, appellant, vs. Cary C. Havard; appeal from the supreme court of the territory of Idaho, dismissed for want of jurisdiction and remanded to the supreme court of the state of Idaho.

No. 356—Gregory Consolidated Mining Company et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Lewis M. Starr; in error to the supreme court of the territory of Montana; judgment affirmed with costs and per cent. Damages in addition to interest, and cause remanded to the supreme court of the state of Montana.

No. 357—Gregory Consolidated Mining Company et al., plaintiffs in error, vs. Lewis M. Starr; in error to the supreme court of the territory of Montana; dismissed for want of jurisdiction and remanded to the supreme court of the state of Montana.