THE SEATTLE POST-INTELLIGENCER.

VOL. XXVIII. NO. 146. SEATTLE, WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 9, 1895. EIGHT-PAGE EDITION.

There's No Question

But what you'll have to pay more for Flannels, but not as long as our present stock lasts. We foresaw the rise coming and laid in a big lot at the late low prices. If you are wise you'll take warning and buy now. The weather won't keep like this always.

50 Pieces Fancy Eiderdown Flannel,

Suitable for Ladies' Wrappers, Children's Cloaks, Men's Bath Robes, etc. Exquisite Patterns. Extremely low prices.

35c, 40c, 50c

75 Pieces Fancy Scotch Flannels,

Fast colors and non-shrinkable. Special low prices,

25c, 35c, 40c, 50c

White Flannels.

Heavy Shaker Flannel, 5c yard.
Extra Heavy Shaker Flannel, 10c yard.
All-Wool 3-4 Flannel, 25c yard.
All-Wool 3-4 Flannel, 35c yard.
Extra Fine All-Wool Flannel, 40c yard.

Red Flannels.

Heavy Twilled Flannel, 25c yard.
Fine Heavy Twilled Flannel, 35c yard.
Very Fine Twilled Flannel, 40c a yard.
Medicated Rheumatism Flannel, 60c yard.
Extra Heavy Medicated Flannel, 60c yard.

Blue Flannels.

Navy Blue Twilled, 25c.
Twilled Navy Blue, 30c.
Fine Blue Twilled, 35c.

French Flannels.

Fine All-Wool Twilled, 50c yard.

Silk and Wool.

36-inch Silk Warp Flannel, 90c a yard.

Linen and Wool.

Linen Warp Flannels, 50c and 75c yard.

Eiderdown Flannels.

Plain Eiderdown Flannels, all colors, 35c yard.

W. P. BOYD & CO.,

Front Street and Pioneer Square.

USE STAR OF THE KITCHEN SOAP

It leaves the hands soft and makes them white, and beats the world for cleaning paint. Can be found at the following grocery stores: Conner Bros., Louch, Augustine & Co., L. M. Newman Co., Hemphill, Love & Co., J. W. Kahle, Guy Bros., Seattle Grocery Co., C. G. Sanborn, Seattle Trading Co., Stetson Bros., Lyons & Co., B. Marshal & Co., Keene Mercantile Co., E. W. Small, Phil J. Gabel, Wm. Dudler, M. T. Summers, C. M. Layman, W. A. Hawkins & Co., Stall & Campbell and A. C. Schultz, A. G. Thompson of Ballard.

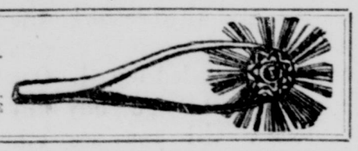
Retail Grocers Supplied by Webb & Co., Seattle, Wash.

Imported Dill Pickles.

LOUCH, AUGUSTINE & CO.,
815 and 817 Front St.

Hams, Bacon, Lard.
ASK FOR F. B. Co. ...BRAND
Made in Seattle.

ALBERT HANSEN,
Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Silver Novelties, etc.
706 Front street.
Sole agent for the celebrated PATEK, PHILLIPPE & CO. WATCHES.



Monitor Steel Ranges
Round Oak Stoves.....
Ideal Oil Heaters

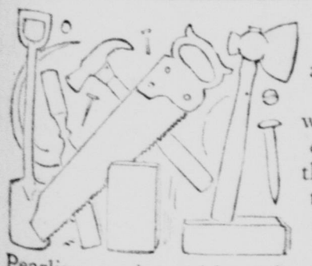
The John Schram Company.
1012 AND 1014 FRONT STREET.

"SAY AYE 'NO' AND YE'LL NE'ER BE MARRIED." DON'T REFUSE ALL OUR ADVICE TO USE

SAPOLIO

Blankets, Woolen Sheets.....

By the pair or yard. Comforts made of pure white wool. Woolen Blanketing, 10-4 wide, by the yard. Flannels, Cloths and Cassimeres. Strictly home product. SEATTLE WOOLEN MILL CO., 119 Front St., Seattle, Wash.



Hard-ware, and a good deal of it, comes to the clothes that are washed without **Pearline.** It's spelled differently, but it gets there just the same. Not with **Pearline,** though. The rub, rub, rub that makes all the hard wear and the hard work is left out. **Pearline** washes without it. Practically, it washes without you, and without any of the troubles, drawbacks and losses that you want to avoid. But you can always depend upon three things that **Pearline** washes **with.** These are ease, safety and profit.

Beware Peddlers and some unscrupulous grocers will tell you, "this is as good as" or "the same as Pearline." IT'S FALSE—Pearline is never peddled, if your grocer sends you an imitation, be honest—*send it back* 326 JAMES PYLE, New York.

YAKIMA FAIR OPENED.

A Big Excursion Train From Seattle and Tacoma.

THE EXHIBITS VERY FINE.

Chief Moses Extends the Glad Hand to Gov. McGraw.

The Sheriff Levies on the Whatcom Populist Organ—The Supreme Court Decides the Plate Case—Return of the Seal Patrol Fleet From Bering Sea.

North Yakima, Oct. 8.—Special.—The Yakima fair was formally opened today, with an address by Judge Carroll B. Graves, of Ellensburg, followed by Gov. McGraw. The exhibits were all in place, and everything passed off most satisfactorily. The horticultural and agricultural displays in the pavilion are pronounced superior to anything ever seen hitherto in the Northwest, and the general comment is that in the way of a fair, enterprising Yakima has risen superior. Twelve car loads of excursionists from Seattle and Tacoma arrived at 2:30 p. m., and were heartily welcomed by the citizens. The assembly is the largest by far ever held in Central Washington, and the accommodations and hospitalities of this little city are taxed to the utmost. Much favorable comment is passed upon the exhibits of Seattle and Tacoma merchants and manufacturers, while the First Regiment band is winning golden opinions.

Among the side issues of the day was an audience between Gov. McGraw and Chief Moses. The governor was desirous of meeting the chief, and considered it diplomatic courtesy to go half way, but the dignity of Moses is supreme at times, and he must be approached properly, and even after the introduction he turned coldly away until his official interpreter ceremoniously conducted the affair. Then he relaxed and said he was as an untutored child before his excellency, but he welcomed him to the land which had once been all his and his people's. His heart was as an open book for his friend to read, and it told of his friendship to the whites. He had traveled much and seen more palefaces than there were leaves on the trees, and they must follow in the footsteps and practice the ways of the whites or perish like bunch grass before the plow. The governor and Moses parted as became high dignitaries, with mutual expressions of regard.

Tonight there is a grand ball, with an attendance of 400, and tomorrow the war dances and other ceremonies will be held.

THE SEAL PATROL FLEET.

Arrival of the Corwin, Grant and Perry From Bering Sea.

Whatcom, Oct. 8.—Special.—The revenue cutters Corwin, Capt. Munger, and Grant, Capt. Tozier, arrived last night direct from Bering sea, and the Perry, Capt. Smith, came in this morning. They had to run very slowly for several days on account of the dense fog. The Grant coaled this morning and left at 11 o'clock for Port Townsend. The Corwin will also go to Port Townsend when she coals, but the Perry has orders to proceed direct to San Francisco. The three captains report this season's work almost entirely destitute of incidents worthy of special mention. With great unanimity they decline emphatically though courteously to be quoted as to their opinions upon the sealing regulations adopted at Paris, which have before been characterized as little short of "idiotic," since they sanction the wholesale slaughter of female seals during the breeding season instead of protecting them. The catch this season is variously estimated at from 40,000 to 50,000 skins, and as 65 per cent. are those of female seals, and for each dead female a dead pup may be counted upon the rookeries, it is evident that the slaughter this year may be calculated at from 65,000 to 85,000. The largest catch is that of the schooner Triumph, of Victoria, which has 2,700 skins, and the next largest that of the Sapphire, also of Victoria, 2,500 skins. They carried Indian hunters and had twenty and twenty-two canoes respectively. There were fifty-two schooners in the Canadian and American fleets and also a number from Japan. Capt. Smith thinks the total number was about seventy. He and Capt. Tozier cruised most of the time outside the prohibited zone, while Capt. Munger remained inside the limit. Only three seizures were made, and they were all made by the Rush, the flagship of the fleet, which was due at San Francisco yesterday. All of the sealers, except one which was outside the patrolled area, were boarded several times. The regulations, however, were very generally complied with, as indeed they should be, as they could hardly be more favorable to the sealers had they prepared them themselves.

Port Townsend, Oct. 8.—Special.—The cutter Grant arrived from Whatcom this afternoon, having stopped at that port for coal. The Corwin comes over tomorrow, and both vessels will be paid off here, after which the Corwin will proceed to Astoria. The Perry will leave Whatcom tomorrow or Thursday, direct for San Francisco, where she will be thoroughly overhauled. It is now definitely decided that the Grant will remain on the Sound and the Perry go to San Diego after repairing at San Francisco. There is not likely to be any change in the personnel of officers. It is the opinion of those best posted that Capt. Hooper on returning from Washington City will be appointed superintendent of construction of the new revenue cutter, in which case the Rush will probably be temporarily commanded by Capt. Tuttle, now superintending the construction of revenue launches here. The Grant does not appear very rusty after her long cruise, and the officers and men are in good health. She made no seizures, and from general report has not been overworked.

Washington City, Oct. 8.—Capt. Hooper, in command of the Bering sea patrol fleet during the summer, has been granted thirty days' leave before coming to Washington City to report. Early in November reports from other commanders and the government agent on the seal islands will be received, and Capt. Hooper and the treasury officials can confer with all facts before them during Capt. Hooper's visit here. It is expected the regulations for next year will be formulated. Up to this time the department has received no information authentically upon which to base a statement of the catch outside the prohibited zone. The number of seals which were taken on the islands during the year, however, is said to have been less than in any previous year.

NO ROOM FOR THE CRICKET.

She Is Unable to Secure a Place to Land at Tacoma.

Tacoma, Oct. 8.—Special.—The steamer Cricket is not having altogether smooth sailing in these waters. The Cricket went on the Seattle-Tacoma run September 11, it will be remembered, and made a rate that slashed right into the business of the Flyer, Multnomah and Aberdeen. She secured wharfage at the Commercial dock at a stipulated rental per month, which is $10 higher than the Flyer pays at the Ocean wharf. Before the month was up Capt. E. M. Barrington, who owns the trim little boat, was notified by Manager Merrill that he must secure wharfage somewhere else. Although Capt. Barrington was somewhat surprised at Manager Merrill's action, he nevertheless cast about for another place to land. He applied to Freight Agent A. O. Canfield, who has charge of the Ocean dock, but was referred to General Agent Tinling. Capt. Barrington was unable to secure a final answer from Mr. Tinling, he says, and was told to see Agent Canfield again. He was at last given to understand that there was not room enough for his boat at the Northern Pacific wharf.

The Tacoma Land Company owns the Commercial dock and the water front on each side of it as well. To General Manager I. M. Anderson Capt. Barrington applied for dockage. Mr. Anderson expressed much interest in the captain's troubles and went to see the Commercial dock people, but to no avail. The three lots north of the Commercial dock are leased, Mr. Anderson says, to that company. The general manager said today that anything his company owns south of the Commercial dock is at Capt. Barrington's disposal. "I do not want to see the Cricket driven away from here," said Mr. Anderson to the Post-Intelligencer correspondent. "On the contrary I hope they will be able to make satisfactory arrangements to do business here."

Manager Merrill, of the Commercial dock, said, "It is simply a question of room. We have thirteen boats to take care of outside of the Cricket, and with the improvements and alterations in progress at our wharf, we cannot put our other boats to serious inconvenience to accommodate Capt. Barrington's boat. I thought at first we could handle the Cricket, but when the other boats complained we had no other course but to ask Capt. Barrington to look elsewhere for dockage."

General Agent Tinling said today that the Northern Pacific dock was so crowded and things were being torn up so with the new warehouses that are being built, that there was no room for the Cricket.

Capt. Barrington has not yet given up hope. It is understood he has retained a lawyer and will make a fight for his rights.

THE BANCROFT CO. WINS.

Will Not Have to Pay the Cost of Composition of Supreme Court Reports.

Olympia, Oct. 8.—Special.—The supreme court today filed an opinion in the case of the state, ex rel. Bancroft-Whitney Company, against Secretary of State Price, respondent, a proceeding in mandamus which directs the respondent to receive 300 copies of volume 10, Washington supreme court reports, and give relator a certificate of acknowledgment thereof upon relator's complying with the offer to purchase the plates of the former nine volumes, as specified in the law passed by the last legislature, in which it was provided that the company would enter into a contract with the secretary to reprint volumes and keep for sale for not less than ten years sufficient to supply all demands at $2.50 a volume. The case hinged upon the question as to what constituted the cost of the plates, and whether composition entered into the matter. The supreme court decides that it does not, but was a necessary part of the work in publishing the reports originally, and making the plates was a secondary matter and caused no additional work in publishing originally, nor increased the cost of the first publication.

Brief Tacoma News.

Tacoma, Oct. 8.—Special.—The handsome new quarters of the Doolittle Republican Club in the old courthouse were formally opened tonight. The reception was attended by many prominent Republicans from the county and the state and was a complete success.

The case against W. B. Allen, E. S. Alexander and Frank Carpenter, charged with contempt, has been postponed till October 17, owing to the serious illness of Mr Alexander.

Secretary Samuel Collyer and other members of the Chamber of Commerce are attending the Yakima fair.

The paving of Pacific avenue came near receiving a very serious setback today. When the city settled with Contractor Berens this morning on the first two estimates, the controller held back a portion of the $1,400 allowed for expense of engineering, inspection and advertising, which was to have been taken out before final settlement. At first the contractor refused to accept the warrants tendered him, and ordered his men to quit work, but subsequently reconsidered his decision, and the work will proceed.

In a search of the county jail today Deputy Sheriff Paulhamus found several steel saws, a new file and a handkerchief tied around a stone, making a dangerous slug.

A Seal Hunter Drowned.

Victoria, Oct. 8.—The sealer Agnes McDonald, which arrived from Bering sea this evening, reports that on the night of September 19 William Fewings, a hunter, fell overboard and was drowned before he could be found in the fog by boats launched. He was aged 40, was married, and had been a seal hunter more than ten years.

Sealers deny the story of Capt. White, of the San Francisco schooner Eppinger, that they used guns in the sea, and say that if they had the skins would have shown it. They say also that the reason the Eppinger did not get any seals was because her spears were useless, being made in Japan of bamboo, with three points. Local hunters who saw them say they were worthless.

Everett to Issue Bonds.

Everett, Oct. 8.—Special.—The city council last night by resolution directed the issuing of bonds of the city of Everett to the amount of $81,900, as authorized at the election held June 15 last. The bonds are in two series, one-half payable in ten years and one-half payable in twenty years, all drawing interest at the rate of 6 per cent. The resolution directs the city treasurer to deliver the bonds to Morris & Whitehead, of Portland, in exchange at par for the warrants they are to cancel, as fast as the warrants are presented by them in exchange, in amounts of not less than $1,000.

The Sheriff Seizes a Populist Paper.

Whatcom, Oct. 8.—Special.—The sheriff took possession of the Champion newspaper plant here today under a chattel mortgage, and Frank I. Sears, publisher of the Fairhaven World-Herald, who recently acquired from Elliot Stewart a half interest in the Champion, has applied for a receiver for what is left—that is, the subscription list and good-will. The Champion is the organ of the Populist party, and has for several months been issued from the World-Herald office. The plant here lies practically idle. W. D. Jenkins is the publisher.

A Miner Killed.

Wallace, Idaho, Oct. 8.—John McDonald was crushed to death by a falling timber this afternoon. He was helping to hoist a heavy timber in the Frisco mine when a chain broke. Death was instantaneous, his neck being broken.

A Pioneer Woman Dead.

Garfield, Oct. 8.—Mrs. Alvin Manring, one of the pioneer women of this section, died yesterday. She and her husband were the first settlers in this neighborhood. One of her sons is treasurer of Whitman county.

Wm. R. Hearst's New York Paper.

New York, Oct. 8.—William R. Hearst, the California journalist, has purchased the Journal. Mr. Hearst finished his examination of the books and formally entered on his duties as editor and proprietor last night. Samuel Chamberlain, formerly of the New York Herald, who has been managing editor of the Examiner for several years, also assumed his role of managing editor of the Journal.

Confusion as to the choice of a blood-purifier is unnecessary. There is but one best Sarsaparilla, and that is Ayer's. This important fact was recognized at the World's Fair, Chicago, 1893, being the only blood purifier admitted to be placed on exhibition.

ARKANSAS ALL RIGHT.

The Governor Seems to Have Sporting Blood in Him.

WON'T CALL THE LEGISLATURE.

Will Enforce the Law, but Considers the Law to Be Inadequate.

The Mayor and Attorney of Hot Springs at Dallas Making Arrangements for Corbett and Fitzsimmons—The Governor of Texas Pursuing Dan Stuart, His Personal Enemy.

Little Rock, Ark., Oct. 8.—"You can say for me that I would not convene the legislature in a special session to stop it, if they were to fight in the statehouse yard." Gov. Clark used this language in conversation with an Associated Press representative today in reference to his probable action in the event that the Corbett-Fitzsimmons contest should be advertised to take place in Hot Springs. His manner was so deliberate and emphatic that there could be no possible doubt of the earnestness of the governor. Gov. Clark was in a most amiable frame of mind, and talked freely concerning the latter phase of the situation. "I do not really know anything about it," he said, "but I have heard a great many rumors about schemes to hold the contest in Arkansas. It looks though as if they mean to bring it off at Hot Springs, sure enough. The fact that Mayor Waters and City Attorney Martin, of Hot Springs, are in Dallas negotiating with the managers of the affair indicates that Hot Springs wants it, and they will very likely get it."

"Will you interfere should they attempt to bring it off there?"

"My position in that regard is well known. You may say that I will do everything in my power to prevent the fight; that I will go as far as the law as it now stands gives me authority to go, and no farther. Mr. Martin is city attorney at Hot Springs, and is a lawyer of much ability. He knows as well as myself or any one else how far my authority goes, and he seems to have decided that I, as an officer who has taken the oath to enforce the law as I find it, will go to the end of my authority, and stop at it, and that is just what I will do. I am not disposed just now, however, to say what my action will be should they attempt to bring the contest off in Arkansas, but you can say for me that I would not convene the legislature in special session to stop it if they were to fight in the statehouse yard. I shall see the law enforced, but I will not put the people to the expense of a special session of the legislature to prevent a misdemeanor and then perhaps have the legislature refuse to indorse the action. Personally I am opposed to pugilism. In 1891 the legislature passed an act making prizefighting a felony. I was in the legislature at that time, and voted for the bill. But the people were not satisfied with that law, for the very next session they repealed it, and enacted in its stead a law reducing the offense to a misdemeanor. That is the law now, and it will be enforced. With the legislature to be called I have little reason to believe that the state law would be changed. Nine out of ten senators now in commission are members who voted for the law as it stands now on the statute books."

Gov. Clark stated that he had no doubt that the local peace officers would do their whole duty in the matter should a violation of the law be threatened at Hot Springs or elsewhere in Arkansas.

PURSUING DAN STUART.

The Governor of Texas Seeking to Obtain His Indictment.

Dallas, Tex., Oct. 8.—A puzzling turn was taken by Gov. Culberson and his administration this morning, which created some surprise, not only at the headquarters of the Florida Athletic Club, but among the people generally who heard of it. It looks as if the glove contest affair has reached the war-to-the-knife stage, so far as Gov. Culberson and Attorney General Crane are concerned. Attachment papers were received by Sheriff Cable from Austin to be served on W. K. Wheelock, secretary of the Florida Athletic Club; W. A. Brady, manager of J. J. Corbett; Martin Julian, manager of Bob Fitzsimmons, and Joe Vendig. These parties are summoned as witnesses before the Travis county grand jury. W. A. Brady, accompanied by John Farrell, arrived in the city at 9 a. m., coming from San Antonio. They at once proceeded to the headquarters of the Florida Athletic Club, where Mr. Brady met Mayor Waters and City Attorney Martin, of Hot Springs, who have been here several days in consultation with President Dan Stuart. While Mr. Brady was talking to the Arkansas men Sheriff Cable entered the office of the club and announced that he had attachments for W. K. Wheelock, W. A. Brady, Martin Julian and Joe Vendig. The latter is the Eastern representative of the Florida Athletic Club. Vendig and Julian had not at that hour reached the city. Brady and Wheelock gave bonds in the sum of $150 each for their appearance. Martin Julian, accompanied by Ernest Roeber, arrived at 11 a. m. from the south, and proceeded to the Oriental hotel. The first man to introduce himself to Julian was Sheriff Cable. Julian also gave bonds.

Mr. Stuart's friends say that it is now clear that the governor and the attorney general are not so fiercely after prizefighters as they are after Dan Stuart, whom for political and other reasons they have determined to crush if there is sufficient power in their positions. The friends of Mr. Stuart say that the very fact that Stuart is not summoned before the Travis county grand jury shows that his testimony is not desired, but rather testimony against him. They claim that the governor and attorney general have trumped up an old, musty law which they hope to make serve their purpose. It is article 960, title 18, chapter 1, penal code of Texas, which provides that a "conspiracy entered into in this state for the purpose of committing any felony in any of the other states or territories of the United States or in any foreign territory shall be punished in the same manner as if the conspiracy so entered into was to commit the offense in this state." The penalty for such conspiracy, under the Texas code, is "confinement in the penitentiary for not less than two nor more than five years." The question has been asked: "What's the matter with the Dallas county grand jury?"

The meeting to select and settle upon the battlefield will take place some time tomorrow. The governor's action is regarded as harsh to an extreme degree. President Stuart at noon received a telegram from New York which reads: "Reliable parties in Melbourne, Australia, cable an offer to Corbett and Fitzsimmons of $20,000." Mr. Stuart had no reply to make.

HOT SPRINGS, PROBABLY.

Sporting Men Already Engaging Rooms at the Hotels.

Hot Springs, Ark., Oct. 8.—All appearances lead people here to believe that the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight will take place in this city. Last night telegrams were received from Mayor Waters, at Dallas, saying that it was practically settled that Hot Springs would get the big fight. The fact that rooms at one of the hotels were already being engaged in advance today by sporting men confirms the belief here that the tip is a straight one.

Dallas, Oct. 8.—Martin Julian, for Fitzsimmons, W. A. Brady, for Corbett, President Stuart, Joe Vendig and Secretary Wheelock, of the Florida Athletic Club, met tonight and agreed that the date and place of the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight shall be named in the next forty-eight hours by the Florida Athletic Club.

Corbett's Trainers Arrested.

San Antonio, Oct. 8.—Delaney, Daly, Donaldson and Joe Corbett, trainers of the champion, were arrested today by Deputy Sheriff Nasher on an attachment from the Travis county grand jury, citing them to appear at Austin tomorrow. They were given the option of giving bonds and going themselves, but they elected to go with the officers, as by submitting to custody the expense of the trip is thrown on the state. Corbett does not know what the move means. The matter does not worry Corbett in the least, except that the absence of his trainers will retard work for a day or two. He received a telegram during the afternoon from Brady, at Dallas, saying that the prospects are that Hot Springs or some place in New Mexico will be chosen for the battle ground.

John L. Sullivan Defends His Trade.

Cleveland, Oct. 8.—Although confident the battle between Corbett and Fitzsimmons will be fought, John L. Sullivan is apprehensive of the result of the war Gov. Culberson is making on pugilism. "All such attacks as those made by the Texas governor and the mayor of Cleveland," said Sullivan, "tend to degrade the noble art of boxing in the estimation of the people. If that fight in Dallas is stopped, pugilism will receive a blow so serious that it will never recover until conditions are greatly changed. Although the tendency of the age is in the direction of the depreciation of the art, I feel so sure of the American people that I am willing to wager dollars to beans that the time is not far off when the manly art will be in its rightful place, where all will do it honor. Such affairs as the meeting of Corbett and Fitzsimmons tend to elevate the art in the minds of men. If right prevails, pugilism will have a great future before it."

"Do you think Corbett has any rivals for the championship now?"

"No one can tell anything about it," said he. "I feel confident, however, that there is a man in the heavyweight class who will in time be the champion of the world. I refer to Peter Maher. I know every fiber of that boy's body, and I tell you he has championship blood in him. If Corbett wins the fight, and I am inclined to think he will, Maher will be matched against him later."

CLEVELAND WINS THE CUP.

Baltimore Badly Beaten in the Fifth and Decisive Game.

Baltimore, Oct. 8.—The Temple cup goes to Cleveland, the winner of today's game and the series. The champions were outplayed at every point. Up to the seventh inning, however, it looked as if either side might win, although Hoffer suffered rather more than Young and the visitors got the most men on bases. After this there was trouble, and the home team had all of it. Young opened the fatal period with a corking double to center and Burkett followed with a single to right field. Then McKean went out. The next man to the bat popped up an easy fly to Kelly in left field, and should have been out. He was not though, by a long shot, for Kelly dropped the fly and Childs went to first, Young coming home with the first run of the game. Then McAleer banged the ball out in Brodie's bailiwick for a single, and Burkett came home. More anguish was caused when Capt. Tebeau hit safely to right, bringing in Childs. Zimmer ended the agony by striking out. The Orioles made a tally in their end of the seventh, but the Spiders more than neutralized it by adding two to their string in the eighth. In the last half of the ninth matters looked critical for a few minutes, as Young became wild and sent McGrath and McAleer to bases on balls, after which he hit Jennings and the bases were full. Clarke and Hoffer had been put out before this, however, and the best the champions could do was a single run, which McGrath brought in on Kelly's hit. Then Brodie rapped a light one to Young, who threw it to Tebeau before Steve's brogans could reach bag No. 1. The game was over, the Temple cup was lost and won, and the hearts of the Baltimore rooters was as lead within their breasts. Nine thousand people saw the game. The score:

		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1—2	9	5	
Cleveland	0 0 0 0 0 0 3 2 0—5	11	3	

Batteries—Hoffer and Clarke; Young and Zimmer. Earned runs—Baltimore, 1; Cleveland, 2. Two-base hits—Blake, Young, McGraw. Sacrifice hits—Keeler, Gleason, Young. Stolen bases—Clarke, McGraw, Childs. Struck out—By Hoffer, 3; by Young, 1. Base on balls—Off Hoffer, 4; off Young, 2. Struck by pitcher—Young. Time—3 hours. Umpire—Keefe.

The Yacht Challenger.

New York, Oct. 8.—The written challenge of the Royal Victoria Yacht Club, on behalf of Mr. C. D. Rose, for the America's cup, has been received by the New York Yacht Club. A special meeting to consider it has been called for Monday evening, October 14.

Baseball Game at Spokane.

Spokane, Oct. 8.—The All American and St. Paul baseball clubs, under the management of Barnes and Comiskey, played to a crowd of 500 here today. The All Americans won by a score of 7 to 3.

SPORTING NOTES.

At the Detroit races Tuesday the winners were: Five furlongs, selling, Virgin, 1:03¼; six furlongs, Merry Queen, 1:16½; one mile, Direlect, 1:46; six and one-half furlongs, selling, Hallowe'en, 1:25½; one mile, Uncle Jim, 1:45½.

At the Sheffield, Ind., races Tuesday the winners were: Six furlongs, Minnie Cee, 1:22; five furlongs, Brametta, 1:08¼; five and a half furlongs, Liberty Bell, 1:15¼; five and a half furlongs, Queen Bess, 1:15; seven furlongs, Gunwad, 1:37.

At the San Francisco races Tuesday the winners were: Five furlongs, maidens, Treachery, 1:02½; five furlongs, selling, Monitor, 1:02; five furlongs, selling, Red Rose, 1:03; six furlongs, Fannie Louise, 1:14¾; one mile, selling, Warrago, 1:40¾.

At the Latona (Cincinnati) races Tuesday the winners were: One mile, Maid Marian, 1:43¼; six furlongs, selling, Santa Maria, 1:16; five and one-half furlongs, Ben Holiday, 1:09¾; Avondale stakes, one mile, Glane d'Or, 1:44; five furlongs, Anna Garth, 1:02¾.

At the Gravesend races Tuesday the winners were: Six furlongs, Emotional, 1:17; mile and a sixteenth, selling, Gov. Sheehan, 1:50¾; Neptune stakes, six furlongs, Heresy, 1:17¼; one mile, Lucania, 1:44¾; one mile and three-sixteenths, Galilee, 2:02; six furlongs, selling, Sirocco, 1:17¾.

The Wilkesbarre Mine Accident.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Oct. 8.—The bodies of three engineers and a fire boss killed in the explosion in the Dorrance mine last night were recovered early this morning. The list of the dead is: William Jones, mining engineer, aged 32; William Cahill, mining engineer, 21; Llewellyn Owens, mining engineer, 21, a son of Division Superintendent Owens, of Pittston; David J. Davis, fire boss. Michael Morris, Rob Miller and Robert Blanchard, brought out of the mine last night, are still in a precarious condition.

The Hesper Murderers to Be Hanged.

San Francisco, Oct. 8.—United States Marshal Baldwin received word today that President Cleveland had refused to interfere in the cases of Hans Hansen and Thomas St. Clair, convicted of the murder of the mate of the bark Hesper and sentenced to death. An appeal was made to the president as a last resort. Both men will be hanged at San Quentin on Friday, October 18.

Priest Wagner Indicted Again.

St. Joseph, Mo., Oct. 8.—A fourth indictment was returned against Father Dominick Wagner today. It charges the priest with having embezzled $1,500 of the funds of St. Mary's church, of which he was pastor. Wagner will be prosecuted on this last indictment.

EXPOSE BY SACKVILLE

Tricks of Leading American Politicians Laid Bare.

THEY TRUCKLE TO THE IRISH.

Blaine Was Open in His Denunciation of Great Britain.

Sackville Rejoiced to See Him Beaten—Bayard, Who Disliked the Irish, Feared Them—How the Perfidious Republicans, Led by One Quay, Trapped the British Minister—Insolence of a Dime Museum Manager—The People Generally Ill-Disposed Toward England.

New York, Oct. 8.—A special cable to the World from London says: An extraordinary and in many respects unprecedented publication by a British or other high diplomat has been discussed during the past few days among the foreign representatives to the court of St. James. This is a handsomely printed pamphlet marked: "For private circulation only," and entitled: "My Mission to the United States, '81-89," and has just been issued by Lord Sackville, who, as Sir Lionel Sackville West, K. C. M. G., was the English minister to Washington City for the period named. It will be remembered that President Cleveland, almost on the eve of the election of 1888, sent Sir Lionel his passports because of a letter written by him to an alleged Englishman in California, commenting on the approaching election. This pamphlet is Lord Sackville's defense and explanation, after several years, of that incident.

But the unprecedented part of it, and the part which has aroused very excited comment, is, first, the freedom of his strictures upon the American people and American public men, and, second, his own expressed indignation that the British ministry should have accepted Mr. Bayard as ambassador to this country, while as secretary of state of the United States Mr. Bayard had wantonly insulted in person its accredited representative. The pamphlet consists of 52 pages, 15,000 words, and is of very limited issue, not more than 100 copies. These have been sent under seal to leading foreign diplomats and the higher English officials and a few personal friends.

Chester A. Arthur was president and James G. Blaine secretary of state when Lord Sackville came to New York in November, 1881. He says he entered upon his duties with great solicitude. "I was well aware of the difficulties I should have to contend with in combatting the influence of the Fenian organization over the government, and which was so powerful in both houses of the legislature." Lord Sackville deliberately states that Lord Granville, upon the representations of Lord Spencer, then lord lieutenant of Ireland and lately in Lord Rosebery's cabinet, telegraphed the first assistant secretary of state, saying that his (Lord Sackville's) life was in danger, and asking protection. Secretary Frelinghuysen, he said, declined to take any step officially, but sent him to Gen. Sherman. The latter invited him to a trip in "the president's yacht." All the preparations were made in secret, and they spent ten days cruising in the James river, after which "it was deemed that the excitement caused by the Irish executions had abated." He says danger again became imminent when he was instructed to demand the extradition of Patrick Sheridan for complicity in the Phoenix park murders. He felt that such a demand would be hopeless, and so reported to Lord Granville, and then the instructions were revoked. A presidential election was approaching, and Mr. Blaine was likely to be the Republican candidate.

"It was at this time that Mr. Blaine spoke to me in the most condemnatory tones of the conduct of her majesty's government in dealing with the Irish question. It had created such a hostile feeling in the United States that he felt convinced that, if the population was polled, the result would be an almost unanimous expression of hatred toward England. This language clearly indicated his intention to trade upon this hostility to England to gain the Irish votes for his election." Lord Sackville notes Mr. Blaine's defeat with not greatly repressed exultation, and says he looked hopefully to the new Democratic administration and Mr. Bayard. The latter, he says, deprecated to him "the influence which the Irish party had obtained in the constituencies, and expressed himself as determined not to allow his actions to be dictated by it."

Lord Sackville then reviews at length the negotiations over the Bering sea question, and asserts that neither England nor the Dominion could get justice, because the government dared not interfere with the Alaska Fur Company, which corporation was rich and influential in both houses of congress. Lord Sackville quotes a conversation with Mr. Bayard, of which he made a minute at the time, in which the latter said: "The Irish vote has now become a great factor in American politics, and the word British affixed to any political or commercial question is sufficient to create enmity toward England."

Lord Sackville treats of the events prior to Mr. Cleveland's renomination in 1888. It was necessary for him to show himself more anti-English than his opponents. He then speaks of the Murchison letter and his reply, which he refers to as "incautious," both of which, to his amazement, were published in the New York Tribune, the organ of the Republican party, on October 22, 1888. He learned from private sources that no such person as Murchison existed. "The excitement over the Sackville incident, as it was called, became farcical." He was caricatured. He saw Mr. Bayard four days before the election, and the secretary "cordially accepted my expression of regret at what had occurred." "When, however, I saw Mr. Bayard the following day, he said the matter had become serious. Great interests depended upon the re-election of Mr. Cleveland. He could not ignore the injurious effect which my letter had had upon a certain faction, the vote of which was necessary for the safety of the Democratic candidates." He saw a copy of a telegram from the state department to Minister Phelps, accusing him of "political cowardice." He took this offensive telegram to Mr. Bayard, saying he considered it a personal insult. Mr. Bayard was embarrassed and confused, and at last said that he knew nothing of any such telegram having been sent.

He was furnished with a copy of the following telegram received by a member of the cabinet from the national committee in New York: "Does the president know that the Irish vote is slipping out of our hands because of diplomatic shillyshallying? See Lamont (the president's secretary and chief wirepuller) at once. Something ought to be done today." Accordingly he received his passports that afternoon.

Lord Sackville quotes a statement he made to Lord Salisbury, accusing Secretary Bayard of flagrant misstatements of facts and duplicity. He refers to President Cleveland in bitter terms, and adds: "There is no base action which an American politician will not resort to in order to gain an election." The author of the Murchison letter, one Osgoodby, was recommended to President Harrison in a letter from two California Republicans, one bearing the historic name of Harrison Gray Otis and the other Judge W. F. Fitzgerald, telling the story of Osgoodby's fraud and claiming for him "the credit and recognition which were fairly due him for his remarkable achievement."