INDORSER NOT LIABLE

Because Notice of Dishonor Was Sent Through the Mail.

SERVICE SHOULD BE PERSONAL.

Ruling by the Supreme Court—The Carter Appeal—Tigges Undoubtedly Insane.

A new doctrine as to the liability of an indorser of a dishonored promissory note, where notice is sent by mail and the parties all live in the same place, has been announced by the supreme court in the case of W. C. Benedict vs. Arthur Schmieg et al. The court rules in that case that notice of dishonor sent through the mails to Freeborn & Co., indorsers, was not sufficient, but that personal notice should have been made. The court holds further that notice should be given to each of the joint makers.

Schmieg and Fremont Cole gave a promissory note to Freeborn & Co., who indorsed it before maturity. The holder placed it for collection in the Washington National bank, which on the day of maturity presented it for payment to Cole, but not to Schmieg. The note was protested for non-payment and notice of dishonor mailed to the indorser, Freeborn & Co.

The note not being paid, suit was brought in the superior court for King county against the makers and indorser, and judgment was obtained against the makers for failure to make sufficient answer.

Freeborn & Co., as indorsers, however, contested the case, upon the ground that the bank had failed to make a demand upon both of the makers, and upon the further ground that where the parties reside in the same city notice of dishonor should be personal, and not through the mails. The case was tried last spring before Judge Humes, who ruled against the contention of the indorser on both the points named. An appeal was taken to the supreme court and a copy of the decision of that court has just been received by Alexander Jones, attorney for Freeborn & Co., overruling the lower court on both of the points named and ordering that the action be dismissed as against the indorser.

JOSEPH CARTER'S APPEAL.

The State Gives Reasons Why the Verdict Should Stand.

In the appeal to the supreme court of the case of Joseph Carter, convicted of manslaughter and sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary for killing the Chinese cook of the steamer Idaho last summer, the state has filed a brief with County Clerk Gordon for transmission to the higher tribunal. Counsel for Carter present the appeal on two grounds, that the verdict is contrary to law and evidence, and that the court erred in instructions to the jury. On the first point the brief says:

"In the state of race prejudice obtaining in this country against the Chinese, to say that a verdict of guilty against an American for killing a Chinaman is against evidence, is doing violence to every presumption. Without attempting to repeat any of the testimony, as this court will examine it for themselves, we submit that it will justify but two conclusions: First, the evidence is overwhelming in support of its verdict; second, Witness Harry Young was untruthful and biased. The lower court, who heard the witnesses testify, and observed their demeanor and conduct, and judged of their fairness and unfairness, refused to grant a new trial on this ground; and in this respect we simply invoke the elementary rule for not disturbing the verdict, frequently announced by this court."

The remainder of the brief is taken up with a discussion of the alleged errors in the instructions of the court and the point is made that counsel for Carter set forth in their brief only isolated parts of the instructions and claim the giving of such was error. The brief continues:

"We submit that the instructions, all considered together, correctly embody the law. There is a distinction between the time when the right of self-defense arises in cases of mutual combat and in cases arising out of a state of facts showing defendant to be wholly blameless and deceased to be the aggressor, and we think counsel for appellant fail to note this distinction. In one case retreat is not necessary, while in the other it is."

The brief covers only nine pages. It is signed by Prosecuting Attorney Hastie and J. T. Ronald.

INSANE IN JAIL.

Tigges, the Would-Be Wife Murderer—Young Set at Liberty.

There is no question that Frank J. Tigges, who attempted some time ago to murder his wife by shooting her, and who has since been made a defendant in a divorce suit, is insane. When first taken to the county jail he was confined in one of the tanks, but later was removed to the hospital ward. Lately he has been gesturing almost continually, and makes signs that would puzzle the members of a secret society. He walks up and down the room, accompanying his wanderings with extravagant movements of the hands, and now and then attempts to climb the wall. He rarely speaks, except to say that he is hungry or sleepy, and sometimes after the exercise of moving up and down the ward he sinks upon a cot, places his head between his hands, and assumes an attitude of utmost dejection. For a time, Jailer Burkman thought his prisoner was "playing off," but finally he became convinced that Tigges was insane, a conclusion concurred in by Dr. R. M. Eames, who examined the unfortunate man yesterday. Tigges will be taken before the superior court tomorrow, and an inquiry made as to his mental condition.

In the case of Frank Young, the Ballard barber, who surrendered himself to Night Jailer King a fortnight ago, an order was made by Judge Langley yesterday providing for the prisoner's release. Jailer Burkman appeared before the court and explained that Young was in his right mind and capable of taking care of himself, and the court set him at liberty.

Sales of Real Estate Confirmed.

Orders confirming sale were signed in the superior court yesterday in the following cases, plaintiff being the highest bidder in each case: Albert Knause vs. Andrew W. Piper et al., lots 8, 9 and 10, block 45, Bell's heirs second addition, $2,515.04; Herbert S. Griggs vs. E. M. Church et al., tract 4, Cormode's five acre Garden Tracts, $415; Bank of Auburn vs. James Dolan et al., eighty acres in section 6, township 20 north, range 6 east, $438; Hannah E. Sargent vs. James Lind et al., 160 acres section 2, 21, 4, $1,376; John W. Hudson vs. Joseph Wintemute et al., lot 9, block 22, Pontius' addition, $996.37; George M. Trouiman, as executor, vs. E. F. Wittler et al., lot 23, Beacon Place, $2,200; John D. Van Buren vs. Beriah Brown, sr., et al., property on Seventh avenue, $2,500; Benjamin M. Smith vs. Jacob H. Kleth et al., 160 acres in section 14, 22, 6, $1,116.80; Frank Hageman et al., as trustees, vs. William G. Simpson et al., 218.48 acres section 26, 21, 5, $5,000; Montgomery Evans vs. Daniel Hines et al., 38.20 acres section 14, 25, 7, $941.88; Frances A. Van Wagener vs. John J. Hering et al., 89 acres section 26, 22, 5, $1,200.

High Life in Everett.

Extravagant and riotous living in Everett is the charge made by Catherine Schmidt in a complaint for divorce filed in the superior court yesterday against Henry Schmidt. During the last six months, she says, her husband, instead of applying his income of $150 a month to the support of his family, has been squandering his money on women of unchaste character, leaving to her and her four children only $10 a month. This meager support is said to have ceased entirely with Christmas, since which time the whole burden of the family has been on the wife. The marriage took place in Germany January 4, 1880, and the children are Wilhelm, aged 14; Katie, 11; Emma, 9, and Harry, 7. The couple owns real estate in this city and Ballard valued at $3,500, and household furniture worth $800. The wife asks that in addition to a decree of divorce she be awarded the property, the custody of the children and $50 a month alimony.

Bilious colic can be quickly cured by taking Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. It is prompt and effectual.

In Cold Weather —USE— A VICTOR.

Z. C. MILES CO., Yesler Av., Bet. Front St. and Railroad Av. T. F. DAVIDSON, Receiver.

An Interested Party.

A relic of the days when Judge J. W. Langley was practicing at the bar came before his honor yesterday when the case of the Northwestern and Pacific Hypotheek bank vs. Pratt et al. was called. The case came before the court on a demurrer of plaintiff to a complaint in intervention filed by the minor defendants, but Judge Langley found that his previous connection with the property involved disqualified him from sitting as judge. Accordingly he transferred the case to Judge Osborn.

Street Car Highwayman Pleads Guilty.

After three weeks' deliberation in jail on the folly of attempting to hold up a street car, E. J. Collier, who tried to rob Austin W. Skinner, January 3, pleaded guilty in Judge Humes' court yesterday to a charge of attempting to commit a robbery. The court suspended sentence at the request of Deputy Prosecuting Attorney Wilshire. John Adams, who is under arrest as having been Collier's pal, entered a plea of not guilty, and the court set his trial for February 4.

Before the Criminal Court.

In Judge Humes' court yesterday Thomas Mulligan was arraigned, and given until next Tuesday to plead to a charge of burglary. Similar action was taken in respect to Otto Myers, charged with burglary, and H. Wendt, charged with grand larceny. In the case of Robert Martin, charged with burglary, the prisoner pleaded not guilty, and Attorney W. B. McGerry was appointed to defend him.

CAUSES ASSIGNED FOR TRIAL.

Judge Osborn Completes His Calendar—Criminal Cases Set.

Judge Osborn's trial calendar yesterday was called through and all cases on it noted for trial were disposed of. There was not sufficient business set for February, and Judge Osborn announces that if attorneys desire to have cases tried during the session they should note them at once. He expects to discharge his jury at the end of the month unless there is business enough to keep it going.

In the civil department causes were assigned as follows:

G. W. Lawton vs. C. W. Saunders, February 6.

R. M. Longstaff vs. W. H. White, as administrator, February 14.

H. Winfrid et al. vs. A. M. Brookes, February 17.

W. A. Swinerton vs. John G. Scurry et al., February 25.

In the criminal department Judge Humes set cases as follows:

State vs. Peter McDonnell, burglary, February 3.

State vs. Leonard Harriston, grand larceny, February 4.

State vs. John Adams, attempt to commit robbery, February 4.

State vs. Ah Gar, petty larceny, February 5.

State vs. Robert Martin, burglary, February 5.

State vs. Otto Myers, burglary, February 6.

State vs. Thomas Mulligan, burglary, February 7.

New Suits Filed.

In the superior court yesterday actions were begun as follows:

Seattle Building and Loan Association vs. William W. Noyes et al.—Balance on promissory notes, $467.70.

John H. Allen vs. Curtis Egbert et ux.—Transcript from justice court, $102.92.

Catherine Schmidt vs. Henry Schmidt—Divorce.

R. H. Thomson vs. J. H. W. Lock and P. L. Runkel—Complaint not filed.

Court and County Notes.

A marriage license was issued yesterday for George T. Pullen, of Montesano, and Sarah S. Swearingen, of Ballard.

Julius Kanitzer, of Germany, in the county clerk's office yesterday declared his intention of becoming a citizen of the United States.

Inasmuch as the jury in the Breust case had brought in a verdict of acquittal, the similar charge against his partner, Hugh Cunningham, was dismissed yesterday

An inventory and appraisement of the estate of Guiseppe Demartini shows that the property of deceased consists of lot 5, block 20, Sarah Bell's Second addition, valued at $1,000.

On motion of the prosecuting attorney, the case of the State vs. Minnie Jones and A. E. Boyd, involving a charge of forcible entry and detainer, was dismissed yesterday by Judge Humes.

By order of Judge Osborn, a commission will issue from the superior court authorizing Laurence M. Byers, of Des Moines, Ia., to take the deposition of Hugo Winfrid for use in the case of Winfrid et al. vs. A. M. Brookes et al.

The Seattle Building and Loan Association yesterday sued William W. Noyes, George A. Pulver and others to recover $467.70, alleged to be due on a $700 promissory note, secured by mortgage on lot 3, block 1, Walla Walla addition.

Another charge of passing counterfeit coin was tried before Judge Hanford yesterday, William Belkle, of Whatcom, answering to the charge. As in the case of John Burke on the preceding day, the jury promptly brought in a verdict of not guilty.

Judgments were signed in the superior court yesterday in the following cases: Fred B. Grinnell, as receiver, vs. Fred Furth, $2,397.07; J. G. McLean vs. William Carnes, $220.26; Allen B. Wrisley vs. J. E. Chilberg, $1,514.10 (revival); Mary J. Shaffer vs. Carrie Z. Denny et al., $1,293.08.

Burlington Service.

No one is to blame but yourself, if your ticket to Omaha, St. Louis, Kansas City or Chicago does not read via the Burlington Route.

The local ticket agent has tickets via the Burlington to these and all other Southern and Southeastern cities. He will furnish you with one if you ask for it. But you must ask for it.

Letters of inquiry addressed to the undersigned will receive prompt attention. M. P. Benton, Puget sound agent, corner Yesler avenue and Front street.

Smoke, Read

And write, amid comfort and luxury, in the Buffet Smoking Library Coach on "North-Western Limited" via "The North-Western Line" leaving Minneapolis every night 7:30, St. Paul 8:10, arriving Chicago 9:30 a. m. This coach has been truly termed "a club room on wheels," and besides having a library of the best standard works and all the latest periodicals, has equipment for serving light refreshments. Your home agent will sell you tickets via this first-class line. For further information and Illustrated Folder, free, please address F. W. Parker, Puget Sound Agent, Seattle, 601 First avenue.

Excursion to California.

Via "Mount Shasta Route," Tuesday, January 28, Seattle to San Francisco, $12.50, including berth in tourist sleeper; $20, including berth in Pullman sleeper. Rates to points East through California same as Northern lines. Southern Pacific Ticket Office, 619 Front street.

Yesterday's Registration.

The registration of voters was yesterday scarcely up to the average, the total being only 181. In the several wards it was: First, 24; Second, 18; Third, 15; Fourth, 18; Fifth, 23; Sixth, 16; Seventh, 32; Eighth, 12; Ninth, 23.

Reward.

A reward of $10 will be paid for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any one stealing copies of the Post-Intelligencer delivered to subscribers throughout the city.

When you want coal free from rock, dirt and soot, order Newcastle.

ALL MUST REGISTER.

Or They Will Not Be Allowed to Vote at Primaries.

FULL TEXT OF THE NEW LAW.

Qualifications Same as at General Election—The Ballots and the Prima Facie Clause.

The primary election law known as senate bill No. 182, passed by the last legislature, will govern at the Republican primaries to be held in this city February 15. The bill passed the senate February 21, the house March 14, and was approved by the governor March 21. It is entitled, "An act to authorize and regulate primary elections of voluntary political associations, to provide for punishment of frauds therein." The law is as follows:

Section 1. All primary elections hereafter to be held by any voluntary political association or party for delegates to any nominating convention of such party for candidates for public office shall be held under the provisions of this act in the incorporated cities and towns of this state.

Sec. 2. Whenever such primary elections are called by any managing committee authorized under the rules or customs of such voluntary political association or party to call such primary elections, such call shall be made by resolution duly passed by such managing committee, and attested by the chairman and secretary of such committee.

Sec. 3. This resolution shall be published in some newspaper of general circulation in the city or town where such primary election is to be held at least ten days previous to the time set for such election; and if there be no newspaper published therein, then written copies of such resolution shall be posted in two of the most public places in each precinct in said city or town.

Sec. 4. The resolutions shall declare—First, the time and places of holding such primary elections and the hours between which the polls are to be kept open; second, the object of the election; third, the qualifications required of voters in addition to those prescribed by law; fourth, the number of persons to be elected as such delegates in each polling precinct, and such other matters as such managing committee, in accordance with the custom of such voluntary political associations or party, usually submit in an official call for such primary elections.

Sec. 5. The qualifications of voters at such primary elections, in addition to those prescribed by such resolution, shall be the same as those at a general election held under the general election law of this state.

Sec. 6. The persons to be voted for as such delegates at such primary election shall possess all the qualifications required of a voter at such primary election in the respective voting precincts.

Sec. 7. The persons to be voted for as such delegates shall be selected in excess by at least twice the number to be elected in each polling precinct, and such selection shall be made at least one day previous to such primary election by a caucus of the qualified voters in each precinct, under such call or resolution, and such caucus shall also select three reputable citizens, two to act as judges and one as clerk of such primary election. Such selection shall be certified to such managing committee by the officers of such caucus.

Sec. 8. The qualifications and duties of the judges and clerks selected by such caucus and their organization into an election board for their respective precincts shall be similar to those in the general election law, and such election board shall have the right to question the voter as to his previous party affiliation, and shall have the same powers in administering oaths, questioning voters as to their qualification, rejecting ballots, etc., as the election board has under the general election law of the state.

Sec. 9. The managing committee shall cause a list of the names of such delegates so selected to be printed on one ballot of convenient form for each polling precinct, which ballot shall be the only ballot voted at such primary election and shall be obtained only by the voters from the primary election officers immediately before voting.

Sec. 10. The voter shall designate the persons for whom he wishes to vote by marking a cross (x) opposite their names on such printed ballot, voting for as many persons only as the respective precinct is entitled to elect under such call or resolution: Provided, that nothing in this section shall prevent the voter from inserting or adding any name or names on such printed ballot as he may wish to vote for.

Sec. 11. It shall be the duty of the registration officers under the general election law of this state to permit the judges or managing committee of such primary elections to make a list of the registered voters in the respective precincts.

Sec. 12. It shall be the duty of the clerks of each primary election board to keep a tally list of the names and residences of all persons voting, numbered in the order of the voting, and upon canvassing the vote such clerk shall make a return of all persons voted for, with the number of ballots cast for each person.

Sec. 13. Before receiving any ballots the judges, in the presence of the persons assembled at the polling places, shall open and exhibit and then close the ballot box, and thereafter it must not be removed from the polling place, nor from the view of the bystanders until all the ballots are counted, nor must it be opened until the polls are finally closed.

Sec. 14. Before the judges receive any ballots they must cause it to be proclaimed aloud at the places of election that the polls are open, and fifteen minutes before the time of closing that fact must be proclaimed in like manner, and after the final closing of the polls no ballots must be received.

Sec. 15. On closing the polls the judges must immediately proceed to canvass the votes in the presence of the bystanders, and must continue the canvass without adjournment at the polling place until complete and the results thereof declared.

Sec. 16. After counting the votes, proclaiming the result and signing the return the judges shall cause the tally list and ballots to be filed with the clerk of the county wherein such election is held, which tally list and ballots shall be kept by him as part of the public records until after the adjournment of the convention for which such primary election was held, and they shall cause the return to be filed with the managing committee under whose authority such primary election was called, whereupon such managing committee shall issue certificates of election in accordance with the result therein declared. Such certificate shall be prima facie evidence of the person's selection.

Sec. 17. Any judge or clerk who shall falsify any primary election return, or in any manner violate the provisions of this act, or make it possible to secure a return of such primary election other than the true one by fraudulently canvassing the votes of such primary election, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not less than $100 nor more than $500, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than two nor more than six months, or both by fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 18. (1) Whoever fraudulently votes at any primary election; or (2) offers to vote after having voted at such election; or (3) knowing that he is not a qualified voter under the resolution or call of such managing committee at such primary election, willfully votes or offers to vote at such primary election; or (4) aids or abets any one not a qualified voter at such primary election in voting; or (5) by offering a reward or bribe, either directly or indirectly, to influence or attempt to influence any elector at such primary election to give or withhold his vote at such primary election; or (6) furnishes a voter, or himself votes, a ballot other than the lawful ballot obtained from the officers of such primary election; or (7) fraudulently or deceitfully changes a ballot of a voter; or (8) prevents the voting of a qualified voter; or (9) exercises an unlawful influence over a qualified voter at such primary election by means of violence or threats of violence, or any other injury, or by bribery or by corrupt means prevents or attempts to prevent any qualified voter from attending or voting at such primary election; or (10) gives, or offers to give, any valuable thing or bribe to any judge or clerk of such primary election as a consideration for some act to be done, or omitted to be done, contrary to his duty in relation to such primary election; or (11) shall in any manner interfere with or disturb any primary election held under the provisions of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than $50 nor more than $500, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than one nor more than six months, or by both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 19. Any person who shall violate any section of this act for which no punishment is herein especially provided, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be fined not less than $50 nor more than $200, or by imprisonment in the county jail for not less than one nor more than three months, or by both fine and imprisonment, in the discretion of the court.

ON THE AMERICAN SIDE.

British Columbia Canneries Being Driven Out.

"Another year will see the establishment of most of the English salmon canneries on the American side of the line," said J. H. Falconer, a fruit canner of Victoria, at the Arlington last night. "The English law imposes such restrictions upon the salmon canner that competition with Americans is impossible. I know of several Victoria canneries that are establishing headquarters in Aberdeen, and their lead will inevitably be followed by the rest.

"One thing is the early closing of our fishing season. English law prohibits the capture of salmon after September, and even during the season a stringent regulation prescribes the size of the meshes in the fishing nets, and thus only the larger fish can be caught. At the end of the last season a prayer and petition was addressed to parliament by which a week longer was obtained.

"I have visited Myers' cannery here and found it smaller than the majority of the Victoria canneries, and less modern in equipment. They seem to do a great deal of work, though, their record of 40,000 cases for the past season being hardly equaled by any of our canneries."

In speaking of Victoria generally, Mr. Falconer said that a strong feeling is gaining ground there for the establishment of a permanent causeway across the tide flats, and that steps in that direction will be taken soon. He also spoke of the submarine fortifications at Esquimalt, saying they were of vastly more importance than was commonly believed, and controlled the entrance of the Sound.

Leap Year Party at Newcastle.

The society ladies of Newcastle are noted for the their delightful social affairs, but they fairly outshone themselves last Saturday night on the occasion of their leap year party at I. O. O. F. hall. It was the event of the season, and will long be remembered by those who were so fortunate as to receive invitations. The pretty little hall was becomingly decorated with ivy and flowers, and the floor management, which was under the control of Miss Rosa Brooks, Miss Ida Vow and Miss Lizzie Dobson, was conducted in a manner that would reflect credit on any leader. Langer & Lubin's orchestra from this city furnished the music and entranced the dancers by the mazy waltzes and catchy two-steps and schottisches. Dancing was commenced at 8:30 with a grand march in which over forty couples were in line. The lady floor managers were especially watchful in seeing that the visiting gentlemen were supplied with partners, and never once did they forget their duties, even if they only have an opportunity once in four years. At 11:30 an intermission was announced for supper and the assembled merrymakers sat down to a repast fit for kings. When the inner man had been satisfied dancing was again begun and kept up until a late hour. There were many present from neighboring towns, those from Seattle being Mr. and Mrs. Fred Uder and Miss Mary Gregg. Those from Issaquah were: Miss Maggie Dobson, Miss Gracious Anderson, Mrs. Olson, and those from Renton, Mr. Dick Woods, Mr. Green, Mr. Hank Peterson, Mr. Gleeson and Mr. August Treviom. It is to be hoped that the Newcastle ladies will give another party soon, as this their first one was such a flattering success.

Literary Society Entertains.

The Columbia Literary Society, of the Columbia school, held a joint business meeting and entertainment in the eighth grade room last Friday afternoon. The meeting was largely attended by members and their friends, the musical and literary programme given at the conclusion of the business session being well received. Light refreshments were served at the close of the exercises. The officers installed for the ensuing term were: President, Mr. Jay Johnson; vice president, Miss Lizzie Prior; secretary, Miss Helen Black; sergeant-at-arms, Mr. Claud Woodin.

Mrs. Nellie Showalter, of Kentucky, a direct descendant of Chief Justice Marshall, is said to be the most brilliant woman chess player in the world. She is to take part in the Brooklyn tournament in April.

The skeleton in many a household is the peculiar weakness of the wife and mother, or of the wife who ought to be a mother and is not. Happiness is destroyed by the presence of the secret sickness that may lurk like a grinning death among the most luxurious homes. The most terrible thing about this condition of affairs is that it is entirely needless. There is no reason in the world why every woman in the world should not be strong and healthful and capable of fulfilling her whole duty as a wife and mother. Many women go on month after month, and year after year, becoming weaker and weaker, because of a very natural hesitancy they feel in consulting a physician. They know that if they go to a doctor for treatment, the first thing he will insist on will be "examination" and "local treatment." This must of course be distasteful to every modest woman. They are generally as unnecessary as they are abhorrent. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription cures positively, perfectly, permanently, all varieties of "female weakness" and disease. It is designed to do this one thing, and it does it. It is the only medicine now before the public for woman's peculiar ailments, adapted to her delicate organization by a regularly graduated physician—an experienced and skilled specialist in these maladies. It cannot do harm in any condition of the system. Its sales exceed the combined sales of all other medicines for women.

Every woman will be healthier and happier for following the friendly, practical counsel contained in Dr. Pierce's great universal doctor book: "The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." It is the most comprehensive medical work in one volume in the English language. It contains 1008 pages, fully illustrated. 680,000 copies have been sold at $1.50 each bound in cloth. The profits are now used in printing half-a-million *free* copies bound in strong manilla paper covers. To get one you have only to send 21 one-cent stamps (to pay cost of mailing *only*), to World's Dispensary Medical Association, No. 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y. Send promptly before all are given away if in want of one. They are going off rapidly.

"77" FOR GRIP

Hark!!!

To the Voices of the Grateful.

The greatest of all fame spreaders are the loosened tongues of those made well.

FROM THE EAST.

Mrs. J. Sparks, 175 W. 95th St., New York City: "I have used Humphreys Specifics for years. I cannot praise them too highly. '77' has proved a blessing."

Mrs. W. F. Hancock, Marlboro, Mass.; "I used '77' with great success."

FROM THE WEST.

E. E. Pierce, Pastor of Church of Christ, Clarion, Ia., writes: '77' has cured a bad Cold in my wife; she only used one-fourth of a bottle."

FROM THE NORTH.

W. R. Stevenson, Hallomet, Ottawa Co., Mich.: "I had a very bad Cold; I used three bottles of '77;' it cured me quick."

Mrs. Fred W. Gilbert, Chicago, Ill.: "I have used your Specifics with the best results, especially '77' for Grippe."

FROM THE SOUTH.

F. Stillwell, New Orleans, La.; "I have found '77' very effective."

Mrs. Hugh Mayer, Princeton, Ky.: "I used '77' for Grip and Colds; am so much pleased with the success of it that I want some more."

Small bottles of pleasant pellets—fit your vest pocket; sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price, 25c; or five for $1.00. Humphreys' Medicine Co., 111 and 113 William St., New York.

Rochester Clothing Co.

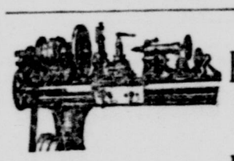
We Use No Electric or Gas Lights In the Day Time.

We have fitted our store room with a big sky light and four large windows in the rear. The object is so you won't be compelled to buy your goods in dark stores. We have honest goods at the right prices, and all our stock will bear inspection. That is more than other clothing dealers can say.

Rochester Clothing Co.

GOLDENSON & SONDHEIM, Props.

No. 805 First Avenue, Colman Block.



BARNES' FOOT POWER LATHES.

For bicycle and general repair work are unexcelled.

WHITON HARDWARE CO.

Western Washington Agents,

118 Commercial Street.

Samples just received. Catalogues free on application.

All Sheet Music Sold at One-Half The Marked Price.

All the new, popular and standard classic selections. If not in stock will order any composition desired at same price as above.

SHERMAN, CLAY & Co.

No. 715 Second Avenue, Seattle, Wash.

New Goods.....

New styles, the first of the coming season's fashions, came first to the Big Store. Already we show many lines of entirely new goods, and daily from now on the stock will grow. Our special buyers are already on their way to market, and every effort is being put forth to make this season's spring stock a remarkable one.

New Shirt Waists.

They are here. Our first order of 100 dozen fine Print, Percale and Fancy Waists for ladies is now in, and we place them on sale at quick-step prices.

The new Shirt Waists are—

49c, 61c, 73c, 79c, 85c, 98c, $1.25 each.

See them in corner window.

New Dress Goods.

An early lot, the very first of the season and the first shown in the city. The lines embrace Handsome Fancy Suitings and Rich Black Goods, all new and just on sale at attractive figures.

Here are some of the very special values:

25c—All-Wool Checks and Mixtures, in light and medium colors, 36 inches wide, at 25c a yard.

45c—Complete line of 40-inch All-Wool Mixtures at 45c a yard.

60c—Black and Navy Blue Storm Serges, 46 inches wide, 60c a yard.

$1—Black and Navy Blue Storm Serges, 52 inches wide, $1 a yard.

50c—Black Pure Mohair Fancies, 40 inches wide, 50c a yard.

60c—Black Pure Mohair Fancies, 40 inches wide, at 60c a yard.

New Spring Embroideries.

Here they are, crisp and fresh, right direct from the makers, and daintier and prettier than any lot of embroideries we have ever shown. Prices are very, very low. There is no question about these embroideries going quickly. They cannot help selling. No shrewd woman is going to pass them by.

New Fancy Outing Flannels.

We want you to see this new lot; want you to see how nice are the patterns and the colorings, and their quality. You will be surprised to know that 10c a yard is the price placed upon the lot.

We Ordered Six—They Sent Sixty-Six.

For the past week we have been offering unusual special inducements to buyers of Rugs. This came about in an unusual manner. In filling our orders for these rugs the manufacturers made a mistake. Our original order was increased through an error on their part to an alarming degree. We ordered six Miyota Hand-Woven Rugs 9x12 feet. They sent us sixty-six, and in smaller sizes there were several duplications. Rather than bear return freight charges, the manufacturers instructed us to sell these rugs at special prices. This we have done for the past week. There are now about 25 of these large rugs left and a number of the small ones. Upon further instructions received yesterday from the manufacturers, we will continue to sell these rugs at the special prices already placed upon them for a short time longer. Call and examine these rugs and get the prices placed upon them. There have never been better bargains in this line in this city. Shown on third floor.

Art Dep't Specials.

Stamped Center Pieces reduced from 25c to 23c each.

Stamped Table Covers reduced from $1.50 to 75c each.

Stamped Table Covers reduced from 50c to 35c each.

Stamped Table Covers reduced from 50c to 25c each.

Stamped Cushion Covers reduced from 85c to 65c each.

Stamped Cushion Covers reduced from 15c to 10c each.

Stamped Tray Cloths reduced from 19c to 13c each.

Stamped Tray Cloths reduced from 75c to 45c each.

Special values in Stamped Lunch Cloths at $1.25 and $1.50.

Our January Linen Sale

Continued for another week. Everything at reduced prices.

50 pcs Heavy Twilled Crash Toweling, bleached and unbleached, splendid quality, reduced from 5c to ..... 3c a yard.

25 dozen Turkish Towels, unbleached, large sizes, reduced from 12½c to.... 5c each.

We reserve the right to limit the quantity each customer can have.

A few dozen Damask Tray Cloths, regular 25c quality, at ..... 10c each.

50 dozen 5-8 size Bleached Damask Napkins reduced from $1 to ..... 69c per dozen.

50 dozen 3-4 size Unbleached Damask Napkins, no better goods made for wear, from $1.50 to ..... $1.19 dozen.

25 dozen 3-4 size Bleached Damask Napkins, all pure linen, from $1.50 to.. $1.19 per dozen.

60-inch Bleached Damask, reduced from 50c to ..... 37½c a yard.

All our fine grades of Napkins, Lunch Cloth and Table Sets at great reductions.

Ladies' and Children's Hosiery and Underwear Specials.

Ladies' Extra Heavy Fleece-Lined Vest, 25c.

Ladies' White Merino Vests, pants to match, reduced from 50c to 42c.

Ladies' Natural Wool Vests, pants to match, reduced from 75c to 62c.

Ladies' Camel's-Hair Vests, pants to match, reduced from $1.15 to 98c.

Ladies' Natural Wool Vests, pants to match, reduced from $1.50 to $1.23.

Ladies' Extra Fine Natural Wool Vests, pants to match, reduced from $1.85 to $1.50.

Boys' Heavy Natural Shirts and Drawers, 23c each.

Children's Combination, extra values, 75c, 98c, $1.25.

Children's Pants and Drawers, Dr. Warner's celebrated goods, only a few left, reduced from $1.25 to 49c.

Special prices this week on Stuttgarter's German Sanitary Underwear.

Children's Wool Hose, 9c, 15c, 20c, 25c and 35c.

Ladies' Wool Hose, 15c, 20c, 25c, 35c.

Boys' Heavy Wool Bicycle Hose, 20c.

Imperial Pinned Paper Patterns.

The best in the world. The only perfect fitting pattern made, and so easily put together that anyone can use them. Ask for the February Fashion Sheet; free this week in Book Department, second floor. A 20-page illustrated Magazine of Fashions.

Special Drives in Domestic Dep't.

Full yard-wide Unbleached Sheeting.. 5c yard.

Good quality of Ginghams, good styles, 5c yard.

25 pieces Dress Prints, dark colors, good styles and good quality, reduced from 6¼c to..... 3½c yard.

Children's Shoes. 98c.

Beginning with Monday, we will put on sale 140 pairs of Children's Hand-Sewed Kangaroo Calf Shoes, sizes 5 to 8, widths B, C, D, E, EE. Also 125 pairs Children's Fine Kid Shoes, spring heel, patent leather tip, at 98c pair.

Ladies' Fine Hand-Sewed Button and Lace Shoes, sizes from 1 to 4, reduced from $5 to $1.98.

Ladies' Slippers in Satin and Suede Kid at 25 per cent. discount.

Furnishing Goods.

We have a leader in Men's Pure Cashmere Socks, black or natural..... 35c Or Three Pairs for $1.

These formerly sold at 50c.

Hats and Caps.

A new lot of Men's Fedoras at..... $2.50, $3.50

Men's Golf Caps At 75c, $1, $1.25

Boys' Golf Caps At..... 75c, $1.00

Dunlap Hats At Reduced Prices.

Stiff Hats From $5 to $3.50

Silk Hats From $8 to $4.00

Fedoras From $5 to $4.50

The MacDougall & Southwick Co.

Nos. 717-19-21-23 First Av.

MAIL ORDERS CAREFULLY FILLED.