OF A LESSER CRIME.

Van Waters Is Convicted by a Jury of His Peers.

A QUESTION FOR MR. WYMAN.

The Conductor Asked to Say Who Defamed Him—Hays' Railroad Contract Declared Void.

The jury that listened to William Van Waters' story of how he purchased McGerry's trunk from a man named Nickerson (not the county commissioner) did not believe him, and consequently Van Waters now stands before the public a convicted criminal. He was very lucky, however, in that the jury did not think the trunk and goods were worth enough to make the charge grand larceny. This point alone saved Van Waters from going to the penitentiary.

When the verdict was opened in court yesterday morning Van Waters was present and listened to the conclusion of the twelve men who heard the testimony without the slightest indication of what was passing through his mind. The verdict was arrived at after two hours' deliberation.

It is probable that the case in which Van Waters is charged with stealing a sword from J. N. Gilmer, agent of the Bureau of Associated Charities, will be eventually pressed.

Van Waters declared himself as pleased with the verdict. He says that acquittal on his own testimony would have left many doubtful of his innocence, but that with strong corroborative testimony which further developments will disclose, he is certain of complete vindication. Van Waters claims that his explanation would have been accepted by the jury had it not differed in one or two particulars from the state's evidence, and that he will substantiate by competent witnesses every point of his testimony at the trial.

WHO DEFAMED WYMAN?

The Conductor Who Was Discharged Asked to Name the Man.

The first bout between Lester F. Wyman and the Madison Street Cable Railway Company in connection with the former's $10,000 damage suit for defamation of character took place in Judge Humes' court yesterday, when the defendant's motion to make the plaintiff amend his complaint so as to show what officer or agent of the railroad company uttered or published the alleged defamatory statement, and when and to whom the language was spoken.

In his complaint Wyman said: "That on or about June 26 the defendant * * * libeled and defamed the plaintiff by writing, uttering and publishing of and concerning the plaintiff the following language: 'Fares stolen were from different parts of the car, one from a lady and two from gentlemen,' thereby accusing the plaintiff of stealing the property of the defendant, and which words, when published by defendant, were by defendant known to be false, etc. That said publication, etc., was written, uttered and published by the defendant to expose plaintiff to public hatred, contempt and ridicule, and thereby deprive him of the benefits of public confidence and social intercourse."

E. C. Hughes appeared for the railroad company, and in his motion to have the plaintiff make his complaint more specific asked the pertinent questions what officer or agent of the railroad wrote, uttered or published the defamatory language, and in what manner or to whom he uttered it.

The plaintiff has made the contention that a corporation uttered language that defamed him, but the defendant practically says that a corporation cannot defame a person, but its agents or officers might, and it would like to know of Mr. Wyman who did it to him.

Halting Between Two Pleas.

C. G. Reiff, who pleaded guilty in Judge Humes' court day before yesterday to obtaining a fur cape from R. Petkovitz by impersonating Eugene Wilson, has a mind that acts with the wind. Within twenty-four hours he changed his course of action four times, and finally decided to fight the case. Friday he went into court and told Judge Humes he voluntarily pleaded guilty. After he went back to his cell he commenced tugging at his mustache and concluded he had made a mistake and wanted to change his plea. His attorney was sent for and the change of heart made known. Then yesterday he concluded it was as well to plead guilty, but when Judge Humes sentenced Douglas McComble to one year in the penitentiary for stealing personal apparel from R. G. Gates' trunk and gave James Hughes two years for burglarizing George F. Spangenberg's cutlery store, his heart failed him, and after giving his pretty mustache three hard pulls he changed his plea to "not guilty." The state was granted permission to file an amended complaint.

An Interesting Point for Lawyers.

A new point relating to the service of summons in actions of forcible entry and detainer came up in Judge Humes' court yesterday through a motion of the defendant to quash in the case of Verborg Peterson et al. vs. C. McMullen et ux. The law of 1893 provides that the plaintiff or his attorney shall subscribe the summons in a civil action. It has been the practice in actions of forcible entry and detainer for the clerk to subscribe the summons, but Judge Humes yesterday ruled that it should be subscribed by the plaintiff or his attorney, the law of 1891 declaring that in such cases upon filing the complaint a summons must be issued, "as in other cases." The same point is involved in the case of J. W. Clise, administrator vs. A. L. Parker.

The Will of Henry Kriete.

The will of Henry Kriete, who died suddenly of appendicitis on September 4, was deposited with County Clerk Gordon yesterday afternoon by P. Q. Robbins, into whose hands Kriete passed the document after he wrote it, five hours before death. The will was witnessed by Justice of the Peace William Caldwell and A. Windt. He leaves all of his property in King, Whatcom and Kitsap counties, amounting to about $5,000 to his brothers, Ed, George and Frank. He also wills his interest in his father's estate in the same manner. This estate is said to be worth $150,000, and according to the provisions of his father's will he was to be the trustee when his half sister became of age or upon the marriage of his step-mother.

To Foreclose on Front Street Blocks.

The Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company commenced suit in the superior court yesterday afternoon to foreclose a mortgage on the Holyoke block property. The complaint states that Annie M. and Richard Holyoke in 1889 borrowed $43,450 for five years at 6 per cent. from the Jarvis-Conklin Mortgage Trust Company, and gave a mortgage on the Holyoke property, at Front and Spring streets. The mortgage company transferred to the Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company, which now brings suit to foreclose. The same company has already commenced suit to foreclose a $15,000 mortgage on the Griffith block, on Front street, between Madison and Spring streets.

Hays' Railroad Contract Void.

W. F. Hays, who has instituted suit against Lauren Ingels and N. M. Singleton to recover $10,000 for an alleged breach of contract in connection with the Port Discovery, Quillayute & Olympic railroad, tried to convince Judge Osborn yesterday that it would be wrong to grant a nonsuit. He contended that he had a perfect right, acting as president of the corporation, to sell a one-half interest to Ingels and Singleton. After the argument was finished Judge Osborn told Attorney Gam-

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

This is the best medicine in the world for bowel complaints. It acts quickly and can always be depended upon. When reduced with water it is pleasant to take. 25 and 50 cents per bottle. For sale by all druggists.

Mantels...

GRATES AND TILING.

Z. C. MILES CO., Inc. Yesler Ave., Between Front St. and Railroad Ave. T. F. DAVIDSON, Receiver.

ble, for the defense, that he did not care to hear from him, and granted a non-suit on the ground that the contract was void.

CAN'T ACT FOR STATE COURTS.

U. S. Commissioners Disqualified to Verify Papers in Superior Court.

Judge Denney, of the superior court of Snohomish county, yesterday decided one of the most important legal questions which have recently been passed upon by the courts of this state. Ferguson & Robertson, of Haller, in that county, some time ago brought suit to foreclose a number of loggers' liens amounting to about $1,400 against Gierin & Pearl, and the defendants demurred to the complaint on the ground that the liens had been verified before a United States circuit court commissioner, and were for that reason invalid. Argument on the demurrer was had several weeks ago, but owing to the importance of the question Judge Denney took it under advisement at the time, and yesterday he notified Sapp & Lysons, of this city, who were attorneys for the defendants, that he had entered an order sustaining their demurrer to the complaint.

The effect of Judge Denney's decision is that court commissioners have no authority in this state to take acknowledgments of deeds or similar instruments, and no authority to administer oaths outside of United States court matters. It is said that many court commissioners throughout the state have been assuming to act in most all matters where the state statutes have qualified notaries public to act, and by this decision all such acts are invalid.

Plaintiff Entitled to Grace.

The question whether the continuation of a civil case by a justice of the peace to a certain time meant the exact hour or carried with it the usual period of grace was decided by Judge Osborn yesterday afternoon, who held that grace should be allowed. This decision will have the effect of returning the case of Gebbie & Co. vs. Thomas Leatham to Justice Caldwell's court for trial. The suit was for a small amount and had been continued once. When it came up for trial, the plaintiff did not appear at the hour appointed, so a default was given to the defendant. Certiorari proceedings were instituted and the default is set aside.

Wants the Rent or the Property.

The Hall & Paulson Furniture Company obtained an order of restitution in Judge Osborn's court yesterday applying to the premises on Commercial street occupied by Lindstrom & Lambe. Hall & Paulson claim to have rented the store to the defendants in August, 1889, for five years at $45 a month. Rent amounting to $630 is said to be unpaid and the complaint says that no attention has been paid to repeated demands for either the money or restitution of premises. The furniture company also wants $500 damages.

Zetler Denies Jurisdiction.

Harry Zetler, one of the notorious Zetler family, who was convicted in the municipal court last February of living with a notoriously bad woman, and who appealed to the superior court, filed a motion yesterday afternoon to dismiss. He claims that the court has no jurisdiction, and that the city ordinance under which the conviction was had is void.

Cases Set for Trial.

The following cases were set for trial yesterday by Judge Humes:

Carrie Fisher vs. John O. Fisher—September 20.

Foster vs. Foster—September 20.

Walter Crockett vs. R. M. McEntire—September 17.

McKenzie vs. McKenzie—September 20.

New Suits Filed.

The following new suits were filed in the superior court yesterday:

W. H. Sheneman vs. S. F. Mcknight and Nola B. McKnight—Promissory note, $200 and interest at 2 per cent. a month from October, 1894.

Hall & Paulson Furniture Company vs. Lindstrom & Lambe, and A. Goldberg—Rent due, $1,260; damages, $500.

Edith D. Spurr vs. Lizzie McIntyre—Promissory note $2,825, and to foreclose mortgage.

S. F. Myers vs. Jennie G. Clegg et al.—Promissory note $680, and to foreclose mortgage.

Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Company vs. Annie M. Holyoke et al.—Promissory note $43,450, and to foreclose mortgage.

Thomas Hughes vs. Edward McDonald—Promissory note $50, and to foreclose mortgage.

William P. Brook vs. Frank M. Peterson et ux.—Promissory note, $100.

Court and County Notes.

A license to wed was issued yesterday for F. B. Costigan and Stella M. Courtney, both of Seattle.

Carlo Segale was fined $100 and costs yesterday by Judge Humes for hitting G. De Martini with a brick.

Judge Langley disposed of sixty-six motions yesterday morning, thus establishing a King county record.

William G. Dickinson, a subject of Queen Victoria, was admitted to citizenship yesterday by Judge Osborn.

Orders of default were made yesterday by Judge Langley in the following cases: Joseph S. Hunn vs. Lucy W. Millichamp et al.; New England Mortgage Security Company vs. Virginia Bussell et al.

Judge Humes confirmed the sale of property in Yesler's Supplemental addition to Seattle, and also that of acre property described by metes and bounds, to satisfy a judgment obtained by the Washington Central Improvement Company vs. George Newlands.

David F. Le Fevre, assignee of Thomas M. Alvord, filed his report for June yesterday, in which he says he received and paid out $517.60. Claims have been presented as follows: T. B. Hardin, receiver of the Farmers' Insurance Company, $449.45; Schwabacher Bros., $550; Richard Holyoke, $2,000; J. O. Rudene, of Kent, $2,000; Patrick Hayes, $1,575; Richard Jeffs, $10,575. Only the claim of the insurance company has been allowed. The others are said to be indefinite as to amount.

Burlington Service.

Whole hours faster than any other line to Omaha, St. Joseph, Kansas City, St. Louis and all other Southern and Southeastern points.

This is a fact—a plain, unvarnished fact which is demonstrated every day in the year.

Tickets, time-tables and full information on application to the nearest ticket agent, or by addressing M. P. Benton, Puget Sound agent, corner Yesler avenue and Front street.

Election of Road Supervisors.

The election of road supervisors in the ninety-three districts in King county took place yesterday afternoon between the hours of 2 and 7 o'clock. Each district in addition to electing a supervisor had the power of voting a tax of from 6 to 10 mills. If any district fails to vote a tax the county commissioners have the power of fixing it, but not to exceed 6 mills. The returns will come in the first part of this week and be canvassed at the next meeting of the county commissioners.

Heaps of Stoves.

Spelger & Hurlbut, 418 Pike street, Ranke building, have just received a very large shipment of heating and cooking stoves, and it is doubtful if stoves have ever been sold as cheaply in Seattle as this firm is selling them. Be sure and get their prices.

Cut! Cut!. Cut!

Pacific Coast Steamship Company's steamship Walla Walla, sailing from San Francisco on September 12, will carry general merchandise to Seattle at $1 per ton.

"Pet Cigarettes"

Have always been the favorite among the better class of smokers.

1st Regiment band at Leschi Park today.

JEWELER VROOMAN SET FREE.

No Evidence That He Intended to Steal Any Man's Watch.

Henry Vrooman, the young jeweler of this city arrested in Tacoma last Saturday for larceny by embezzlement in leaving the city with a number of watches left to be repaired, was discharged yesterday afternoon by Justice McElwain upon motion of his attorney, George H. Fortson, after the state had rested its case. Nothing was brought out by the state's evidence to show that Vrooman had taken the watches away with criminal intent and it was upon this point that he was discharged. George H. Fortson and Arthur E. Griffin, both members of the same military company as Vrooman, appeared as his counsel, and Prosecuting Attorney Hastie represented the state.

John P. Satterly, the prosecuting witness, testified that he left a watch with Vrooman on August 25 to be repaired and cleaned, and was to call for it on August 31. He called on that date, but discovered that Vrooman had left the day before for Tacoma, on his way East. He immediately placed the matter in the hands of the police, and the same afternoon had Vrooman arrested at Tacoma. He identified the watch among a number brought back with Vrooman.

Dr. H. T. Turner, who has been Vrooman's physician, testified that Vrooman had often told him he thought of taking a trip to California or East for his health.

Detective James Wells told about bringing Vrooman from Tacoma to this city and how he showed him a boxful of watches, each one labeled with the owner's name. He also testified that Vrooman said he had secured a position in the East and intended going there.

Mr. Fortson then moved to discharge the prisoner on the ground that no evidence had been introduced to show that he had intended to defraud any one and that no demand had ever been made on him for property. Justice McElwain, after reading the young man a severe lecture for taking goods that did not belong to him outside the city, no matter with what intent, discharged him.

A SOCIALIST CLUB FORMED.

Fruits of Gronlund's Work in Seattle—His Last Speeches Today.

The Seattle Fabian Society has begun life with ten charter members, as a result of the efforts of Laurence Gronlund, the eminent socialist. The society was organized last Wednesday night at the home of Mrs. Alvah Glover Salmon, 1015 Fourth street. In future members cannot be admitted except by unanimous vote. Among those already enrolled are Mr. and Mrs. Griffith Davies, Prof. J. D. Curtis, of the senior grammar school, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Richardson and Mrs. Salmon.

The object will be to agitate for socialism and after a society is formed in Tacoma to work in common with it.

"I am confident of capturing the state, if all cities do as well as Seattle," said Mr. Gronlund last evening.

Mr. Gronlund will speak twice today, probably for the last time before going to Tacoma. At 4 p. m. he will speak, in English, before the Scandinavian Temperance Union, at the Chamber of Commerce, on "What Shall We Do to Be Saved?" At 8 p. m. he will talk at the rooms of the Theosophical Society on "Collectivism and Its Relation to Theosophy."

TO CAN PUGET SOUND FRUIT.

San Juan County Farmers Want to Secure Paying Prices.

State Senator F. C. Harper, of East Sound, is in the city for the purpose of enlisting the capital to build a fruit cannery at his town. He has not made any definite arrangements as yet, but is pushing the enterprise with all possible energy. He said:

"San Juan is the center of fruit production for the Sound. The fruits are excellent and numerous, including strawberries, apples, prunes, plums and many others, any of which we think would pay better by canning than by trusting to the market, which has been unsatisfactory.

"We only desire to start in on a small scale with the prospect of increasing as the demand will justify. I think with the fine fruits and the location that the plan should be taken up at once, as it is surely a fine opportunity."

INTO A SAWDUST BANK.

Trenches on Front Street Reveal Refuse From Old-Time Mill.

Spurr & Wilmot's men, at work on the trenches on Front street for the James street and Yesler avenue sewer extensions, have dug down about sixteen feet into the ground. They have gone completely past the old street grade and planking, and are now in a sawdust pile from the old Yesler mill that once stood further out toward the bay. The workmen once in a while strike a large log that has been buried for years beneath the street, and in such cases the obstruction has to be cut in two with an ax.

The work of excavating preparatory to paving is showing substantial progress. The cable has been laid bare, and the entire space fenced off to keep an inquisitive public at a distance, while a great mound of earth thrown up from the trenches is visible from a long distance.

Rebuilding the Coal Hoist.

The Seattle Coal and Iron Company has begun the framing for the rebuilding of the broken coal hoist at the foot of Madison street, and will push it pending final action of the city council on the appropriation for the purpose. One of the provisions of the ram's horn settlement was that the city should appropriate $2,700 to pay the cost of moving the hoist thirty feet further eastward when the ram's horn is moved to Railroad avenue. As this money is likely soon to be available, only temporary repairs are being made.

The Yacht Race.

Yesterday's yacht race demonstrated that the patriotism of Americans is not diminishing. They stuck to the Defender through thick and thin and rejoiced in her victory. When it comes to making yachts America leads the world, and when it comes to making beer the Seattle Brewing and Malting Company is ahead of them all. Their Rainier beer is recognized throughout the Pacific coast as the best beer made. In Seattle it is the favorite beer for family use.

Krug Will Soon Go to Walla Walla.

Adolph Krug, whose last hope of freedom was shattered by the decision of the supreme court refusing him a rehearing, will be taken to his prison quarters at Walla Walla as soon as the remittitur arrives from Olympia. Prosecuting Attorney Hastie received official notice of the court's action yesterday and said the remittitur should arrive within a day or two.

With but little care and no trouble, the beard and mustache can be kept a uniform brown or black color by using Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers.

Keeps You Poor.

Indigestion keeps men poor. It muddles the clearest brain. You think it is something else, but—nine times in ten—the trouble is in the digestive tract. One Ripans Tabule gives relief, and their occasional use keeps you right. Ask your druggist for them.

The Daily Post-Intelligencer is now on sale in Portland, Or., at Rich Bros.', 274 Morrison street, Portland Hotel news stand and Northwest News Co., 150 First street.

"The Pet Cigarette"

Is known the world over as the best.

1st Regiment band at Leschi Park today.

See the alligator. Smoke "La Florida."

IN A SOLDIER'S GRAVE

Gen. Kautz's Remains Are Laid by His Comrades,

WITH SIMPLE MILITARY RITES.

Embowered in Flowers, the Great Leader's Body Is Borne by Soldiers to the Earth.

With military honors the remains of the late distinguished Brig. Gen. A. V. Kautz, retired, were deposited yesterday in Lake View cemetery. The ceremony was the simple but impressive one prescribed by the United States army regulations, the arrangements being in charge of Lieut. J. H. Wholley, U. S. A. By order of Mayor Phelps the flags on the public buildings in the city were placed at half-mast. The funeral was attended by a large number of distinguished men, friends of the deceased, and representatives of the state, county, and city governments, and the military societies of which the deceased was a member.

The services were held at the family residence on Eleventh and James streets, at 2 o'clock. The remains lay in a handsome white oak coffin, with silver trimmings, which rested on a mound of ferns and ivy in the parlor, seats being placed for the guests in the two adjoining reception rooms. The dead general wore the decorations of the several orders of which he was a member, among them being three army corps badges and those of the Aztec Society, the Mexican War Veterans, the Loyal Legion and the Grand Army of the Republic. The coffin was covered with the national emblem, in the defense of which his life was spent, and on it rested a great number of beautiful floral offerings. Noticeable among these was a large star of white and Marechal Neil roses, emblematic of the rank of the deceased, a wreath of lilies and white roses, sent by the officers of Vancouver barracks, a large anchor of pink and white roses, a beautiful wreath of Japan lilies, roses, asters and sweet peas, and numerous bunches and baskets of Japan lilies, roses, asters, carnations and sweet peas.

The religious services consisted of the burial service of the Episcopal church, conducted by Rev. D. C. Garrett, and at the request of the family were without an address. A male quartette, consisting of Bart Williams, C. W. Saunders, A. W. Conant and R. H. Lindsay, assisted at the service, singing the hymns, "Lead, Kindly Light," and "Nearer My God to Thee."

The Military Procession.

After the service the veterans and friends of the deceased took a last view of the general's face and the remains were taken to the hearse. A detail of militia consisting of Sergt. U. A. Tucker, Company E; Corps. J. G. Maitland and J. E. Boyer, Company E; Privates William Thomas, J. Morse, Company D, and Private B. W. Smith, Company B, bore the coffin, the honorary pall bearers being Col. Granville O. Haller, Hon. H. G. Struve, Gen. L. P. Bradley, of Tacoma; E. C. Huggins, of Tacoma; E. O. Graves, Mayor Byron Phelps, Dr. F. W. Sparling, Judge J. W. Langley, Hon. Thomas Burke, John Leary, Gov. McGraw, Hon. A. A. Denny, Daniel Jones, Charles Prosch, Congressman W. H. Doolittle.

The pall bearers and veterans of the Grand Army were drawn up along the path of the hearse, and the remains were borne through their open ranks, the militia presenting arms.

As the body was borne to the hearse and on the way to the cemetery, three field musicians with trumpets intoned a dirge. Following the trumpeters in the procession came the escort of militia and veterans. The battalion of militia was in command of Capt. L. B. Parsons, Company E; Lieut. H. J. Moss, Company B; Lieut. H. L. Egell, Company D. About fifty veterans of Miller and Stevens posts turned out with draped banners under Commanders Hurd and Schrack. Nearly every member of the Loyal Legion in the city was present, but as many of them acted as pall bearers they did not participate as a body. Following the escort came the hearse, mourners, pall bearers and friends of the family in carriages.

In Lake View cemetery a temporary grave had been dug in Col. G. O. Haller's lot until arrangements can be made for transferring the remains to the National cemetery at Washington City. After prayer by Mr. Garrett at the grave, the militia fired three volleys, after which Chief Bugler W. L. Lindsley advanced to the foot of the grave and intoned "taps," the soldier's last good night.

Thanks to Mayor Phelps.

The widow and daughters of the deceased have received numerous telegrams of condolence. And yesterday, at the request of Mrs. Kautz, Hon. H. G. Struve sent the following to Mayor Phelps:

"Seattle, Sept. 6, 1895.

"Hon. Byron Phelps, Mayor of Seattle: Mrs. Kautz has requested me to convey to you her high appreciation and sincere thanks for the public honors which you directed to be given to the memory of her departed husband and for your generous tribute to his qualities and services as a soldier and as a man who loved his country and his adopted home. In the hour of grief and affliction your thoughtful remembrance and recognition of the husband and father and the kindly sympathy of many other friends have given much comfort to Mrs. Kautz and her children, which will always gratefully be remembered by them. I remain, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

"H. G. STRUVE."

Mrs. Kautz also feels under deep obligations to Gov. McGraw, to her relatives and many friends, to the newspapers and to the several civic and military bodies for their kindness to her and her family in their bereavement, and will take occasion to express her thanks to them individually when occasion allows.

Messages of Sympathy.

Telegrams continued to arrive at the Kautz home yesterday.

The widow of Maj. Gen. Crook, who was a classmate of Gen. Kautz, sent the following:

"Oakland, Md., Sept. 7, 1895.—Mrs. Gen. A. V. Kautz: All our love and deepest sympathy. We write today.

"MARY M. CROOK."

United States Senator Watson C. Squire wired his representative in this city as follows:

"Rathdrum, Idaho, Sept. 6, 1895.—C. H. Hagan: Immediately telegraph secretary of war requesting escort for Gen. Kautz, deceased. I fear it is too late. Regret my inability to attend funeral.

"W. C. SQUIRE."

Capt. G. S. Anderson, U. S. A., in charge of Yellowstone park, and for many years an aide on Gen. Kautz's staff, sent the following:

"Mammoth Hot Springs, Wyo., Sept. 6, 1895.—Mrs. A. V. Kautz: I sympathize with you most sincerely. Can I do anything for you? Can't you stop here for a rest?

"G. S. ANDERSON."

GEN. KAUTZ IN PIONEER DAYS.

Charles Prosch Tells Reminiscences of His Puget Sound Service.

Charles Prosch, the veteran newspaper man, who in the late '50's was the publisher of the Puget Sound Herald at Steilacoom, remembers the late Gen. Kautz, then a lieutenant, very well, and knew him better at that time than any other living man, except, perhaps, Col. Granville O. Haller. Mr. Prosch said last evening to a Post-Intelligencer reporter:

"I first knew Lieut. Kautz in the early spring of 1858. He had a habit of calling at my office and frequently wrote for the Eastern sporting papers about his experiences with the Indians and upon the frontier generally. He was often of much assistance to me and helped about getting up the news for the Herald.

"Two weeks ago I had a very pleasant visit from him. During our conversation he recalled the time, in 1854, when stationed at Vancouver, he was summoned by the Hudson Bay Company, at Fort Nesqually, to protect it against the Indians. In 1846 the company had yielded its claim to Washington territory, but the trading post was retained here until after the civil war. Kautz built the first barracks of logs, but in 1859 replaced it with one of sawed lumber. But the remarkable feature of it all—and Gen. Kautz spoke of it on his late visit—was the fact that he, for the United States government, paid $600 a year to the Hudson Bay Company for the use of the section of land where the barracks stood. In other words, the company was paid for the rental of something it did not own, and that for the privilege of protecting it from the Indians. This was done annually for ten years.

"At the time when Lieut. Kautz called at my office so frequently, he was about 30 years old, but was turning slightly gray, this being caused by his arduous duties. He was the disbursing officer for the Puget sound district and the department quartermaster. One year he disbursed $375,000, in the building of the post and expenses of the department, buying hay, oats, beef and other supplies.

"I well remember a conversation we had, shortly before he started for Germany in 1859, in which he spoke of his arduous duties, and called attention to the remote chance for promotion. Men of his age were dying at their posts and but few were being advanced. He little dreamed of what the future had in store. He never in his talk even hinted or thought of anything beyond slight promotion, and the idea of his great future career did not occur to either of us. Such men as Maj. Haller, afterwards a colonel; Capt. Hunt, afterwards a famous war general, and Lieut. Col. Casey, also subsequently a major general, were stationed there, but no one ever thought of what the future had in store for them.

"Kautz was highly educated and, while very plain in manners, he and all seemed to expect that the time would come when the knowledge he had acquired of international law and military tactics, would be of service. Among his superior officers were few, if any, so well educated as he. One of his superiors was Capt. Maloney, who was very illiterate. He owed his rank to his service in the Mexican war.

"In the Indian war of 1855-56, Kautz was wounded by a gunshot in the knee, while making a very courageous charge upon the savages in the bush near Fort Steilacoom. The fort was situated in the edge of the large timber adjoining the prairie, and the town, nearly a mile away upon the shore, was well protected. No Indian dared pass between the garrison and the town for fear of the brave young lieutenant. This was the last Indian war.

"The execution of Chief Leschi by the civil authorities in opposition to the wish of the military caused Lieut. Kautz to publish the two issues of the Truth Teller to oppose the idea among many settlers that Leschi should hang and to represent his side in the contention. Col. Haller shared the opinion, and never tired of talking of the circumstances, and considers the hanging a great wrong.

"I am indebted to Col. Haller and Gen. Kautz for protection against drunken soldiers. One named McDonald, who had once been a printers' devil, thought he had the privilege of coming into my office, and would always do so when drunk. He would insist on my going out to drink with him and was, in fact, very dangerous and troublesome. One day, however, Lieut. Kautz happened to be there when McDonald came to the door. Kautz waved his hand at him and said: 'Get out of here at once, McDonald, and never come here again.' To my surprise McDonald, whose name I had never heard before, obeyed, and he never appeared again.

"So many garrisoned towns had been endangered by drunken soldiers, and those at Fort Steilacoom were so constantly drinking at a low grog shop there, that I finally spoke to Maj. Haller about it. He said he would stop it and, arm in arm, we proceeded to the saloon. Inside there were fifty soldiers. There backs were turned as we went in. Maj. Haller walked up to the first one, showing his fine soldierly bearing, and tapped him on the shoulder. The man turned to salute the major and was ordered to return to the garrison. 'I have a pass,' the man replied.

"'That don't make a d——d bit of difference; go at once to the garrison,' said Haller, and the man dared not disobey. He pursued the same tactics with several of the men and each made the same answer, but the major's positive orders triumphed, and no trouble ever came. The quieting of the men was all due to the manly and positive orders of Haller and Kautz.

"Kautz had a brother in the navy, who came to Tacoma after the war, on the gunboat Pensacola. Seeing him on deck, the resemblance being so great, I thought it was my old friend. I grasped him by the hand to greet him, but he said that I must be mistaken, for while he was a brother, he was not A. V. Kautz, whom I probably knew.

"I am indebted to Gen. Kautz for my first information of this country, as I was upon arrival totally ignorant of its manners and customs. He was very well informed and was very kind in giving me the benefit of his experience."

CEDAR BLOCKS FOR LONDON.

Samples Called for and Orders Likely Soon to Follow.

Washington fir and cedar for street paving will in all probability be used in London, England, as the Stetson & Post Mill Company have received a telegram from there asking for samples. These, of course, will be dispatched with all possible haste, and little doubt of a large order may be entertained, for the stone pavements there are not satisfactory in every sense.

The big Indianapolis cedar block contract has been supplied to the extent of sixteen car loads.

James McCann's Hearing Set.

James McCann, one of the actors in the late tragedy at Avondale, who was unable to appear at the preliminary hearing last week on account of his wounded arm, was before Justice McElwain yesterday morning, and had his hearing set for Tuesday, September 10, at 2 o'clock. He was attired in an ordinary black suit, and showed no outward signs of having been engaged in one of the worst tragedies in the history of the state. He sat in the court room for nearly an hour before his attorney arrived, and listened attentively to the business of the court. The attorneys agreed on the time for the hearing, but it is thought, however, that the examination will be waived and McCann bound over with bond.

A Startling Admission.

In New York City, for five consecutive years, the proportion of Deaths from Consumption has been three in every Twenty Persons.

Epidemics of Cholera, Yellow Fever and other diseases of similar character, so terrible in their results, occasion wide spread alarm and receive the most careful consideration for their prevention and cure, while consumption receives scarcely a thought, yet the number of their victims sinks into insignificance when compared with those of consumption. Comparatively few people know what to do for their loved ones when they see them gradually lose strength, lose color, manifest feeble vitality and emaciation, or develop a cough, with difficult breathing, or hemorrhage. Cod liver oil was for a long time given in all such cases, but the poor success attending its use coupled with its nauseating taste has led many practitioners, as well as the public at large, to place their main reliance in Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It deserves early attention and will prove effectual not in every case but in a large percentage of cases, and we believe that fully 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption can, if taken in the early stages of the disease, be cured with the "Discovery." Dr. Pierce does not ask people to believe until they have investigated for themselves. A pamphlet has been published having the names, addresses and photographs of a large number of those cured of consumption, bronchitis, lingering coughs, asthma, chronic nasal catarrh and kindred maladies which will be mailed free to those sending for it with their name and address upon a postal card, or you can have a medical treatise, in book form of 160 pages, mailed to you, on receipt of address and six cents in stamps. You can then write those cured and learn their experiences.

Address for Book, WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

THE RED FRONT

No. 615 Second Street.

We Are Now Here To Stay

And having laid in an immense stock of Clothing, Furnishing Goods, Hats, Shoes, etc., we are better prepared than ever to serve the public.

In Men's and Boys' Clothing we are receiving new lines daily and at prices that are lower than ever.

We have still about 350 pairs of the sample shoes which we put on sale some days ago and which we are disposing of way below factory prices.

We carry the largest assortment of Hats in town, in all the latest blocks.

See our new De Joinville Ties that we are now selling at 45c.

By giving us a call we can save you money on all lines of Gents' Apparel.

THE RED FRONT

615 Second Street, Bailey Building.

RELIC OF A BY-GONE RACE.

Interesting Find Near the Mouth of the Skagit River.

George and William Starbird have found on their father's farm, near the mouth of the Skagit river, what is evidently a relic of a bygone race, and shows that the Puget sound country must have been inhabited long before the arrival of the Indians. This is an oblong boulder of bastard marble, rounded seemingly by the friction of ages.

It was plowed up at a point about two and one-half miles below Fir and half a mile from the river bank in an old beach formation, about three miles from the present beach. The young men were grading a road when they came upon the rock in a ditch about three feet deep. The place had been entirely overgrown by giant fir trees 150 to 200 years old, and as it must have taken a long time to form the half mile of land between the spot and the present river bank, it is estimated that the boulder must have been thrown up fully 1,000 years ago.

But the most remarkable point about this relic is that it plainly shows that the hand of man has worked upon it, as one side of it has been cut down to a perfectly smooth, level edge, and deep, semi-circular grooves have been cut into it lengthwise. Two of these grooves appear on one side and one of them shows evidence of having effaced one made previously, while between the two is a sharp edge, broken down in several places.

There are several theories as to how this work could have been done and for what purpose. One is that the boulder was used to sharpen tools or arrow-heads of metal and that thus the grooves were worn into it. This is supported by the fact that it imparts a good edge to a knife. Another theory is that in some manner strips were cut out of it to be used as arrow-heads. It cannot well have been used by Indians, for the oldest Indians on the Skagit have been shown the relic, and all say they never saw anything like it.

MR. NORTHUP WILL TEACH.

Question Which Has Agitated Houghton Settled by Mr. Hastie.

The little town of Houghton, on the east shore of Lake Washington has been in a subdued state of agitation for some time past as to whether B. L. Northup, an educator of considerable experience, was going to teach the district school. Everything is settled now as Mr. Northup has two of the school directors favorable to him and has also obtained a temporary teachers' certificate from County Superintendent Layhue.

Mr. Northup did not take the teacher's examination recently, but a few days later made application for a temporary certificate, claiming that he had not intended to teach at the time of the examination, but since then had changed his mind. Superintendent Layhue consulted the school law and came to the conclusion that, as Northup had not been kept from the examination by illness and was in the county all the time, he was barred from receiving a temporary certificate. Northup was persistent, however, and finally Everett Smith, who represented him, got Mr. Layhue to say he would abide by the opinion of Prosecuting Attorney Hastie. Mr. Hastie gave an opinion that Northup ought to have a temporary certificate until the next quarterly examination. This was a great surprise to Mr. Layhue, but he finally issued the certificate and gaave Mr. Northup to understand he did it under protest and simply because he had agreed to submit to Prosecuting Attorney Hastie's opinion.

Their Flight Was Stopped.

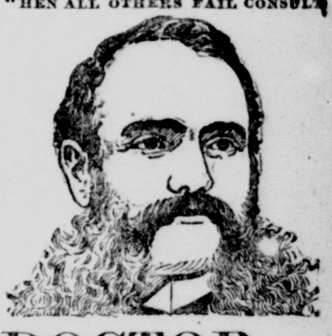
J. J. Covert and J. W. Smiley, the absconding laundry wagon drivers of Tacoma, were arrested in this city yesterday morning at the Great Northern passenger station by Detective Evans, of Tacoma, and Detective Phillips, of this city. Each had a ticket for the East. They were taken to Tacoma on the 2:45 p. m. Flyer.

See the alligator. Smoke "La Florida."

1st Regiment band at Leschi Park today.

Pet cigarettes are the best.

WHEN ALL OTHERS FAIL CONSULT



DOCTOR SWEANY

Recognized by the medical fraternity as the leading and most successful specialist in the United States.

The friend and benefactor of suffering humanity, who for a number of years has had permanent offices at Seattle, where the sick and afflicted can receive treatment in the future, as they have in the past, from this noted philanthropist whose fame is being spread from the Pacific to the Atlantic coast.

ALL ARE INVITED, AND NO SUFFERING HUMAN BEING WILL BE TURNED AWAY.

THE POOR

Who call at his offices Fridays are welcome to his services

FREE OF CHARGE.

WHAT IS THE REASON OF DOCTOR SWEANY'S SUCCESS, AND WHY DO THE SICK PEOPLE OF SEATTLE AND VICINITY CROWD HIS OFFICE DAILY?

BECAUSE

He has succeeded in effecting a cure of diseases before which all others stood powerless; because his fame has preceded him, and the honors he received at the leading Eastern hospitals, as well as in Europe, were the highest ever bestowed upon anybody; because he has testimonials from men of the highest standing in life as well as from those of a lower station; because he is not only a doctor, but a Christian and a philanthropist; because his treatment is unsurpassed by any, and he has no equal.

It is a part of judgment and sense to seek Dr. Sweany now, instead of squandering time and money upon the uncertainties of patent medicines and picayune specialists.

ALL PRIVATE DISEASES OF MEN AND WOMEN POSITIVELY CURED IN THE SHORTEST POSSIBLE TIME.

Young, Middle-Aged and Old Men.

If you are victims of youthful indiscretions and unnatural losses, if you are on the road to idiocy, insanity and the grave, if gloom and melancholy, morbid fear and unnatural lust pervades your mind, if you are despondent and downhearted, if you have lost all energy and ambition, if you have an aversion to society, if your memory is failing and you are unfit for business or study, you should consult Dr. Sweany before it is too late. Get well and be a man.

Diseases of Women.

If you are suffering from any of the diseases peculiar to your sex, you should call or write to Dr. Sweany, and he will tell you just what can be done for you. He has succeeded in building up the most shattered and brokendown constitutions, and will bring back to you that health, strength and beauty which every woman should possess.

You Can Be Cured at Home.

There are thousands cured at home by correspondence. Write your troubles if living away from the city. The strictest secrecy is observed, so cast aside all feelings of shame to consult the Doctor. He is conversant in all modern languages.

Method of Treatment.

No poisonous or injurious mineral drugs are used, but the medicines are all compounded from the very choicest, purest and most effective medical plants, roots and herbs in the