THE SEATTLE POST-INTELLIGENCER.

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MEN'S SHIRTS.

YOUNG MAN, have you seen the new shirts? Your carefully dressed friend will wear one.
SOMETHING NEW.
White body with colored bosom and cuffs.
They're all the style.

: : : HANDSOME PATTERNS. : : :

$1.25 $1.50 $1.75 $2.00

White Laundried Shirts,

OPEN BACK AND FRONT,

$1.00 $1.25 $1.50 $1.75

OPEN BACK,

$1.00 $1.25 $1.50 $1.75

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS

FOR OUTING AND ABOUTING,

50c, 75c, $1, $1.25

We are showing a handsome assortment of the new Scotch Plaid Neckwear.

W. P. BOYD & CO.

Front Street, Pioneer Place.

Annual Clearance Sale.....

Closing Out at Less Than Cost *One of our open stock patterns of .....*

Haviland's Decorated French China.

SEE DISPLAY IN OUR SHOW WINDOW.

M. SELLER & CO.

714 Second St.

ANYTHING

We sell at retail can be purchased from us by the trade at wholesale, as we carry a sufficient stock of everything. ::

LOUCH, AUGUSTINE & CO.

815 and 817 Front St.

A NEW LINE OF BELTS AND BLOUSE SETS

Bead Edge, Embossed and Enameled. Very Cheap.

ALBERT HANSEN, 706 Front St.

NETHERLANDS AMERICAN MORTGAGE BANK

ALWAYS MONEY ON HAND.

NO. 631 BURKE BUILDING.

High Grade Vinegars.

Cote Bros.' and Red Cross Vinegars are absolutely pure. We have them.

CONNER BROS., Grocers, 720 Second St., Boston Block.

PAINTS —OILS, VARNISHES AND BRUSHES. F. W. Devoe & Co.'s Celebrated Mixed Paints. Window Glass, Mirror Plates, Glazed Sashes and Doors, Building Paper, Etc.

Nelle & Engelbrecht,

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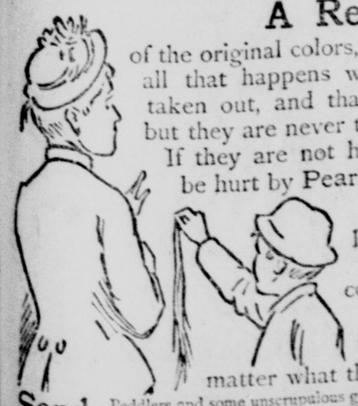

A Restoration

of the original colors, but no change in them, is all that happens with Pearline. The dirt is taken out, and that brings the colors back—but they are never taken away.

If they are not hurt by water, they won't be hurt by Pearline.

For washing that has been proved to be absolutely safe, without any risk, nothing costs less than Pearline.

Any other kind of washing is likely to be dear, no matter what the price.

Send it Back

Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, and if your grocer sends you something in place of Pearline, be honest—*send it back.* 381 JAMES PYLE, New York.

TRAIL CREEK WAGES.

Senator Boyce, the Idaho Ex-Convict, Forms a Union.

BUT A STRIKE IS A FAILURE.

Populists Attempt to Have Everett Repudiate an Obligation.

The Big Columbia River Log Raft Reaches San Francisco Safely—Three Elephants Break Loose in Portland and Rush to the Jungle.

Rossland, B. C., Aug. 2.—Two weeks ago State Senator Edward Boyce, of Idaho, came here from the Coeur d'Alenes and organized a miners' union of about 300 members. Boyce is a leader of the union men in the Coeur d'Alenes, and served a term in the United States penitentiary at Boise for complicity in the labor troubles in the Coeur d'Alenes two years ago. Ever since the discovery of the Trail creek mines the standard of wages for miners has been $3 per day. On Saturday the miners waited upon the mine owners and demanded an advance all around to $3.50 per day. The owners uniformly refused, and last night a strike was ordered. The owners remained firm, and the strikers went back to work today at the old wages.

IN FAVOR OF REPUDIATION.

Populist Suit to Restrain Everett From Paying Her Debts.

Snohomish, Aug. 2.—Special.—Suit has been commenced by Peter Smout, a Populist citizen of Everett to restrain that city from issuing any further bonds or warrants. Mr. Smout's attorney is H. A. Porter, another Populist, and the whole affair is regarded as a Populist plan of repudiation. The suit is brought to restrain the city of Everett, its clerk, its mayor, its treasurer or its council from issue any further warrants or bonds, and alleges an over-issue to the amount of $15,000. It also recites that certain warrants, amounting in all to about $17,000, were illegally and fraudulently issued for the purpose of assisting in the county seat fight, for building roads not within the city, and for other improper and unlawful purposes, and prays that the city treasurer be restrained from paying the same. Not long ago Everett voted to validate its outstanding indebtedness, and to issue bonds by a substantial majority. This suit is regarded as an effort to defeat the will of the people as expressed at the polls, and it is generally believed to be more for political effect than for the objects recited in the complaint.

STILL IN TACOMA.

The Alleged Shoplifters Had Simply Moved Into Another House.

Tacoma, Aug. 2.—Special.—Mrs. Fannie Foglebaum and Mrs. L. A. Olsen have not, as reported last night, jumped their bail bond, but are here still, and their attorney, F. C. Robertson, announces they will be in court next month when required to answer to the charge of shoplifting. Mrs. Fogelbaum and her daughter, Mrs. Olsen, together with the husband and family of the latter, moved recently to a house on North G street and have not been seen in their usual frequenting places of late. This gave rise to the story.

Part of the defense when the case comes to trial will be an attempt to have the action dismissed on the grounds of a lack of jurisdiction. The defendants hold that the warrant for their arrest was issued by the clerk of the municipal court, instead of by the judge, whereas the law provides that the warrant must be issued by the judge after a judicial determination as to whether or not there is probably reason to believe that the crime has been committed.

BIG LOG RAFT SAFE.

The First Successful Attempt to Raft Logs Down the Coast.

San Francisco, Aug. 2.—The steamer Mineola, belonging to the Southern Pacific Company, came in through the Golden Gate last night, having in tow a raft built on the Columbia river and containing between 6,000,000 and 7,000,000 feet of lumber. The raft is made of piles, so closely bound together that not a single timber moves. There are 450,000 running feet of these piles. It would have taken scores of ships to bring the lumber here, and the freight bill, figured at the usual rates, would have been $22,500.

ANOTHER TALK TOURNEY.

Salem Wants Horr and Bryan at the Oregon State Fair.

Salem, Or., Aug. 2.—Upon receipt of news that Horr and Congressman Bryan were to debate on the finance question the Oregon state fair management began arrangements for having the debate held at the state fair in September. Bryan has already accepted the invitation and will be here. Horr has been invited. It is proposed to have the debate last over the five days. Govs. Budd, McConnell and McGraw will be invited to act as referees.

Tacoma's Gas Injunction Suit.

Tacoma, Aug. 2.—Special.—It is expected that Judge Pritchard will give a decision tomorrow in the injunction suit brought by the Tacoma Gas & Electric Company to restrain the city from putting into effect the new ordinance reducing the price of gas. A demurrer was filed by the city today and will be argued in the morning. It claims the court has no jurisdiction over the subject matter of the case. An affidavit made by Councilman Samuel Hice was filed. It declares the present rates of $2 and $1.75 a thousand feet for gas are excessive, and that he is informed and believes the company can manufacture gas at a cost of 25 cents a thousand feet.

Big Smelter in the Kootenay.

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 2.—It is understood that the Kansas City Consolidated Smelting & Refining Company has decided to erect a large smelting plant at Nakusp, in West Kootenay. Representatives of the company have been for some time carefully looking over the district and have decided that Nakusp is the most eligible location. It is understood that the Canadian Pacific railway has done everything possible to secure the establishment of a large smelter in British Columbia by giving special facilities in the matter of freight on shipments of bullion.

An Elephant Chase in Portland.

Portland, Aug. 2.—There was great excitement at the stockyards today when three elephants belonging to the Wallace shows broke away and started through the streets. Teams gave them the entire street and pedestrians rushed into houses. Their keeper started in pursuit, but was unable to stop them until the animals reached the woods a mile distant from the stockyards. With the assistance of several employes the keeper was enabled to lead the elephants back to the yards.

Suicide of a Young Girl.

Portland, Aug. 2.—It was discovered today that Ollie Jones, aged 12, who died last Friday, committed suicide by taking "Rough on Rats." The girl wanted to accompany her parents down town, but because they refused to allow her she took poison. It was thought the child died from natural causes, as she was subject to spells of vomiting. The finding of a spoon containing a coating of flour, sugar and "Rough on Rats" caused the child's parents to have the body taken up and the stomach examined. It was found that death was caused by the poison.

The Salmon Market.

Astoria, Aug. 2.—The Astorian's weekly salmon report will say tomorrow: In one week more the salmon season of the Columbia river will have closed, and all speculation as to the probable size of the pack will be set at rest. At the present writing it seems with the record of the past ten days as a guide, as if the estimated shortage of 100,000 cases can be considered too large, and in all probability it will not exceed 60,000 cases. If the run during the next week continues as good as it has been the past week, the figures will stand a still greater reduction. Tin plate both here and in San Francisco exhibits considerable shortage, and stocks on this river are very low. The ship Sokoto, which reached San Francisco Monday with 30,000 cases of tin plate aboard, will to some extent relieve the condition of affairs. Fishing will start at Gray's Harbor, Willapa bay and the Siuslaw river on the 10th instant, and at most of the other outside points operations will be begun ten days later.

Snohomish Validates a Debt.

Snohomish, Aug. 2.—Special.—The election for the validation of the school district indebtedness for district No. 1—Snohomish city—which was held here Thursday, was quiet, although considerable interest was manifested by many of the prominent citizens. The proposition to validate the entire indebtedness by bonding the district was carried by considerably above the three-fifths majority. This insures a full year of school next year, which would have been impossible if the election had not carried, as the limit of indebtedness had been reached.

Port Townsend Boy Killed by a Train.

Pendleton, Or., Aug. 2.—J. B. Hunt, a son of J. J. Hunt, a Port Townsend hotel keeper, died here this morning from the effects of injuries received in attempting to steal a ride on the O. R. & N. passenger train last night by riding the brake-beam.

A Rehearing Asked for Craemer.

Olympia, Aug. 2.—Special.—An application was today made to the supreme court for a rehearing in the case of Henry Craemer, the Seattle murderer.

New Postmaster at Hoquiam.

Washington City, Aug. 2.—The president today appointed John Richardson postmaster at Hoquiam, Wash.

EUSTIS TO TRY AGAIN.

Third Demand to Be Made for the Waller Record.

Washington City, Aug. 2.—Failing to receive any assurance of progress from Ambassador Eustis in the Waller case, Acting Secretary of State Adee has again cabled him to press the request for the record of Waller's trial at Madagascar, and has instructed him at some length as to the position which he should take in presenting it.

It is understood Mr. Eustis has been instructed to say to the French authorities that nothing less than the ispection of the complete papers in the case will be sufficient to satisfy the United States whether justice has been done, and that a final refusal to furnish a complete transcript will be considered by this government as a denial of justice.

Business Failures.

Trenton, Aug. 2.—Vice Chancellor Bird today granted a rule to show cause, returnable tomorrow, why a receiver must be appointed for the Trenton Rubber Company, of which ex-Mayor Frank Magowan is president and general manager. The application was made on behalf of Jacob Burnsly, of Detroit, and Orlando M. Harper, of New York, for themselves and other creditors. The application alleges that the company is insolvent and unable to meet its obligations, having liabilities of $300,000, including $200,000 of promissory notes and $100,000 payable. The application is accompanied by an affidavit of William P. Hayes, an officer of the company, setting out that the inventoried assets are $607,970, including $323,891 of bills receivable, which are considered doubtful.

Application was made this evening by ex-Judge Lanling for a receiver for the Eastern Rubber Company, another of the companies of which Frank A. Magowan is president and general manager. The liabilities are $461,000, including $200,000 capital stock, and assets of $382,000, including $105,000 not considered good. Magowan had largely overdrawn his account in both companies.

Washington City, Aug. 2.—The comptroller of the currency Friday appointed William S. Nelson, of Denver, receiver of the Union National bank, which suspended payment July 27.

The Accident on the Chutes.

Chicago, Aug. 2.—A corrected list of the injured as the result of the breaking of the cable at the Boynton chutes at Sixty-third street and Cottage Grove avenue, last night is as follows: Mrs. Vernie Heath, age 23, right side and both legs badly bruised, will probably die; Miss McCook, 24, right leg bruised, injured internally, condition critical; Charles Dunlap, 48, bruised about the head and right side, badly hurt; George Emeroy, a cyclist, hurt in the groin, right leg bruised, will probably die; Fred Ebbert, aged 20, left leg fractured, cut and bruised about the face, internal injuries; Max Eerlinborn, platform boy, 19, injured about the shoulders and back; Maude Herffern, 24, bruised on the head and neck; Mrs. J. M. Hussey, 20, left leg bruised; Crocker V. Heath, 23, head bruised, leg twisted; McInnery, 17, bruised about head and body; Katie Mornyo, 18, cut about the face; Smith Mornyo, bruised about the head and face; Charles A. Schilderabrau, 25, injured about the legs; Miss A. J. White, 30, bruised and cut about the head.

Bicyclist Lenz Legally Dead.

Pittsburg, Aug. 2.—Frank G. Lenz, the missing bicyclist, is legally dead, and his will, in which he leaves all his property to his mother, has been filed for probate. Satisfactory evidence of his death has been furnished to Register Connors. The will is dated May 8, 1892, the day before he started to Washington City to secure his papers for his trip around the world, and names his mother, Maria Anna Lenz, and Austrian Vice Consul Schneider as executors, to whom letters were issued. Through the efforts of the British vice consul at Erzeroum it is definitely known that Lenz was murdered May 10, 1894, while riding between the villages of Kurtiali and Dahan, near Erzeroum. The men who murdered him are known as Rizgo and his brother, two sons of Khatto, and two sons of Abdurrahman, six men in all. At the demand of the British vice consul the six men have been arrested and will be tried for murder.

Bank Failure in Genoa.

New York, Aug. 2.—A cablegram to the Evening Post reports the failure of Birgen Bros., bankers, of Genoa. The failure is attributed to heavy bear operations in Italian rents, and it is said to be important.

What causes bad dreams is a question that has never been satisfactorily answered; but, in nine cases out of ten, frightful dreams are the result of imperfect digestion, which a few doses of Ayer's Sarsaparilla will effectually remedy. Don't delay—try it today.

"Old Dominion" Cigarettes.

Ask your dealer for them.

"Pinafore" on the lake, Madison Park, Sunday.

All the rage. What? "Pinafore."

Grand opera, Madison Park, Sunday.

COXEY FOR GOVERNOR.

Nominated by the Ohio State Populist Convention.

HIS PET PROJECTS APPROVED.

The Famous General of the Commonweal Triumphant in Everything.

Old Fogies in the Party Dislike the New Ideas That Now Control—The Conviction of Debs Denounced and Omaha Platform Indorsed.

Columbus, O., Aug. 2.—After two turbulent sessions today the Ohio Populists succeeded in adopting a platform and naming a state ticket. They adjourned late this evening, but some of the more influential members of the party are not pleased with the results. Gen. Jacob S. Coxey was triumphant in everything, and it was the predominance of Coxeyism and his novel ideas that does not please some of the conservative Populists. Aside from the

JACOB S. COXEY.

indorsement of the Omaha platform, the indorsement of Coxey's non-interest-bearing bond scheme and good roads bills and the denouncing of the conviction of Debs are the principal points in the platform.

Following is the complete ticket nominated: Jacob S. Coxey, of Stark, governor; John H. Crofton, of Hamilton, lieutenant governor; George Harper, of Green, treasurer; William Baker, of Licking, attorney general; E. D. Stark, of Cuyahoga, supreme judge; W. A. Gloyd, of Tuscarawas, public works; Thomas H. Hickman, of Morrow, clerk of the supreme court.

After the convention adjourned it was discovered that no one had been nominated for the important position of auditor of state. The state central committee will supply the omission later.

ILLINOIS LEGISLATURE ADJOURNS

Altgeld's Effort to Have "Reform" Laws Passed Proves Abortive.

Springfield, Ill., Aug. 2.—The special session of the Illinois legislature called by Gov. Altgeld adjourned today without having enacted any of the numerous statutes desired by him, except the arbitration bill. The house adopted resolutions caustically arraigning the governor as insincere. Gov. Altgeld today appointed the following as the first board of arbitration to serve for one, two and three years respectively: William P. Ronn, Chicago, employer of labor; Chas. J. Riffler, of this city, state president of the United Labor Organization; Judge Anthony Thornton, of Shelbyville. The appointments were confirmed.

Free Silver in Missouri.

Kansas City, Aug. 2.—In the Democratic primaries to select delegates to the Jackson county convention, which will elect delegates to the state silver convention, the city wards chose solid free silver delegations.

THE TAYLORS CONVICTED.

Murderers of the Meeks Family Almost Sure to Be Hanged.

Carrollton, Mo., Aug. 2.—"We, the jury, find the defendants, W. P. and George Taylor, guilty of murder in the first degree." Such was the verdict rendered at 2:20 o'clock this afternoon in the notorious Meeks murder trial. It took but one ballot to decide that the Taylors were guilty of the heinous crime charged against them, and that the penalty for the butchery of Meeks, his wife and two children on Jenkins hill on the night of May 10 last should be set at the limit. The jury went out sharply at noon, and when it returned two hours and twenty minutes later and returned its verdict, there was no doubt of the spectators' approval of it. In an instant nearly 1,000 people who crowded the court room broke forth in a volley of cheers that was only silenced by threats of arrest made by Judge Rucker. Sentence will be deferred for the present.

Col. John B. Hale made the closing argument for the defense, and pleaded for mercy for his clients on behalf of their families. Prosecutor T. M. Bresnehan, who closed for the state, made a terrible arraignment of the prisoners.

'I will show you," he said, "beyond a reasonable doubt, by a chain of circumstantial evidence in which there is not a link missing, that the Taylor brothers murdered Gus Meeks and his family on Jenkins hill. It was a butchery—it were flattery to call it simply murder. I will show that these men, William and George Taylor, are the butchers of the Meeks family, and I demand their punishment."

Sharp at noon the jury was locked in the court room to deliberate. At 2:20 word was sent to Judge Rucker that the members had agreed on a verdict. At 2:35 o'clock the Taylors were brought into court. George had not lost his color, but Bill was as pale as death. The clerk called the jury and read the verdict. The crowd began to applaud vigorously, and Bill Taylor half-rose in his seat with a look of terror in his eyes that was pitiful. The judge and sheriff rapped for order, but the crowd applauded like a mob at a circus. The judge, rising in the bench, shouted: "Sheriff, arrest any man that applauds." The defense will file a motion for a new trial, but it is not believed it will be granted.

SOCIETY GIRL KILLS A BOY.

Gen. Flagler's Daughter Shoots a Young Negro Dead.

Washington City, Aug. 2.—Miss Elizabeth Flagler, daughter of Gen. Flagler, chief of ordnance and well known in army and social circles, killed a 14-year-old negro, Ernest Green, today at her home in the suburbs of this city. The Flaglers have been annoyed greatly by boys stealing fruit and damaging the trees. Today Miss Flagler discovered Green on the fence stealing fruit, and fired at him from a second-story window. Miss Flagler gave herself into custody. She is 28 years old, attractive and accomplished. Ernest Green is the son of Dick Green, one of Secretary Carlisle's messengers.

The coroner's jury exonerated Miss Flagler and she was released.

A coroner's jury was empaneled this afternoon and an inquest held. Miss Flagler was called to the witness stand and made a statement. The boys had been scaling the tree and stealing fruit from their yard, and one day last week she fired into the road. Some clothes drying on the line were recently stolen, and as there were so many boys around she presumed that some of them were the thieves. This morning she heard the branches of the pear tree rustling. She ran to her room and got her revolver from the bureau drawer. She continued: "I fired at the one near the road, and must have hit the boy. The first day I shot at the boys was on Monday, and then I called after them and told them the next time I would shoot at them, meaning only to frighten them."

The jury came to the following verdict: "We find that the said Ernest Green came to his death by a bullet fired from a pistol held in the hands of Elizabeth M. Flagler, but we do not think she did it with murderous intent. We believe that the shot was fired carelessly and indifferently, but upon the evidence we cannot hold her."

Miss Flagler was thereupon released.

CONVICT WHITEMAN'S APPEAL.

The Ex-Millionaire Declares That He Did Not Commit Forgery.

San Francisco, Aug. 2.—A. J. Whiteman, ex-banker and millionaire of Duluth, Minn., mayor of Duluth, member of the Minnesota legislature, and recently convicted of forgery, made a personal address today in the superior court in support of his own motion for a new trial. The new trial was demanded on the score of newly discovered evidence. One charge against Whiteman was that he had victimized several friends in San Francisco by means of a forged check drawn by Frank Dixon upon a New York bank. All through the trial Whiteman insisted that there was such a person as Dixon, although he could not be found. Now it is stated that Dixon has been found and stated in the presence of certain reputable residents of Chicago that he had really signed the $500 check and had sent it to Whiteman in payment of an indebtedness. Then Whiteman by the permission of the court made an eloquent address, reciting his social and political prominence and his efforts to find Dixon. He begged the court not to put the brand of a felon upon a man who had not been legally convicted of a crime. Judge Wallace continued the further hearing of the motion for two weeks, instructing the special counsel for the prosecution in the meantime to ascertain whether or not Whiteman's story is true. The court stated that if there is really such a person as Dixon, and if he signed that check and sent it to the defendant, Whiteman would have a new trial.

Whiteman said: "If I have committed a forgery and have been proved guilty, I desire no clemency or sympathy, for I have employed all the advantages that wealth and education give. I graduated with honors at an Eastern college and afterward at the Columbia law school. I served four years in the senate of my state, and at the expiration of that time I received the unanimous nomination of my party for congress, was elected chairman of the state committee, and was sent as a delegate to the national convention. I have been a director of three national banks and vice president of one, and if a man of my experience and antecedents has been guilty of the heinous crime of forgery there is nothing that can be said in extenuation or in mitigation, but, if through over-confidence in the justice of my cause, in the consciousness of my innocence, I allowed my case to go to a speedy trial, and was unprepared for the admission of extraneous matters in evidence, I humbly submit that I should have an opportunity to prove my innocence. Your honor may recall that in a letter which I wrote to the district attorney, and which was admitted in evidence, an immediate and speedy hearing was asked, and I stated in that letter that if I was guilty of this charge I should be on the road to San Quentin, and if innocent I should have my liberty at the earliest possible moment; but then I did not know where Frank Dixon was, and I did not know he was in the employ of a reputable firm in Chicago, and I did not know that there were reputable men in Chicago who were familiar with his handwriting and his signature and who were willing to testify to that effect, but I did know that Dixon sent me that check in good faith. I also knew he had an account at the bank on which the check was drawn, and I knew that if any witness came here from that bank he would be obliged to admit as much. During the six weeks elapsed since the trial by continuances kindly granted by your honor, I had this check photographed and sent East, and I obtained the affidavits of Dixon and other reputable men of Chicago who knew him."

Horrible Murder of a Mexican Editor.

City of Mexico, Aug. 2.—The assassination of Editor Olmos in the city of Puebla has excited intense interest, both there and at this capital. It is now said that Olmos was suspected of being the publisher, as well as the editor, of the mysterious weekly paper called "Voice of Puebla," which appeared July 14, and in which the administration of Gov. Martinez was violently attacked and his reelection hotly opposed. The police made a search for the publishing office but could not find any trace of it, and although several arrests were made no light was thrown on the editorship or the publication office. Genevieve Olmos, a sister of the murdered editor, publishes a remarkable letter in a journal in this city today in which she says she found her brother almost literally hacked to pieces, with many wounds made by knives and daggers of various sizes. The blade of one dagger remained in the body with the handle gone. The brother's front teeth were knocked out, probably by the tremendous blows given to silence him. She adds: "Although up to this moment I have not endeavored to inquire into the murder, nor would I do so with so immense a grief weighing on me the rumor is circulated that the assassins of my unfortunate brother belonged to the secret police of this city." This accusation is said to be without foundation, but the newspapers here are calling on the state government of Puebla to enter at once into a minute investigation of this horrible crime which has aroused public indignation.

Frauds in the Railway Mail Service.

Washington City, Aug. 2.—A good deal of interest was aroused at the postoffice department this afternoon by a story printed in San Francisco stating that Postal Clerk E. Culver had charged Superintendent Samuel Flint, of the railway mail service, with being a party to extensive railway mail frauds against the government. Second Assistant Postmaster General Neilson denied positively that Flint was concerned in any frauds.

"On the contrary," he said," it was directly due to Mr. Flint that an extensive fraud was discovered last June, at the time when Culver charges Flint was in collusion with the railroads for the purpose of defrauding the department. In that month the mails on the Pacific coast were weighed in order to obtain a basis for payment for carrying them during four years. A small circular on a small route attracted Superintendent Flint's attention, and he followed it up skillfully, and finally brought about the readjustment of a much larger route, saving the government much money. It is no doubt some confused information in regard to this that caused Culver to make the charge that he has made against Mr. Flint."

While no official action has been taken, it is thought by the officials in the postoffice department that Culver is almost certain to lose his head within a day or two. The method of the fraud attempted last year was to divert mail matter from other routes to the one that was being weighed.

Fillmore to Be General Manager.

San Francisco, Aug. 2.—The Examiner says that the board of directors of the Southern Pacific have selected General Superintendent J. A. Fillmore to succeed the late A. N. Towne as general manager. The appointment will have to be ratified by C. P. Huntington before it goes into effect.

"The Old Dominion."

This cigarette has jumped into popular favor. All cigar stores keep them.

All the rage. What? "Pinafore."

A.P.A. DEFIES THE COURT

Omaha Council Approves the New Police Commission.

PAUL VAN DER VOORT A MEMBER

Gov. Holcomb Refuses to Assist in Ousting the Old Policemen.

He Wants the Supreme Court to Pass Upon the Validity of the New A. P. A. Law—Militia Held in Readiness, and a Citizens' Guard Organized in Omaha.

Omaha, Aug. 2.—Three police commissioners, acting under the A. P. A. police law, are doing business in Omaha tonight regardless of the fact that the district court restrained the city council from approving their bonds. The oath-bound organization in the council has a working majority, and the court's order was ignored. As a result a citizens' volunteer guard of 100 men is on duty at the police station tonight to maintain peace and assist the regular police force in holding possession of city property.

Capt. W. J. Broatch, Paul Van Der Voort and A. C. Foster were given their certificates as police commissioners at noon by the attorney general and the public inspector of lands and buildings. The governor refused to sit with them, and warned them that their course was illegal.

The Omaha council held a special session at 4:30 to approve the bonds, but were met with an injunction returnable tomorrow in the district court. The order was ignored with a hurrah, and the new police commissioners at once appointed a full police force. They will make no effort to get possession of city property before morning.

At an early hour tomorrow the district court will take up the matter of the council proceedings in contempt, and will probably annul the council's work. There is much inflammatory talk, and several companies of militia in different parts of the state have been notified to be in readiness to move on Omoha in the event of trouble. Gov. Holcomb is prepared to maintain the law, and is tonight using all the means in his power to conserve the peace and have the whole squabble carried to the supreme court.

When asked what action he proposed to take in the matter, in case of any attempt to take forcible possession of the jail, Chief of Police White said tonight that he would see that there was no rioting and that the laws were enforced in any event. He said he did not anticipate any violence, but would be prepared to deal with any cases of lawlessness that might come up.

It was evident from the first that it was the intention of the A. P. A. majority in the city council to cary out their plans, irrespective of the order of Judge Hopewell. President Edwards refused to receive the telegram from the district judge, who is at Tekamah, which was handed him, and this example was followed by the majority. It appeared that one or two of the members who were ready to vote for any measure that would aid the A. P. A. in their plans, were a little doubtful as to the propriety of a direct violation of the order of injunction. Subsequently the majority took possession of the private office of the president, where the doubtful votes were looked after until ten members were ready to defy the court. The majority called for an opinion from the city attorney as to whether the council was bound to obey the injunction. City Attorney Connell is out of the city, and left Frank Banson to advise the council in his absence. He advised the council that it might with entire propriety ignore the injunction. He declared that since the order had been issued at Tekamah, the injunction was not in force in this county. More than this, he was informed that no petition had been filed in the district, and that no bond had been approved by the clerk of the court. Until this was done the injunction was not in force, and the council was under no obligations to consider it. President Edwards then declared the bonds of the new commission approved. During the roll call a member asked the attorney to state whether the new law repealed the law which stated that all commissions must be signed by the governor. Banson delivered himself of the assurance that there was no necessity for any commission at all. The law designated the appointing board, and this carried with it the power to give a proper notification of the appointments. It was not necessary that the governor should issue any commission, nor was it even necessary that it should bear the state seal.

The council then adopted a resolution giving full recognition to W. J. Broatch, A. C. Foster and Paul Van Der Voort, the appointees on the board, and requiring that they should be recognized by all officers and employes and others having business with the city.

At noon Gov. Holcomb sent a letter to the attorney general, urging him to begin quo warranto proceedings in the supreme court at the earliest possible date, in order to try the title of the respective claimants to the office, and directing him by proper proceedings to restrain any effort which may be made to take possession of the commissioners' office by force, or in any other unlawful manner. He promises to render all the aid in his power.

At 11 o'clock tonight the district court issued a second injunction, restraining the new police commissioners from interfering with the old force or any municipal property, or from acting in any capacity. The case will be heard at noon tomorrow. The new commission has not yet indicated its action on this injunction.

Paul Van Der Voort was elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic at the Baltimore encampment of 1882, and served one year. During the past few years he has become notorious as one of the most violent of Populist agitators.

Damages for Breach of Promise.

London, Aug. 2.—Miss Sadie Eakins was given a verdict of £1,500 damages today against William Craig Powers, cashier of a bank at Rochester, N. Y., for breach of promise and seduction. After the seduction, it appears from the evidence in court, Powers revealed to Miss Eakins that he was married, and added that he expected daily to secure a divorce from his wife, who was an American. The next day, however, Powers announced that he was unable to obtain a divorce from his wife, left Miss Eakins penniless, and went to Paris. Powers did not appear at the trial.

Owing to the large demand for the canal issue of the Post-Intelligencer, it has been found necessary to print an extra edition of the Weekly Post-Intelligencer, containing a full description of the South canal and the ceremonies attending the actual beginning of work. Copies can be had at the business office, wrapped ready for mailing; price, 5 cents.

"Pinafore" on the lake, Madison Park, Sunday.

The Old Dominion

Is made of straight Virginia tobacco, pure and mild.

Steamer Delta, all points on Port Orchard and U. S. dry dock. Three round trips daily. Fare 25c.

All the rage. What? "Pinafore."