TACOMA DEEP IN DEBT.

But the Members of the Council Have Some Pride Left.

REFUSED TO PLEDGE TAX-ROLLS.

Turkey Fawcett's Fusion Deal Falls Flat—The Trial of Pat Dunnigan—Le Roi Mine Declares a Dividend.

Tacoma, Jan. 24.—Special.—By a decisive vote of 8 noes to 7 ayes the city council today refused to accept Banker A. B. Nicol's plan to finance the city out of its present entanglements. The proposition has been under consideration by the council for two weeks past, and a thorough investigation of the city's financial condition has been made. Mr. Nicol's plan was to loan to the city sufficient money from time to time during the next two years to enable it to pay the interest, amounting to $146,000 per annum, and running expenses. The amount collected monthly on the tax roll was to be applied on account, and Nicol was to furnish the balance. The exact amount the bank would have to supply would depend on the amount of the tax collections. The outstanding warrants would have to be validated.

City Attorney Wickersham opposed acceptance of the proposition on the ground that the city is over the constitutional limit and therefore cannot legally enter into the contract. Owing to the city attorney's objections, Nicol's offer was rejected. Councilman Norton, who urged acceptance of the offer, said the last revenue law would cause the city to default in the next interest payment if the plan was not adopted.

FUSION KNOCKED OUT.

Populists and Democrats Jump on Turkey Fawcett's Scheme.

Tacoma, Jan. 24.—Special.—Turkey Fawcett's fusion scheme received what promises to be a knock-out blow at the Populist ward meetings last night. Meetings were held in five wards, and in only one was there anything like an indorsement of the deal. This was in the Fourth ward, which is represented in the council by Councilmen Watson and Coates, both Populists. Mr. Watson and his friends have been approached by the adherents of "Turkey" Fawcett, but have said "nay" very emphatically. Still, the fusionists managed to gather a crowd of forty men, who passed a resolution containing an ambiguous reference to the Freemen's Silver Federation, and indorsing the action of the campaign committee.

Sentiment among the Democrats is stronger than ever against fusion. E. Steinbach, T. J. Fleetwood, Stephen O'Brien, Fenly Bryan, W. H. Bogle, C. L. Hoska, T. O. Abbott, Charles Richardson, John A. Shank, R. G. Hudson, B. F. Heustis and many other prominent leaders in the party are outspoken in their opposition to the Fawcett fusion deal, and have arranged for a vigorous campaign against the fusionists in the Monday night ward meetings of the Democrats. Judge Charles Richardson today voiced the sentiment of the better class of Democrats, saying:

"I am opposed to fusion between the Democrats and Populists. I have never voted any but a straight Democratic ticket in my life, but in the coming city election I expect to vote for the best men in the field, according to my judgment, without reference to the political parties to which they may belong. If nominations are to be made on party lines, I consider it better for the Democratic party to be beaten rather than fuse with Populists."

A prominent Democrat said tonight: "If Turkey' Fawcett runs for mayor it will be on the Populist ticket, pure and simple. He will have no following of Democrats to speak of. If we do not put up a straight Democratic ticket, we will vote for the Republican nominee, if he is a satisfactory man."

A LARGE VESSEL IN PERIL.

Anchored Close to the Breakers Near Clayoquot Sound.

Port Townsend, Jan. 24.—The schooner Sailor Boy and the barkentine Portland arrived today and reported seeing a large square-rigged vessel at anchor close to the breakers near Clayoquot sound. Heavy seas were running, and the vessel appeared to be in a perilous position. The Sailor Boy and the Portland were both inside of the breakers, but managed to get a slanting breeze and avoided the danger. The square-rigged vessel sailed directly for land before coming to anchor. Tugs have been sent up along the coast of Vancouver island to render assistance if required.

Late news from the wreck of the Janet Cowan says the corpses of the second mate and two apprentices who were drowned drifted in among the rocks near the vessel, and the persons who were stripping the ship of movable property made no attempt to secure the bodies for burial. It is also reported that up to a week ago neither the captain nor the three seamen who perished in the snow had been buried.

Portland, Jan. 24.—The vessel referred to tonight in a Port Townsend dispatch is believed to be the British bark Cadzow Forest, 1,800 tons, which sailed from Calloa November 7 in ballast for this city and reached the Columbia river January 4. She took on Pilot Gresham, but the weather was so rough she could not venture in, and was compelled to put to sea. Since that time she has not been reported. All vessels arriving the past few days have reported heavy northeast gales, and it is thought the Cadzow Forest has been driven toward Vancouver Island.

WHEAT STILL BOOMING.

Fifty-five Cents at Walla Walla, and the Farmers Expect More.

Walla Walla, Jan. 24.—Special.—Wheat took another jump today, and went up to 55 cents for choice club. The sales were small, as there is not much wheat in the valley. A few farmers refused to take 55 cents, believing the price will go higher.

Mount Rainier National Park.

Washington City, Jan. 24.—Special.—Representative Doolittle has reintroduced in the house his bill providing for the creation of a national park from a portion of the Pacific forest reserve. Fred G. Plummer, of Tacoma, who is considerably interested in the measure, has gone to the trouble of preparing a description more definitely locating the boundaries of the proposed national park than was given in the bill which was before congress the last session, and in the bill which Mr. Doolittle has now introduced, Mr. Plummer's description is substituted. Following is the new description prepared by Mr. Plummer: Beginning at a point three (3) miles east of the northeast corner of township numbered seventeen (17), north of range six (6), east of the Willamette meridian; thence southerly through the central parts of townships numbered seventeen (17), sixteen (16) and fifteen (15), north of range seven (7), east of the Willamette meridian, eighteen (18) miles more or less, subject to the proper easterly or westerly offsets, to a point three (3) miles east of the northeast corner of township numbered fourteen (14), north of range six (6), east of the Willamette meridian; thence east on the township line between townships numbered fourteen (14) and fifteen (15) north, eighteen (18) miles more or less, to a point three (3) miles west of the northeast corner of township fourteen (14), north of range ten (10), east of the Willamette meridian; thence northerly, subject to the proper easterly or westerly offsets, eighteen miles, more or less, to a point three (3) miles west of the northeast corner of township numbered seventeen (17), north of range ten (10), east of the Willamette meridian (but in locating said easterly boundary line wherever the summit of the Cascade mountains is sharply and well defined the said line shall follow the said summit, where the said summit line bears west of the easterly line as herein determined); thence westerly along the township line between said townships numbered seventeen (17) and eighteen (18) to the place of beginning.

"Millions of Money For an Inch of Time,"

wailed poor Queen Bess.

Time is just as valuable today—it is *priceless*. How many Queens of American homes could save half their time by using in their daily, monthly, yearly cleaning,

GOLD DUST WASHING POWDER.

This wonderful preparation not only saves a woman's money, but it saves her time and strength. It's the home comfort that makes other home comforts possible. All grocers sell Gold Dust in large packages—price 25 cents. Made only by

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY.

St. Louis, Chicago, New York, Boston, Philadelphia, San Francisco.

Tacoma Wants a Weather Bureau Office

Washington City, Jan. 24.—Special.—The trustees of the Tacoma Chamber of Commerce have petitioned congress through Representative Doolittle for the establishment of a weather bureau service at that point. The petitioners do not desire to bring about the abandonment of the weather bureaus already established in the state, but insist that the importance of Tacoma as a seaport warrants the government in making such an appropriation as will suffice to maintain a weather bureau there. It is pointed out that for many years past the citizens of Tacoma have maintained a voluntary bureau, furnishing office rent free for the observer. It is also urged that "the constantly increasing traffic between Tacoma and Oriental ports, as well as the United Kindom, requires that steamers and sailing vessels should be protected from danger and loss by such signals and information as are given by the government at other ports."

The petition makes the bold declaration that "within the past few years Tacoma has become the most important shipping point on Puget sound." That her ocean tonnage "exceeds that of all other places on the Sound combined;" that "deep-sea craft, which stop at no other place on the Sound, are constantly going and coming, the number of deep-sea arrivals amounting to over 400 annually, with an average tonnage inward amounting to 600,000 tons, while the tonnage of Sound craft arriving and departing at this port exceeds 1,000,000 tons annually." Willis L. Moore, chief of the weather bureau in this city, was applied to some time ago to establish a service at Tacoma, but replied "that no other state in the Union has so many weather stations or receives so large a share of the appropriations for the maintenance of the national meterological service."

To this the Tacoma chamber replies that it also remembers "that no other state in this Union has such amount of shore line as the state of Washington, which must, of necessity, call for larger expenditure in this direction."

What Are Puget Sound Waters?

Olympia, Jan. 24.—Special.—The most amicable suit in the records of the Washington supreme court was argued today to compel Fish Commissioner Crawford to issue licenses to allow certain fishermen to operate in the waters of the Gulf of Georgia, Straits of Fuca. The history of this matter is about this: The superior court of Whatcom county has held that Puget sound proper is that body of water lying south of the Straits of Fuca, and not that lying north. The fish commissioner does not take this view of the matter, but did not care to issue licenses the terms of which he could not enforce in the court of Whatcom county. The attorney of that county does not appear to take the view of the superior court, and application was made in the supreme court today for a writ of mandamus to compel Commissioner Crawford to issue the licenses and at the same time to show the superior court the error of its way. After the relator's attorney had made his argument Assistant Attorney General Haight, on the part of the commissioner, said that the case had been so well presented by the relator that there was nothing left for him to add.

A Man Found Starving in Olympia.

Olympia, Jan. 24.—Special.—A strange case of pride hand-in-hand with poverty has just developed in this city. George Stodola, a tailor, who has long been unable to secure work, and being without means, was discovered a few days ago by Sheriff Gastin locked in his own room, where, in the seclusion of his own apartment, he was growing weaker and weaker from want of food. Upon his enforced appearance on the streets, which was but seldom, the proud man's bearing was dignified and gave little indication of his real condition. When discovered by the sheriff Stodola was pale and faint. He was taken before a justice for examination, when he said he was a good workman and never refused work when offered him, and always endeavored to pay his debts. Justice Atkins committed the suffering man to the care of the sheriff, where he will remain until he can get something to do.

The Trial of Pat Dunnigan.

Colfax, Jan. 24.—The state in the Pat Dunnigan murder trial rested Thursday. The last witness was G. J. Joyce, the deputy sheriff who arrested Dunnigan. He testified that on searching the prisoner he found but 20 cents in money. The defendant alleged that he borrowed the revolver because he had been around the banks that day and had done business and was afraid to go home without means of defense. The prosecution will use the testimony of the deputy sheriff as an argument that Dunnigan borrowed the weapon for the purpose of murder. The defense will endeavor to prove that Graff was a man of murderous reputation, and that he had threatened to take the life of Dunnigan on the 21st of August.

Pierce County Immigration Convention

Tacoma, Jan. 24.—Special.—At a meeting of the Pierce county delegates to the state immigration convention yesterday at the Chamber of Commerce it was decided to hold a county convention for the organization of a society to push the work of attracting immigrants to this section of the state. Judge T. L. Shiles presided and D. J. Griffiths was secretary of the meeting. The chairman was instructed to issue a call for the convention, to be held February 8 in this city.

The Nail-Driver Adjudged Insane.

Walla Walla, Jan. 24.—Special.—Ira Reynolds, the convict at the penitentiary who drove a nail into his head because he had a delusion that it was loose, was adjudged insane today by the physicians of the institution. Warden Mosgrove ordered him committed to the insane asylum at Medical Lake, and he will be transferred to that institution in the morning.

State Land Selections.

Olympia, Jan. 24.—Special.—Following are the selections made by the state for the grants named since March, 1895: Agricultural college, 5,359.48 acres; scientific schools, 1,714.36 acres. No selections have been credited to either the grant for normal schools, state charitable, educational, penal and reformatory or for buildings at the state capital.

The State Fair at North Yakima.

Olympia, Jan. 24.—Special.—John Reed, secretary of the state fair commission, was in the city today. He reports that work will soon be commenced at North Yakima for the next state fair to be held, but before much can be accomplished the governor will fill two vacancies in the commission, occurring by the retirement of Commissioners Weed and Parker.

A Brakeman Crushed.

Tacoma, Jan. 24.—Special.—Frank Sweet, a Northern Pacific brakeman living here, was caught between two cars in making a coupling at Stampede this morning. The drawheads pushed aside when the cars came together, and Sweet sustained a broken rib and other injuries. He will recover.

Supreme Court Decision.

Olympia, Jan. 24.—Special.—The supreme court dismissed the case of H. C. Smithson, appellant, vs. Ira Woodin et al., from King.

The Le Roi Mine Declares a Dividend.

Spokane, Jan. 24.—The Le Roi Mining Co., owning the Le Roi mine at Rossland, B. C., today declared a dividend of $50,000.

CAPT. HEALEY'S DRUNKENNESS.

Hooper and Tozier Refuse to Testify Against the Accused.

San Francisco, Jan. 24.—At the court-martial trial of Capt. Healy, of the revenue cutter Bear, today, all those appearing at the trial were sworn to secrecy. Lieut. Ross, of the Corwin, told how the crews of the different cutters at Unalaska last September were invited to a "whisky and tobacco social" on board the British ship Pheasant. According to Ross, as Healy was returning home from this festivity he was so overcome that he walked over the edge of the wharf, thinking it was his bunk. After his mishap was known, the witness said, it caused great rejoicing throughout the fleet. The defense tried to prove through Engineer Jones and Lieut. Daniels that Capt. Healy was the victim of a conspiracy on the part of the younger officers. The witnesses disclaimed knowledge of a conspiracy.

The friends of Capt. Healy made no attempt to conceal their gratification at the conclusion of today's session of the court of inquiry, for they believed the prosecution had slipped an important cog in being unable to get Capt. Hooper to testify against the accused officer. Hooper is the admiral of the Arctic fleet of cutters. It was generally known that he felt unfriendly toward the Bear's captain, and it was expected that his evidence would be most important and would have considerable weight. Hooper refused to say a word against Healy, however, further than that he had known him to take a drink now and then. He declared positively that he had never seen the captain under the influence of liquor while on duty. When asked for his opinion as to Capt. Healy's qualifications as a seaman, the witness could not say too much that was favorable. He declared that he considered Healy one of the ablest commanders and seamen he had ever met in the revenue service. He insisted upon being as non-committal as possible on all other subjects.

The session concluded with the evidence of Capt. Tozier, of the Grant. The latter, like Hooper, gave Healy rather the best of it in his evidence.

Garrisons in Case of War.

Omaha, Jan. 24.—Congressman Hainer, of this state, who has been recently appointed a member of the committee on national defenses, has written to Gen. Manderson asking for information and advice on coast defense and other military matters. The latter while in congress was a member of the senate committee on military affairs, and has given much study to the matter. After directing the committee to the original and secondary sources of information on the subject, and dwelling at some length on the need of stronger coast defenses, especially along the Pacific coast, Gen. Manderson in his reply writes as follows: "While you are at work on this line the interior of the country should not be neglected. In the event of war, with our small army and comparatively insignificant National Guard, it would take months of preparation in the way of drill and discipline to put a sufficient force on our borders to resist invasion. We must not only, when war comes, have a column to resist attack, but we must have troops at all salient points on the border and scattered wherever the government has military property or great interests. Places removed from danger of attack because well away from the border, like Atlanta, Chattanooga, Louisville, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Denver and Omaha, should be made points where large garrisons can be maintained."

Steamer Homer Safe in Port.

San Francisco, Jan. 24.—The steamer Homer arrived this morning, after a long, tedious trip from Coos bay with one engine disabled. Capt. Driska reports that his vessel luckily fell in with fair weather soon after she became disabled, and with the aid of sails and one screw she reached the bar at 2:30 this morning. There were fifteen passengers on the Homer, but they, according to the Homer's officers, rather enjoyed their long passage. When off the Oregon coast, however, the sea was very high, and few landsmen cared to show themselves on deck. On January 18, when trying to pass over the Marshfield bar, the vessel was boarded by a heavy sea, and great confusion reigned. The Homer never came nearer to being wrecked. Her men say that had not Capt. Driska acted calmly and promptly the vessel would surely have been lost, for another such sea as boarded the ship would have put out the engine room fires and left the vessel at the mercy of the waves in a very dangerous position. The passengers never realized what peril they were in, the officers being careful to keep the fact that the water had flooded the fireroom from them. Capt. Driska headed the vessel about and returned to Marshfield for repairs.

The Currency Question in Germany.

Berlin, Jan. 24.—The National Zeitung understands that the bundesrath on Thursday refused to approve the resolution passed by the reichstag last February, proposing an international conference on the use of both gold and silver coinage.

READY FOR BASEBALL

The Season of the New League to Begin in May.

SOME OF THE SEATTLE PLAYERS

Robert H. Leadley, Manager of the Team, on the Outlook—Admission to Be Twenty-five Cents.

The arrival in this city yesterday afternoon of Robert H. Leadley, the well-known baseball manager who will have charge of the Seattle club the coming season, and R. J. Glenalvin, manager of the Portland team, sets at rest all questions concerning the organization of the new Pacific league. Portland, Tacoma, Victoria and Seattle will all be in the league and have first-class ball teams. Glenalvin is the same old "Glen" that used to cover second base in such magnificent style for Portland in the Pacific Northwest league, and he declares that of course Leadley will give Seattle a great ball team, but that Portland will win the pennant sure. Leadley laughs and says that Seattle will be in it.

Mr. Leadley and Glenalvin took a hurried look over the city yesterday afternoon and left on the boat last evening for Victoria, where they will see how things are looking in that city. They are both enthusiastic over the outlook, and declare that they have enough confidence in the Pacific Northwest to put their own money into the baseball business and trust to the people to support the game to the extent of making it a profitable investment.

The arrival of Mr. Leadley and Mr. Glenalvin brings so much good news for the cranks that it is a hard matter to say which is of most importance. One thing of especial interest to all devotees of the national game is that in all probability the general admission to the games will be 25 cents, grand stand 25 cents extra. The idea of making the entrance fee 25 cents instead of 50 cents, as it was in the old league, is that it will give everybody who loves a good ball game a chance to satisfy their desires without crippling their pocketbook. The season will probably open in May, and the schedule will be considered at the meeting which takes place at Portland next Tuesday evening. One of the greatest surprises for Seattle people, especially the young men who have played in the Puget Sound amateur league, is that Blandford, who caught for the Port Gamble team, will be seen in a Seattle uniform. Glenalvin, not to be behind, immediately declared that while Leadley thought he had a big surprise in store, he had a little one stored up himself. Then he declared that Babbitt, who used to play second base or shortstop for Port Gamble, was a member of the Portland team.

"Well, that is all right," replied Leadley, "but as long as you are giving surprises I will add that I have secured the services of 'Count' Campau, whose reputation as a baserunner, fielder and batter is national. He will captain the team and do a little coaching."

"There is no use talking," replied Glenalvin, "Campau is a corker, and can coach with the best of them. I'll bet he will come pretty near being the best dressed man in Seattle. I never saw such a fellow for fine clothes."

"I have also signed James Robinson," added Leadley, "as an outfielder. He was with Adrian in the Michigan state league last season, and had a batting average of .451. Although Grey had a few points the best of him, I think he was pretty near the kingpin batter of the league. He is a very fast fielder and covers lots of ground."

In talking of the baseball situation, Mr. Leadley said: "Our idea is to give the people good lively ball. We are not of the opinion that an inferior game can be palmed off in the Pacific Northwest and still draw crowds. We do believe, however, that under the plan we have adopted we can run a first-class league successfully. I do not mean that we will make a barrel of money, but I think that the balance will be on the right side. The old fancy salaries are a thing of the past, and under the percentage system, which has been successful in the Western league, we hope to put baseball on a solid foundation in this section. Ten per cent. of the gross receipts of each game is deposited with the treasurer of the league to meet current expenses and as a guarantee to the players. The remainder is divided equally between the clubs contesting in the game. Before the season begins each club puts up $500 as a guarantee of good faith. This is not a check or bond, but cash."

Changing the subject, Mr. Leadley said that this was his first visit to Washington, but he was so favorably impressed he did not know but he would want to live here all the time. "I will say one thing," he continued, "and that is, if all the cities are as enthusiastic as Tacoma, there will be some big crowds out when the umpire calls, 'play ball.'"

"I am surprised," said Manager Glenalvin, "to find the Pacific Northwest in such good condition. Why, in the short time I have been here on this trip I have seen enough to satisfy me the coming season will be a success. The people want good ball, and we are going to give them such an article. We are going to have that pennant over at Portland, of course. Seattle would like it, I have no doubt, and Tacoma would enjoy beating Seattle out, but then it will not do to allow Portland to get lost in the shuffle. I am satisfied with my team, and we will make your men hustle when we meet you at the Madinson street grounds. It is a curious thing how all of the old ball players that used to be here still have a sort of hankering to come back. I know of several that have had brilliant careers since the old Pacific Northwest league broke up, yet they would enjoy coming back this season. Most of them, however, are under contract, so it is out of the question."

Robert H. Leadley is a man who has been prominent in baseball circles for years. At present he is clerk of the police court at Detroit, Mich. His first great jump into prominence came in 1885, when he engineered through the famous deal by which Detroit, then in the National league, gained the services of Dan Brouthers, "Deacon" White, Rowe and Hardy Richardson. This aggregation is known in baseball history as the "big four," and the deal by which they went to Detroit was the biggest of its kind, at that time, ever consummated in the baseball business.

FARRELL AND McGINNIS TO PLAY

The Pool Tournament Will Close Tonight.

The play in the S. A. C. pool tournament yesterday afternoon and evening was of a very ordinary quality. Trenaman played a good game in his class and McGinnis made one run of 14. The play has narrowed down to a contest between Farrell, 100, and McGinnis, 90, for first honors. Following are the scores for yesterday:

McGinnis, 90, beat Baxter, 60, 90-51; Ingersoll, 100, beat Trenaman, 65, 100-61; McGinnis, 90, beat Ingersoll, 100, 90-79; Farrell, 100, beat Paschall, 85, 100-59.

FIRST RIGHT TO CHALLENGE.

Sergeant Owen Davis Is After Captain Jennings' Scalp.

Sergt. Owen Davis, champion mounted swordsman of the United States army, is after Capt. Jennings' scalp. Davis claims the right to meet Jennings before Capt. Marshall, as he states he challenged Capt. Jennings for the championship before the latter went to Australia. The match did not come off, and now that Jennings is back again, Davis says that if Jennings refuses to meet him, he (Davis) will claim the championship.

Sergt. Davis met Duncan C. Ross twice, fought a draw the first time and defeated him the last time. Capt. Jennings says it is true that Davis challenged him, but Jennings had accepted the challenge of Capt. Dean, of Sydney, Australia, and had to attend to him first. Jennings admits Davis has first call and if he is willing to come to Seattle he will meet him on February 22, the date set to meet Capt. Marshall, and he has wired Davis to that effect.

FIVE DAYS OF BATTLES.

The Carnival at Juarez, Mexico, Begins in Twenty Days.

El Paso, Tex., Jan. 24.—Following is the programme of the fistic tournament:

February 14—Robert Fitzsimmons vs. Peter Maher, purse of $10,000 and championship of the world.

February 15—Bright Eyes Collins vs. Joe Wolcott, purse of $3,500 and welterweight championship of the world.

February 16—Jack Everhart vs. Horace Leeds, purse of $3,500 and lightweight championship of America.

February 17—George Dixon vs. Jerry Marshall, purse of $3,000 and featherweight championship of the world.

February 18—Jimmy Barry vs. Johnny Murphy, purse of $2,500 and bantamweight championship of the world.

The Ericsson to Be Accepted.

Washington City, Jan. 24.—Secretary Herbert has decided to accept the torpedo boat Ericcson from the Iowa Iron Works, subject to a dock trial at New London to demonstrate that her engines had been repaired properly since the last mishap. The department is satisfied that the boat, when properly handled, can make at least twenty-five knots an hour, or half a knot more than required by the contract, so another speed trial at sea will be called for. The only deduction made from the contract price, $120,000, will be $16,000 on account of delay in completion of the contract.

Another Great Storm in the East.

New York, Jan. 24.—A severe storm of wind, rain and sleet is prevailing in the East today. Telegraphic communication between this city and points in New England is entirely suspended. Along the coast the wind has a velocity of forty to sixty miles an hour.

Toronto, Jan. 24.—This city is cut off from communication with all the rest of Canada and the United States this morning. A sleet storm has rendered the wires useless. It is not known how far the trouble extends through Ontario.

How to Sweep a Room.

The Housekeeper.

Carefully dust all fancy articles and small pieces of furniture and move them into an adjoining room. Then dust the larger pieces and put furniture covers over them. These covers can be made of any faded material that may have lost its beauty, but still retains its usefulness. In order to make as little dust as possible it is always best to put something on the carpet. Corn meal moistened with water and thrown around the floor will be of much help. Or, if that is not convenient, salt or tea leaves will answer the same purpose. Sometimes I double a newspaper a number of times, then wet it and tear it in bits and scatter it around the floor. Raise the windows and sweep the room carefully, keeping your broom near the floor instead of flirting it in every direction, as some careless housekeepers do. In a room which is used but little one thorough sweeping will answer for weeks, by using the carpet sweeper or brushing it out occasionally. After taking up your dirt leave the room and let the dust settle for ten or fifteen minutes; then carefully remove the furniture covers, shaking them out of doors. Wipe the woodwork with a damp cloth. Put in place your furniture and fancy articles. If you have a stove in the room wipe it carefully with a rag kept for that purpose, and wash the zinc beneath. Then, if you have a few fresh flowers for decoration your room should look sweet and clean and be a delight to the housewifely heart whose industry made it so.

There is a difference of opinion as to whether a persistent milker should be kept at work right along. The preponderance of opinion, however, is that a cow is better for from six to eight weeks' rest.

WILL YOU BUY

WHEN THERE'S A GREAT SAVING?

Another Instance OF OUR GREAT January Reductions

—THIS TIME IT IS—

GLOVES.

8-inch Mosquetaire Suede Gloves

REDUCED FROM

$1.50 to 98c

8-inch Mosquetaire Glace Gloves

REDUCED FROM

$1.75 to 98c

We have reduced all makes of Gloves in stock. Embrace this opportunity of money-saving on your Glove needs during our January Sale.

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GYMNASIUM —AND— Athletic Clothing.

Fine line of Sweaters, Jerseys, Tights, Gymnasium Shoes, Belts, etc.
Best goods at lowest prices.
Call and examine.

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Its History, Resources Gold Fields and Scenery; by Miner W. Bruce; with large Map 24 x 36. Paper cover 75c; clo. $1.25.

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We Will Positively Retire by March 1st. We Will Positively Retire by March 1st.

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Sacrificing Goods REGARD-LESS —OF— COST. Sacrificing Goods

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USE CRE-TA-TA BAKING POWDER

BAKING POWDER STRONGEST PUREST SOLD BY ALL GROCERS

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.