

Cooper & Levy, Wholesale and Retail Grocers. 104 and 106 Commercial St., First door south of Yesler Ave. Sliced Peaches for Cream. Monitor Steel Ranges, Washers, and Oil Heaters. The John Schram Company, 1012 and 1014 Front Street. MORAN BROS. CO., Foundry, Machine and Boiler Works. For Christmas Gifts, Frisch Brothers, No. 720 Front Street.

SENATORS INSIST ON A VIGOROUS FOREIGN POLICY.

Senators insist on a vigorous foreign policy. Turkish resolution by Hoar. Populist Allen urges recognition of Cuban patriots as belligerents. Senator Squire, in introducing a Coast Defense Appropriation Bill, points out that our undeveloped shores make it impolitic to quarrel with other nations.

SENATOR SQUIRE, IN INTRODUCING A COAST DEFENSE APPROPRIATION BILL, POINTS OUT THAT OUR UNDEVELOPED SHORES MAKE IT IMPOLITIC TO QUARREL WITH OTHER NATIONS.

Washington City, Dec. 4.—The senate worked today while the house enjoyed a recess, but most of the business transacted was of a routine character. Mr. Hoar showed a disposition to co-operate with the president in dealing with the Turkish question, by offering a resolution denouncing the recent atrocities in Turkey and assuring the executive branch of cordial assistance by congress of a vigorous course for the protection of American citizens in Turkey and the suppression of lawlessness against Christianity. Mr. Hoar did not ask immediate action on the resolution, but he secured the adoption of another resolution requesting the president to submit to the senate all correspondence relating to Turkey. The resolution makes specific inquiry as to what American consuls are absent from their posts by reason of the disorder prevailing.

THE PLANS FOR THE NEW BATTLESHIPS.

Washington City, Dec. 4.—The work of passing upon the various plans for battleships submitted to the navy department in answer to a resolution of the senate is now engaging the entire attention of the naval bureau chiefs, and owing to the number and complexity of the plans, the task is not a light one. The chief of ordnance, Capt. Sampson, has been given the usual board, in view of the importance of the armor question, raised by the proposition of the Cramps to supply the ships fully equipped with armor. The plans in instances embody certain novelties in armor construction that must be passed upon with care. The Cramps have one plan for a ship about the size of the Indiana, but without turrets. In their place, for and aft, are mounted twelve heavy guns, which disappear in the hull below the water line and under the protective deck after being discharged, thus being completely shielded from a gun and also from the possibility of being disabled. Another plan, also submitted by the Cramps, is for a battleship of the same size, with four separate turrets, two for each broadside, and two in the rear. The turrets, thus generally resembling the arrangement proposed by the Union Iron Works, carry the navy department's plan to an extreme in one point, where they contemplate a three-story turret similar to the department's design, except in a slight detail relating to the placing of a main battery of guns in the turret. The other plan, which is a modification of the tubular boilers, such as are used on the Monterey.

THE DUTY ON WOOL.

Washington City, Dec. 4.—The annual meeting of the Wool Growers Association of the United States was held here today. The principal feature was the annual address of President William Lawrence. It appropriated \$75,000,000 to be expended during the next twelve years at the important ports of the country, such as New York, San Francisco, Philadelphia, New Orleans, and others, not only on the sea coast, but on the Great Lakes and the navigable rivers and estuaries of the sea, such as Puget sound and Hamon Bay. In presenting the bill Mr. Squire dwelt upon the necessity of providing adequate protection to the country. He stated that the provisions of the bill were in accordance with the recommendations of the board appointed by the president under the act of 1885, and said that the scheme was one which had the endorsement of the expert engineers and high officials, including the secretary of war and the commanding general of the army.

SENATOR SQUIRE WANTS FORTS BUILT BEFORE WE GROW BELLIGERENT TO EUROPE.

Washington City, Dec. 4.—In the senate today Mitchell, of Oregon, presented a bill and accompanying records to the senate from H. A. Dupont, claiming the right to be admitted as senator from Delaware. Delaware's Democratic members have moved that privileges be given his Republican quasi-colleague, pending determination of the case. Dupont was brought in by Chandler, who presented a mass of petitions alleging frauds in Alabama and claiming the election as governor of Reuben F. Kolb.

ALBERT HANSEN... MANUFACTURING JEWELER.

Dealer in Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Etc. RICH CUT GLASS, 706 FRONT ST., SEATTLE.

CRESTA BLANCA SOUVENIR VINTAGES.

These Wines are served to the guests of all the leading hotels and restaurants on the Pacific coast. F. A. BUCK & CO., Seattle Agents. Tel. Main 213, 609 Front St.

ROGERS TAILORING COMPANY.

812 Front Street. Fine Clay Worsted Suits made to Order for \$25.00. Paris, 6 up. Strictly one price.

GLASS NELLE & ENGELBRECHT.

Window Glass, Mirror Plates, Glazed Sashes and Doors, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, etc. F. W. Devore & Co.'s Celebrated Mixed Paints.

BLANKETS HOME PRODUCT.

SEATTLE WOOLEN MILL, 1119 FRONT STREET, SEATTLE.

"R. S. V. P."

A Salt That Does Not Stick in the Shaker.

EUROPE AGAINST THEM.

The Bloody Sultan of Turkey Has Not One Friend. POWERS IN COMPLETE ACCORD. Position of Russia, on Whom Turkey Relied, at Last Made Clear. For the First Time in Months the Fog is Lifted From the Situation—Dangers to Be Forced Unless Firmness Are Issued—The Massacres Suspended, but Christians Fear a Renewal.

THE MASSACRE AT TREBZOND.

A Turkish Official Report Says the Armenians Provoked It. Washington City, Dec. 4.—The Turkish legation has received from the sublime Porte the following report of the Armenian troubles at Trebizond, signed by the civil and military officials, the ulemas and notables of the village, Mussulmans, Greeks, orthodox and Catholic.

THE MASSACRE AT TREBZOND.

Washington City, Dec. 4.—The reply of the Marquis of Salisbury to the note of Secretary Olney on the Venezuelan question is on board the White Star line steamship Britania, due in New York Friday. The essence of the document is that Great Britain refuses to submit to arbitration any territory within the Schomburgk line. Some surprise is expressed because the reply was not sent through the United States embassy, but Ambassador Bayard explains that this is in accord with diplomatic usage.

ENGLAND WILL SEE IF THE UNITED STATES HAS THE OLD SPIRIT.

Washington City, Dec. 4.—The President's message to congress, with which rests the power to declare war—a Canadian Mail Contract Let, the Route Covering Territory in Alaska Claimed by England.

ENGLAND'S CLAIM TO ALASKA.

A Canadian Mail Contract From Juneau to Forty-Mile Creek. Tacoma, Dec. 4.—Special.—The Canadian government has not a contract for the carrying of mails from Juneau, in Alaska, to Forty-Mile Creek, which is also in the territory always claimed by the United States, but which Canada claims as a hostile act, and that is so perilously close to an open declaration of war that it might be construed as an infringement upon the constitutional power of congress.

CONSERVATION IN GERMANY.

Over the Hint at Retaliation Contained in Cleveland's Message. London, Dec. 4.—A dispatch to the Standard from Berlin, to be published tomorrow, says: A feeling akin to conservatism has been caused here by President Cleveland's message to congress. It has had a marked effect upon the bourse, and has been discussed fully in the newspapers. The radical newspapers take the opportunity to attack the agriculture and Baron Koelliker, who has just been dismissed from his position as Prussian minister of the interior, to whom they ascribe the prohibition of the importation of American cattle and the restriction of the insurance companies. The government organ, on the contrary, contends that the situation in America is responsible for these restrictions, and that their withdrawal rests with America herself. The official papers accuse America of an intention to maneuver England and Germany into attacking the agriculture of America, and they appeal to the government to proclaim the superiority of Germany as the only power entitled to rule in Europe.

SENATOR HILL GIVES UP.

He Will Not Try to Defeat the Confirmation of Peckham. Fort Monroe, Va., Dec. 4.—Senator Hill, of New York, arrived here this evening from the Northwest. Upon being asked by Judge Peckham's nomination to the United States supreme bench, he immediately said: "The nomination is an excellent one, and will be confirmed."

THE SENATE ORGANIZATION.

Populists Hold Afloat, and Republicans Lack a Majority. Washington City, Dec. 4.—The Republican senatorial caucus was in session about fifteen minutes today. The only business done was the adoption of a resolution introduced by Senator Proctor, authorizing Senator Sherman, as chairman of the caucus, to nominate a committee on committee, providing the list selected by him be submitted to the full senate for confirmation. The caucus adjourned subject to call of the chairman. The action was the result of a compromise between the two factions of the party, and was largely of the older element, standing out for appointment of the committee by the

WILL ARBITRATE.

Salisbury Replies to America's Note on Venezuela. TEST OF THE MONROE DOCTRINE. England Will See if the United States Has the Old Spirit. The President Will Refer the Matter to Congress, With Which Rests the Power to Declare War—a Canadian Mail Contract Let, the Route Covering Territory in Alaska Claimed by England.

ENGLAND WILL SEE IF THE UNITED STATES HAS THE OLD SPIRIT.

Washington City, Dec. 4.—The reply of the Marquis of Salisbury to the note of Secretary Olney on the Venezuelan question is on board the White Star line steamship Britania, due in New York Friday. The essence of the document is that Great Britain refuses to submit to arbitration any territory within the Schomburgk line. Some surprise is expressed because the reply was not sent through the United States embassy, but Ambassador Bayard explains that this is in accord with diplomatic usage.

ENGLAND'S CLAIM TO ALASKA.

A Canadian Mail Contract From Juneau to Forty-Mile Creek. Tacoma, Dec. 4.—Special.—The Canadian government has not a contract for the carrying of mails from Juneau, in Alaska, to Forty-Mile Creek, which is also in the territory always claimed by the United States, but which Canada claims as a hostile act, and that is so perilously close to an open declaration of war that it might be construed as an infringement upon the constitutional power of congress.

CONSERVATION IN GERMANY.

Over the Hint at Retaliation Contained in Cleveland's Message. London, Dec. 4.—A dispatch to the Standard from Berlin, to be published tomorrow, says: A feeling akin to conservatism has been caused here by President Cleveland's message to congress. It has had a marked effect upon the bourse, and has been discussed fully in the newspapers. The radical newspapers take the opportunity to attack the agriculture and Baron Koelliker, who has just been dismissed from his position as Prussian minister of the interior, to whom they ascribe the prohibition of the importation of American cattle and the restriction of the insurance companies. The government organ, on the contrary, contends that the situation in America is responsible for these restrictions, and that their withdrawal rests with America herself. The official papers accuse America of an intention to maneuver England and Germany into attacking the agriculture of America, and they appeal to the government to proclaim the superiority of Germany as the only power entitled to rule in Europe.

SENATOR HILL GIVES UP.

He Will Not Try to Defeat the Confirmation of Peckham. Fort Monroe, Va., Dec. 4.—Senator Hill, of New York, arrived here this evening from the Northwest. Upon being asked by Judge Peckham's nomination to the United States supreme bench, he immediately said: "The nomination is an excellent one, and will be confirmed."

THE SENATE ORGANIZATION.

Populists Hold Afloat, and Republicans Lack a Majority. Washington City, Dec. 4.—The Republican senatorial caucus was in session about fifteen minutes today. The only business done was the adoption of a resolution introduced by Senator Proctor, authorizing Senator Sherman, as chairman of the caucus, to nominate a committee on committee, providing the list selected by him be submitted to the full senate for confirmation. The caucus adjourned subject to call of the chairman. The action was the result of a compromise between the two factions of the party, and was largely of the older element, standing out for appointment of the committee by the

THE BLOODY SULTAN OF TURKEY HAS NOT ONE FRIEND.

POWERS IN COMPLETE ACCORD. Position of Russia, on Whom Turkey Relied, at Last Made Clear. For the First Time in Months the Fog is Lifted From the Situation—Dangers to Be Forced Unless Firmness Are Issued—The Massacres Suspended, but Christians Fear a Renewal.

THE MASSACRE AT TREBZOND.

A Turkish Official Report Says the Armenians Provoked It. Washington City, Dec. 4.—The Turkish legation has received from the sublime Porte the following report of the Armenian troubles at Trebizond, signed by the civil and military officials, the ulemas and notables of the village, Mussulmans, Greeks, orthodox and Catholic.

ENGLAND WILL SEE IF THE UNITED STATES HAS THE OLD SPIRIT.

Washington City, Dec. 4.—The President's message to congress, with which rests the power to declare war—a Canadian Mail Contract Let, the Route Covering Territory in Alaska Claimed by England.

ENGLAND'S CLAIM TO ALASKA.

A Canadian Mail Contract From Juneau to Forty-Mile Creek. Tacoma, Dec. 4.—Special.—The Canadian government has not a contract for the carrying of mails from Juneau, in Alaska, to Forty-Mile Creek, which is also in the territory always claimed by the United States, but which Canada claims as a hostile act, and that is so perilously close to an open declaration of war that it might be construed as an infringement upon the constitutional power of congress.

CONSERVATION IN GERMANY.

Over the Hint at Retaliation Contained in Cleveland's Message. London, Dec. 4.—A dispatch to the Standard from Berlin, to be published tomorrow, says: A feeling akin to conservatism has been caused here by President Cleveland's message to congress. It has had a marked effect upon the bourse, and has been discussed fully in the newspapers. The radical newspapers take the opportunity to attack the agriculture and Baron Koelliker, who has just been dismissed from his position as Prussian minister of the interior, to whom they ascribe the prohibition of the importation of American cattle and the restriction of the insurance companies. The government organ, on the contrary, contends that the situation in America is responsible for these restrictions, and that their withdrawal rests with America herself. The official papers accuse America of an intention to maneuver England and Germany into attacking the agriculture of America, and they appeal to the government to proclaim the superiority of Germany as the only power entitled to rule in Europe.

SENATOR HILL GIVES UP.

He Will Not Try to Defeat the Confirmation of Peckham. Fort Monroe, Va., Dec. 4.—Senator Hill, of New York, arrived here this evening from the Northwest. Upon being asked by Judge Peckham's nomination to the United States supreme bench, he immediately said: "The nomination is an excellent one, and will be confirmed."

THE SENATE ORGANIZATION.

Populists Hold Afloat, and Republicans Lack a Majority. Washington City, Dec. 4.—The Republican senatorial caucus was in session about fifteen minutes today. The only business done was the adoption of a resolution introduced by Senator Proctor, authorizing Senator Sherman, as chairman of the caucus, to nominate a committee on committee, providing the list selected by him be submitted to the full senate for confirmation. The caucus adjourned subject to call of the chairman. The action was the result of a compromise between the two factions of the party, and was largely of the older element, standing out for appointment of the committee by the

WILL ARBITRATE.

Salisbury Replies to America's Note on Venezuela. TEST OF THE MONROE DOCTRINE. England Will See if the United States Has the Old Spirit. The President Will Refer the Matter to Congress, With Which Rests the Power to Declare War—a Canadian Mail Contract Let, the Route Covering Territory in Alaska Claimed by England.

WILL ARBITRATE.

Salisbury Replies to America's Note on Venezuela. TEST OF THE MONROE DOCTRINE. England Will See if the United States Has the Old Spirit. The President Will Refer the Matter to Congress, With Which Rests the Power to Declare War—a Canadian Mail Contract Let, the Route Covering Territory in Alaska Claimed by England.

ENGLAND WILL SEE IF THE UNITED STATES HAS THE OLD SPIRIT.

Washington City, Dec. 4.—The President's message to congress, with which rests the power to declare war—a Canadian Mail Contract Let, the Route Covering Territory in Alaska Claimed by England.

ENGLAND'S CLAIM TO ALASKA.

A Canadian Mail Contract From Juneau to Forty-Mile Creek. Tacoma, Dec. 4.—Special.—The Canadian government has not a contract for the carrying of mails from Juneau, in Alaska, to Forty-Mile Creek, which is also in the territory always claimed by the United States, but which Canada claims as a hostile act, and that is so perilously close to an open declaration of war that it might be construed as an infringement upon the constitutional power of congress.

CONSERVATION IN GERMANY.

Over the Hint at Retaliation Contained in Cleveland's Message. London, Dec. 4.—A dispatch to the Standard from Berlin, to be published tomorrow, says: A feeling akin to conservatism has been caused here by President Cleveland's message to congress. It has had a marked effect upon the bourse, and has been discussed fully in the newspapers. The radical newspapers take the opportunity to attack the agriculture and Baron Koelliker, who has just been dismissed from his position as Prussian minister of the interior, to whom they ascribe the prohibition of the importation of American cattle and the restriction of the insurance companies. The government organ, on the contrary, contends that the situation in America is responsible for these restrictions, and that their withdrawal rests with America herself. The official papers accuse America of an intention to maneuver England and Germany into attacking the agriculture of America, and they appeal to the government to proclaim the superiority of Germany as the only power entitled to rule in Europe.

SENATOR HILL GIVES UP.

He Will Not Try to Defeat the Confirmation of Peckham. Fort Monroe, Va., Dec. 4.—Senator Hill, of New York, arrived here this evening from the Northwest. Upon being asked by Judge Peckham's nomination to the United States supreme bench, he immediately said: "The nomination is an excellent one, and will be confirmed."

THE SENATE ORGANIZATION.

Populists Hold Afloat, and Republicans Lack a Majority. Washington City, Dec. 4.—The Republican senatorial caucus was in session about fifteen minutes today. The only business done was the adoption of a resolution introduced by Senator Proctor, authorizing Senator Sherman, as chairman of the caucus, to nominate a committee on committee, providing the list selected by him be submitted to the full senate for confirmation. The caucus adjourned subject to call of the chairman. The action was the result of a compromise between the two factions of the party, and was largely of the older element, standing out for appointment of the committee by the

WILL ARBITRATE.

Salisbury Replies to America's Note on Venezuela. TEST OF THE MONROE DOCTRINE. England Will See if the United States Has the Old Spirit. The President Will Refer the Matter to Congress, With Which Rests the Power to Declare War—a Canadian Mail Contract Let, the Route Covering Territory in Alaska Claimed by England.

ENGLAND WILL SEE IF THE UNITED STATES HAS THE OLD SPIRIT.

Washington City, Dec. 4.—The President's message to congress, with which rests the power to declare war—a Canadian Mail Contract Let, the Route Covering Territory in Alaska Claimed by England.

ENGLAND'S CLAIM TO ALASKA.

A Canadian Mail Contract From Juneau to Forty-Mile Creek. Tacoma, Dec. 4.—Special.—The Canadian government has not a contract for the carrying of mails from Juneau, in Alaska, to Forty-Mile Creek, which is also in the territory always claimed by the United States, but which Canada claims as a hostile act, and that is so perilously close to an open declaration of war that it might be construed as an infringement upon the constitutional power of congress.