MR. BURLEIGH WINS.

He Is One of the Nine Makers of the Platform.

FINANCIAL PLANK SUITS HIM.

Mr. Gilbert Votes Against Addicks—The Idaho Delegation Evidently Preparing to Bolt.

St. Louis, June 16.—Special.—Through the efforts of Andrew F. Burleigh, in the meeting of the committee on resolutions after the adjournment of the convention, the sub-committee on platform was increased in membership from seven to nine, and the Pacific coast was given representation, the Washington delegation being named for that place. When Gov. Foraker had announced the appointment of the sub-committee of seven, Mr. Burleigh took the floor and pointed out the fact that of the men named for the committee not one lived west of Denver. He protested that the Pacific slope was not being properly treated, and asked for representation. As if to answer the delegate from Washington, a committeeman from Virginia stated that to increase the membership of the sub-committee, particularly with men from the Pacific coast, would be dangerous, intimating strongly that unsound financial views might cause the committee a great deal of trouble.

"Do you know how we stand on finance?" called out Mr. Burleigh. "I come from Washington, that declared emphatically and unequivocally for gold, and as far as we are concerned our views on the financial problem are abreast of the times."

That little speech silenced the objector, who was surprised to learn that Washington was a sound money state, and the appointments were made without further debate. Mr. Burleigh and Mr. Lauterbach of New York being named as the additional members. The gold plank as finally adopted contained a declaration for the maintenance of the present gold standard, against free coinage and for bi-metallism through international agreement.

Its framework is the Washington plank, but the national plank is larger and not so direct. It is understood that the platform will contain a strong declaration in favor of the Nicaragua canal being built, owned and operated by the United States government. This takes the Republican party a step further than the platform of 1892, which declared that the canal ought to be controlled by the government. The platform of 1896, it is said, will take very strong ground in favor of Cuba and the active intervention of the United States in behalf of Cuban independence. The statement simply stops short of a declaration of war against Spain. The proceedings of the sub-committee were conducted with the utmost harmony, and the platform will be adopted without longer discussion.

Mr. Burleigh says of it: "My opinion is that it is the most important platform adopted by a Republican convention since the war, and that it will be the most potent for good in this country."

At the meeting of the committee on credentials tonight a matter of interest to Washington people came up in the Addicks-Higgins contest, from Delaware. The attorney for Addicks in his argument said that his client's case was not wholly without precedent, and then referred to the failure of Senator Allen to succeed himself two years ago. The principal ground of the contest against Addicks was that he had "held up" the legislature of Delaware through four Republicans who refused to go into caucus, thus causing a failure to elect a United States senator.

"In the state of Washington," said the attorney, "Wilson and his friends refused to go into caucus, and consequently there was no election of senator, and yet a brother of United States Senator Wilson is in this convention as a delegate, and his Republicanism is not questioned."

This statement brought James M. Gilbert, Washington's member of the committee, to the floor, with a prompt denial that Senator Wilson or his friends had been a party to the failure to elect a senator at that time. On the vote Mr. Gilbert cast his ballot against Addicks on the ground that he had been instrumental in causing the Republicans to lose a senator. It is needless to say that Addicks lost the case. Nevertheless, the Addicks credentials were regular in form.

In the committee on rules Carner made a strong pull for C. H. Dodd, of Oregon, for chairman, but the latter withdrew his name. The committee took up the Alaskan contest and will recommend that Nowell, Johnson, Young and Blackett be allowed one vote each.

The committee also referred to a sub-committee of seven the re-apportionment scheme, under which, if adopted, Washington will be allowed eighteen delegates to the next national convention instead of six, as at present.

In the convention this morning Gov. John H. McGraw was given a seat on the platform among the national committeemen and distinguished visitors.

After the adoption of the unit rule at this morning's meeting of the Washington delegates, Mr. Wilson introduced a resolution in harmony with the Spokane platform of 1894, for the free coinage of silver. This was voted down, 7 to 1, so the solid vote of the delegation will be cast against free coinage in the convention hall.

It has been pointed out as significant that free silver Idaho has neglected in making up its committees to fill the places of national committeeman and members of the committee to notify the president and vice president. The inaction of Idaho is construed to mean a bolt when the gold plank is adopted.

Sidney A. Perkins, a well-known young Republican of Tacoma, has come to the front with a bound. He is the national representative from Washington of the American Republican College League, and is a member of the executive committee of the National Republican League. Today he was selected by the executive committee of the latter organization as a member of a committee to visit the nominees made by the convention and to congratulate them on behalf of the league, also to address the league meeting to be held in Milwaukee in August, and to make the first campaign speech before that organization. The committee will visit each nominee in person. The members, in addition to Mr. Perkins, are: E. E. McAlpine, of New York; M. J. Downing, Minneapolis; John Goodnow, Indiana; A. J. Negley, New Jersey. Mr. Perkins has also been selected as manager for the College League during the coming campaign. He has also been chosen as league speaker, and will represent that organization at the Chicago meeting, at which Maj. McKinley has accepted an invitation to speak. He has also been selected as press manager for the league, and all information regarding its operations will pass through his hands. His headquarters during the campaign will be in Chicago. Mr. Perkins has been an earnest supporter of Maj. McKinley, and will be close to the incoming administration.

A canvass of the Washington delegation shows that it will favor the selection of Levi P. Morton for vice president. It is considered that Gov. Morton will accept the nomination if tendered, and an active canvass is being made in his behalf.

Perhaps the most pronounced McKinley man on the Washington delegation is Albert Goldman, of Walla Walla. His support of the Oblean has been quiet, however, and he was greatly surprised today to see that he had been "interviewed" by an evening paper. He was referred to as Delegate "Max" Goldman, and his address was given as "Walahala."

Dr. J. J. Smith, of Franklin, who has been visiting relatives in Washington City and West Virginia, called at the state headquarters today. He will attend the convention tomorrow. Another visitor was O. P. Hubbard, of Chicago, who is well known in the Pacific Northwest.

The Washington delegation is seated in a good position, near the center of the convention building, immediately behind Illinois and not far from New York.

HORACE M'CLURE.

THE NATIONAL PLATFORM.

As Prepared by the Sub-Committee of the Resolutions Committee.

St. Louis, June 16.—The sub-committee of the committee on resolutions adopted the following draft of the platform and put it in the hands of a typewriter for preparation for their meeting at 9 o'clock tomorrow morning, at which time it will be again considered and some verbal amendments probably made:

"The Republicans of the United States, assembled by the representatives in national convention, appealing for the popular and historical justification of their claims to the bitter fruits of four years of Democratic control as well as the matchless achievements of thirty years of Republican rule, earnestly and confidently address themselves to the awakened intelligence, experience and conscience of their countrymen in the following declaration of facts and principles:

"For the first time since the civil war the American people have now witnessed the calamitous consequences of full and unrestricted Democratic control of the government. It has been a record of unparalleled incapacity, dishonor and disaster. In the administrative management it has ruthlessly sacrificed indispensable revenue, eked out ordinary current running expenses with borrowed money, piled up the public debt $262,000,000 in time of peace, forced an adverse balance of trade, kept a perpetual menace hanging over the redemption fund, pawned American credit to alien syndicates, and reversed all the measures and results of successful Republican rule. In the broad effect of its policy it has precipitated panic, blighted industry and trade with prolonged depression, closed factories, reduced work and wages, halted enterprise and crippled American production, while stimulating foreign production for the American market. Every consideration of public safety and individual interest demands that the government shall be rescued from the hands of those who have shown themselves incapable of conducting it without disaster at home and dishonor abroad, and shall be restored to the party which for thirty years administered it with unequaled success and prosperity.

"We renew and emphasize our adhesion to the policy of protection as the bulwark of American independence and the foundation of American development and prosperity. This true American policy taxes foreign products and encourages home industry; it puts the burden of revenue on foreign goods; it secures the American market for the American producer; it upholds the American standard of wages for the American workingman; it puts the factory by the side of the farm, and makes the American farmer less dependent on foreign demand and price; it diffuses general thrift and founds the strength of all on the strength of each. In its responsible application it is just, fair and impartial, equally opposed to foreign control and domestic monopoly; to sectional discrimination and individual favoritism. We denounce the present Democratic tariff as sectional, partisan and one-sided, disastrous to the treasury and destructive of business enterprise, and we demand such an equitable tariff on foreign imports which come into competition with American products as will not only furnish adequate revenue for the necessary expenses of the government, but will protect American labor from degradation to the wage level of other lands. We are not pledged to any particular schedule. The question of rates is a practical question, to be governed by the condition of time and production. The ruling and uncompromising principle is the protection and development of American labor and industry. The country wants a right settlement, and then it wants rest.

"The Republican party renews its pledge for the protection of all American industries against foreign competition, and declares its faith that the supremacy of the United States among the nations is the result of such a policy. We believe in liberal reciprocity, and just retaliation, and demand the application of the golden rule of commerce to all future legislation affecting the tariff and foreign trade. We believe the repeal of the reciprocity arrangements negotiated by the last Republican administration was a national calamity, and demand their renewal and extension on such terms as will equalize our trade with other nations and remove the restrictions that now obstruct the sale of American products in the ports of Europe and secure new markets for the products of our farms, forests, and factories.

"We favor restoring the early American policy of discriminating duties for the upbuilding of our merchant marine and the protection of our shipping in the foreign carrying trade, so that American shipping, the product of American labor, employed in American ship yards, sailing under the Stars and Stripes and manned, officered and owned by Americans, may regain the carrying of our foreign commerce."

The financial plank is given elsewhere in these dispatches.

The foreign plank drawn up by Senator Lodge is general in its nature, outlining a policy in regard to all current foreign questions. It contains a declaration for the protection of American citizens abroad, reaffirms the position of the party in favor of the Monroe doctrine, indorses the administration of President Harrison on the attitude of this country toward Hawaii, demands protection for American missionaries in Armenia, expresses sympathy for the Cubans in their war for independence, and takes a position in favor of awarding to them belligerent rights.

Legislation favoring the production of American sugar is favored.

Civil service reform is approved, and the extension of the principle whenever practicable.

The use of public money for sectarian purposes and the union of church and state are opposed.

A declaration is made in favor of arbitration between employed and employer, but no specific legislation is demanded.

A declaration is made in favor of liberal pensions, and the present administration is denounced for dropping from the rolls, without examination, deserving soldiers.

The building of the Nicaragua canal by the United States government is favored.

HISTORY OF THE PLATFORM.

The Gold Plank Is Kohlsaat's, the Nicaragua Plank Burleigh's.

St. Louis, June 16.—The true story of the formation of the platform which will be proclaimed to the country by the Republican convention tomorrow makes an interesting chapter. The authorship of the financial plank is credited to H. H. Kohlsaat, publisher of the Chicago Times-Herald and a warm friend of Maj. McKinley. It is known also to the party managers that the spirit and matter of the plank meets the approval of Mr. McKinley and of his chief adviser, Mark Hanna. In the inner circle it has been no secret from the beginning that both Maj. McKinley and Mr. Hanna were personally favorable to a declaration for the maintenance of the gold standard so long as the present financial conditions of the leading commercial nations was to continue. There were complications existing, however, which forbade Mr. Hanna giving his views on the money question or from throwing his influence into the ante-convention campaign in the direction of his personal preferences. Foremost among the considerations which have weighed with Mr. McKinley's managers have been the wishes of that contingent of the McKinley supporters arrayed in the columns of the Western free coinage men. The California delegation was the most influential section of this wing, and that delegation had been pledged to cast its vote in convention for the Ohio candidate. The Californians have given their allegiance to McKinley, recognizing that his personal preference was for a gold platform. They have expected to be forced to accept an utterance for gold, but they said they thought it only a reasonable degree of consideration toward the silver supporters of McKinley that the inevitable result should be brought about in the natural way by the action of the convention, and should not be assisted by the McKinley forces. By their support of Mr. McKinley they have helped to put him and Mr. Hanna in a position where any words they might say in the platform would carry weight, and they have thought it only fair to them that the power they were helping to give Mr. Hanna should not be used in behalf of a policy bitterly distastefuly to them. On Monday Mr. Kohlsaat took his plank to Mr. Hanna and was told that it would be acceptable; on the same day he showed it to Senator Lodge, who also announced that it met his views. Today the plank was telegraphed to McKinley, and no word has come from Canton that he does not approve it. The preamble to the platform denouncing the Democratic administration and the declaration of the protection policy is the work of Hon. Charles Emory Smith, of the Philadelphia Press, as is the statement of policy concerning the merchant marine.

The reciprocity clause is a modification of a plank suggested by Charles A. Pillsbury, of Minnesota. The utterances upon foreign policies which deal with Cuban, Hawaiian and Armenian questions, came from the pen of Senator Lodge.

The authorship of the Nicaragua plank rests with Andrew F. Burleigh, of the state of Washington.

TROOPS AT ASTORIA.

Nearly 500 Oregon Militiamen Camped in the City.

Astoria, Or., June 16.—Col. Summers, with his command of seven companies of the First regiment, O. N. G., and two three-inch Gatling guns, arrived on the steamer Harvest Queen about 10:30 o'clock this morning. A large crowd gathered at the O. R. & N. dock, where the troops were landed. Widely different views are expressed by the people, to most of whom the arrival of the militia was a surprise. Those in favor of law and order have expressed unbounded relief that protection has arrived. The radical element of the fishermen are inclined to treat the matter with ridicule and contempt. On the sidewalk in front of their headquarters and in several other localities appears the legend in chalk, "4½-cent Militia." Col. Summers and his aides, after inspecting various localities, arranged to go into camp upon the courthouse and custom house squares, which face each other, in the center of the city. The county officers have offered use of rooms for headquarters purposes, and Collector of Customs Page tendered use of the custom house. The canneries this morning posted notice that they would pay 4½ cents for fish and guarantee protection to those who want to go out.

Another detachment of militia, seventy-five strong, is expected in the morning. The number of militia here tonight is 460. Several special police were sworn in last night and placed on duty. Sheriff Hare had extra deputies patrolling the river last night.

The fishermen have a stronger cause tonight than they had last night, all through the bad management of the combine. The cry of boodle is being raised by both sides. Some of the union men claim that several of the leaders have sold out. The canners' combine has weakened a great deal in the last twenty-four hours, as they had everything practically their own way last night. Owing to the change in the situation it is impossible to state if any of the men will go out tomorrow at 4½ cents.

The merchants, fearing a boycott, have been signing a petition to have the militia recalled. Kinney, Elmore, Booth, George & Barker and Hanthorn had their canneries running today, canning fish brought in from Baker's bay.

The Seattle Tide Lands.

Olympia, June 16.—Special.—Notices are being prepared by the state land commissioner giving the awards and rejections in contests having the right to purchase tide lands in front of Seattle. These notices will be sent out about June 29, and will give full descriptions by metes and bounds of the lands awarded to each applicant and the right of appeal will be accorded for thirty days from and after the date of award specified in the notice. On those lots on which no appeal is taken applicants will be allowed thirty days from the expiration of the time for appeal in which to make their first payment on the land awarded. Notice of such award will be mailed by the commissioner of public lands.

Railroad Land Leased for Stock Range.

Walla Walla, June 16.—Special.—E. F. Benson, land examiner of the Northern Pacific railway, was in the city today to confer with sheep owners residing here. He reports having leased over 20,000 acres of Northern Pacific land north of Snake river to sheep, cattle and horsemen for range. The leases run for ten years. It is expected that the new arrangement will end the contention between the sheep men and stock men.

"For Years and Years"

The North-Western Line has been the shortest line between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago. Its roadbed is incomparable, and every improvement in the way of equipment has been adopted by it until today its trains are the most completely equipped trains out of the Twin Cities. Everywhere good management shows itself in first-class equipment, the best service and everything else which goes to make travel comfortable nowadays. Yes, the North-Western Line is strictly in it everywhere and at every point on its 8,000 miles of road. F. W. Parker, Puget Sound agent, 601 First avenue, Seattle.

Take James street cars, the only line direct to the circus grounds.

First Regiment band concert, Leschi park, tonight.

Take James street cars, the only line direct to the circus grounds.

The principal point when chickens are to be sold is earliness.

To prevent mildew on gooseberry bushes spray with Bordeaux mixture.

Mme. Yale's Skin Food.

Nothing Like It in the World.

Removes wrinkles and all traces of age. It feeds through the pores and builds up the fatty membranes and wasted tissues, nourishing the shriveled and shrunken skin, tones and invigorates the nerves and muscles, enriches the impoverished blood vessels, and supplies youth and elasticity to the action of the skin and plumpness to the flesh.

Yale's Skin Food, price $1.50 and $3. All druggists and dealers sell it. If they do not have it in stock they will get it if requested. Guide to Beauty sent free to all who request it.

MME. M. YALE, Health and Complexion Specialist, Yale Temple of Beauty, Chicago.

THE OLD SOLDIERS.

Three Thousand Delegates at the Tacoma Conventions.

PRESIDENT ELIOT CONDEMNED.

Praise for Orting Home—Commander Buck on the Sons of Veterans—Good Financial Condition.

Tacoma, June 16.—Special.—Nearly 3,000 delegates to the G. A. R. encampment, the Relief Corps convention and the division encampment of the Sons of Veterans are in the city. While the hotels of Tacoma are well taxed to accommodate the visitors, all have been made comfortable, and the encampment has been auspiciously begun. The three organizations settled down to the first day's routine business this morning, and by evening the greater part of it was cleared away, so as to enable all to attend the reception at the Tacoma hotel in the evening.

At 10:55 o'clock this morning Department Commander Norman Buck called the fifteenth annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic, department of Washington and Alaska, to order in the Ninth street theater. The main auditorium of the theater was comfortably filled with the delegates to the encampment and their visiting comrades. On the stage sat Commander Buck, and his staff officers. The stage and the main body of the house were appropriately draped with the national colors.

As soon as the assembled veterans had found their seats and the house was quiet Department Chaplain A. H. Lackey, of Aberdeen, offered prayer. Commander Buck then appointed a committee of three on order of business, consisting of Comrades Coon, of Snohomish; Comstock, of Spokane, and Boardman, of Tacoma. The committee on credentials reported that 535 delegates were entitled to seats in the encampment. The committee included Comrades Comstock, H. F. Young, W. A. Wagner, J. P. Hoyt and R. G. Hoge. The committee's report was adopted without debate.

After Commander Buck had appointed a committee on resolutions, he delivered his address to the organization. After a general review of the work and growth of the Grand Army during the past year, the commander offered several suggestions looking to the curtailment of expenses. He congratulated the encampment that the past year had seen no deficit, but, on the contrary, the debts of the organization were all paid. In the course of his address Commander Buck paid a high tribute to the Soldiers' Home at Orting, and the generosity of the people of Washington in their treatment of the veterans of the war. It was suggested by their commander that the time was not far off when it would be found advisable to admit members of the Sons of Veterans into full membership of the G. A. R., thus practically consolidating the two organizations.

Following the address of Commander Buck came the reports of the staff officers, which were of a statistical nature. They were referred to the proper committees. Included in these was the report of the council of administration, which was presented by Chairman Lichtenberg, of Seattle.

One of the most interesting matters disposed of by the encampment was a resolution offered by Lincoln Post of Walla Walla, condemning in strong language the speech recently made by President Eliot, of Harvard university, in which he cast reflections on the motives that actuate the veterans of the rebellion in perpetuating the memories of the great conflict. The resolution was adopted unanimously.

Delegate Eva St. C. Osburn, of the W. R. C., presented the greetings of the corps to the veterans: Accompanying these was the report of President Carnes to the encampment. Judge Langley responded on behalf of the veterans. A committee headed by W. H. Cromwell, of the Sons of Veterans, presented the greetings of that order.

The encampment also received a pressing invitation from the chamber of commerce to make its rooms their headquarters while in the city.

While the meetings of the encampment are secret, a press committee, of which Col. Thad Huston is chairman, furnished the newspaper representatives with a resume of the first day's routine proceedings. On the committee is F. G. Markham, of Spokane, who provided the reporters with copies of the reports of the officers and a digest of the important matters presented to the encampment.

Parlor A, of the Hotel Tacoma, was crowded to overflowing tonight at the reception tendered by the citizens of Tacoma, the local Grand Army posts, the Tacoma W. R. C. and Sprague Camp, S. of V., to the visiting delegates. The crowd overflowed into the lobby and out on the verandah. There was no set programme, the affair being entirely informal. It was largely attended by the local veterans and their families. The officers of the Grand Army and the allied organizations were present and entered heartily into the enjoyment of the affair.

The election of a department commander of the G. A. R. promises to be as eagerly contested as any in the history of the organization in this state. The candidates are: Judge I. J. Lichtenberg, of Seattle; Senior vice Commander Alexander, of Sidney; C. T. Patterson, of Tacoma, and S. F. Street, N. H. Latimer and George Tibbetts, all of Seattle. Owing to the numerous candidates from Seattle, the chances are favorable to the selection of a Tacoma man for the place. The greatest interest in the contest is manifested by the veterans. The election of the new commander will be held tomorrow if nothing interferes. The friends of each candidate have done some hard work in behalf of their favorites tonight, and it may be that a deadlock will occur in the encampment tomorrow.

One hundred and twenty delegates to the W. R. C. convention assembled in Masonic hall this morning, Department President Lizzie W. Carnes, of Colfax, presiding. After the formalities of the opening session of the convention were finished, President Carnes delivered a carefully written and interesting address. Mrs. Carnes referred touchingly to the death during the year of Department Secretary Mrs. Gregg, of Colfax, and that of Mrs. Ella Bringing, of Dayton, department treasurer. The reports of Mrs. Anna Knapp, of Kelso, department inspector; Mrs. Belle Hooker, of Seattle, senior vice president, and Mrs. Mary E. Smith, of Tacoma, junior vice president, showed the corps to be in excellent condition. Among the most interesting papers read was that of Mrs. Eva St. C. Osburn, of Tacoma, chairman of the committee on patriotic teaching, a branch of work that is new in the history of the Women's Relief Corps. Mrs. Helen Burke, of Seattle, counselor of the corps, and Mrs. Dumdi, of Colfax, instituting officer, presented their reports.

Most of the delegates to the corps convention are quartered at the Bostwick hotel, which is the headquarters of the W. R. C. during the convention. In addition to the 120 delegates there are in attendance about 150 members of the Relief Corps.

The W. R. C. will elect officers for the year tomorrow. Mrs. Thomas Mattison, of Tacoma, is the leading candidate for the presidency. Tacoma has another candidate in the person of Mrs. Osburn. The latter was not believed to be a candidate until within the past few days, and the contest may be interesting.

Sixty delegates to the Sons of Veterans division encampment met in the assembly room of Sprague camp this morning. The usual routine business occupied the encampment during the day. Department Colonel W. W. Sparks, of Vancouver, presided, and from his address it was made evident that the organization which will some day take up the work of the veterans is in splendid condition in this department. The organization has increased its membership 20 per cent. in the past year. The delegates are united in favor of the resolution introduced in congress by Representative Keiffer, of Ohio, which, if it passes the next congress, will place the Sons of Veterans in the service of the government as a reserve.

About 125 visiting members of the organization are in attendance on the encampment. C. V. Savidge, of Olympia; J. K. Locke, of Whatcom, and C. E. Plympton, of Seattle, are the leading candidates for department colonel.

Secretary of State J. H. Price is in the city from Olympia attending the encampment. Mr. Price is one of the oldest members of Custer post, Tacoma.

The John F. Miller post, of Seattle, the largest in the state, has established headquarters at the Hotel Chilberg.

Delegates from C. M. Kellogg Camp, No. 27, of Whatcom, present an attractive appearance in their red Zouave uniforms.

Commander Buck's report shows a loss by death in the past year of 36. The net gain by reason of new members added to the organization is estimated at 300. On June 30, 1895, the loss due to delinquent posts, etc., was 400, but accessions and reinstatemnets to January 1, 1896, made the net gain 163. Reports for the current quarter are brought up to June 30.

National League Games.

Brooklyn, June 16.—The Champions shut out the Brooklyns this afternoon. Hemming's work in the box was not of the phenomenal kind. Abbey pitched a steady game, but seemed unable to keep the ball away from the Orioles when men were on bases.

Score—	R.	B.H.	E.
Brooklyn	0	5	2
Baltimore	4	4	1

Batteries: Abbey and Burrell; Hemming and Clarke.

Cincinnati, June 16.—St. Louis made three hits and gained one base on an error, scoring two runs in the first. After that they hit Inks just twice, both times in the sixth inning. Attendance 3,500.

Score—	R.	B.H.	E.
Cincinnati	3	9	2
St. Louis	2	5	3

Batteries: Inks and Vaughn; Hart and Murphy.

Boston, June 16.—The Giants played a schoolboys' game today.

Score—	R.	B.H.	E.
Boston	14	16	2
New York	5	9	8

Batteries: Nichols and Ganzel; W. H. Clark, Campfield, Farrell and Wilson.

Washington City, June 16.—Philadelphia-Washington City game postponed; rain.

Pittsburg, June 16.—No game; rain.

Cleveland, June 16.—Cleveland had everything its own way in the game with the Colonels today, winning with ease. Attendance 1,500.

Score—	R.	B.H.	E.
Cleveland	11	13	0
Louisville	1	5	7

Batteries—Young and Zimmer; Cunningham, Warner and Miler.

The following table shows the standing of the several league clubs:

	Won.	Lost.	Pr.Ct.
Cleveland	28	16	636
Baltimore	29	18	617
Cincinnati	29	21	580
Boston	26	19	577
Washington City	24	20	547
Philadelphia	26	23	529
Brooklyn	25	23	520
Pittsburg	23	22	511
Chicago	26	23	477
New York	18	30	375
St. Louis	13	33	283
Louisville	9	37	200

The Salesman Contest.

Three of the candidates have passed the 10,000 mark. Wismolek leads again by nearly 200 votes, Aiken having lessened his lead of yesterday and is again going up toward the first place. The vote is as follows:

A. A. Wismolek	10,789
Walter Aiken	10,613
George Noble	10,215
Sam Davidson	6,092
M. J. Carter	2,009
M. M. Bruce	1,235
Eugene Burke	1,046
Ed Hering	1,008
W. M. Hines	962
Sumner Irwin	619
J. C. McKnight	397
H. A. Kirkpatrick	383
Sol Blum	325
W. H. Walker	251
W. E. Morrison	249
M. H. Maloney	204
M. S. Booth	192
James Murray	144

The Ascot Races.

London, June 16.—At Ascot today the Ascot stakes were won by M. Alaris' Arlequin. The owner, who fought a duel in Paris yesterday, was wounded in the breast and was unable to witness the success of Arlequin today.

Leopold Rothschild's Goleta won the Coventry stakes. Eight ran.

The Prince of Wales stakes for 3-year-olds was won by the Duke of Westminster's Shaddock.

Barrsey's Pride won the gold vase given by the queen, with 200 sovereigns, for 3-year-olds and upwards, distance two miles. There were five starters.

PUSHING THE IVORIES.

Scratch Billiard Tournament at S. A. C.—Warner After the Prize.

The scratch pool tournament which has been talked of for many weeks among the experts of the S. A. C. to decide the club championship, was begun on Monday night and will continue for several weeks, as it takes fully that length of time to settle one of these tournaments, as each entry has to play a game with every other man playing. There are ten entries, comprising the best players in the club, as follows: E. T. Pope, E. H. Warner, M. Gottstein, I. Brown, N. B. Solner, C. Hibbard, W. X. Russell, R. Allain, G. M. Paschall and W. H. Morris. Two handsome medals, a gold one for the man landing in first place and a silver one for the place man, have been hung up by the club. Play begun on Monday evening between Pope and Warner, the match resulting in an easy win for Warner by a score of 100 to 57. Warner started off in cyclonic fashion, showing marked improvement over his last tournament playing. He made an average of 3 11-12 in the match and held Pope safe at all times. He kept up his gait yesterday and laid Paschall low to the tune of 100 to 66, making an average of 3 1-8 in this game.

C. James, of South Bend, Dead.

South Bend, June 16.—Special.—C. James, an old and prominent citizen of South Bend, and father of J. W. James, county surveyor, died very suddenly Sunday morning of heart disease. Mr. James was at the head of the grocery firm of C. James & Co., of this city. He came here from Canada when the town was started, and has always been active in its upbuilding.

A Kruger Anecdote.

London Truth.

A friend of mine tells the following story of President Kruger. In 1889 some Uitlanders went as a deputation to him to explain that the price of shares in mines was going down, and they hinted that he was responsible for it. He replied: "Some years ago I had a favorite monkey, for which I had a great affection. One day I went out for an excursion into a wood with my monkey. It was cold, so the monkey and I made a fire. In that fire the monkey burnt his tail, on which he turned on me and bit me. I said to him: 'My dear monkey, I made a fire with you to warm us; you burnt your tail in it—that was your fault, and I really do not see why you should be angry with me.'" Having related this fable the president smoked his pipe, and left the deputation to draw the moral.

Metropolitan Weddings

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25 pieces 50-inch Swiss, reduced from 50c to 25c yard.

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40 pieces Fancy Stripes at 25c yard.

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30 pieces Zephyr Ginghams, former price 15c, now 10c yard.

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