OFF FOR NICARAGUA.

The Monterey Gone and the Olympia Expected to Go.

TO KEEP THE ENGLISH IN CHECK.

Senator Morgan Would Ask England What She Means to Do With Venezuela—Enforce Monroe Doctrine.

San Diego, Cal., April 11.—The coast defense vessel Monterey departed this morning with more secrecy than is usually the case when a vessel leaves on a leisurely cruise. The fact that Lieut. Baker, of Gen. McCook's staff, arrived in haste from Denver and is believed to have embarked on the Monterey adds to the mystery of her destination. A hint was dropped by one of the officers, who said the vessel was going to Corinto and that the authorities at Washington City indulged in a little fiction regarding a cruise to Callao to keep inquisitive people off the scent. The sudden illness of Surgeon Whiting assumed so grave an aspect last night that a strong attempt was made to secure another officer in his stead for the cruise, but owing to the short stay of the Monterey it was impossible and he sailed with his ship.

The cruiser Olympia is not expected until next week, and it is stated that her stay will be as brief as the Monterey's, merely long enough to replenish coal and hurry away toward Nicaragua.

Washington City, April 11.—The Concord has arrived at Shanghai, the Mohican at Port Townsend, and Admiral Meade's squadron at Port au Prince, Haiti. It is expected that the squadron will next run over to Colon, where Assistant Secretary McAdoo will be landed to take a merchant steamer for the United States.

A cablegram received at the navy department announces the sailing of the United States steamship Castine from Aden, at the entrance of the Red sea, for Zanzibar. It is probable that the commander of the ship will be directed to investigate the case of ex-United States Consul Waller.

Washington City, April 11.—It can now be positively stated that no orders, sealed or otherwise, have been sent to the Olympia to proceed to Corinto. The vessel was ordered to make a practice cruise in Santa Barbara channel and then to visit the town of Santa Barbara during the flower festival. Later on she may be sent to relieve the Philadelphia at Honolulu.

THE VENEZUELA AFFAIR.

Senator Morgan Would Put a Direct Question to England.

Washington City, April 11.—Senator Morgan, chairman of the senate foreign affairs committee, was asked today how he regarded the situation in Venezuela, and replied: "I have no doubt Great Britain's ultimate purpose is to press her frontier sufficiently far into the interior to encompass the rich gold fields of that section, though she will, of course, not disclose this purpose in the immediate future, but will rather confine her demands to the territory at the mouth of the Orinoco river. I think the direct question should be put to Great Britain by our diplomats, whether she proposes, either by purchase or conquest, to extend her domain beyond her present claims. In case of a negative reply, I should advise that the United States should not interfere with the settlement of the existing disputes, but I do not believe England could be brought to a definite promise not to press her boundaries further in that section, because of the rich gold mines known to exist there. I am convinced, as I believe most of the men must be who have given attention to the question, that England's desire is to control these gold deposits. Such a course would be in accord with her policy in other parts of the globe, and it goes hand in hand with her gold mono-metallist policy at home. Controlling the principal gold fields of the world, England naturally desires to maintain the gold standard, and she as naturally wishes to extend her gold possessions. It is to her interest to do so, and I cannot say I blame her, but that is no reason why the United States should stand idly by and allow her to carry this policy into effect.

"Furthermore, it is evidently the policy of the present British administration to acquire desirable territory when it can do so, as witness her efforts to sever Neckar Island in the Hawaiian group and her dispute with France over African territory. It is most probable that instead of making any definite reply to this supposititious question, England would evade it. In that event, I think we should invoke the Monroe doctrine forthwith."

THE BRITISH IN INDIA.

Umra Khan's Power About to Collapse—Hard March for Soldiers.

Calcutta, April 11.—A dispatch from Simla, dated at noon today, says that Col. Kelly, commander of the British forces attempting to reach Chitral from Gilgit since March 26, has succeeded in crossing Chandar pass and was about 60 miles from Chitral April 7. The march of the troops was arduous and a brilliant military exploit. The pass is 12,000 feet high and impassable to beasts of burden, consequently the pioneers had to carry field and mountain guns during the last seven miles through deep snow, with the weather intensely cold. The troops suffered severely from frost bites. When these advices were forwarded to Simla, the enemy was in position twenty miles distant from the force commanded by Col. Kelly, and an engagement was expected. It is learned that Lieuts. Fowler and Edwards, belonging to the British garrison at Chitral, reported missing some time past, were invited to a polo match at Reshun, where they were treacherously seized, and their escort, consisting of twenty Bengal sappers, was overcome by superior numbers and slain. Another report says Lieut. Fowler was killed by a foster brother of Amir Umulk, present ruler of Chitral, who assumed the rank of Mehtar, after having murdered his elder brother, Nizu Umulk, late Mehtar of Chitral. Another dispatch from Simla says the latest news from the front points strongly to the collapse of power of Umra Khan. It is added that the fanatics upon whose help he counted, and who have hitherto offered most serious resistance to the British forces, are now dispersing.

THE RECALL OF THURSTON.

Minister Willis Has Made No Communication to President Dole.

San Francisco, April 11.—The steamer Alameda arrived today with the following advices from Honolulu, dated April 4. The first news of the troubles between Minister Thurston and Secretary Gresham reached Honolulu April 2. The only word received was from Thurston, stating that he was on his way to Hawaii. Probably Thurston will exchange places with Hatch, foreign minister. The Hawaiian government would like to refuse to appoint a successor to Thurston, thus necessitating the recall of United States Minister Willis, who, with Consul General Mills, is persona non grata to the republic and the Hawaiian people. President Dole, however, is polite, and will do his utmost for conciliation before entering on a policy savoring of retaliatory measures.

Washington City, April 11.—Mr. Hastings, charge d'affaires of the Hawaiian legation, was shown the foregoing dispatch, and read it with much interest. He said it was a diplomatic question which he would not discuss if he had any information, but as a matter of fact the legation was in possession of no information whatever on the subject.

The officials of the state department were silent today when questioned relative to the latest Hawaiian news, brought by the Alameda, and refused to make any response when questioned as to the cause of the delay in the report by United States Minister Willis of his instructions touching Minister Thurston. It can be stated positively that instructions were sent to Mr. Willis on March 5 last, in ample time to have caught the China, unless by some accident they miscarried on the way from Washington City to San Francisco. Whether they went as far as a peremptory demand for Mr. Thurston's recall or were confined to a direction to Mr. Willis to intimate that Mr. Thurston had been indiscreet in his public utterances, and had thus endangered the cordial relations of the two countries, can not be learned. It is also suggested that the instructions, though actually leaving Washington City, never reached Hawaii, but were stopped by telegraphic orders at San Francisco or some intermediate point.

Vancouver, B. C., April 11.—J. P. Nightengale, a merchant of this city, who returned from a holiday trip to Honolulu by the Warrimoo, was in Honolulu when the recent revolution broke out, and on Sunday, the day of the uprising, went for a long walk on the outskirts of the city in company with J. J. Cavin, of Vancouver. They were seized by a party of rebels, who mistook them for government spies, and were kept prisoners for two days. Nightengale states that the rebels treated them kindly, and they had no cause of complaint. He says no politicians came over on the Warrimoo, but a number of Canadians, who had gone to the islands to better their condition, returned.

Muller, one of the Hawaiian exiles who arrived here three months ago, has received word that his protest against deportation had been received by the German foreign office, which will demand an explanation from the Dole government.

Rebel Victories in Cuba.

Tampa, Fla., April 11.—The Plant steamship Mascott, which arrived tonight, brought many passengers, from whom it is learned that the customary Holy Week Catholic procession in Havana, which would have been held tomorrow, was forbidden by the government. The Cuban taxes are to be increased $5,000,000 to pay the war expenses. At La Mocha, a village near Aguatate, 60 miles from Havana, Vincente Garcia, with 200 men ambushed Gen. Pratt's forces, which three times rallied but were finally routed with rallied but were finally routed with heavy losses. Jiguant, a place of 10,000 inhabitants, was captured by the Cubans under Rabi about March 25. On April 3 the Spaniards attempted to regain possession, but were repulsed after a spirited encounter. They were under Santocildes and left 45 dead for the Cubans to bury.

Tallahassee, Fla., Aril 11.—The senate has adopted the following resolution introduced by Mr. Chipley: "Resolved, That the senate of Florida, in regular session assembled, most heartily sympathizes with the Cuban patriots in their efforts to free Cuba from foreign control and to obtain for the people of the island the right of self-government so much prized by us, believing that they have the same reasons for their action that our forefathers had, of whose actions we are so justly proud."

THE APOLOGY REJECTED.

Cleveland Won't Forgive the Preacher Who Called Him a Drunkard.

Boston, April 11.—As an outcome of the apology made by Dr. Lansing in the Cleveland episode, a Boston citizen felt that some fellow townsman ought to call upon Dr. Lansing and demand an apology for the statements he made. With this end in view, an apology and proper reparation was forwarded to the president, and today the following was received:

"Washington City, April 11.—While this so-called retraction is an aggravation of his original offense, I am willing that his further punishment should be left to his conscience and the contempt of his neighbors and the American people.

"GROVER CLEVELAND."

Everett News.

Everett, April 11.—A side track is being laid near the Everett & Monte Cristo depot for putting in the fill for the new roundhouse. An extra train will be added on Monday to do the work.

Steamer Umatilla took 1,800 kegs of nails and 600 bars of bullion from Everett last night for San Francisco.

Five miners, all in the employ of Marcus Daily, the Montana millionaire, are stopping at the Hotel Monte Cristo. They are looking over the mines in this section and took a trip to Wooley yesterday.

W. H. Ford's house in Friday's addition burned early yesterday. Loss, $3,000; insurance, $1,500. The family had gone to Hailer City where Mr. Ford is engaged in the shingle business, and the fire is believed to be the work of an incendiary.

T. L. Grant secured the contract for Fred Riley's new house on Everett avenue, near Twenty-sixth street, at the price of $1,949.

A lot of new machinery for the concentrator at Monte Cristo was shipped yesterday by train from this city. It is intended chiefly to make the concentrates finer morrow, but after that if they do not

California Flower Shipment a Failure.

Chicago, April 11.—The shipment of a carload of California flowers to the Chicago market for the Easter trade proved an unprofitable experiment. Three-fourths of the carload arrived in Chicago in a worthless condition. Out of 25,000 calla lilies less than 4,000 of them were found fit for market. In the shipment there were several thousand date and fan palms in good condition, which would have been in demand had they arrived before Palm Sunday. The only flowers in the consignment that will bring a good price were 10,000 yellow marguerites, which will readily sell at retail at $3 a hundred.

Postoffice Receipts Increasing.

Washington City, April 11.—Postmaster General Wilson is very much encouraged with the first reports that have been received by him, showing the business of the department. He thinks that the increase in the business in the department is a barometer of better times throughout the country. The statistics which he has received are of the first quarter of 1895. The receipts for the quarter were $1,165,209 greater than for the corresponding period of 1893, and the total expenditures were $620,343 more than for the same quarter in 1893.

Improper Conduct of a Celibate.

Pittsburg, April 11.—At the hearing before W. W. Thompson, master, in the famous Economite case today, John Wegel, chairman, says that in 1891, he found Trustee John S. Duss and a young girl in a compromising position in one of the rooms of the Great House. Witness stated that the girl was Reica Crow, now an angel in Teed's heaven in Chicago.

Nebraska Miscegenation Bill Vetoed.

Lincoln, Neb., April 11.—The governor today vetoed the bill passed by the legislature permitting miscegenation. The governor based his action on the absence of public demand for this change. The bill was passed through the efforts of Dr. M. O. Ricketts, Omaha's colored representative.

Floods in Hungary.

Vienna, April 11.—The floods in Hungary are increasing. Two more villages near Zemlin have disappeared beneath the rising waters of the Danube. Many of the inhabitants of the villages were drowned. Others were rescued in boats.

Reduced Rates.

The Great Northern railway has just placed on sale the following commutation tickets good in all cases for six rides: Between Fairhaven or New Whatcom and Seattle, $10; Mount Vernon and Seattle, $7.50; Seattle and Everett, $4. Tickets will be good for individual or firm use and limited to sixty days.

Geo. W. Jenkins, editor of the Santa Maria, Cal. Times, in speaking of the various ailments of children, said: "When my children have croup there is only one patent medicine that I ever use, and that is Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It possesses some medical properties that relieve the little sufferers immediately. It is, in my opinion, the best cough medicine in the market."

AS THE HUNCHBACK.

Warde Scores a Triumph as the Deformed Genius.

JAMES MAKES A GREAT JESTER.

"Francesca da Rimini" Their Second Success—"Julius Cæsar" Tonight—Mr. Warde's Lecture.

"Francesca da Rimini," the sturdy play delineating the pathetic and tragic romance in which has been woven the story of Lanciotto, the hunchback, was given a strong representation at the Seattle theater last evening by the Warde and James company. The audience was light, but sat almost breathless through the stirring passages of the romantic tragedy, and broke into extravagant demonstration at the thrilling climaxes with which the play abounds. The evening was one of triumph for Mr. Warde. He was at his best, and his delineation arose fairly to the heights of perfection. Mr. James for once was a secondary light, although both actors were given numerous recalls. At the close of the third act the recognition given Mr. Warde approached an ovation, and after repeated recalls he was compelled to throw off the character and deliver one of the happy two-minute speeches that the people of this city always demand of him.

The strength of Mr. Warde's interpretation of the brave, honest, able, but moody and deformed Lanciotto was made apparent the instant he was twitted by Pepe, the jester, and from that moment on to the close of the play the history of the performance is but a series of culminations with the player rising each time higher than before. The set conviction that fate had selected him not for love but had cast him in a misshapen body as a butt of scorn, clouded the mind of the valiant prince and warrior, and the interpretation here given stood out in emphatic contrast with the one hour of happiness of his life succeeding the word given by Francesca that her hand was his without compulsion.

Again, the insidious poison of the jester's song penetrated into the hunchback's being and prepared him, after gazing "unshaken on divinity," for the revelation that Francesca bore not love, but loathing, for him in her heart. Then came the welcome call to arms, the quick and dramatic action of the farewell to the bride, brother and assembled guests, and the hurried departure for the field of war. The succeeding scenes to the retribution on fool, wife and brother, and the thrilling close of the play were fairly ablaze with force, vigor and dramatic fire. The performance added new lustre to the fame of Mr. Warde in this city.

Miss Edithe Chapman was an ideal Francesca. The part gives her ample scope for the display of her powers as an actress, and allows her opportunities that the character of Lady Percy, in "Henry IV," does not permit. The betrothal at Ravenna, the scene in the grand square at Rimini, and afterward the hated marriage and the tender passages between the lovers, were all rendered with an ability that is her own. Inseparably connected with the character of Francesca is that of Count Paoli, who struggles in vain with his better self to overcome his passion and remain true to himself and his brother. In this part Guy Lindsley won new laurels.

The Beppo Pepe of Mr. James displayed his versatility, as compared with his Falstaff and the other characters in which he has made himself familiar here, and was fully in accord with the conception of the clever, malicious, scheeming jester, who lived to pay back the blow given him by the hunchback. Mr. James, in the fifth act, was given round after round of applause.

Of the minor parts, Miss Bonton sustained well the character of Ritta, and Ernest Warde that of Cardinal Malespina. Malatesta and Guido, the lords respectively of Rimini and Ravenna, were given by Walter Walker and Beverly Turner. The support was noticeably slack in a few minor particulars.

Tonight "Julius Caesar" will be rendered, with Mr. Warde as Casslus, Mr. James as Brutus, Mr. Lindsley as Antony, Mr. Walker as Caesar, Miss Chapman as Calphurnia and Miss Everett as Portia.

At 3 o'clock this afternoon Mr. Warde will deliver his lecture on "Shakespeare, and His Works," at the theater, the entire proceeds to be applied to the high school library. The admittance is 25 cents for adults, and 10 cents for pupils, with no reserves.

MR. WARDE ON SHAKESPEARE.

The Actor Discusses the Bard Whose Work He Interprets.

Frederick Warde yesterday morning lectured on Shakespeare before the faculty and students of the state university, and for an hour and a half held the attention of a large audience.

Mr. Warde opened with an outline of Shakespeare's life from his birth, April 23, 1564, till his death on his birthday, 1616. He told how he had gone to the grammar school at Stratford, and how at the age of 14, on account of his family's reverses, he left school. His marriage at 18 seems not to have been his only wild oats, for he poached deer on Squire Lucy's preserve at 23, and when thrown in jail he produced a literary satire against the squire, who on account of this resolved to prosecute Shakespeare to the extent of the law. After this event Shakespeare went to London, where he held horses in front of the "Globe," no small position when every person traveled on horseback, and Shakespeare employed several men. He afterwards was prompter in the theater.

About this time Shakespeare commenced to write plays, whose authenticity a few like Ignatius Donnelly and Dr. Owens, of Detroit, doubt. The idea that Francis Bacon, the classical scolar, lawyer and essayist, wrote the plays, which are full of grammatical, geographical and anachronic errors, Mr. Warde pronounced absurd. Shakespeare's French is very poor, his Latin worse, and he makes many expeditions start on ships from inland cities and Cleopatra play billiards. Would Bacon have made such errors? Dr. Owens tries to explain this by saying that Bacon did not wish to be known as the author of these plays, and that he threw in these errors to delude the people and especially the court. Dr. Owens has after 300 years gathered these errors together and exposed them to the world. Shakespeare sprung from that sturdy yeomanry which peopled America. His father had some standing in the community and held the office of bailiff and alderman, and was at the battles of the French campaign under the Black Prince.

After spending some time at the Globe theater he bought the Blackfriars with Burbidge, and it was in this theater that most of Shakespeare's plays, which were written at the library of the Earl of Southampton, were produced. Shakespeare appeared in many of these plays, and was the original ghost in "Hamlet," Adam in "As You Like It," and is supposed to have given the first portrayal of the character of Hotspur in "Henry IV." In 1612 he returned to Stratford-on-Avon with a competence of £1,000 per year, and after four years of peaceful quiet died at the age of 52. "A peculiar coincidence," Mr. Warde related, "is that he died on the same day as Cervantes, so the world was impoverished by the death of two men who had made it rich."

"It is marvelous," said Mr. Warde, "that Shakespeare could have acquired so much knowledge in a lifetime. He was a man of genius, not of education. He had the faculty of pigeon-holing his knowledge. Every orator, minister, in fact every person, uses words from Shakespeare's vocabulary; but there is another element in Shakespeare's works—the scientific element. In 'Hamlet' the ghost, in telling of the murder, explains the theory of the circulation of the blood, and this play was written before Dr. Harvey was born. In 'Troilus and Cressida' the principle of natural gravitation, which Newton afterward discovered, appears. The fixed truths of astronomy are spoken of in 'Julius Caesar.' The president of the Royal college has said that the best definition of insanity is to be found in 'Hamlet,' in the closet scene with the queen mother.

"Shakespeare was a man of genius, and men of genius do not date from great schools of learning. Genius is a law upto itself; when the hour comes it does what it must. The rare genius of observation, imagination, contemplation is the mystery of Shakespeare.

"Many ask me how to read Shakespeare. I read him once before reading any commentators, for connection, again for language, then for the philosophy, and after that read him thirty-three times, and only regret that I have not time to read him oftener. Simplicity is Shakespeare's charm; it takes no doctor of literature to read him; all could find him a good companion, in joy, in adversity, in sorrow."

Mr. Warde then reviewed "Hamlet" and "Julius Caesar," and said "Hamlet" was the most popular and the most commented upon play of Shakespeare. The German commentators on "Hamlet" were the best, and Mr. Warde leans toward Goethe, who compares "Hamlet" to a beautiful vase in which a flower should have been planted, but by chance the death of Hamlet's father, over which the young Hamlet brooded and at last succumbed, shattered it. Mr. Warde did not think that Hamlet was insane, but afflicted with melancholia. "And thus the native hue of resolution is sicklied over with the pale cast of thought." Thus the sentiment expressed in these lines was the cause of his delay.

All through Mr. Warde recited in his peerless manner the most important passages of the play, among them Polonius' advice to his son Laertes, true fatherly advice, and wished that it could be seen hanging in every school and college in the United States. Hamlet's instructions to the actors of the "mouse trap" combination covered every detail of the art, and if followed would lead an actor to success.

Mr. Warde then proceeded to the play of "Julius Caesar," which he called one of the grandest of Shakespeare's plays and the greatest educator of all. He said a student could learn more by listening to the play of "Julius Caesar," which takes three hours to be produced properly, than three weeks in the class room, and the incentive gained led on to greatest efforts in historical studies. Sometimes the author distorts the historical facts, but in the main they are authentic. One great exception stands out in "Richard III.," but this character, maligned as he was to please Queen Elizabeth, will live, while the historic character has already died. The characters and appearance of the principal characters were described—the haughty Julius, who wore a crown of laurel leaves voted by the senate to cover his bald head. Mr. Warde, who has a bald head, remarked that it was an improvement on modern headgear. The play "Julius Caesar" showed us the dignity and character of a man. Brutus, by not saying "Get thee behind me, Satan," causes all the trouble. Cassius' tale of Caesar's ambition fell on fertile soil, and from the planted seed grew to blossom, and from the blossom to the fruit. Mr. Warde exhorted the audience not to listen to evil counsels. The difference between Brutus' and Antony's speech over the dead body of Caesar was that Brutus' is an oration and Antony's has no right to be called such. Mr. Warde then gave the speech of Antony, pointing out the sophistical and fallacious points in it, and how the orator aroused the interest, then the curiosity and other emotions, in fact what a consummate actor Antony was.

This recital was the most brilliant in the address and worth going many miles to hear. He then followed the play to the end, giving the important soliloquies.

The speaker remarked that the exquisite spirit of Christianity prevailed in all of Shakespeare's plays, and no one of his characters, good or bad, expresses unbelief in the existence of an all-wise Being. The speaker gave as illustrations some of the soliloquies of Cardinal Woolsey and the dialogue between him and Cromwell in "Henry VIII.," a character in whom he saw no redemption. Mr. Warde then ended his delightful address by a fine thought on the life work of Shakespeare and the imperishable monument left in his work that would outshine the works of any and all other authors.

STATE PRESS ASSOCIATION.

The Convention to Be Held at Everett in August.

The executive committee of the State Press Association met yesterday at the Rainier-Grand hotel and decided to hold the next convention at Everett, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, August 6, 7, and 8. There were present J. Hannum Jones, of the Reporter, Nooksack; J. W. Divbliss, Vidette, Montesano; Grant C. Angle, Journal, Shelton; John Miller Murphy, Standard, Olympia; F. E. Eldridge, Oracle, Orting; Will A. Steel, Seattle; James M. Vernon, Times, Everett. This is the full committee.

The president and secretary were instructd to prepare an address to the newspaper men of the state, requesting them to join the association and participate in the convention at Everett. In the evening the visitors attended the performance of Warde and James at the Seattl theater.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

HOTEL NORTHERN.

J. Hart, Christopher.
E. A. Botwell, Port Townsend.
J. M. Shelby, Portland.
Capt. J. Fleming, Port Blakeley.
G. W. Maston, Albany, Or.
E. J. Brewer, Toronto.
Mrs. B. Brewer, Toronto.
W. N. Prindle, Newhall.
J. S. Reddick, Olga.
H. D. Foy, Minneapolis.
W. J. Moulton, Minneapolis.
N. S. Mitchell, Duluth.
Mrs. N. S. Mitchell, Duluth.
G. Langley, Merrill.
G. H. Smith, Tacoma.
A. W. Alvey, Tacoma.
R. E. McGinley, Tacoma.
C. H. Lamb, Montesano.
J. W. Divilbirs, Montesano.
T. H. Heath, city.
C. W. Black, Richmond, Ky.
N. McNally, Neah Bay.
I. N. Bradley, Everett.

HOTEL DILLER

R. Gellespia, San de Fuca.
John Wooding and wife, Auburn.
S. W. Thompson, Avon, Wash.
Hugh Ross, Port Gamble.
M. Wilber, Snohomish.
J. W. Heffner, Snohomish.
Mrs. J. Darrach, Everett.
W. E. Pagett, Cosmopolis.
Otto Refnig, Snoqualmie.
William Savage and wife, Fidalgo City.
C. James, South Bend.
George E. Bates, Mass.
J. S. Jameson, Whatcom.
A. G. McClain, Woodinville.
C. H. Burnett, Burnett.
E. F. Drake, North Yakima.
W. R. Ingersoll, Portland.
Philo Rutherford, Snoqualmie.
J. Newmiller, San Francisco.
E. McGinnis, Whatcom.

HOTEL BUTLER.

S. S. Bailey, Kaslo, B. C.
P. B. Lawrence, Tacoma.
J. W. Lillie, Port Townsend.
Mrs. F. G. Fisher, Port Orchard.
James R. Chambers, Butte, Mont.
I. Y. Jackson, San Francisco.
Simon Wile, Cincinnati.
W. W. Felger, Port Townsend.
Mrs. Gilbranson, Anacortes.
Miss Gilbranson, Anacortes.
Melville Curtis, Anacortes.
Imri Dunn, Bloomington, Ill.
Miss Stella Dunn, Bloomington, Ill.
Miss Lelia Belknap, Bloomington, Ill.
Geo. H. Cox and wife, Bloomington, Ill.
F. J. Rodgers, Portland.
E. Hall, Portland.
S. Z. Mitchell and wife, Portland.
Edward Weller, Salem, Or.
H. W. Ogilbe, Portland.
G. H. Wilbur, Boston.
D. Drysdale, Blaine.
Thomas Smith, Mount Vernon.
L. E. Kusel, Portland.
F. M. Hawkes, Tacoma.
C. M. Maxwell, San Francisco.
F. W. Vaille, Portland.
Richard Chilcott, Port Blakeley.
E. Small, Rochester, N. Y.
James F. McKee, Rochester, N. Y.
George C. Callett, San Francisco.
J. S. McMillin and wife, Roche Harbor.
L. B. Hastings, Port Townsend.
I. I. Gerson, Philadelphia.
F. A. Bartlett, Port Townsend.
W. L. Church, Dungeness.
Fred W. Knott, Twin Rivers.
Miss Wallace, Tacoma.
George Hazzard, Tacoma.
Nell McArthur, St. Paul.

Best Family Medicine

"I have taken Ayer's Pills for many years, and always derived the best results from their use. For stomach and liver troubles, and for the cure of headache,

AYER'S Cathartic Pills

cannot be equaled. When my friends ask me what is the best remedy for disorders of the stomach, liver, or bowels, my invariable answer is Ayer's Pills."—Mrs. MAY JOHNSON, New York City.

Highest Awards at World's Fair.

A COWBOY'S BAD CHECKS.

Saloonkeepers Find That They Are a Poor Circulating Medium.

J. A. McMahon, alias James, a cowboy who recently arrived in this city from California with some cattle for the Frye-Bruhn Company, gathered in about $100 on forged checks in the variety district night before last and then skipped out for new cow pastures. A warrant was sworn out for his arrest yesterday afternoon, and Detective Hart went to Tacoma in hopes of getting trace of him there.

McMahon or James went into Clancy's saloon at the corner of Washington and South Third streets early in the evening and asked Tom Clancy if he could cash a check for $25. Clancy said he could not, as his father was out. In the meantime McMahon ordered two rounds of drinks and in conversation with Johnny Boyle spoke of affairs at Wenatchee in such a way that Boyle came to the conclusion he knew him. When Tom Clancy's father came in the check was given to him. It was apparently signed by C. H. Frye for the company, in favor of J. A. James, and addressed to the National Bank of Commerce. There was no mistaking the fact that the check was written on one of the Frye-Bruhn Co.'s regular blanks. After Mr. Clancy learned from his son that Frye-Bruhn checks were good he cashed it. McMahon or James remained in the saloon some time and spent $2 or $3.

Yesterday morning it was discovered that the check was a forgery and that McMahon had left the city on the steamer Kingston.

Later in the day it was found that he had victimized the Esmond saloon for $24 and the Diamond saloon for $15 on the same game. It is said that he also passed a $30 check, but the name of the saloon could not be learned.

TRUE LOVE WON ITS WAY.

Elopement of a Young Couple Quickly Softens the Parents' Hearts.

When a man is seeking the county auditor's office at night for the purpose of getting a license to wed there is usually a romance behind the affair.

This was exactly the case last night, when Edward E. Miller, a Washington street barber, started up the Yesler avenue hill with the avowed intention of securing the document that would allow Ida Miller, Mr. Miller's pretty 15-year-old daughter, and C. R. Quade, a young barber who has been rooming at Mr. Miller's house, to wed.

In reality there had been a sudden change in the feelings of the parent within a day or so, for at one time he was not pleased at the thought of a marriage.

It is really nothing more than a love affair. The young people lived in the same house and grew to like each other more than passing well. On good authority it is said that young Quade went to Mr. Miller and asked his permission to wed his daughter. Mr. Miller was astonished and as a result flared up. History is silent as to what followed immediately, but Quade got out of the house in double quick time. Then the second climax came when both young man and young girl disappeared and Mr. Miller sought the assistance of the police to find his daughter. She was described as plump, large of her age, well developed and dressed in dark clothes.

The young people kept out of sight and last night Mr. Miller evidently came to the conclusion that when young people want to wed, the easiest way out of the difficulty is to give them their way.

Street Railway Men Organize.

Cleveland, O., April 11.—A new national organization of street railway employes was formed in this city last night to take the place of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes, which, it is claimed, is now practically dead. The new society will be known as the National Street Railway Employes' League. Organizers will at once visit all the principal cities. The leaders in the movement here claim they are in communication with hundreds of street railway men anxious to become allied with them. Resolutions adopted by the new association say that previous organizations have failed to accomplish their objects, and strikes failed to give relief. Municipal ownership of street railways is declared to be the only means whereby the objects sought can be attained. Street car men everywhere are urged to join in one mighty effort to gain political power at municipal elections. The platform favors eight hours for a day's work, weekly payment of wages, licensing of street railway employes; insurance and sick benefits are provided for.

Hazzard Home From the Capital.

George Hazzard, of Tacoma, formerly a well-known Democratic politician, is at the Butler. He declines to say anything further about his famous interview with President Cleveland, saying that the public has already been informed of everything of a public nature. Mr. Hazzard has made a full statement of the other matters discussed at the White House to Henry Drum, of Tacoma, chairman of the Democratic state central committee.

Water Polo Match at New York.

New York, April 11.—The much talked of water polo match between the crackerjacks of the New York Athletic Club and the Chicago Athletic Association team began tonight in the tank of the New York Athletic Club before a large audience.

At 8:40 o'clock Dr. Davis called the teams, and at the word "ready" they lined up as follows:

Chicago.	Position.	New York.
G. Thorne	Center	P. F. Dickey
S. H. Hunt	Right	W. D. Douglass
J. F. Patrick	Left	W. E. Dickey
W. H. Thompson	Quar. Back	N. Murray
B. S. Donnelly	Goalkeeper	C. J. Kitner
L. E. Purr	Goalkeeper	E. F. Haubold

Exactly at 8:50 o'clock Dr. Davis tossed the ball into the middle of the tank and Thorne made a grab for it. Percy Dickey was there before him and passed it back to Douglass, who made a clean swim through Hunt and Patrick and managed to score a goal in thirty seconds.

On the second toss of the ball Thomson caught it first, but Billy Dickey again showed his superior trick work on landing the ball on the goal line inside of a minute. At the third attempt the New Yorks rushed with Dickey still to the fore and inside of two minutes they placed another goal to their credit. During the previous round Patrick was disabled and Juan Smith took his place. By clever work in passing from two Dickeys and Kintner, Douglass succeeded in scoring another goal. Time 8 minutes.

In the second half Thorne of Chicago was aggressor, and he tossed the ball past the Dickeys and Murray. Kintner got it but lost it a moment later to Thompson. Then "Sport" Donnelly grabbed it. Thorne spurted excellently and grabbed the ball, pushed his way through his opponents and scored a goal for Chicago in six minutes and one second.

The remainder of the eight minutes was consumed by sharp work on both sides, neither having an advantage after the ball was dropped. Total score: New York 4, Chicago 1.

Kid Lavigne Outpoints Jerry Marshall.

Chicago, April 11.—The eight round contest between "Kid" Lavigne, of Saginaw, Mich., and Jerry Marshall, of Australia, which came off before the Triangle Club tonight was called a draw, as the conditions provided that if both men were on their feet at the close of the eighth round it was to be a draw. Lavigne did all the leading and fighting from first to last. Marshall was very clever in getting away and did not receive much punishment. Lavigne weighed 134 pounds and Marshall 135.

Spring in Wisconsin.

Waupaca, Wis., April 11.—Snow began falling here at daylight, and is five inches deep. Plowing and garden making began early in the week.

Bigamy Discouraged by the Bible.

Boston Home Journal.

"Boys," said a teacher in a Sunday school, "can any of you quote a verse from Scripture to prove that it is wrong for a man to have two wives?" He paused, and after a moment or two a bright boy raised his hand. "Well, Thomas?" said the teacher encouragingly. Thomas stood up and said: "No man can serve two masters."

Another Philadelphia Joke.

Detroit Free Press.

Captain—How is your patent rapid-fire gun getting along?

Lieutenant—Not at all.

Captain—What's the matter; isn't it any good?

Lieutenant—The gun is all right, but they took it to Philadelphia to make the tests.

Lack of vitality and color-matter in the bulbs causes the hair to fall out and turn gray. We recommend Hall's Hair Renewer to prevent baldness and grayness.

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The largest collection of new Laces of every fashionable make exhibited by any house on this Coast, all imported this season and purchased direct from the manufacturers on the most favorable terms for net cash.

Special lines worthy of immediate attention.

Irish Point Lace, butter color, 5 inches wide, at 25c a yard.

Irish Point Lace, butter color, 7 inches wide, at 40c a yard.

Irish Point Lace, butter color, 7 inches wide, two-toned, at 30c a yard.

Irish Point Lace, ecru color, 3 inches wide, only 6c a yard.

Irish Point Lace, ecru color, 4 inches wide, only 7c a yard.

Irish Point Lace, ecru color, 6 inches wide, only 10c a yard.

Irish Point Lace, ecru color, 9 inches wide, only 17c a yard.

Black Bourdon Lace, 4½ inches wide, only 15c a yard.

Black Bourdon Lace, 6 inches wide, only 25c a yard.

Black Bourdon Lace, 8 inches wide, only 35c a yard.

Positively Exclusive and Exceedingly Pretty Designs.

Also on sale a large variety of Laces from the "Chester Cleary Co.'s" stock in Torchons, Valenciennes, and Chantilly Laces, at about

One-Third of Their Regular Value.

LADIES' NECKWEAR.

Ecru, cream and butter color Vandyke Point Lace Collars, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1, $1.25, up to $5.

Fancy Lace Collars, with ribbon inserting, all new shades, $1.25 each.

Chiffon Stocks—Satin Stocks, with Sterling Silver clasps.

Iridescent Bead Collars, Vandyke points, from $1.75 each up to $10.

Jet Collars, Vandyke points, Jet Fronts, Jet Lace and inserting to match.

GLOVES, GLOVES.

At 79c Pair.

8-Button Length Foster's Mousquetaire Kid Gloves, all sizes, all colors.

At 65c Pair.

5-Button "Centemeri" Kid Gloves from Cleary's stock, sizes left are 5¾, 5½, 7, 7¼, 7½, 7¾.

At 90c Pair.

"Centemeri" Mousquetaire Kid Gloves, sizes left are 5¾, 6½, 7.

At 25c Pair.

"Suede" Finish Fabric Gloves, all sizes, both black and colored.

Please come early. Always the lowest prices.
Pleasantest store in Seattle to trade in.

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California Figs, 3½ Cents Per Pound.

Dry Salt Pork, 8½ Cents Per Pound.

Cottolene.
5-pound cans.....50c
10-pound cans.....95c

Hatchets,
Cast Steel, each.....50c

Our big price list quotes prices on 1,400 articles in the Grocery, Tinware and Hardware lines. If you are looking for dollars and cents procure one.

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Out of a position does not always know where to look for employment. Everybody reads the "want" page of the Post-Intelligencer, as everybody wants something or other, so, naturally, a business man in need of a clerk turns to that page first of all. Make known your wants. If you don't, no one else will.

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