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TACOMA'S REPUBLICAN

Mr. Huson Elected Mayor by a Majority of 168.

THE COUNCIL ALL RIGHT, TOO. Boggs, for Treasurer, Runs Behind the Head of the Ticket.

Heilig, for Controller, Beaten by Slaughter-Tom Carroll Stronger Than Old Two Per Cent.-A Large Amount of Money Wagered.

TACOMA, April 6.-1 a. m.-[Special]-Huson's majority for mayor is 168, and 1,000 enthusiastic Republicans, headed by a band, are marching to the north end of the city to serenade the victorious candidate for chief municipal executive in the most hotly contested election ever held in Tacoma. The estimated Republican majority was placed at 320 three days ago by the Post-Intelligencer and yesterday's estimate was not changed, although it was known that a large number who had been unwarrantably prejudiced against it on account of the "corporation" and "ring" cries of the Democrats were cut into that estimate.

Boggs, rep. for treasurer, has 130 majority. Dr. Armstrong, rep., is elected city physician by 833 majority, together with twelve Republican councilmen. Armstrong had the fire department and the letter carriers with him, and led the ticket without an effort. Slaughter, Dem., and four Democratic councilmen are the only men elected by the Democrats. It is only now admitted that Carroll would have a crushing defeat for Alexander Parker, as he had set his heart on victory. The triumph of the Republicans is tinged with a feeling of sorrow for Parker, as "the old man" had been influenced into believing he would positively be the next mayor of Tacoma. Just before the polls closed Parker rode down Pacific avenue bowing and smiling. The Democrats closed their headquarters at midnight, conceding Huson's election.

The wheel-horses now break forth denouncing the rashness of those who insisted upon the nomination of Parker, when Carroll, if nominated would, they claim, have been elected. Republicans generally admit that Carroll would have been stronger than Parker. Parker would have been snuffed under if Huson had been carefully groomed, and the death of ring politics and his independence of corporate influence clearly and continuously set forth.

The result was too close to be comfortable, but an inch is as good as a mile under the circumstances. The second ward saved the ticket, giving 276 majority. The bulk of the finest residences are in that ward. The councilmen elected are: First ward-Beals, Rep.; Steinbach, Dem. Second ward-Boardman, Rep.; Lee, Rep. Third ward-Grattan, Rep.; Snyder, Rep. Fourth ward-Besite, Rep.; Knoell, Dem. Fifth ward-Wright, Rep.; White, Rep. Sixth ward-Warner, Rep.; Wright, Dem. Seventh ward-Richardson, Rep.; Proctor, Dem. D. Berry, Ind. claims to be elected in place of Richardson. Eighth ward-Gove, Rep.; Corell, Rep. A majority of the council is pledged for the gravity supply of water.

Following is a summary of the vote:

Table with columns for Mayor, Treasurer, Controller, Physician, and various wards, listing candidates and their respective vote counts.

TOTAL. Mayor-Huson 3,592; Hatfield 11; Boggs 3,445; Campbell 3,428; Hart 5; Heilig 3,239; Slaughter 3,491; Booth 6; Armstrong 3,667; Broadnax 2. One precinct missing; controller given same as head of ticket.

The total vote polled in Tacoma for mayor was 6,982 out of a total registration of 9,005, and 2,023 of these failed to vote. The vote in October, 1890, at the previous municipal election was 4,554, and the increase over the vote of 1890 is 2,428. Seattle at the last city election polled 8,294 votes, or 1,312 votes more than were cast at Tacoma. Seattle's registration was 10,841, and 2,847 failed to vote.

The weather was cold enough to make a heavy overcoat comfortable. There was a little rain during the morning, but the voting began briskly at 9 a. m. when the polls opened. Quiet and order prevailed. Saloons were closed, and business generally at a standstill. Political gossip and conjecture was indulged in on all sides, and both Democrats as well as many Republicans frankly admitted that the Republicans had not made the best of the conditions and issues involved in the campaign.

Indeed, up to the hour the polls closed, the talking throughout the precincts frequently turned upon the Republican candidates as being "ring" men. Some talked this false dodge-podge to capture votes, knowing it to be utterly false, and others, since the same time, ignorant of the situation, and allowing themselves to be prejudiced by their erroneous belief. No matter what the result might be, many Republicans well up in city politics, did not hesitate or mince words today in admitting that an error had been made in not more fully informing the common people that the Tacoma ring was busted and did not control Candidate Huson. What is left of the ring wanted to run Huson's campaign, but he was groomed by others for the race with Candidate Parker-and yet the ring got all the credit, when the wily Democrats were playing the uninforming for votes. The taken-for-granted feeling that the Republican slate makers of the past were in charge this election was not overcome, and Huson suffered thereby.

Early in the day Tommy Clancy, of Seattle, was in town with some money to put up. While being shaved he met the arguments of those present who thought Huson would be elected by pulling out his roll and betting freely on Candidate Parker. This little episode resulted in wild rumors that the "Clancys" were here with \$3,000 to bet on Parker. The Post-Intelligencer man who followed the rumors up until the barber shop was reached, could find no evidence of \$3,000 being held by the "Clancys." Thomas Clancy bet \$16 in all in the barber shop on Parker.

Captain Ward, of the police force, said he had little or nothing to do during the day. This was while the saloons were closed. Everybody seemed anxious to vote, and when a certificate was found to be defective the would-be voter rushed to the office of the city clerk to have the defect remedied. Both sides he canvassed the city carefully, and challengers were posted at each precinct booth.

The carriages of the Republicans outnumbered the Democratic vehicles two to one. They were kept busy until the polls closed, and it is safe to say every man who was able was taken out and allowed to exercise his elective franchise. Rumors, such as money was put up on Parker in Huson's precinct without a taker, and that all the Scandinavians were voting the Democratic ticket, were considered bluffs by the Republicans.

Among the Seattle men who put up over \$500 on Parker today was Jackson, of Clancy & Co. As predicted in Monday's Post-Intelligencer, Carroll proved to be the only possibility on the head of the Democratic ticket. LATER.-Revised tabulated returns give following majorities: Huson, 168; Boggs, 32; Slaughter, 130; Armstrong, 1,219; and the Democrats six councilmen: Steinbach, Fortaine, Knoell, Abernethy, McGonldrick and Proctor, and Berry, independent, leaving nine Republicans.

POLITICS IN OREGON.

Republican Convention Today Will Nominate Two Congressmen. PORTLAND, April 5.-[Special].-The Republican state convention, which meets in this city tomorrow, is of national importance, since it will nominate in addition to the delegates to the national convention, two members of congress, who are to be chosen at the regular state election on the first Monday in June. Owing to the increase in population as shown by the second edition of the census, Oregon became the eighth of two congressmen instead of one, as heretofore, and in natural subdivisions of Eastern and Western Oregon. Western Oregon contains all the largest cities, and as a whole is strongly Republican, while Eastern Oregon, the home of the miner, stockman and wool-grower, is safely Democratic.

Owing to the great difference in population between the two natural divisions of the state, it became necessary to add a portion of Western to Eastern Oregon. This was done by taking the three counties of Clatsop, Columbia and Multnomah, the latter including the city of Portland, and all strongly Republican. The Democrats raised the cry of gerrymander, but the Republican leaders, in their action on the ground that as these three counties lay contiguous to the Columbia river, all their interests were identical with those of the Eastern portion of the state, which is drained by this great natural waterway.

Binger Herrmann, the present Republican congressman, and a resident of the Western portion of the state, has been in office three terms, and has given general satisfaction to the people of the state. There are two or three younger politicians who would like to succeed him, but there is no doubt whatever of his nomination tomorrow nor of his election next year. The condition of things in the next year, however, for Congressmen, Second district is very uncertain. There are at least a dozen candidates from Eastern Oregon, to say nothing of two or three in the lower Columbia river counties. So far as the preliminary strength is concerned, any one may win. One thing is certain, the nominee will be an Eastern Oregon man, as that section will unite against the lower Columbia men. The Republicans are harmonious this year, the differences between the party managers which existed a year ago having been amicably settled.

Kitson County Delegates. SIDNEY, April 5.-[Special].-The Kitson county Republican convention today elected the following delegates to the state convention at Seattle: E. G. Ames, Port Gamble; A. D. Smith, Port Blakely; M. B. Robinson, Sidney; Captain W. B. Seymour, Port Washington. Alternates: William Wood, Colby; Fred Comstock, Port Madison; J. T. Mitchell, Ollaia; William Rye, Port Blakely.

California Democratic Convention. SAN FRANCISCO, April 5.-The Democratic state committee this afternoon decided to hold the state Democratic convention at Fresno on Tuesday, May 17. The basis of representation will be one delegate at large for each county, and one delegate for each 200 votes cast for Pond for governor in 1890, and one delegate for each fraction of 200 votes larger than 100.

Bayard Will nominate Cleveland. WASHINGTON CITY, April 5.-A special report from Wilmington, Del., says that ex-Secretary Bayard will nominate Grover Cleveland at the Chicago convention, and will support him. Bayard, says the special, in the event of Cleveland's election, expects to be appointed to the court of St. James.

The Limit of Arbitration. LONDON, April 5.-In the house of commons today Henry Labouchere asked whether, in view of the fact that the American congress had authorized President Harrison to conclude treaties with other powers providing for the arbitration of disputed questions, the government intends to communicate with the United States with a view of the negotiation of such a treaty between Great Britain and the United States. Lowther, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, replied that in 1883 Gladstone, then prime minister, in replying to a similar question, said he was not prepared to do anything of the sort. Although he had the same opinion as Gladstone on this subject, the government did not desire to give such an abrupt statement of its views. The government, Mr. Lowther added, had shown itself not to be adverse to referring to arbitration several disputes that had arisen with foreign countries, but there are questions, such as those involving territorial and foreign rights, that the government could not pledge itself beforehand to submit to arbitration.

Justice Lamar Much Improved. WASHINGTON CITY, April 5.-The improvement in Justice Lamar's condition continues. It is reported at his residence today that he rested easily last night, and that he hopes for his complete recovery in a short time are encouraging.

Eugene Canfield Seriously Ill. WASHINGTON CITY, April 5.-Eugene Canfield is very ill with epileptic fits. His condition is very precarious.

TODAY'S GREAT BATTLE

Rhode Island to Ballot on the Tariff Question.

DEMOCRATS LIKELY TO WIN.

A Great Meeting Held at Buffalo to Denounce Politician Hill.

Ex-Secretary Fairchild and Others Denounce the New York Boss-Harrison Can Beat Cleveland Just as Easily as He Did Four Years Ago.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 5.-Tonight the last effort was made to talk the vote of Rhode Island to either the beauties of tariff reform or protection. Regarding tomorrow's election, political prophets are somewhat at sea as to the result. The most reliable Republican claim, coming from workers who are conversant with the details of affairs, is that there will be no election for state ticket. The Democrats will have a slight plurality on some of the nominees, and the legislature will be solidly Republican in both branches. The Democrats advance no claim beyond saying they will elect the state ticket, but they appear very confident. The new elements entering into the present contest are so diversified that calculations based on precedents are not regarded with much faith by the leaders of either party.

The vote of Rhode Island for governor in 1891 was: Davis, Dem., 22,249; Laod, Rep., 20,995; Democratic plurality, 1,254. The vote for president in 1888 was: Harrison, Rep., 21,968; Cleveland, Dem., 17,330; Republican plurality, 4,638. There was no election of state officers by the people in 1891, and the legislature, having a Republican majority, chose the Republican candidates. The fight in Rhode Island is on national lines. The Democrats have declared for Grover Cleveland and tariff reform. The New York Sun, Tammany, has ignored the contest, while the tariff reform papers have talked about it. The New York Tribune, of March 27, said: "The Republicans have the advantage of clearly defined issues, a united party and high-minded leadership. A Republican vote means without equivocation and reserve a vote for honest finance and the maintenance of the economic system that underlies every modern and advanced state in the industrial class. There are no factions on the Republican side, there is a harmonious action under the direction of Senator Aldrich, who has made his name as a great force in national politics. The Democratic factions may be brought together if a large increased campaign fund is placed at their disposal, so that there will be enough, not only for Mayor Hovey's friends, but also for the Republican cause. There are at present they are quarreling among themselves, and seeking for opportunities to betray one another. The Republicans are united in the coming week with high hopes of success. The best-informed politician whom I have met in Providence predicts that they will carry the large cities as well as the state and legislature."

DOWN WITH BOSSISM!

A Great Meeting in Buffalo to Denounce Politician Hill.

BUFFALO, N. Y., April 5.-A thousand men bearing banners and transparencies headed by a band of music escorted ex-Secretary Charles N. Fairchild, ex-Mayor William Grace and Hon. Frank L. Thornton tonight to Music hall, where were gathered 2,000 people to hear their protests against the "snap convention" and their reasons for revolt against the alleged bossism which dictated and dominated it. The assemblage included many ladies, some of whom were in the front ranks. The meeting was practically of one mind, however, and the only dissenting voice heard was raised by a semi-intoxicated individual, who was promptly ejected. Much enthusiasm was shown, particularly at the trenchant satire of Frank Thornton, whose pungent oratory kindled the audience to fever heat. John Inabacher, president of the Erie County Democratic Club, a new organization of the club formed by Cleveland, called the meeting to order, and nominated Hon. Charles Bishop, the mayor, to preside. His honor spoke hopefully of the great movement to secure proper representation of the Democracy as a party at the national convention, and briefly reviewed the history of the movement which prompted this meeting. Ex-Secretary of the Treasury Fairchild was the first speaker. In part he said:

We propose to prove our case by going to the people; by going to our constituents and asking them to elect a few full Democrats to go to Chicago to represent them. We propose to present our case to the national convention; to address ourselves to the reason and judgment of those who sit in judgment upon our case, and, we propose to abide the result loyally and faithfully, and all we ask of our opponents is that they recognize our right to present our contentions to Chicago by a delegation which will be able to abide the decision of the last tribunal of the party.

Ex-Mayor Grace, of New York city, next spoke. He said: We, too, are Democrats, but we think the Democratic party is doing more than success in name, where personal advantage is exalted above principle, and where organization is extolled as the end of party effort and the means through which the political consciousness of the masses manifests itself. More than 50,000 names of Democratic voters residing in the metropolis will without doubt signify their desire to be represented in Chicago by a delegation which will truly and fully represent the preponderant majority of the Democratic voters of the Empire state.

Hon. Frank H. Thornton was the last speaker. Referring to Senator Hill, he said: In his reckless rampaging after the nomination he has shown himself ready to obstruct and palter with tariff reform, and to tamper with the stability of the honest people's money, and the inevitable destruction of the Democratic party, and the irretrievable ruin of the business of the country. Within the last three months he has been for tariff reform and against tariff reform, and the revival of the Republican position of 1882 against a "nibbling" tariff reform, and for a "nibbling" tariff reform. He has been for free coinage and against free coinage, and for a "nibbling" tariff reform, and for a "nibbling" tariff reform. He has been for free coinage and against free coinage, and for a "nibbling" tariff reform, and for a "nibbling" tariff reform. He has been for free coinage and against free coinage, and for a "nibbling" tariff reform, and for a "nibbling" tariff reform.

MR. HARRISON'S STRENGTH. Confident Belief That He Can Beat Cleveland as Easily as Before.

WASHINGTON CITY, April 5.-[Special].-Indications in Washington City at this time point to the election of the Republican candidate for president in the present campaign. It has been the opinion of many leading Republicans and hundreds of enthusiastic Democratic politicians during the last year that it would be an impossibility for the Republicans to retain control of the administration machinery unless a strong candidate like Secretary Blaine was placed at the head of the Republican ticket. It must be said in explanation, however, that this opinion was held up to two months ago, but within the last week there has been a decided change in sentiment in all quarters. It is now believed by nearly every Republican that the party ticket in this campaign will have practically no salient issues. There are a good many Democrats, too, who share in that belief. This change in opinion has, of course, been brought about by the course of the Democrats in the present session of congress. By Republicans it was held at the opening of the session that this congress, so far as the Democratic end was concerned, would do practically nothing. Dispatches of this kind were sent to the Post-Intelligencer from Washington City frequently during the first opening weeks of the session. They have been verified beyond any reasonable doubt. The split of the Democratic party on the two important issues before the people at this time has been one means of bringing all this about. The party has not only been split by the silver issue, but the division on the tariff question has been nearly as bad. The defeat of the Bland bill in the House will probably be regretted by certain Democrats who have been completely against it, for their chances of returning to congress this fall are not very bright. The constituents of the men in those states which have been demanding the free coinage of silver will not accept the defeat of their pet measure in this congress with any degree of enthusiasm, although it has been claimed by those who opposed it in the party that it was done for the good of the party, and done to secure a victory at the polls in November. It is now probable that scarcely any of the Democratic representatives who represent silver states in congress will be re-elected this fall. At this time the indications point to a general upswing, which will insure the defeat of not only the Republican candidate in '92, but the loss of the big majority that the Democrats now have in the lower House. The Democrats, of course, or many of them at least, profess to say that the defeat of the silver measure means the nomination and election of Grover Cleveland to the presidency. The friends of the ex-president in the Republican ranks, in saying that his nomination cannot now be prevented by the opposition to him in his party, and emphatically declare that if he is nominated at Chicago he will defeat any candidate that the Republicans may nominate, particularly do they feel enthusiastic if President Harrison is the Republican candidate in '92, but there is no doubt but that he will be at this time. It seems very probable that Cleveland will poll the full Democratic vote in the Northern states that have been so opposed to the passage of the bill calling for the free and unlimited coinage of silver. The only state in the North in which Cleveland is likely to lose any votes in count of the opposition to him is, of course, New York. His enthusiastic friends believe, however, that if nominated the Democrats of that state will vote for him solidly, for they believe that the masses in the party will not be controlled by the men in the Democratic ranks, like Hill and his lieutenants, who may feel inclined to knife him at the polls. Cleveland's friends believe that he will be a safe candidate, and will do their utmost to secure his nomination, and there does not seem to be any possible doubt but that they will succeed. At this time it is almost certain that Harrison and Cleveland will lead the two tickets, and that the battle will be fast and furious in the campaign. The Democrats now have one card to play that they believe will help them out before the people of the country. This card is an early adjournment of the present session. The sentiment of the leaders is in favor of an early adjournment, because they think that it would be an excellent business policy for the party to adjourn so that freedom of action will be given the representatives during the presidential campaign in the interest of the national ticket, and in the interest of the party candidates in the various congressional districts. The sentiment is positive in their convictions that if congressional appropriation bills are passed, showing a reduction of something like \$50,000,000, and also the different tariff bills they have presented, when the discussion is concluded, that the party can afford to take a recess and go before the country on the record of the present session. There is a good deal of talk among the Democratic leaders that a recess will be reached by June 15, but Chairman Holman, of the appropriations committee, is not so sure about this, and indicates that about July 10 it is as early as it will be possible to take a recess, and the Republican side the sentiment is almost unanimous in preventing an early recess, and it is probable that the Republican leaders will block the Democrats at every possible stage during the remainder of the session, in order to bring about a late recess, so that the Democratic congressmen will be unable to go back to take part in the campaign. The Republicans fear that in allowing the men who are in control of the party at home to look out for the interests of the party and for themselves personally, and will therefore use every effort to continue this session to the latest possible date.

DEMOCRATS CARRY SOUTH OMAHA.

OMAHA, April 5.-South Omaha never had such an exciting evening as that which terminated this evening at sundown. The city was overwhelmingly Democratic. During the municipal campaign the Democrats have been split and a bitter feeling has prevailed. Several fights and arrests occurred at the polling places, but no one was seriously injured.

REPUBLICANS CARRY EASTERN CITIES.

CHICAGO, April 5.-A resume of the city elections in Michigan, Ohio, Iowa, Kansas and North Dakota show that in a majority of places local issues took precedence over politics, that when party lines were drawn the Republicans had the best of it. The Democrats generally were successful in securing large majorities.

REPUBLICANS CARRY CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, April 5.-At the city election yesterday the Republican candidate for judge of the superior court was elected by a majority. The Republicans also elected a decisive majority in the board of registration and education.

SOUTH DAKOTA FROTHBEN LAW SUSTAINED.

ST. PAUL, April 5.-The South Dakota supreme court today at Pierre decided that private parties may do banking business without incorporation. It has also sustained the prohibition law in its entirety.

DEMOCRATS CARRY MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKEE, April 5.-The municipal elections today are believed to have been carried in favor of the Democrats.

DEMOCRATS CARRY KANSAS CITY.

KANSAS CITY, April 5.-With a few exceptions a city council completely Democratic was elected today.