

REJOICED TOO SOON.

Blackburn's Friends Thought He Was Re-elected.

HE GETS SOUND MONEY VOTES.

But on the Next Ballot Carlisle Has Fifteen-Democratic Representative to Be Unseated Tomorrow.

Frankfort, Ky., March 7.—The senatorial contest today resulted in a stampede on one ballot and a panic on the other, and almost a riot on both. The friends of Senator Blackburn thought he was elected at the end of the first ballot, and began celebrating. Before the confusion subsided word was sent everywhere that Blackburn was elected. It was easily made during such a stampede. But it is the general opinion that it required great efforts to prevent the election of Secretary Carlisle on the next ballot. The Republican leaders in the house became confused early in the morning, when they permitted the postponement of the Dunlap-Kaufman contest till Monday. Instead of carrying out the decree of last night's caucus to elect Kaufman for the first thing and elect Dunlap in the afternoon, the Republicans delayed until Monday. The key to the contest was the pair between Carlisle and Blackburn. When it became evident that unless this pair was broken Blackburn would be elected, Weisinger from his sickbed in the hotel, re-elected Chambers if the latter would vote for Carlisle. This act defeated Blackburn, as the stampede had reached its climax. The sound money Democrats had gone to Blackburn, while the Republicans were rushing to Carlisle. The vote of Chambers for Carlisle did more than all the wavers of the preceding office and senatorial campaign for order. There was a panic when Representative Lyons, Rep. of Newport, said he would vote for Blackburn if the Republicans were to elect Carlisle. The Republicans were to elect Carlisle on Monday, and the feeling against the so-called bolters is intense on both sides. Without Weisinger's support Carlisle and Blackburn cannot be elected. The Republicans will pair with Weisinger only on condition that the member pairing with him will be allowed to vote for Carlisle. Senator Carlisle may come to Blackburn. Spaight voted for Blackburn today for the first time, but declares tonight that he will never do so again. The Republicans insist that the bill will seat Dunlap in Kaufman's place on Monday before there is another joint ballot.

There was a big crowd present to see the ballot taken. The roll call showed 62 members present; necessary to a choice, 51. The pairs numbered seven. Senators Ellison, Holloway, Noe, Saller, Smith and Bronston voted for Carlisle. The Republicans voted solidly for Lyons. Representatives Eard, Carroll, Dougherty, Norman, Spaight, Swineford, Violet, Walker and Witt voted for Carlisle. After the roll call was completed, Populist Poor said he believed the time had come to elect Blackburn. He cast his vote for Blackburn. (Cheers.) Then one by one, amid cheers from friends of Blackburn, the following Democrats changed to Blackburn from Carlisle: Ellison, Smith, Witt, Stephenson, Dougherty, Noe, Saller, Holloway, Bronston, Norman. Baird said he was opposed to the Democratic nominee's views on the currency question, but would cast his vote for Blackburn. Holloway and Baird also said they thought it their duty to vote for the nominee whenever there was a chance to elect him. Representative Chambers, who was paired with Senator Weisinger, said he wished to vote for Blackburn. He was tested. Mr. James changed his vote to John G. Carlisle. At this Representative Lyons expressed great excitement by saying that if any attempt was made to elect John G. Carlisle he would vote for Blackburn. The statement was widely cheered by friends of Blackburn. Speaker Blanford said that while it became certain that a sound-money Republican could not be elected he would follow his people's wishes and vote for a sound-money Democrat. He changed his vote to Carlisle, and the cheering excitement. Men jumped on chairs and cheered wildly. A dozen members clamored for recognition, and the chair rapped for order five minutes in vain. The assembly was in a tumult. Senator Bronston finally got the floor. He said that Chambers, Rep., who voted, in spite of his pair, for Carlisle, was not entitled to his seat. At this point of order was raised here that he was out of order, and a motion was made to recall the roll. The chairman ordered the galleries cleared, but without effect. "I say," cried, "away with these dilatory motions. Let us here and now elect some one, be it either Boyle, Blackburn or Carlisle."

Speaker Blanford withdrew the motion to adjourn, and the roll was ordered called for another ballot. Senator Clark refused to vote. Senator Bronston asked that he be required to vote. The chair ruled that no member could be required to vote. Senator Ellison voted for Carlisle. This seemed to indicate Blackburn's defeat. Senator Holloway then voted for Carlisle. He said as did Noe and Smith. Most of the Republicans refused to vote. Representative Baird, Dem., voted for Carlisle. Representative Chambers then voted for Carlisle. The ballot resulted: Blackburn 48, Carlisle 15, no quorum. Senator Jones moved that the assembly adjourn until Monday noon. Before the vote on the motion was completed, Senator Bronston said he understood Senator Orelis was getting very sick. He therefore withdrew his objection to the motion to adjourn, and it was carried.

Congressman Boatman to Be Unseated. Washington, Cal., March 7.—The house committee on elections No. 2 today decided to report the last congressional election in the Fifth Louisiana district null and void on account of fraud and intimidation. The decision of the committee, if sustained by the house, will unseat Boatman, Dem., without seating the contestant, Alex Bennett, Pop., and thus create a vacancy. The vote in committee was strictly on party lines.

The Alaska Fever in California. Oakland, Cal., March 7.—The professional men of Oakland have sought the Alaska gold fever. The story has been spread around that gold can be picked up in the far North in almost every section of the country. Next Monday a number of pro-

Spring Medicine

Your Mood in spring is almost certain to be full of impurities—the accumulation of the winter months. Bad ventilation of sleeping rooms, impure air in dwellings, factories and shops, over-eating, heavy, improper foods, failure of the kidneys and liver properly to do extra work thus thrust upon them, are the prime causes of this condition. It is of the utmost importance that you

Purify Your Blood

Now, as when warmer weather comes and the tonic effect of cold, bracing air is gone, your weak, thin, impure blood will not furnish necessary strength. That tired feeling, loss of appetite, will open the way for serious disease, ruined health, or breaking out of humors and impurities. To make pure, rich, red blood Hood's Sarsaparilla stands unequalled. Thousands testify to its merits. Millions take it as their spring medicine. Get Hood's, because

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists sell it. Prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Professional men in this city will desert their business and go North in search of treasure. The arrangements for the trip were completed today, and the start will be made next Monday. It is the intention to have but thirty men in the party, and all of them expect to return from Alaska as millionaires. Headquarters for the expedition have been opened in the office of Dr. C. H. Walker, a dentist.

Whatcom Normal School.

Whatcom, March 6.—Special.—The recent cold weather has delayed work on the normal school building so that it will require a week or ten days more of good working weather to complete the foundation. Headquarters for the contractors' third monthly estimate was allowed by the trustees yesterday. Architect Skillings having examined the work and reported it satisfactory. The contract for the windows and door frames and all the interior finish has been let to the Whatcom Falls Mill Company. The experts appointed by the board of trade have examined the foundation and made their report. One of them, Mr. Cline, one of the Populist representatives of this county, is quoted by a local paper as saying that the foundation is "not the solid affair pictured in the Post-Intelligencer; that in one place he noticed quite a cavity." This cavity, the superintendent says, is one which was purposely left for a sewer opening. The clerk of the board suggests that Mr. Cline may possibly know more about the cavities in the Omaha platform than he does about those in the normal school foundation. The committee did not interview the architect, superintendent or any member of the board. Yesterday the trustee having advised the board that the lighter shade will present a better appearance with the brick to be used, which vary considerably in shade.

Apportionment of State School Funds.

Table with columns: County, School, Amount. Lists counties like Adams, Asotin, Bland, etc., and their respective school amounts.

Everett News.

Everett, March 7.—Special.—The Everett Shingle Company resumed operations today. Root's mill and Darling's mill are also running. Stocking & Cady are shipping logs from their camp near Robes. Ten cars of logs were received on Friday from Cypfers & Sitson's camp. Four cars had loads consisting of one immense log each. Two train crews are now in operation on the Everett & Monte Cristo railroad. Business is steadily improving on the line. Duffley Wood, who has the contract for supplying wood for the smelter, are shipping in 100-ton car loads a week from the vicinity of Cypfers & Sitson's old logging camp. Today was pay day for the city employees and the sum of \$97,500 was distributed. This includes \$22,500 for the chief of the fire department, the bill of the street force for the month was \$11,000, making the total \$33,500. This is a great contrast to the pay roll of June, 1884, when, for instance, the police force, consisting of the marshal and eleven men, received an aggregate of \$1,000 for the month. The department now has 275 men, and the department now has 275 men, and the department now has 275 men.

Receiver for Everett Box Factory.

Everett, March 7.—Special.—J. Maughan, of the California Near Bank, a company more popularly known as the box factory, has come to California to raise money to relieve the owners of the financial embarrassment into which it was thrown this week. P. O. the having been appointed receiver. Mr. Maughan left a proposition to pay the men in arrears on the dollar and the balance as soon as the assets can be realized on. There is plenty of stock on hand and in transit in California to meet affairs. If the hair is falling out and turning gray, the glands of the skin need stimulating and color-food, and the best remedy and stimulant is Hall's Hair Restorer. Fees examined free. Mrs. P. Wiltz, Graduate Optician, New York eye hospital practice, 361 First Avenue, corner Columbia, in drug store.

BAITED BY MORGAN.

C. F. Huntington Passes An- other Uncomfortable Day.

CALLS LOBBYISTS TRUSTED MEN

He Paid Them \$2,000,000 for Watch- ing Legislation—Fry Tries to shield the Witness.

Washington City, March 7.—Senator Morgan today resumed the questioning of C. F. Huntington in the Pacific railroad inquiry before the senate committee on Pacific railroads. The first question was a demand for ascertaining whether the Union Pacific road had lost money in consequence of the diversion of traffic from the Central to the Southern Pacific. Huntington replied that it had not, and that a fact that more than 50 per cent. of the trans-continental business over all the railroads was carried over the Central Pacific. He said this matter was arranged by an understanding as to rates and distribution of business among all the trans-continental lines. He said this was not a pool, but a mere agreement, of higher rates to be levied on the Central Pacific in return for the right to use the Union Pacific road for freight and passenger traffic. Huntington professed not to be familiar with the details. He said such an agreement had been in effect twenty-five years.

Mr. Huntington asserted that the average local rates in California were as low as in any other part of the country, notwithstanding the expense of operating the roads was proportionately much greater. Mr. Huntington said he never had heard that such an agreement had been made. He said that the freight rates on the Central Pacific had been lowered since the completion of the road, and that the freight rates on the Southern Pacific had been raised. He said that the freight rates on the Central Pacific had been lowered since the completion of the road, and that the freight rates on the Southern Pacific had been raised. He said that the freight rates on the Central Pacific had been lowered since the completion of the road, and that the freight rates on the Southern Pacific had been raised.

Senator Morgan asked the California representatives of the committee for their opinion of this discrimination in favor of the long haul, and Mr. Huntington replied that the commission had been elected on a platform of equal rates 25 per cent. but the question had been taken into the courts and would be settled there. Senator Morgan—You contest, then, the right of California to exercise this authority? Mr. Huntington—I deny the authority of the state of California or anybody else to take my property without giving me due consideration. I said that even congress has not the right to forfeit my property, and I don't believe it will.

Whatcom County Schools.

Whatcom, March 6.—Special.—County Superintendent HHT received today the state superintendent's certificate of apportionment of current school funds for the quarter ending January 1, 1896, giving this county \$152,700. The state superintendent says: "This does not include any of the proceeds of the sale of strays, fines, licenses, etc., must be apportioned to the different districts as provided by the 'bare-foot law,' viz all of it according to the number of census children in the district. All moneys hereafter certified from this office must be apportioned in this way, while all moneys arising from a county tax or from the proceeds of sale of strays, fines, licenses, etc., must be apportioned according to the old law." This will work a serious hardship upon the small districts, several of which, five or six at least, cannot obtain, without special levies, enough money to pay the expense of even the three months' school required by law. The state apportionment for the last quarter of 1895 gives this county \$54 more than the corresponding apportionment of the previous year.

Bright as Sunshine.

Sparkling as Apollinaris.

New as Today.

Spring... Clothing

FOR MEN... And BOYS.

They are novel. Nothing like them in this city. Cast your eye over the stock in other clothing houses; then call on us. You will easily see the difference in new goods and old stock that other dealers carry. You will also see a big difference in prices, all in our favor. Clothing all altered to fit you.

Richard L. Johnson & Co. GOLDENSON & SONBRIEN, Prop.

No. 305 First Avenue, Colman Block.

how coal had to be brought from Australia and England; how it was necessary to bring machinery around Cape Horn; of the difficulty of procuring water and of protecting the tracks against snow storms. In view of these facts, he thought any one had a right to be able to see that the company never would have been able to accomplish its work without good credit and the exercise of the most rigid economy. "We have," he said, "done all this work, and we have always paid our bills, and we should continue to do so even as to the great debt of the government had it not given larger aid to construct roads to the north and south of us than it did to the Union and Central Pacific line, thus destroying the earning power of the Central line." Still he thought it wise to build all these lines to police the country. "Concluding," he said, "it does seem hard that nearly thirty years after the work has been completed, the representatives of this great nation of some 70,000,000, should be asking the builders of these roads to answer charges made by worthless set of men as ever undertook to block the wheels of commerce or dock the heels of an army of war or a great inland army like that which works within the ranks of the Central Pacific Railroad Company."

Pacific County News.

South Bend, March 6.—Special.—John Cochran, president of the Chehalis Water Company, which has taken charge of the South Bend water works, was in the city yesterday and has a surveying party across the river running lines for the location of a main from a point well up in the gulch east of the Warner farm, across the river, to connect with the present system at Broadway. His plan is to put in a gravity system. He said there was no doubt that the stream running down the gulch would give an ample supply of pure water. There would be, he estimates, about 100 feet head at the reservoir, which would be sufficient to give a heavy pressure and fill the present reservoir with the surplus water after the water had traveled through the pipes and customers had been supplied. The reservoir would serve as a reserve supply in case of dry weather or fire. It is about two and a half miles from the source of supply to the main at Broadway. The pipe he will lay will be wooden pipe, six inch near the source and the rest four inch.

John Hawks, whose actions have been very eccentric of late, cannot be found. He lived alone at Hawk's Point, at the mouth of North river, abandoned his own house for a deserted shack, discarded his dinky car because he thinks it wants to drown when he drives it, and thinks every one is after him. His mother came up from Ilwaco, and friends have been searching for him since last Tuesday. From fresh tracks it was evident that he had left his place shortly before their arrival. It is feared that he has wandered off into the woods and died of exposure. The prospects are bright for the location here of another shingle mill by the Pacific Shingle Manufacturing Company, of Anacortes. It would have a capacity of 12,000 daily. S. A. Soule has offered them a site and guaranteed them timber for 20,000,000 shingles. They want a three-year supply, and it can easily be obtained if others who hold cedar timber land near there will sell.

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No. 305 First Avenue, Colman Block.

Large advertisement for E. W. Newhall & Co. featuring 'Spring... 1896' and 'Spring Novelties'. The ad includes text about their opening display, a list of goods, and contact information for their Seattle store.