THE SEATTLE POST-INTELLIGENCER.

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"Our Best"

FLOUR

IT IS MADE OF THE VERY FINEST BLUESTEM WHEAT.

IT MAKES BETTER BREAD AND WHITER BREAD THAN ANY OTHER BRAND SOLD IN THIS CITY.

EVERY SACK TO THE VERY LAST PARTICLE IS WARRANTED, AND IF NOT PERFECTLY SATISFACTORY MONEY REFUNDED.

...e per sack, $1.25. ...e per barrel, $4.85.

COOPER & LEVY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS 204-206 FIRST AVE. SOUTH. ONE DOOR SOUTH OF YESLER AVE.

Gunther's Fine Candies.

FRESH THIS WEEK FROM CHICAGO—ASSORTED BON BONS, CRYSTALIZED FRUITS, MARSH MALLOWS, CARAMELS, ALL THE MOST ELEGANT MADE AND AT EASTERN PRICES.

Nut Bars.

HAVE YOU TRIED THEM? HICKORY, PECAN, WALNUT, PEANUT. THEY ARE FINE. 10C A BAR.

STEWART & HOLMES DRUG CO., 703 First Ave.

Decorated China Clocks

LATEST IMPORTATIONS, ALL TINTS AND DECORATIONS. $1.65 AND $1.75 BUYS THEM. GOOD TIMEPIECES THE PROPER THING ON THE DRESSER. JARDINIERE SALE THIS WEEK.

M. SELLER & CO.

Nos. 627 and 629 First Avenue.

PRATT'S POULTRY POINTERS Given Away.....

With each package of Pratt's Poultry Food. "Pratt's Poultry Pointers" is a valuable book that should be in the hands of every one who owns poultry.

KOUCH, AUGUSTINE & CO., 815 and 817 First Ave.

Watch Us! Watch Us!

If you need a new watch or want your old one repaired come to us. We can save you money.

...BROS., Jewelers, No. 720 First Avenue.

"IMPERIAL" On Hams, Bacon or Lard means a home product that cannot be beat. : :

FAILED AND LOST CONFIDENCE.....

EVERSOLE You may have tried a dozen pair of glasses, fitted by as many different opticians, and failed to get just what you need. Try it again. Our advice will cost you nothing. We guarantee you better satisfaction, the experience of hundreds of others, as testified. We have the appliances, skill and experience to fit the eyes that glasses will help.

H. CLAY EVERSOLE, Optical Specialist, 720 First Avenue, Seattle.

NOTICE.—BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

It having been decided by the board of directors of this bank to discontinue business in Seattle and close up the branch, depositors are therefore requested to call at their early convenience, and bring their pass-books or receipts, and withdraw their balances. Any persons having parcels or boxes left for safe custody are also requested to call for them.

R. LEA BARNES, Manager.

Seattle, Wash., October 16, 1896.

ABSOLUTELY PURE : : :

Home Production

CCO. FRESH GROUND BUCKWHEAT FLOUR.

Take None Other Than the Seattle Cereal Co.'s DIAMOND BRAND.

Although it has been decided expedient to place the affairs of this company in the hands of a receiver for the present, we wish to inform our friends and customers that the business will be continued in all its details.

EMPIRE JEWELRY CO., Manufacturing Jewelers, No. 705 Second Av.

IT WAS BEFORE THE DAY OF

SAPOLIO

THEY USED TO SAY "WOMAN'S WORK IS NEVER DONE."

ALBERT HANSEN.

DEALER IN Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry, Silverware, Fine Cut Glass, Etc.

Largest and finest stock in the North west. All kinds of watches and jewelry repaired and made to order. 706 FIRST AVENUE.

The Washington Rubber Co. Inc.

Ladies,' Men's, Misses' and Boys' Mackintoshes.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

REED IN LOS ANGELES.

A Tremendous Parade in Honor of the Speaker.

BRYAN'S TIRE PUNCTURED.

Speaker Reed Says the World Is Not Governed by the Superior Men, but by Those of Common Sense—He Adduced Some Common-Sense Arguments on the Subject of Free Silver—They Are Brief, and Terse and Telling—He Says We Need Money to Develop This Country, and Not Repudiation.

Los Angeles, Cal., Oct. 27.—The greatest event in the political history of Southern California was the demonstration in honor of Thomas B. Reed, of Maine, who arrived from the East shortly after noon today. It was a political demonstration, the like of which has never before been seen in this city. It was a tremendous outpouring of patriotic people from all parts of Southern California, prepared to do honor to two distinguished statesmen—Maj. William McKinley, nominee for the presidency, and Thomas B. Reed.

The steady, drizzling rain which commenced last night continued to fall during the forenoon, with occasional bursts of sunshine to remind the multitudes of the great political treat prepared for them. While the streets were in a sloppy and uninviting condition, it did not seem to dampen the ardor of the thousands who had signified their intention of marching, nor of the many thousands who lined the sidewalks to cheer the advocates of the gold standard in their march toward Athletic park, where the statesman from Maine was to address them.

The parade, while somewhat lacking in brilliant effect because of the inclemency of the weather, did credit to Los Angeles. Many of the business houses closed in the afternoon to permit the employes who wished to parade in the interest of their chosen principles to do so, and as a result it was unique in character: men who labor, clerks in stores and offices, retail merchants and those who have the largest dealings in trade, professional men, farmers, railroad men—marched side by side. All wore the same badge of yellow and cheered the same flag. It was a parade simply of American citizens marching shoulder to shoulder to the inspiring strains of national airs.

By 2 o'clock the grandstands were filled with ladies, no men being permitted to enter until the parade arrived. Then all the gates were thrown open and there was a rush such as has never before been witnessed in this vicinity. It took a little over an hour for all the people to get seats, and there were fully 20,000 present.

When Mr. Reed entered the grounds in an open barouche, a mighty cheer went up and the thousands present waved flags. In the carriage with him sat George Stewart, president of the Business Men's Sound Money League, Congressman McLachlan and Dr. W. H. Coughran. Another carriage followed, in which were seated Congressman J. F. Aldrich, of Chicago, his wife and Mr. Reed's daughter. On the speaker's stand were members of the supreme court, Hon. Tom Fitch, Congressman Aldrich and wife, Miss Reed, ex-Gov. Pacheco and prominent citizens.

Mr. Reed who devoted his entire attention to the silver question, was introduced by Congressman McLachlan and, after the cheering, which lasted several minutes, had subsided, he said in part:

"For the first time in my life I find myself facing a multitude so great that it seems impossible to make the half near what I have to say. This crowd shows that the cause of righteousness has found a foothold on the Pacific coast. This coast has before it a great future, but you labor under some disadvantages. You are separated from the East; you are far from your market. But this assemblage shows that there is some sense in the Southwestern corner of the United States, just as there was demonstrated a few weeks ago in Maine, in the extreme Northeast. We have been dallying for years with the silver question, and after having a full, frank discussion of it, we are surprised to find how very little there is in it. I hardly know how to approach it and discuss it, unless upon the basis of common sense, the world not being governed by the superior men, but by the common sense of the average citizen.

"The people who in 1892 voted for the present situation do not deserve anything except what they have got since, and I believe the punishment which has been inflicted on the people is a warning which will last for the next century. What is money for? Simply to transfer goods and real estate from one person to another, and when you have enough the rest is a dead waste. I do not mean to say that I do not favor mining, but I do favor the industries of the United States.

"I do not belive it is to the interest of the miner to have free silver, which he would soon find out if we had it. I believe the price of silver would go down by free coinage, and I back up this belief by reference to American history and not to the conditions in foreign countries. They tell us the United States is so big it can set up anything; but we can't make water run up hill. There are no miracles wrought for us. With a depreciating currency the standard of wages would be cut in two, and what effect would it have on saving institutions? Whoever has deposits there and reduces it 50 per cent. is not only fooling with his own, but with the money of others. The value of life insurance policies in the United States would be cut 50 per cent., which would affect over 12,000,000 men and an amount exceeding $10,700,000,000. The total effect on the business of the country to adjust itself to the 50 per cent. basis would be ruin.

"History shows that from 1861 to 1865 we had a constantly depreciating currency. During that period did wages rise in proportion to the prices of commodities? Whenever commodities go up do not the wages of the workingmen go down? These arguments are based upon history. Do you want to follow a man who says from the tail of a train 'We believe'? (Applause.)

"What we want is not repudiation, but a chance to borrow something. This country needs money to develop it, and can you borrow $1,000 from a man expecting to pay back but $500? It is a noticeable fact that many men who have a voice to shout for silver are putting gold in their contracts."

In concluding his speech, Mr. Reed said: "The wage earners of today make up 70 per cent. of the population and of the purchasing power, and when they are prosperous all the nation is prosperous."

His address was punctuated with applause.

This evening Mr. Reed made a brief address at Hazard's pavilion. The ovation given him there was a mighty one. His talk was short, for the reason that he had to leave for San Francisco at 9 o'clock.

INTEREST AT THE VATICAN.

Our Election and Its Possible Results Being Much Discussed.

London, Oct. 27.—The Pall Mall Gazette publishes a dispatch from Rome which says:

"The presidential election in the United States is the absorbing topic at the vatican, the explanation being the strides which Catholicism has made in America, which is now one of the church's largest sources of income. It is recognized that the standing danger to Romanism in the United States is the independence of American bishops, noticeable since the time of Pius IX. The pope fully recognized that these bishops enjoyed greater power than their brethren elsewhere, and showed that he understood this by his witty answer to some English priests who asked for certain privileges. He said: 'I am, as you say, pope; yet I cannot accede to your requests. But,' added the pontiff, with a sly twinkle in his eye, 'I can show you a way to obtain your desire. Go to America, for there the bishops are greater than the pope.

"On the accession of Pope Leo matters assumed a different aspect. He charged Mgr. Satolli with the duty of intimating to the bishops in unmistakable language the limit of their powers, and the result was something like a split which it took Mgr. Satolli two years to heal. But his mission had good results."

The correspondent of the Pall Mall Gazette remarks that the church does not desire its representatives in America to take an active part in the campaign, fearing a new division in the ranks, and apprehending at the same time that some more impetuous bishops might break out.

MR. HOBART'S OVATION.

Fifteen Thousand Men in Line to Give Him Welcome Home.

New York, Oct. 27.—Garret A. Hobart was given an enthusiastic welcome at Jersey City on his return home. His party was escorted by the Lafayette Light Guard of 200 men, a squad of mounted police, a military band and a great crowd following to the Oakland rink, where more than 3,000 people had gathered. When Mr. Hobart and Gov. Griggs made their appearance on the platform, the enthusiasm knew no bounds. It was only after several minutes that Mr. Hobart was able to speak. He said in part:

"We have men with us of the highest character whom you respect, whom we respect, as Democrats, as men whom we have been accustomed to fight all our political lines. I rejoice with you because the better part of the Democratic party is composed of men who have patriotism enough to stand with us and aid us in this campaign. They are with us because of the assault upon the courts; because they are in favor of honest money and law and order; not because they are Republicans, but because they are liberty-loving, God-fearing citizens of our republic."

Gov. Griggs also made a brief speech. The party later in the evening was escorted to the reviewing stand on the boulevard, where they saw the parade of the Republican clubs of Hudson county. Fully 15,000 men were in line.

CLEVELAND'S COMPLIMENT.

To a Man Who Is a Democrat and a Patriot.

Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 27.—Hon. W. G. Julian, who, in spite of years of imperfect health, made a recent speech for the gold standard Democrats, has received a letter from President Cleveland. The letter is written as well as signed by the president's own hand. The president warmly congratulates the speech, and concludes as follows:

"I cannot but believe that such expositions of true Democracy will have the effect of calling numbers of our party back to the support of genuine Democratic principles."

FIVE OF THE DOUBTFUL.

Each of the States Reports a Good Plurality for McKinley

Chicago, Oct. 27.—Mark A. Hanna has received the final reports of the chairmen of the state committees of Iowa, Kentucky, Minnesota, Michigan and Tennessee. All the state chairmen claimed that their states were safe for McKinley. According to the reports in Mr. Hanna's keeping, the five states named will go for McKinley by the following pluralities: Iowa, 50,000; Kentucky, 15,000 to 20,000; Minnesota, 20,000 to 40,000; Michigan, 15,000 and Tennessee 15,000.

LEWIS LOSES VOTES.

By His Intemperate Statements in Favor of Jennings.

Port Townsend, Oct. 27.—Special.—The Populists in some parts of the state are threatening bodily harm to Democrats who are opposed to national dishonor and repudiation. An instance was noted at Coupeville when James Hamilton Lewis addressed a meeting there the other evening. E. J. White, formerly editor of a Democratic newspaper in Pierce county, now correspondent from this city for the Associated Press, and a lifelong Democrat, who has resided in this state for eight years, visited Coupeville the other day and was waited upon by a delegation of seven Bryan Democrats and ordered to leave town. A residence of ten years in Florida, where such scenes are biennially enacted, caused Mr. White to remark that he came all the way from Port Townsend to hear Mr. Lewis address the people of Island county and to know how Jennings, the candidate for superior judge, had on two occasions betrayed the Democratic party into the hands of its enemies. White is a rattling good argumentarian, and in a few moments he had converted three of the committee of notification which had waited upon him from Bryan, Lewis and Jennings to the proper appreciation of national honor, sound currency and the standing of Judge McClinton, Republican nominee for superior judge. That evening, Mr. White says, Lewis stated from the platform that those who opposed Jennings were not worthy to tie his shoestrings, and characterized those opposing his candidacy as a pack of vultures trying to drag a good man down. The Port Townsend Call says that that remark will cost Lewis 163 Democratic votes alone in this city. This number of Democrats have pledged themselves to vote against Jennings because he bolted and defeated the Democratic ticket two years ago and sold out his party's name to the Populists this campaign.

ON THE POPOCRAT HARP.

With the Silver Strings George Turner Plays Some False Notes.

Fairhaven, Oct. 27.—Special.—George Turner, whom the Popocrats advertise as "the leading free silver Republican of the state of Washington," addressed a large meeting here this evening. There were a great many genuine Republicans in the audience, and in fact it would be impossible to get together a very large audience of Fairhaven people that did not number a respectable Republican majority. A considerable number of Populist enthusiasts came over from Whatcom, making quite an addition to the demonstration of noise and numbers which greeted the British Columbia mine owner.

Mr. Turner played for about two hours on the Popocrat harp with the silver strings, and the Bryanites didn't seem to mind the many discords in the tune, but cheered the false notes as lustily as they would true ones if they could discern the difference. Mr. Turner is not a great oratorical artist, as everybody knows who ever heard him, but he does not lack for words about the "crime of '73" and the train of evils which the Pops allege have followed from it.

The Pops have meetings, or demonstrations of some sort, planned for every night this week.

A good many Republicans went out from the bay cities to the Wilson-Ross meeting at West Ferndale this evening.

Boutelle at Olympia.

Olympia, Oct. 27.—Special.—The Olympia theater was packed to the entrance tonight to hear the speech of Congressman C. A. Boutelle. The Olympia Glee Club was in attendance, and great enthusiasm was evinced by the large crowd.

The Campaign in Pierce.

Tacoma, Oct. 27.—Special.—Meetings were held in Pierce county tonight at the following places: At South Orting, where J. C. Taylor, D. P. Rees, A. M. Bryant and George J. Ames spoke to a large audience; at Purdy, where H. G. Rowland and others were heard; at Wilkeson, where J. A. Kerr delivered a fine address, and at Eatonville, where G. L. McKay laid down the Republican doctrines.

In the Fifth ward tonight, E. V. Claypool, C. O. Bates and John Meads spoke to a large gathering in the engine house in the Sixth addition.

THE BIGGEST PARADE YET.

The Republican Turnout at Tacoma on Next Saturday Night.

Tacoma, Oct. 27.—Special.—The Popocracy of the state will have a sick look after the great Republican parade and demonstration in this city on Saturday night next. The demonstration will be the biggest of its kind ever seen in the Northwest, surpassing even the monster parade and rally at Seattle on Thursday night last. There will be a number of entirely new features, including the execution of a number of simple but pretty maneuvers by the paraders during the march on Pacific avenue. Five bands and as many drum corps will provide enough martial music for the paraders, and there will be electric floats, transparencies, fireworks and torches galore. Altogether Tacoma will be turned over to the paraders and the city given up to the greatest demonstration for the Republican party ever seen in the history of the state.

EVERETT'S FLAMBEAU CLUB.

It Is in Great Request Everywhere—Marysville Rally Tonight.

Everett, Oct. 27.—Special.—The Republican rally at Marysville will be tomorrow evening. John W. Corson is to be the speaker and the Sullivan Flambeau Club with the Smokestack band of Everett will take part in the demonstration. The Flambeau Club is in great demand. Their showy uniforms and fine drill, under the efficient command of Captain F. J. Call, are a marked attraction in every parade.

A grand parade will be given in Everett on Saturday night both by the Republicans and Populists. The committees have agreed on lines of march so as to avoid any collisions. The Republicans will have Central opera house and Hart's opera house. The Populists will have the Athletic hall.

F. H. Brownell is to speak in Monroe on Monday evening next.

Judge Burke's Great Success.

Hoquiam, Wash., Oct. 27. — Special. — Judge Burke, of Seattle, under the auspices of the sound money business men of Hoquiam and Gray's harbor, addressed a large audience at the Hoquiam theater last evening. The closest attention was paid to his remarks. The address was without question the ablest that has yet been delivered in this county from the standpoint of honest government, and was frequently interrupted by bursts of applause. His appeal to the patriotism of the voters of the nation will never be forgotten by those who were present.

THE GREAT FLAG DAY.

The Stars and Stripes Will Float Everywhere on Saturday.

Chicago, Oct. 27.—Old Glory will have a big day Saturday. Thousands of voters in both the big parties will follow the advice of the campaign managers and observe Saturday as flag day. Reports received at headquarters indicate that patrols all over the country will vie with each other in decorating their homes and business places with the stars and stripes. In Chicago additional honor will be paid to the emblem at a big patriotic meeting to be held in the Auditorium Saturday afternoon, when tributes will be paid the starry banner in song and story. Mark A. Hanna suggested flag day, but the Democrats are not going to let the Republicans alone give expression of the national sentiment for the national colors. Republicans early in the campaign adopted the flag as the emblem of that national honor for which their party and platform stand. Mr. Hanna issued an address October 17, urging all who intend to vote for McKinley and national honor to make a public display of Old Glory on their homes, stores, offices, etc., on October 31, the last Saturday before election day.

Senator Jones, chairman of the Democratic national committee, promptly followed with an address advising the supporters of Bryan to observe flag day in a similar manner. The Republicans printed and distributed 1,000,000 paper flags and will have 100,000 for use in Chicago next Saturday.

Supreme Court Decision.

Olympia, Oct. 27.—Special.—The supreme court has affirmed judgment in the case of Oliver W. Redford, respondent, vs. Spokane Street Railway Company, appellant.

THE NEXT LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR.

JOHN W. ARRASMITH.

BOTH RUSSIA AND JAPAN.

Will Join This Country in Complete Protection of the Seals From Canadian Poachers.

Washington City, Oct. 27.—It is stated by officials that the United States will have the co-operation and support of both Russia and Japan in the approaching issue over establishing adequate protection for the fur seals of the North Pacific ocean. The question is about to be brought forward, as two commissions, one American and one British, have returned after an investigation of the conditions in Bering sea. Aside from the information they have received, Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Hamlin has recently made a report, after personal inspection of the seal islands, stating that if modifications of the Paris award regulations were not agreed to, the "fur seal within one or two seasons will be commercially extinct."

The Japanese government stands ready to join the United States in any plan of seal protection, and is desirous also of including sea otters, which are also being exterminated. The co-operation of Japan is said to be of much importance to the United States, as the seal poachers and pirates have fitted out mainly at Japanese ports. A large trade with them has been built up at Yokohama and Nagasaki. Notwithstanding this, Japan feels it to her interest to suppress the pirating.

Many of the Canadian poachers go to Japanese ports and either ship under the Japanese flag or take out sealing permits from the British consuls there. The Japanese government wants the prohibitions made far-reaching, so that no doubt will exist as to the permanent preservation of the seals and otters.

The Russian government, it can be said authoritatively, will welcome an extension of the protection to the seals. It is pointed out that while Russia owned Alaska and the seal islands, now attached to the United States, there was complete protection to the seals and the destruction began under American management. The policy of Russia continues to be to protect the seals on the Russian islands of the North Pacific, and there will be full co-operation of the United States toward any concerted action to that end.

VENEZUELA'S SIDE.

Her Government Presents a Brief to the United States Commission.

Washington City, Oct. 27.—The Venezuelan government has forwarded to Washington City a brief prepared at Caracas by a commission of five eminent jurists on the British-Venezuelan boundary question. It will be submitted to the United States commission as soon as the translation is completed. The brief covers 300 pages, and is said to be a forcible presentation of the case.

Aside from this brief coming direct from Venezuela, Messrs. Scruggs and Storrow, counsel for Venezuela in this country, are about to submit final arguments. Heretofore the documents published have been points of evidence, but taking proof is now practically over, and final arguments are in order.

A recent document which caused much comment among officials, purports to be written by a Jesuit priest. He presents the English side of the case, citing Catholic authorities, drawn from the vatican archives. The book was printed at Rome. Venezuelan officials say the views it expresses have been fully met and overcome in the Venezuelan documents presented to the commission.

THE SULTAN ANXIOUS.

He Keeps a Subterranean Passage Lighted for Escape.

London, Oct. 27.—A correspondent of the Daily Mail at Vienna is assured one of the imperial yachts is anchored opposite Bectikac, near Constantinople, closely guarded day and night, and that there is a subterranean passage from the Yildiz Kiosk to the seashore, which is patrolled unceasingly and is kept lighted. Vice Admiral Chakrt, commander of the imperial yacht, has been instructed to remain at anchor at Bectikac until further orders.

Flour Dearer in Turkey.

Constantinople, Oct. 27.—As a result of the rise in the price of flour, breadstuffs have increased 5 paras per oke. A para is worth 1-9 of 1 cent, and an oke is about an ounce.

Killed in Election Riots.

Budapest, Oct. 27.—Serious election riots have taken place here. At Tyrnau a detachment of hussars, while attempting to restore order, was stoned by the mob and one trooper killed. The hussars thereupon charged with drawn sabres, wounding several rioters. Troops have been sent to various disturbed districts.

BRYAN'S SOCIALISTIC DOCTRINES.

Their Victory Would Be Fatal to All Public Confidence.

London, Oct. 28. The Times this morning prints a letter from Mr. Morton Frewen dated at Chicago, expressing confidence in Mr. Bryan's election. He is certain, he says, that McKinley must carry all seven of the great central states in order to avoid being beaten. The Times points out editorially that their correspondent in New York, who has hitherto maintained that the Republicans are in little danger of defeat, sends a dispatch today admitting that the situation in Chicago is disquieting.

"The most serious factor," says the Times, "is the prominence which Mr. Bryan now gives to the socialist side of his policy."

The Times adds: "The victory of these doctrines would be fatal to all confidence. Mr. Bryan's election would be calamitous not only to America, but to all the civilized world, even though active legislative spoliation might not immediately be possible. We see nothing in the situation to affect our hope that the Americans will choose the better part, though we do not look forward with much confidence to the policy of McKinley's government, if he is elected."

Fitzhugh Lee Will Remain.

Washington City, Oct. 27.—General Fitzhugh Lee, consul general to Havana, has given up his proposed trip to his home in Virginia. The determination to remain at his post is understood to be due to reports current in the United States that he was dissatisfied with his instructions and desired to be relieved.

THE WRECK OF THE ARAGO.

The Captain of the Tug Columbia Tells His Story.

Marshfield, Or., Oct. 27.—Apropos of the Arago wreck, Capt. Magee, of the tug Columbia, who has been severely criticised for his alleged misconduct and unseamanship during the crucial period of the Arago's trouble, is out today with a published statement in answer to his critics.

He states that the press reports heretofore published that the Arago sank immediately upon striking the rocks at the north jetty is not true; that the Arago veered out from the rocks after striking and for fully five minutes sailed around in a circle, blowing her whistles and showing evidence of distress, but Capt. Magee claims he did not know the Arago had a hole stove in her bottom, or, from his point of view, it was impossible to realize her great danger. He further adds that he was heavily laden with freight for North Bend and in any event he would be helpless to render any assistance in such a sea. Capt. Magee states that he immediately steamed for the government wharf and notified the life-saving crew of the Arago's position, so far as he knew it at the time; that he then proceeded to North Bend and from that point returned as soon as possible with Capt. Simpson, owner of the Columbia, and rendered all the assistance that could reasonably be expected to the Arago's crew, towing the lifeboat with Capt. Reed, of the Arago, and the survivors of the wreck to Empire City.

WHEAT TRAIN WRECKED.

It Occurred Near Wallula and the Fireman and Brakeman Killed.

Walla Walla, Oct. 27.—Special.—An extra wheat train of thirty-three cars was wrecked seven miles east of Wallula at 11 o'clock this morning, in which Fireman Roy Carpenter and Brakeman Williams were killed and Engineer Runke received painful but not fatal injuries. The cause of the accident was a broken rail. The accident happened on a curve, where there is about a fifteen-foot hill. The engine was buried upside down, with nine cars demolished.

A special train took surgeons to the place of the disaster today. Engineer Runke was brought to this city and is now in the hospital. His home is at La Grande, as was that of Fireman Carpenter, who leaves a wife and several children.

It is expected that 100 pilgrims will embark on the North German Lloyd steamer Werra, leaving New York January 16, for the purpose of carrying the stars and stripes to the holy land. The United States flag of silk, with the badge of pilgrimage and the date 1897 embroidered thereon, will be the votive banner. It will be deposited in the Church of the Holy Sepulchre in Jerusalem, there to remain.

WOMEN TURN PILGRIMS

Several Notable Delegations March on Canton.

LEADING FEATURES OF THE DAY

The Exceedingly Large Crowd and the Wide Range of Territory and of Interests It Represented—Delegations From Maryland, West Virginia and All the Way From Boston and New England to Pay Their Respects to the Republican Nominee for President.

Canton, O., Oct. 27.—There never was a more inspiring scene than that witnessed on the public square of Canton from 4 to 5 o'clock, this afternoon. Thousands, including the ladies from Norfolk, many of the visitors from Boston, West Virginia and Maryland and Cleveland, gathered in front of the handsome courthouse on the broad public square and sang patriotic melodies, interspersed with music by the bands, frequent cheers and the waving of flags, banners and campaign parasols with which the women's delegation was supplied. "America," Yankee Doodle," the "Star-Spangled Banner," followed one another. Nor was "Dixie" or "Maryland, My Maryland," forgotten. Both were sung as lustily and patriotically as was "John Brown's Body" and "Marching Through Georgia." The affair was entirely impromptu and ended at 5 o'clock with "Home, Sweet Home," from both bands and the vast audience which had gathered first as spectators and then as participators in that great patriotic consert.

Today's demonstration was full of beauties and features. It was notable for a large crowd. It was notable for the wide range of territory represented by the visiting delegations. It was notable for the varied interests of the people who came.

The demonstration began in earnest at noon with the arrival of a party representing three states, and it continued until dark. All that time the McKinley residence was surrounding by an interested crowd, shouting and cheering for the nominee and applauding the splendid delegations which marched up the street. All that time the air was filled with the music of the bands, and at no time was the street leading to the McKinley home without a line of men and women, either marching or waiting orders to march.

In the first party were sixteen coachloads coming from Eastern West Virginia, Western Maryland and Martin's Ferry, Ohio, the latter delegation being composed of women coming with greetings for Maj. McKinley and with beautiful flowers for Mrs. McKinley. Employes of three large Cleveland manufacturing concerns were next upon the scene, and when they gave way it was to make room for more Ohio people, men and women from Mingo Junction, O., the employes of a large iron and steel plant and their wives and friends.

After these came the New England delegation under the banners of the New England Sound Money Club. This party occupied a special train of six sleepers and two dining cars, and was on the way from 2 o'clock Monday afternoon until 3 o'clock this afternoon. The party came largely from Boston, but a number of other New England towns were represented. It was composed of former Democrats as well as Republicans, and one of the men presented to Maj. McKinley was introduced as one who for over fifty years voted nothing but the Democratic ticket, but who this year will vote for McKinley and Hobart. The visitors were introduced by Frank R. Rollins, ex-president of the New Hampshire senate. Many mementos of the visit were brought for Mrs. McKinley from Boston, from New Bedford and from historic Salem, including whales' teeth, twigs from a tree planted by Gov. Endicott in 1862, and a gold witch spoon. The party remained in Canton until 6 o'clock, and then went to Cleveland, where a stop of two hours was made, and from there they went to Niagara Falls for a short stop, the schedule being to reach Boston at 7 o'clock Thursday evening.

No prettier sight has been witnessed in the whole campaign than the reception of the Women's McKinley Club of Norwalk, O. This club of some 200 members is splendidly organized and drilled, and when on parade carries campaign umbrellas, on which portraits of McKinley and Hobart are conspicuous. They were commanded by a chief marshal, Mrs. A. T. Blackham, and their evolutions might attract the envy of voting clubs. A reception committee of Canton ladies met the visitors at the station and together with the Canton troops of horsemen escorted them to the McKinley home, where Mrs. Eddy and Mrs. George K. Frease introduced respectively Mrs. L. C. Laylin, who made the introductory address, and George Titus, who presented a cluster of yellow chrysanthemums to Mrs. McKinley. The latter, owing to illness, could not receive the visitors. The major's mother and sister, Miss Helen McKinley, however, were at the house and extended a most cordial welcome to the callers.

When Maj. McKinley concluded his address, to the accompaniment of the Norwalk band, the women united in singing a campaign song to the tune of "Red, White and Blue," waving their umbrellas all the while, producing a most striking effect.

Then came a visit of four or five carloads of insurance men from Cleveland, who were introduced to Maj. McKinley by A. R. Manning.

New York, Oct. 27.—Maj. McKinley sent a personal telegram to Chauncey M. Depew, asking him to take part in the last meeting of the Ohio campaign in Cincinnati, on Saturday night. Mr. Depew had declined to go West again for the national committee, but said he could not refuse the major's call and will start on Friday.

Maj. McKinley responded to the address by Mrs. L. C. Layton, of Norwalk, on behalf of the Ladies' McKinley Club of Norwalk, O., was as follows:

"It gives me pleasure to receive this visit from the women of Norwalk, made to Mrs. McKinley and myself. She deeply regrets that by reason of illness she is denied the pleasure and honor of receiving you personally, and bids me say that she appreciates most highly the compliment and honor of this call. It is a good omen when the women of the country manifest an interest in public affairs. That they should have and show a deep concern is not at all surprising or unnatural, for none can be affected more than they. They profit by good laws and suffer from bad laws quite as much as men. Every interest which they have is in favor of good government, morals, clean politics and wise legislation."

Dudley Inslee's Sudden Death.

Fairhaven, Oct. 27.—Special.—Dudley K. Inslee, one of the most prominent young business men of this city, died this afternoon of typhoid fever and peritonitis, after a short illness. He was a member of the governing board of the Commercial Club and very popular in business and social circles. He was married about six years ago in the East to a most accomplished and popular young lady, who is one of the leaders in the society of the bay cities. They have no children.

Two Notable Deaths.

London, Oct. 27.—Lord Alexander Paget is dead. He was born in 1823, and was a brother of the Marquis of Anglesea.

The Dowager Duchess of Leeds is dead. She was formerly Miss Harriet Wendel Stuart.