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THE UNION PACIFIC.

UNDERWEAR

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Annual Report of the Board of Government Directors.

A Full Line. All Sizes.

OUR LEADER. Pillows!

FINANCES IN BAD SHAPE.

DIMOCK & CHEASTY

OUR LEADER. Flannels!

Construction Stopped, and Expenses Cut Down Wherever Possible.

DENTAL INFIRMARY

OUR LEADER. Blankets!

Large Decrease of Net Earnings—Every Mile of Branch Built Has Been Profitable—The Road Suffering in Common With Others.

DR. COYNE

OUR LEADER. Comforters!

Washington City, Sept. 24.—George F. Leighton, John F. Plummer, Jesse Spaulding, Rufus B. Bullock and Joseph W. Padlock, the government directors of the Union Pacific railway, have filed with the secretary of the interior their annual report, as follows: For the year 1890, as compared with 1889, the gross earnings increased \$622,443, while the net earnings decreased \$1,011,820 for the same period. The gross earnings of all the roads operated by this system increased \$3,379,648, while the net earnings decreased \$1,457,962. The cause of this diminution in net earnings is mostly a general character common to all railways in the West, and arose chiefly from the exceedingly low rates prevailing over the greater part of the territory covered by the system. The fact that an increase of about \$3,500,000 in gross earnings was effected at an increased expense in the cost of operating and maintaining of about \$5,000,000, leads to the inevitable conclusion that, after making full allowance for all local and exceptional requirements for increased expenditures, a large portion of the business of the road was secured at rates involving absolute loss.

SEATTLE

INSPECT THEM BEFORE BUYING

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DRY GOODS STORE

BLANKETS.

CAUSE OF DEPRESSION IN THE MIDDLE WEST—REVISAL OF BUSINESS PREDICTED.

DRY GOODS STORE

COMFORTERS.

San Francisco, Sept. 24.—Jay Cooke, jr., son of the late Jay Cooke, the well-known financier, is at the Palace hotel, where he is "Wall street," he says, "is not yet over the stirring events of last winter, when the London crash shook the world's finances, and the panic was still distressing, but the work of the last month has been encouraging, and the street is beginning to show signs of recovery. Time money is still very scarce, for we do not care to predict the future, but the money average is 2 1/2 per cent. to 3 per cent. Since January the market has exported \$30,000,000 in gold, a situation which shows the country's resources and stability of the country. The West and the West coast have been peculiarly affected by the depression, and a variety of causes. The sudden stoppage of money from the East, the lack of money for investment has produced widespread stagnation. By the West I mean what are practically the middle states of the West, which are not the Pacific slope is seldom meant. The chief distressing factor in the financial situation of the West is the Farmers' Alliance, which has very effectively prevented the introduction of capital into the West. The movement of the Alliance have rendered the whole situation unstable. One of the widest fields in the West for Eastern capital is the mining industry. Eastern men of money are not investing while the future remains so uncertain. Another cause working to deter the use of capital is the excessive loans made upon high valuations. Another distressing influence has been the granting of money against Western railroads. In itself, it is not an evil, for there were too many roads. Transportation companies had expanded and branched far in advance of the country, and the result was a large amount of unproductive property. For the past eighteen months the northwest, which, in San Francisco, depends upon the outside capital, has suffered from a tight money market. It has been impossible to place the securities and it has had to pay for them gradually and surely tightening. It has nothing to do but to wait for the recuperation of eastern money. A revival of business is not far off, and will come soon, for the whole country is on the eve of great prosperity."

DRY GOODS STORE

PILOWNS.

TERREBLE RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

DRY GOODS STORE

FLANNELS.

Newcastle, Pa., Sept. 24.—A terrible wreck occurred this morning on the Pittsburg & Lake Erie road, near the town of Newcastle. A work train with a force of fifty men was engaged in putting down a new track. While they were on the train, a large steam boiler exploded, and the engine was crushed. The boiler was 100 feet long and 4 feet in diameter. It was filled with steam and water, and when it exploded, it scattered iron and steel in all directions. Several men were killed, and many others were injured. The wreckage was a terrible sight, and the scene was one of great horror. The train was carrying a large amount of material, and the explosion caused a great deal of damage to the property. The cause of the explosion is not yet known, but it is believed to have been due to a defect in the boiler. The accident has caused a great deal of loss of life and property, and it is a sad reminder of the dangers of the railroad industry.

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FRONT ST., FOOT OF CHERRY.

Engineer and Six Italian Laborers Killed in Pennsylvania.

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St. Louis, Sept. 24.—The joint committee of the Western Passenger Association, comprising the Missouri, Illinois, and St. Louis, Missouri, and Transcontinental associations today resumed consideration of the change in Colorado, Utah and California rates, and after a long discussion the change was found impracticable. The Missouri, Illinois, Central, Missouri Pacific, Wash., Denver & Rio Grande, Frisco, Union Pacific, Burlington & Missouri River and Colorado, Midland and other roads, all of which are members of the association, were in favor of the proposed change. The committee will report to the board of directors of the association tomorrow.

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White & Co. Backed by Jay Gould.

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Four Italians Killed and Twenty Wounded by Their Own Petard.

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Truman, Ariz., Sept. 24.—Dr. John C. Handy, a prominent physician of this city, was shot by Francis J. Heney, a lawyer, and probably fatally wounded today. A bitter feeling had existed between them for a long time, growing out of a divorce suit in which Heney was attorney for Mrs. Handy. Heney said that today as he was crossing the street, going to the court house, Heney saw an officer near by with a pistol in his hand. Handy tried to grab the weapon, but Heney placed the muzzle to the bowels of his victim and shot. Both men then clutched and fled to the ground. They were arrested by officers. No officer being found, he went home, where he is afterwards arrested.

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Stanford University Opens October 1.

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Triumph of Hazzard—Letters of Regret—Speeches by Faulkner and Eynum.

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Spokane, Sept. 24.—[Special.]—The Democratic revival came to an end tonight, and the gifted missionaries from the enlightened East to benighted Washington will depart tomorrow morning. The movement against George Hazzard, secretary of the Democratic Society of Washington, "died a born," and Colonel Frank I. Parker, of Walla Walla, did not make an attack upon the Tacoma man's record. This was a great disappointment to those who had assembled at the auditorium to enjoy a lively oratorical battle. The action of a local Democratic club in censuring Hazzard had decided disfavor with all the visiting delegates. As soon as the report of the committee on nominations had been read Charles S. Voorhees, of Spokane, asked that his delegation be granted fifteen minutes' leave of absence, as an acknowledgment of the request of the delegation was agreed to. This action of the local delegates created a stir, as it was known that many of them were hostile to Hazzard. The fifteen minutes rapidly passed away, and when the Spokane delegation did not appear, many of the visitors became impatient and indignantly demanded that the report of the committee be adopted. A committee of one was sent to find the recreant braves and the committee reported that more than half of the delegates had not appeared. The report of the committee was returned just in time to prevent a vote.

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SEATTLE

Democracy, which you have met to teach, signifies industrialism as distinguished from socialism. It signifies the supremacy of man over the state and its security to life, liberty and property. It signifies the growth of monopolies, works the extinction of oppression, and abates private enterprise. Democracy assumes that money is the legal criterion of value of all the products and properties of the human mind. It knows that this criterion is one of the great trusts of the government itself, and that its stability and uniformity depend upon the quantity and quality of the circulating medium. It knows, also, that this vital criterion of value is the most important of the sovereign keeping of the government, and not assigned to money-dealing corporations, hostile to interests of the people. It knows that the power to regulate the value of money is not an attribute of national banks, but of the government. It knows that the government rests its claim to power upon the moral injunction, "do unto others as you have others do unto you." The public mint is at this time so sympathetic with this principle that an appeal to it, in good faith, will succeed. Senator Keegan said: The Democracy should: First—Insist upon the preservation of the relative Democratic rights, powers and prerogatives of state and federal governments; seeing that neither shall encroach on or usurp the powers and duties of the other. Second—To this end the Democracy should insist upon the repeal of existing laws, and the enactment of new laws, which shall give to the government the power to issue currency in gold and silver, and to regulate the value of the same. Third—The Democracy should demand the repeal of the present protective tariff, and the enactment of a law providing for a tariff for revenue only. Fourth—We should provide by state and federal legislation, within their respective spheres, to subordinate the great corporations of the country, and especially the railroad corporations, to the political authority. Either the people or the corporations will be the master; and the American people will not consent to the fact which is to determine which shall control. Sixth—Public attention should be called to the fact that the expenditures of the government have grown from \$70,000,000 in 1890 to \$150,000,000 in 1891. The people cannot stand such a drain on their resources without impoverishing themselves. The Democracy should insist on a great reduction of the enormous expenditures which have grown up under the policy of the Republican party. Seventh—The policy of the Republican party for the past twenty odd years has produced a large breed of millionaires, concentrated in the hands of a few hundred rich men and the corporations. This in its turn has produced a large number of paupers and tramps, and made it difficult for persons in the middle walks of life to earn a decent support. This must be corrected by law, or it cannot fail to end in most direful consequences. The first and most important step towards its correction should be a graduated tax upon incomes; the tax to be lower on small incomes, and to be increased with the increased amount of the income. E. J. Minster Phelps said: Although temporary misapprehension may exist in some minds in respect to what should constitute money, it is certain that the intelligence of the American people will at no distant day perceive that whatever the medium of exchange is, it is a universal necessity from a political and economic point of view. A dollar should be an honest dollar, worth one hundred cents, every day and every year. It should be the few dollars and men who have the more important to him, and that they should be worth their face, and that they should be maintained in any form, whether of gold, silver or paper, two kinds of dollars, one of which shall be worth a good deal more than the other, and only the better of which will pass in the markets of

McLeckie & Co. Dry Goods Store. 7th Second St. Seattle, Wash.

DRESS GOODS. NEVER SEEN IN THIS CITY. Novelty Suit Patterns exclusive, Amazon Cloth for Tailor-made Costumes, Elegant lines of Buttons and Trimmings.

Superb lines of Blankets and Comforters, Stylish lines of Hosiery and Underwear. Samples sent on application.

PRICES VERY REASONABLE. MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY FILLED.

O.W. Lynch & Co. The Furniture Dealers Seattle, Wash.

GALT BROS. & CO. Have Removed to 1117 Front St. Dealers in Tiles, Grates, Fireplaces, Floor and Vestibule Tiling.

Japanese Goods. JAPANESE STORE. 1,217 SECOND, NEAR UNIVERSITY.

LEWIS BROS. CIGARS AND TOBACCO. IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF SMOKERS' ARTICLES, ETC. 111 COMMERCIAL ST. TERRY-DENNY BUILDING.

Mark Ten Suite Bazaar! 821 Second St. Cor Marion. JAPANESE AND CHINESE FANCY GOODS. Wholesale and Retail. Matting and Paper Napkins. Cheapest in the City.

The "Clerk of the Weather" has during the last few days sent us a series of warnings that would indicate the absolute necessity of making comfortable preparations for the "Rainy Season" that seemingly is upon us.

At the Seattle Dry Goods Store you will find a full and complete line of the latest styles of

Gossamers, Circulars, Etc., in checks, stripes and plain colors, from the "best factories" in the East. Our prices on these goods will be exceptionally interesting to you, and we invite a call if only for comparison and examination.

SEATTLE DRY GOODS STORE. 903 Second St., Cor. Marion.

L. LILLIS, Plaintiff, vs. SAMUEL L. DAVIS & CO., Defendant.

Judgment of Permanent Injunction.

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW YORK a permanent injunction was granted under the above title, enjoining the defendants from manufacturing or selling "Cuban Blossom Cigars." Under this order all parties will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law for any infringement on our rights to the name or manufacture of the "Cuban Blossom."

HALEY, GLENN & CO. Sole Agents for State of Washington.

Victoria, B. C. RACES! RACES!

AT Victoria Driving Park, FALL MEETING, 1st, 2d, 3d Oct., 1891

During Agricultural Exhibition Week. \$3,000 in PRIZES.

For Programme and further particulars, apply to W. H. BAINBRIDGE, Secretary Victoria Driving Club, P. O. Box 256.