HILL DAMAGE CASE.

Details of Capt. Hill's Fate at Anacortes.

MANY EYE WITNESSES TESTIFY.

The Krug Surety Suit—Insane Women Sent to Steilacoom—Grade Tax Suits Dismissed.

The damage suit against the Oregon Improvement Company for $100,000, brought by Eliza Maud Hill, Ellen Kellogg Hill, Eugene Carey Hill and George Edward Hill, the four children of the late Capt. George D. Hill, occupied the attention of Judge Hanford all day yesterday and will be continued this morning at 10 o'clock.

The evidence showed that at 7:30 o'clock on the evening of December 4, 1890, Capt. Hill went down to the Oregon Improvement Company's wharf at Anacortes to board the steamer Eastern Oregon for this city; that the night was dark and rainy, and that there was no light on the wharf; the steamer was approaching the dock to make a landing, and was about forty feet out, when Capt. Hill either tripped or accidentally slipped into the slip running from a few feet above the water's edge to the top of the dock, and fell, striking on his left side and breaking three ribs, just above the heart, producing instant death from concussion of the heart.

The first witness called on behalf of the plaintiff was Dr. Maguire, who testified that he examined the body and found that three ribs, just above the heart had been fractured, causing immediate death from concussion of the heart.

The next witnesses were Capt. Penniman, D. F. Wheeler, Robert Fraser, M. McKinnon and Herbert Tappam, all of whom testified that on the night of December 4 it was dark and rainy at Anacortes and that there was no light on the Oregon Improvement Company's wharf; that the Oregon Improvement Company operated its wharf in conjunction with its steamboat business, and that the slip in question was dangerous on a dark night.

Mrs. Pritchard, sister of Capt. Hill, was next called, and testified that the captain was a retired officer of the army and was on the pay roll at $180 a month as such; that he was very considerate in his treatment of his wife and children; that he had a very liberal education and that at the time of his death it was presumed that he was worth a large amount of money, consisting of real estate in various counties of the state, but since his death his family have been informed that the estate was insolvent; that the money which they have received since his death for their support has been inadequate and they have been required to endure hardships and privations.

The children, Eliza Maud, Ellen Kellogg, Eugene Carey and George Edward, all testified that their father, when alive, was very kind and indulgent, and that his death was a terrible shock to them all.

The defendant introduced as its first witness T. H. Cann, Jr. He testified that he had been employed in the steamboat business and was on the Eastern Oregon on the night of the accident; that he saw no light on the wharf, but saw Capt. Hill walking down the slip toward the water, and that before he reached the end he slipped and fell on his left side and then bounded into the water head first; that it took Hill from one-half to one minute to walk down the slip before he fell.

On cross-examination the attorney for the plaintiff took out his watch and then asked the witness to indicate the actual time consumed by Capt. Hill in walking down the slip, and was asked to count the time, as near as possible. Witness walked from the witness chair to the end of the room, about fifty feet, and stated that the time consumed and the distance was about the same as that in Capt. Hill's fatal walk. When witness called time he had just consumed 11 seconds.

The next witness for defendant was Lon Johnson, second mate of the Eastern Oregon. He said he heard some one call out "man overboard," but could not see any one. He testified that he saw Hill walk down the slip, but did not see him fall into the water.

F. K. Layton, first officer of the Eastern Oregon, testified that when about forty or fifty feet from the wharf he say Capt. Hill go down the slip, but did not see him again until he was in the water. He said the night was dark and he thought there was a lamp on the wharf.

John Huntoon, bookkeeper for J. F. McNaught, testified that he knew Capt. Hill and that he saw him on the night of the accident in the door of Capt. Taylor's hotel at Anacortes, and that Hill was under the influence of liquor. On cross examination he stated that he was about 200 feet away from Hill when he saw him.

B. F. Bush testified as to the construction of the wharf and the defense rested its case. Attorney for plaintiff stated that he had several more witnesses to introduce in rebuttal, and the case went over until 10 o'clock this morning.

THE KRUG SURETY SUIT.

Questions at Issue Between Trustee Perkins and North End Bank.

The trial of the suit of C. G. Perkins, trustee for Krug's sureties, against the North End bank and the city of Seattle, which has occupied Judge Osborn's attention for two days, was brought to a close last evening and taken under advisement by the judge. The suit is one asking to be subrogated to the rights of the city against the funds in the North End bank.

After the settlement between the city and the sureties on Krug's bond Krug assigned all of his right, title and interest in and to all securities which he held to the sureties, and the sureties appointed C. G. Perkins as their trustee to sue and collect and distribute the amounts collected to the parties entitled to the same.

The plaintiff claims that the sureties settled with the city, and for that reason the sureties are entitled to be subrogated to all the rights of the city. The North End bank and the city both claim that the contract made with the sureties by the city had been complied with, in this: That the statement of the amount in the National Bank of Commerce was in reality more than the amount actually credited to the city upon the books of the bank, the discrepancy being about $1,100. The city claims that the credit given in the Security Savings bank was a fraudulent one, and that Edmiston, who was one of the sureties, in reality had no account with the Security Savings bank, and that the credit given the city upon the books of that bank was fraudulent. The city filed its claim against the Security Savings bank for something over $7,000 with the receiver, and the claim was rejected.

The defense was based upon the theory that before the sureties upon an obligation of this character can be subrogated to the rights of the creditor the whole of the debt must have been paid and the contract fully complied with.

The plaintiff claims that the sureties did comply with the contract, and hence the litigation.

GIVEN CREDIT FOR ROAD WORK.

Taxpayers Receive Certificates for Excess Over Amount of Taxes.

In accordance with the law Auditor Beman yesterday completed the work of issuing a total of 216 deficiency certificates. These, however, only relieve the tax payers who paid their taxes between January 14 and March 19. At the end of March Mr. Beman will issue certificates relieving those who may pay their taxes and be entitled thereto from the latter date to March 31, and each quarter thereafter.

In speaking of this matter Mr. Beman said:

"Under a law passed in 1893 property owners outside of incorporated towns and cities were allowed to pay in labor instead of cash their road property tax, which was 3 mills on the dollar for 1894. The amount worked out in the majority of cases was only approximate, a large number of the property owners having from $1 to $25 due them because they worked out larger amounts than the actual taxes levied. This came to my notice on the first day's tax paying, and through my efforts and those of Frank Twichell, who was in Olympia at the time, house bill No. 185 was introduced by Senator Goddard, of King county. The bill passed with an emergency clause and was approved by the governor March 19."

These certificates, Mr. Beman says, will be mailed to the road supervisors of the different districts for delivery.

Having used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in my family and found it to be a first-class article, I take pleasure in recommending it to my friends. J. V. FOSTER, Westport, Cal.

TWO UNFORTUNATE WOMEN.

One Insane Through Religion, Another Through Disease, Go to Steilacoom.

Mrs. Lorain Stewart, as the result of religion, and Miss Mabel Breeden, whose dementia is due to physical causes, were examined before Judge Langley yesterday and both committed and removed to the asylum at Steilacoom.

Mrs. Stewart is 46 years of age, a native of Ohio and has three sons, the youngest 19. She was married twice, her first husband being named Douglas. She has been seven years in this state, coming here from Oregon. Her mania, religion, became pronounced about six months ago and is daily increasing until she has reached the melancholia stage. One of her sons is Edward Douglas, Stockton, Cal.

Miss Mabel Breeden is 22 years old, a native of Mississippi, and as the result of physical troubles has developed a regularly recurrent homicidal and suicidal disposition. Her malady is increasing and as she has become dangerous to herself and those around her Judge Langley decided to place her where she would get proper treatment. She has been six years in the state.

BARNES GETS THE OFFICE.

Decision in His Contest for Road Supervisor With Brooks.

In the contest case of Fred Brooks vs. Charles Barnes for the supervisorship of road district 41, Judge Langley yesterday sustained the oral demurrer of Barnes to the amended statement of contest and this settles the case, giving the position to Barnes.

In his statement Brooks alleges that he was appointed by the county commissioners December 18, 1894, to fill out the unexpired term of William Swartzfager, the duly elected road supervisor, who resigned the office; that in December the county commissioners declared Charles Barnes duly elected, and Brooks contests his election on the ground of irregularity of posting notices, which prevented many voters from attending the polls. The votes polled were as follows: Fourteen for Swartzfager, 16 for Barnes and 15 for Brooks. Judge Langley held that the statement of contest was not to the point and failed to show that any of the allegations would have altered the result of the voting.

No Receiver for Filkins' Mill.

A receiver is now in charge of the Ferguson Shingle Company, he having been appointed last week. The plaintiffs in the case against the company also attempted to have a receiver appointed for the mill property at Latona, which had been conveyed to J. W. Filkins, who was made one of the defendants in the complaint, but Judge Langley refused to grant it. Mr. Filkins is in possession of the mill and the receiver of the company will take charge of the books and whatever other property he may find of the Ferguson Company, and later make a report to the court. The company has not done any business since Mr. Filkins foreclosed his mortgage. In a communication concerning the trouble Mr. Filkins says:

"The corporation has had nothing to do with running the mill at any time since the mortgage sale, which took place May 7, 1894. The mill is now being run by all the workmen employed, on the co-operative plan, under lease from me, in manufacturing my timber into shingles, owned by me individually."

Troubles of the Crockers.

Mrs. Jennie F. Crocker yesterday filed her amended answer to the complaint of her husband, Montgomery D. Crocker, who has commenced proceedings to secure a divorce. Mrs. Crocker first denies every allegation set forth by the husband and says that they were married in Seattle April 25, 1892, and that the only issue is one child, Alfred Crocker, about 2 years of age; that since the marriage the husband has treated her in a cruel manner, to an extent that compelled her to leave him about April 24, 1894, and return to the home of her parents. When she left him she was in broken health and could no longer endure his treatment. Crocker, she says, is possessed of an ungovernable temper and wholly incompatible in disposition and temper with her, and has imposed personal indignities on her, rendering her life a burden. She therefore asks for a divorce, the care of the child and the costs of the suit.

Whose Money Bought It?

The case of Charles Craig and wife against ex-Sheriff Woolery and Thomas MacDonough was argued yesterday afternoon in Judge Humes' court room before J. E. Humphries, judge pro tem. The argument was on the suit to enjoin the sheriff from proceeding with the sale of the property levied on and claimed by Mrs. Craig as her personal property, bought with money she earned herself. The injunction suit was the result of a judgment on a $3,641 note secured by MacDonough against Craigs' separate and community property. The attorneys on both sides will today submit briefs in the case.

Grade Tax Suits Dismissed.

J. W. Pratt, attorney for the city in street grade cases, yesterday filed applications for dismissals in the following causes: L. M. Watson et al., Aneske Havlicek et al.; John M. Reeves et al., Winslow Lotka et al.; Mary Ellen Carmier et al.; Wilhelmina Kentz et al.; Catherine L. O'Brien; Phoebe N. Judson et al.; Augustus Bauer et ux.; W. Borella et al., and Samuel Sloan et al.

Foreclosure on City Property.

Judge Hanford yesterday signed a decree in the foreclosure case of Robert Balfour et al. vs. Charles H. Lombard et al. The plaintiffs are given a judgment for $631.28, and unless the money is paid into the court before April 8, 1895, the property involved, which is located at Commercial and Main streets, in this city, will be sold to satisfy the judgment.

Courts and Public Offices.

In the matter of the estate of E. B. Baker, deceased, Judge Langley yesterday signed the decree of final discharge in favor of Charles C. Babcock, as administrator of the estate.

The final account in the estate of Daniel E. Thomas was filed in the probate court yesterday and the hearing of same set for April 12.

Judge Langley yesterday signed the order dismissing the insanity charge against Frank Clinefelter.

To Organize Idle Workingmen.

It is stated that "General" E. J. Jeffries, one of the Coxey army leaders, will leave on a tour of the United States shortly for the purpose of organizing co-operative industrial societies throughout the country on the same plan as that in this city, among the idle workingmen. To aid him in his work the Referendum Club subscribed $80 yesterday morning.

It surprised many visitors to the Chicago World's fair to find that of all the blood purifiers Ayer's Sarsaparilla was the only one on exhibition. The reason is that Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a standard remedy, and not a patent medicine, or secret nostrum.

In Connection With Great Northern Railway.

Steamer City of Ellensburg, between Wenatchee and Virginia City, will make her first trip of the season, leaving Wenatchee March 25, or sooner.

The disease from which cattle in Morris and Geary counties, Kansas, are suffering is not contagious pleuro-pneumonia.

FUNDS NOT COMING IN

The City May Have to Suspend Street Improvements.

CAUSED BY NEW REVENUE LAW.

Owing to Slowness of Tax Collections the Street Fund Will Only Pay For Work Now in Hand.

So great has been the falling off in the payment of city taxes that the joint finance committee of the city council contemplates introducing a proposition at the next meeting of the council to temporarily suspend preliminary work on street improvements which have been petitioned for by property owners until there is sufficient money in the road fund to permit of the work being resumed. This will not apply to improvements which have already been authorized or those in progress, but simply those which have been petitioned for and which are now in the hands of the board of public works or the city engineer.

When the tax levy for this year's work was made by the council $30,000 was figured on to be placed in the road fund and to be expended only for the city's portion of public improvements, including sewers and streets. Of that amount only about 40 per cent. has been collected, and the chances are that but little more will be turned over from the county treasurer to the city for some months to come. The city has already caused public improvements to be made or authorized which will eat up the money now on hand for the purpose and consequently the finance committee will advise the council that it will be unwise and contrary to the policy pursued by the present administration to order or authorize further improvements until taxes are paid to warrant it.

The falling off in amount of taxes paid into the county treasury this year in comparison with last year is very large, and it is generally recognized that the law passed by the legislature extending the time for payment is largely responsible for it. Under the old law taxes became delinquent in April, but the new law says that if one-half of the tax is paid before May 31 the remaining one-half will not fall due until November 30. In case one-half of the tax is not paid before May 31 the entire tax becomes due, and if the necessary payment is made before May 31 and the balance is not paid before November 30 the delinquency on this balance dates back to May 31. Thus far a large majority of the property owners have not made any payments whatsoever and it is a very serious question whether they will do so before May 31 or allow the entire tax to become delinquent. During the week ending March 18 this year the city taxes collected amounted to $2,238.27, while for the corresponding week of the previous year they footed up $25,917.16, which gives one an idea of the falling off in payments.

If the city council adopts the proposition which the finance committee contemplates suggesting it will altogether depend on how fast taxes come in when the city will tell property owners who desire street improvements to come forward with their petitions. The city has already made many extensive street improvements this year and authorized many more. The Pike street improvement, the most important ever authorized by the city, will take nearly $5,000 out of the fund to pay the city's portion of the cost, but in return the administration will give to Seattle the first long piece of permanent paving in its history.

Among the other improvements which are under construction or which have been authorized, and which will eat up about all of the money now in the general road fund for the payment of the city's portion are the following:

Hyde street sewer work completed, city's net cost, $355.

East street contract let, awaiting sale of bonds; city's net cost, $325.

Lewis street, from Yesler avenue to the north lie of Walla Walla addition; work contracted for, awaiting issuance and sale of bonds; city's net cost, $744.

Bush street, from Jackson street to Day street; work contracted for, awaiting issuance and sale of bonds; city's net cost, $716.

Madison and Filbert streets; sewer work completed; net cost to the city, $282.

Willow street, from Broadway to Kenney; work contracted for, awaiting issuance and sale of bonds; net cost to the city, $222.

Kenney street, from Remington avenue to Madison street; work nearly completed; net cost to the city, $572.

Beacon street, in Brooklyn addition; work contracted for, awaiting issuance and sale of bonds; net cost to the city, $767.

Lincoln street, from Depot to Grange; contract authorized but not yet awarded; net cost to the city, about $1,000.

At present there are on file with the board of public works or referred for survey and estimate petitions for the improvement of Gaylor, Garfield, Arthur and Sherbrook streets, and these are among the improvements which will likely have to lay over for a time.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Transactions Since January 1 and For Yesterday.

Real estate transfers since January 1, 1895, are $1,094,070.54. There were filed for record yesterday six deeds, the considerations aggregating $12,230. Following is the list as furnished by the Daily Record, room 42 Scheuerman block:

L. W. Ballard to Mrs. P. E. McLyman, lots 1 and 2, block 1, supplemental plat of Ballard's Park addition, Slaughter, $200.

Thomas M. Donough to W. H. Hewett, lots 10, 11 and 12, block 19, Law's Second addition, lots 1 to 4, block 7, Pleasant Ridge addition, and lots 4 to 9, block 5, Union City addition, $500.

Jennie and H. E. Frederickson to Sigwart N. Sorenson, lot 3, block 11, Boren's addition, q. c., $700.

Oliver P. Stephenson to Charles B. Niblock, lots 1 to 4, east half northwest quarter and east half southwest quarter, all in section 18, township 23, range 8, $3,500.

Oliver P. Stephenson to Charles B. Niblock, northeast quarter, northwest quarter and southeast quarter, section 8, township 23, range 7, $6,630.

AMUSEMENTS.

Stock Company at the Seattle Theater.

The advent of the Frawley stock company, which begins an extended engagement at the Seattle theater on Monday evening next, will be watched with appreciation and interest by all lovers of the drama in this city. A capable stock company, composed of artists whose reputations have been long since established through their associations with the best stars and companies in the profession, is a wonder to the theater going public, and will doubtless meet with instant recognition and favor at the scale of prices adopted.

The company which is to appear at the Seattle theater appeared for fifteen weeks to delighted audiences in Denver, and was then transferred to Salt Lake City, where, during an engagement of ten weeks, its success was phenomenal. It is now in its fifth week at the Marquam Grand theater in Portland, and the attendance has continually increased from the start. Manager Hanna, fully realizing the peculiar condition of affairs in the amusement world, evidences a foresight and an ambition to gratify his patrons which calls for the warmest commendation and support. A return to the stock system is being looked upon throughout the West as the only means of providing first-class dramatic entertainments at prices which the general lethargy and depression in business have rendered almost a necessity. Mr. Frawley is almost a pioneer in this direction, and the success he has met with is certainly an indisputable proof of popular indorsement. The plays in the company's repertoire, which includes all of the great successes of recent years, are produced in a manner which would do credit to the finest metropolitan company.

The first of the series of dramatic surprises will be that most hilarious of funny comedies adapted by William Gillette, "All the Comforts of Home," the author whose "Private Secretary" is among the best-known modern comedies in the English language. Mr. Gillette himself says that he has never found anything so clever as the German comedy from which "All the Comforts of Home" was adapted.

"All the Comforts of Home" will be given on Monday and Tuesday evenings, and will be followed by "Moths," one of the strongest plays in the company's repertoire. The performances of this company at the Marquam Grand theater in Portland have earned only the most favorable criticism and attention, and the merit of the organization certainly renders it worthy of the consideration and patronage of Seattle theater goers.

The Opera of "Falka" Tonight.

The Pyke comic opera company gave the last performance of "The Three Black Mantels" last evening and will appear this evening in the three-act French comic opera of "Falke," with its full strength in the cast. The music is written by F. Chassaigne and ranks among the best as well as most successful of all the comic operas ever produced. Its first production was in London, where it scored a phenomenal success. This was repeated in New York, where, after a fortune had been spent on its production at the Casino, it had a run of over a year, making a colossal fortune for all parties in interest. The original cast in New York included such celebrities as Hubert Wilke, Madame Costella, Bertha Ricci and J. H. Riley. The opera is rich in characteristic music and is full of gems both solo and concerted. Among these are the solo and trio "I Am the Captain;" a concerted number, "Ah, Is She Not a Beauty?"; a duo, "Slumber of Sentinel;" a catchy waltz movement, "What a Boy," and the gem of the piece, a romanza, entitled "Even Tide," sung by Brs. Pyke. Beside these there are several Bohemian choruses and dances and a strong military finale in the first act entieled, "He Is His Noble Uncle's Heir."

The opera has been active rehearsal for several days and will be produced with elaborate costumes this evening with the following strong cast:

Folbach, military governor.....Al Leach
Tamered, his nephew....Mira Del la Motta
Arthur, a student.....Arthur Boyce
Lay-Brother Pelican, doorkeeper of the convent.....George Bird
Konrad, captain of governor's pages.....Millicent Locke
Tekell, sergeant of patrol....H. Campbell
Boboky, Gypsy scout.....B. McFadden
Boleslas, chief of the Tzigant.....Winfield Blake
Seneschal, Folbach's steward.....Henry Hanlon
Falka, sister of Boleslas.....Louise Manfred Pyke
Alexina De Kelkirsch, a young heiress.....Daisy Thorne
Minna, her maid.....Rosa Southern
Janotha, landlady.....Maud Everson

The action of the play passes in Hungary during the middle of the last century—and is full of daring deeds in which brigands and soldiers are brought in conflict. A number of pretty love stories furnish the sentimental words and music, while the comedy element is kept alive all the way through.

The prices of admission are the popular ones of 25, 35, 50 and 75 cents and seats for any of the remaining nights this week can be secured at the box office or by telephone No. 900.

The Nordstrom Case.

Washington City Post, March 21.

Col. James Hamilton Lewis, of Seattle, Wash., one of the leading lawyers of his state and very prominent in the Democratic councils of the Pacific slope, is at the Riggs. Col. Lewis is quite a young man, and before he was 30 declined the nomination for governor, tendered him by his party. He and Mr. Hugh Wallace were the caucus nominees of the Democratic minority in the legislature a few weeks since for United States senator. Col. Lewis was strongly urged for the office of solicitor general before the appointment of Mr. Maxwell, and had the place been conceded to the far West he would have undoubtedly been chosen.

He comes to Washington City to argue before the supreme court a case of unusual interest, in which he represents one Nordstrom, a Swede, who has been convicted on a charge of murder and sentenced to death. It appears that when Washington was admitted into the Union along with Dakota and Montana the act of congress admitting them commanded that their state constitution should have no provisions repugnant to the Federal constitution. Notwithstanding this proviso the constitution of Washington authorizes the trial of a person for a capital crime on information, while there is a clause in the organic Federal law which provides that trials for capital offenses must be on indictment. Here seems a direct violation of the act admitting the state into the Union, and Nordstrom, as a Swedish citizen, has appealed to the highest Federal tribunal to protect him in his rights.

This is the first time such a point has ever been raised, since no other state admission act contains the clause above referred to. If the point is sustained by the supreme court, Nordstrom would have to be indicted by a grand jury, and the whole trial gone over de novo. Not only that, but similar verdicts heretofore obtained on information would be set aside.

There are six men now under sentence of death in Washington state, and they may be swung into eternity before the supreme court passes on the question. There are more than 100 others serving time in the penitentiary on felony convictions that would be able to get new hearings, should Col. Lewis be successful in the case of his Swedish client.

Her Ankle Broken in a Runaway.

A team which was being driven by E. A. Moffatt ran away near Greenwood cemetery, north of Green lake, yesterday morning about 10 o'clock, upsetting the wagon and breaking Mrs. Mary Eels' left ankle. Moffatt, who was taking Mrs. Eels to visit Mr. Nelson, near Oak lake, says his team became scared at some hay in the road and bolted. Moffatt was trying to alight when the wagon ran against a log, threw Mrs. Eels out and threw the wagon box on top of her, crushing her left ankle. She was brought to her home in this city.

Seattle Women!

Feeble, ailing women are made well and strong by that great modern nerve invigorator and blood purifier Paine's Celery Compound. Weak, shaky, tired nerves, on the verge of prostration need nothing so much as this food for the nerves. Try it and be well.

LEAVES ITS MARK

—every one of the painful irregularities and weaknesses that prey upon women. They fade the face, waste the figure, ruin the temper, wither you up, make you old before your time.

Get well: That's the way to look well. Cure the disorders and ailments that beset you, with Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

It regulates and promotes all the proper functions, improves digestion, enriches the blood, dispels aches and pains, melancholy and nervousness, brings refreshing sleep, and restores health and strength. It's a powerful general, as well as uterine, tonic and nervine, imparting vigor and strength to the entire system.

MRS. ULRICH.

MRS. ANNA ULRICH, of *Elm Creek, Buffalo Co., Neb.*, writes: "I enjoy good health thanks to Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' I was under doctors' care for two years with womb disease, and gradually wasting in strength all the time. I was so weak that I could sit up in bed only a few moments, for two years. I commenced taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and his 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and by the time I had taken one-half dozen bottles I was up and going wherever I pleased, and have had good health and been very strong ever since—that was two years and a half ago."

A book of 168 pages on "Woman and Her Diseases" mailed *sealed*, on receipt of 10 cents in stamps for postage. Address, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

Easter Cards and Easter Novelties.

Elegant line of entirely new designs and shapes just received.

LOWMAN & HANFORD

Stationery and Printing Co.,

616 Front St., Pioneer Place.

Peterboro Canoe Co.

H. C. MACAULAY, Agent,

Victoria, B. C. P. O. Box 803.

Paddling, Sailing and Racing Canoes. Send for Catalogue.

BONNEY & STEWART, Undertakers. Parlors corner of Third and Columbia streets, Seattle, Washington. Telephone No. 12.

For Colds And Coughs

"Early in the Winter, I took a a severe cold which developed into an obstinate, hacking cough, which troubled me for nine weeks, in spite of medical aid.

AYER'S Cherry Pectoral

being recommended me, I began to take it, and inside of 24 hours I was relieved. That one bottle cured me, and I cannot speak too highly of its excellence."—Mrs. E. E. BOSCH, Eaton, Ohio.

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

DRUNKENNESS LIQUOR HABIT cured at home without the knowledge of patient, if desired, by administering DR. HAINES' GOLDEN SPECIFIC. Golden Specific Co., Props., Cincinnati, O. BOOK OF PARTICULARS FREE. To be had Stewart & Holmes Drug Co., Seattle, Wash.

Chas. G. Holcomb

GRADUATE OPTICIAN — SAVES YOUR EYES

Graduate of the Chicago Opthalmic College, 218 Burke Bld., 2d and Marion.

ENVELOPES.

I wish to use the space occupied by 300,000 Envelopes, and will print lots of 5,000 or over at a profit out down to the vanishing point. No job lots—straight goods direct from factory.

B. B. DEARBORN, Printer, Collins Bldg., Second and James Sts.

One Honest Man.

Dear Editor: Please inform your readers that if written to confidentially, I will mail in a sealed letter, the plan pursued by which I was permanently restored to health and manly vigor, after years of suffering from nervous weakness, night losses and weak, shrunken parts.

I have no scheme to extort money from any one whomsoever. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost faith in manhood, but thank heaven I am now well, vigorous and strong, and anxious to make this certain means of cure known to all.

Having nothing to sell or send C. O. D., I want no money. Address James A. Harris, Box 402, Delray, Mich.

AMUSEMENTS.

SEATTLE THEATER.

JOHN W. HANNA, Lessee and Manager.

THIS WEEK.

Six Nights and Saturday Matinee, Mar. 25 to 30

PYKE OPERA COMPANY.

FIFTY—PEOPLE—FIFTY.

Tonight and Tomorrow Night, March 28 and 29.

"FALKA."

150—Nights at New York Casino—150.

PRICES—First floor, 75c; balcony, 50c; gallery, 25c and 35c. Seats on sale at theater box office.

LEGAL NOTICE.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE state of Washington, for the county of King. Wm. Cunningham, plaintiff, vs. James Nelson, defendant.

Under and by virtue of a writ of execution, issued out of the above named court, in the above entitled action, and to me directed and delivered, I have duly levied upon all the right, title and interest of the defendant named in said writ, in and to the following described real property, situated in said King county, Washington, to wit:

All of blocks numbered 33 and 34, in West Shore addition to the city of Seattle, deed recorded in volume 188 of Deeds, page 113.

Notice is therefore hereby given that on Friday, the 5th day of April, 1895, at the hour of 10 o'clock a. m. of said day, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Seattle, in said King county, I will sell the above described property at public auction to the highest bidder for cash.

Dated this the 27th day of February, 1895. A. T. VAN DE VANTER, Sheriff.

The MacDougall & Southwick Co.

Very Handsome Tailor-Made Dresses.

SPECIAL VALUES AT { $7.50, $8.98, $9.83, $12.50, $13.50, $15.00

NEW DRESS SKIRTS.

In plain and fancy fabrics, special values at { $2.48, $3.48, $3.98, $5.00

In Crepons and Silk, special values at { $8.00, $12.50, $15.00

Latest Novelties in JACKETS AND CAPES At Very Low Prices.

New Dress Goods At Close Prices.

25c. All-Wool Fancy Dress Fabrics, 27 inches wide, 25c a yard; worth 35c.

25c. All-Wool Fancy Dress Fabrics, 34 inches wide, 25c a yard; worth 40c.

50c. All-Wool Fancy Dress Fabrics, 40 inches wide, 50c a yard; worth 75c.

35c. Mixed Wool Fancy Dress Fabrics, 40 inches wide, 35c; worth 50c.

25c. Wool Plaid Fancy Fabrics, 32 inches wide, special value at 25c.

45c. All-Wool Plaid Fancy Fabrics, 40 inches wide, 45c; worth 65c.

$1.25. All-Wool Imported Plaids, 52 inches wide, $1.25; worth $1.75.

65c. All-Wool Crepons, the correct thing, 38 inches wide, 65c; worth $1.

75c. All-Wool Crepons, extremely handsome, 38 inches wide, 75c; worth $1.15.

85c. All-Wool Fancy Broken Checks, 40 inches wide, 85c; worth $1.25.

35c. All-Wool Colored Serges, 38 inches wide, 35c a yard; worth 60c.

45c. All-Wool Foule Serges, 40 inches wide, 45c a yard; worth 70c.

50c. All-Wool Colored and Black Serges, 46 inches wide, 50c; worth 75c.

75c. All-Wool Estamene, in navy and black, 48 inches wide, special values at 75c, 85c, $1.35 and $1.50.

75c. All-Wool Storm Serges, all colors, 45 inches wide, at 75c; worth $1.

717-719-721-723 Front Street.

For . . .

MESSENGERS

RING THE

American District Telegraph Co.'s Call Box.

IT ALWAYS WORKS

RATES.

From our office, No. 116 Cherry street. Answer, 5 cents extra:
Messengers, 12 blocks or less, 5 cents.
Messengers, 14 blocks, 10 cents.
Messengers, 16 blocks, 15 cents.
Messengers, 20 blocks, 20 cents.
Messengers, over 20 blocks, 25 cents.
Messengers by the hour, 20 cents.

Circulars and advertising matter distributed, and cards, invitations, etc., delivered at $1.50 per day.

FREE CALL for hacks, gurneys and express wagons and for telegrams to be delivered to telegraph office.

Ring the A. D. T. box only for Seattle Transfer Co.'s Hacks, Gurneys and Express Wagons, Pacific Postal Telegraph Cable Co.'s Telegrams.

Customers having any complaint please report to this office at once.

Office, No. 116 Cherry St.

TELEPHONE NO. 234.

Open Day and Night. J. G. COTTON, Manager.

NELLE & ENGELBRECHT N. E. Cor. West and Marion.

IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

GLASS Glazed Sash, Doors, Etc.,

PLATE GLASS, MIRROR PLATES, BUILDING PAPER.